# **SQL Cheat Sheet: Views, Stored Procedures and Transactions**



#### Views

| Topic         | Syntax  | Description   | Example  |
|---------------|---|---|--|
|               | CREATE VIEW view_name AS SELECT column1, column2, $\dots$ FROM table_name WHERE condition;    | A CREATE VIEW is an alternative way of representing data that exists in one or more tables. | CREATE VIEW EMPSALARY AS SELECT EMP_ID, F_NAME, L_NAME, B_DATE, SEX, SALARY FROM EMPLOYEES;  |
| Update a View | CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW view_name AS SELECT column1, column2, FROM table_name WHERE condition; | The CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW command updates a view.  | CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW EMPSALARY AS SELECT EMP_ID, F_NAME, L_NAME, B_DATE, SEX, JOB_TITLE, MIN_SALARY, MAX_SALARY FROM EMPLOYEES, JOBS WHERE EMPLOYEES. JOB_ID = JOBS.JOB_IDENT; |
| Drop a View   | DROP VIEW view_name;  | Use the DROP VIEW statement to remove a view from the database.                             | DROP VIEW EMPSALARY;   |

# Stored Procedures in IBM Db2 using SQL

|  |                      |   |  | #SET TERMINATOR @ CREATE PROCEDURE RETRIEVE_ALL |
|--|----------------------|---|--|---|
|  |                      | #SET TERMINATOR @ CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE NAME | A stored procedure is a prepared SQL code that you can save, so the code can be reused over and over again.  The default terminator for a stored procedure is semicolon(;). To set a different terminator we use SET TERMINATOR clause followed by the terminator such as '@'. | LANGUAGE SQL<br>READS SQL DATA                  |
|  | C+ J                 | LANGUAGE  |  | DYNAMIC RESULT SETS 1<br>BEGIN                  |
|  | Stored<br>Procedures | BEGIN   |  | DECLARE C1 CURSOR<br>WITH RETURN FOR            |
|  |                      | END<br>@  |  | SELECT * FROM PETSALE;                          |
|  |                      |   |  | OPEN C1;  |
|  |                      |   |  | END<br>@  |
|  |                      |   |  |   |

# Stored Procedures in MySQL using phpMyAdmin

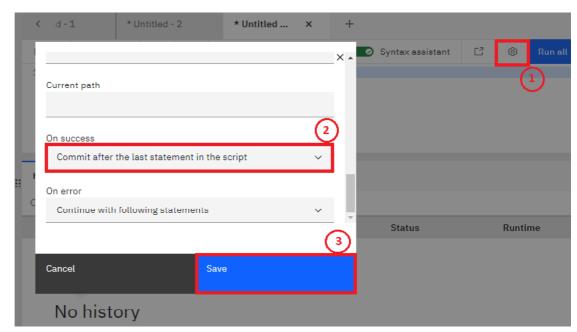
The default terminatorROLLBACK command is

|            | DELIMITER //                    | A stored procedure is a prepared SQL code that you can save, so the code can be reused over and over again. | DELIMITER //                    |
|------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
|            | CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE_NAME |   | CREATE PROCEDURE RETRIEVE_ALL() |
| Stored     | BEGIN                           |   | BEGIN                           |
| Procedures | END //                          | terminator such as \$\$ or //   | SELECT * FROM PETSALE;          |
|            | DELIMITER ;                     |   | END //                          |
|            |                                 |   | DELIMITER ;                     |

### T

|                           |   | DELIMITER,  |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Transactions with         | h Db2   |   |
| Commit COMMIT; command    | A COMMIT command is used to persist the changes in the database.  The default terminator for a COMMIT command is semicolon (;). | CREATE TABLE employee(ID INT, Name VARCHAR(20), City VARCHAR(20), Salary INT, Age INT);  INSERT INTO employee( ID, Name, City, Salary, Age) VALUES( 1, 'Priyanka pal', 'Nasik', 36000, 21), (2, 'Riy 'Bangalor', 82000, 29);  SELECT *FROM employee; COMMIT;  |
| Rollback ROLLBACK command | GAROLLBACK<br>command is<br>used to<br>rollback the<br>transactions<br>which are<br>not saved in<br>the database.               | As auto-commit is enabled by default, all transactions will be committed. We need to disable this opti see how rollback works.  For db2, we have to disable auto-commit manually. Click the gear icon located on the right side of the Assistant window. Next, select the "On Success" drop-down and choose "commit after the last statement script" Remember to save your changes! |

semicolon (;).



INSERT INTO employee VALUES (3, 'Swetha Tiwari', 'Kanpur', 38000, 38); SELECT \*FROM employee; ROLLBACK; SELECT \*FROM employee;

#### Transactions with MySQL

| Commit<br>command   | COMMIT;   | A COMMIT command is used to persist the changes in the database.  The default terminator for a COMMIT command is semicolon (;).                               | CREATE TABLE employee(ID INT, Name VARCHAR(20), City VARCHAR(20), Salary INT, Age INT);  START TRANSACTION;  INSERT INTO employee( ID, Name, City, Salary, Age) VALUES( 1, 'Priyanka pal', 'Nasik', 36000, 21), (2, 'Riya chowdary', 'Bangalor', 82000, 29);   |
|---------------------|-----------|---|--|
| Rollback<br>command | ROLLBACK; | A ROLLBACK command is used to rollback the transactions which are not saved in the database.  The default terminator for a ROLLBACK command is semicolon (;). | SELECT *FROM employee; COMMIT;  As auto-commit is enabled by default, all transactions will be committed. We need to disable this option to see how rollback works. For MySQL use the command "SET autocommit = 0;"  INSERT INTO employee VALUES (3, 'Swetha Tiwari', 'Kanpur', 38000, 38);  SELECT *FROM employee; ROLLBACK; SELECT *FROM employee; |

```
Db2 Transactions using Stored Procedure
                                                                                                                -- #SET TERMINATOR @ CREATE PROCEDURE
                                                                                                                TRANSACTION_ROSE LANGUAGE SQL MODIFIES
                                                                                                                SQL DATA
                                                                                                                BEGIN
                                                                                                                DECLARE SQLCODE INTEGER DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE retcode INTEGER DEFAULT 0;
                                                                                                                DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR
                -#SET TERMINATOR @
                                                                                                                SQLEXCEPTION
SET retcode = SQLCODE;
                CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE_NAME
                                                                                                                UPDATE BankAccounts
                                                                \boldsymbol{A} COMMIT \, command is used to persist the
                BEGIN
                                                                                                                SET Balance = Balance-200
                                                                changes in the database.
Commit
                                                                                                                WHERE AccountName = 'Rose';
                COMMIT:
command
                                                                The default terminator for a COMMIT
                                                                                                                UPDATE BankAccounts
SET Balance = Balance-300
                END
                                                                command is semicolon (;).
                                                                                                                WHERE AccountName = 'Rose';
                                                                                                                IF retcode < 0 THEN
                                                                                                                ROLLBACK WORK;
                                                                                                                ELSE
                                                                                                                COMMIT WORK;
                                                                                                                END IF;
                                                                                                                END
                                                                                                                @
```

```
DECLARE SQLCODE INTEGER DEFAULT 0;
                                                                                                               DECLARE retcode INTEGER DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR
                --#SET TERMINATOR @
                                                                                                               SQLEXCEPTION
                CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE NAME
                                                                                                               SET retcode = SQLCODE;
                BEGIN
                                                                                                               UPDATE BankAccounts
                                                                A ROLLBACK command is used to rollback the
                                                                                                               SET Balance = Balance-200
                                                                transactions which are not saved in the database.
Rollback
                ROLLBACK;
                                                                                                               WHERE AccountName =
command
                COMMIT;
                                                                The default terminator for a ROLLBACK
                                                                                                               UPDATE BankAccounts
                                                                command is semicolon (;).
                                                                                                               SET Balance = Balance-300
WHERE AccountName = 'Rose';
                END
                                                                                                               IF retcode < 0 THEN
                                                                                                               ROLLBACK WORK;
                                                                                                               COMMIT WORK;
                                                                                                               END IF;
                                                                                                               END
MySQL Transactions using Stored Procedure
                                                                                                               DELIMITER //
                                                                                                               CREATE PROCEDURE TRANSACTION_ROSE()
                                                                                                               DECLARE EXIT HANDLER FOR SQLEXCEPTION
                DELIMITER //
                                                                                                               BEGIN
                                                                                                               ROLLBACK:
                CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE_NAME
                                                                                                               RESIGNAL;
                                                                                                               END;
                                                                A COMMIT command is used to persist the
                BEGIN
                                                                changes in the database.
Commit
                                                                                                               START TRANSACTION;
                COMMIT;
                                                                                                               UPDATE BankAccounts
SET Balance = Balance-200
command
                                                                The default terminator for a COMMIT
                END //
                                                                command is semicolon (;).
                                                                                                               WHERE AccountName = 'Rose';
                DELIMITER;
                                                                                                               UPDATE BankAccounts
                                                                                                               SET Balance = Balance-300
WHERE AccountName = 'Rose';
                                                                                                               COMMIT;
                                                                                                               END //
                                                                                                               DELIMITER;
                                                                                                               DELIMITER //
                                                                                                               CREATE PROCEDURE TRANSACTION_ROSE()
                DELIMITER //
                                                                                                               DECLARE EXIT HANDLER FOR SQLEXCEPTION
                                                                                                               BEGIN
ROLLBACK;
                CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE_NAME
                                                                                                               RESIGNAL;
                BEGIN
                                                                                                               END;
                                                                A ROLLBACK command is used to rollback the
                ROLLBACK:
                                                                transactions which are not saved in the database.
Rollback
                                                                                                               START TRANSACTION;
                                                                                                               UPDATE BankAccounts
SET Balance = Balance-200
                COMMIT:
command
                                                                The default terminator for a ROLLBACK
                                                                command is semicolon (;).
                                                                                                               WHERE AccountName = 'Rose';
                END //
                                                                                                               UPDATE BankAccounts
                DELIMITER ;
                                                                                                               SET Balance = Balance-300
WHERE AccountName = 'Rose';
                                                                                                               COMMIT;
                                                                                                               END //
```

--#SET TERMINATOR @ CREATE PROCEDURE TRANSACTION\_ROSE LANGUAGE SQL MODIFIES

SQL DATA

DELIMITER;

#### Author(s)

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# Changelog

**Date** Version Changed by Change Description 2022-10-04 1.0 D.M.Naidu Initial Version