

Data Visualization with Python

Cheat Sheet: Maps, Waffles, WordCloud and Seaborn

Function	Description	Syntax	Example	Visual
Folium				
Мар	Create a map object with specified center coordinates and zoom level.	<pre>folium.Map(location=[lat, lon], zoom_start=n)</pre>	<pre>world_map = folium.Map() canada =folium.Map(location=[56.130, -106.35], zoom_start=4)</pre>	
Marker	Add a marker to the map with custom icon, popup, and tiles Tiles as Stamen Toner	<pre>folium.Marker(location=[lat , lon], popup='Marker Popup', tiles='Stamen Toner').add_to(map)</pre>	<pre>folium.Marker(location=[556.130, -106.35], tooltip='Marker', tiles='Stamen Toner').add_to(world_map)</pre>	
	Tiles as Stamen Terrain	<pre>folium.Marker(location=[lat , lon], popup='Marker Popup', tiles='Stamen Terrain').add_to(map)</pre>	folium.Marker(location=[556.130, -106.35], tooltip='Marker', tiles='Stamen Terrain').add_to(world_map)	
Circle	Add a circle to the map with specified radius, color, and fill opacity.	<pre>folium.features.CircleMarker(location=[lat, lon], radius=n, color='red', fill_opacity=n).add_to(map)</pre>	<pre>folium.features.CircleMarker(location= [56.130, -106.35], radius=1000, color='red', fill_opacity=0.5).add_to(world_map)</pre>	
Chorpleth	Create a choropleth map based on a GeoJSON file and a specified data column.	<pre>folium.Choropleth(geo_data='path/to/geojson_file', data=df, columns=['region', 'value_column'], key_on='feature.properties.id', fill_color='YlGnBu', fill_opacity=0.7, line_opacity=0.2, legend_name='Legend').add_to(map)</pre>	<pre>world_map.choropleth(geo_data=world_geo, data=df_can, columns=['Country', 'Total'], key_on='feature.properties.name', fill_color='YlOrRd', fill_opacity=0.7,line_opacity=0.2, legend_name='Immigration to Canada')</pre>	
PyWaffle				
Waffle	Create a waffle chart based on values and categories.	<pre>plt.figure(FigureClass = Waffle,rows = 20, columns = 30, values = values) waffle_chart = waffle.Waffle(values=[value1, value2,],</pre>	<pre>plt.figure(FigureClass = Waffle,rows = 20, columns = 30, values = df_dsn['Total'], cmap_name = 'tab20', legend = {'labels': label,'loc': 'lower left',</pre>	

Denmark (3901) Norway (232

'bbox_to_anchor':(0,-0.1),'ncol': 3})

```
Add a legend
                          waffle_chart.legend(loc='upper left',
Legend
            to the waffle
                          bbox_to_anchor=(1, 1))
           chart.
            Add a title to
Title
                          waffle_chart.set_title('Waffle Chart Title')
           the waffle
            chart.
            Add labels to
                          waffle_chart.set_labels(['Label 1', 'Label 2',
Labels
            the waffle
                          ...])
```

value2, ...], rows=n, columns=n)

WordCloud

chart.

Create a word

WordCloud cloud object based on text

wordcloud = WordCloud().generate(text_data)

alice_wc = WordCloud(background_color='white', max_words=2000, mask=alice_mask,
stopwords=stopwords) alice_wc.generate(alice_novel) plt.imshow(alice_wc,
interpolation='bilinear')

sns.barplot(x='Continent', y='Total',

sns.countplot(x='Continent',



Generate the

word cloud Generate wordcloud.generate(text_data) based on the

> text data. Display the word cloud

using **Display** plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear') matplotlib or

other plotting libraries. Set various

options for the wordcloud = wordcloud (font_path='path/to/font_file', word cloud, **Options**

background_color='white',
colormap='Blues', mask=mask_image, such as font,

colors, mask, stopwords=stopwords).generate(text_data)

and stopwords.

Seaborn

barplot

Create a bar plot to visualize the relationship

sns.barplot(x='x_variable', y='y_variable', between a data=dataframe)

categorical

variable and a numeric variable. Create a count plot to display the frequency

countplot of each sns.countplot(x='category', data=dataframe)

category in a categorical variable. Create a scatter plot with a linear

regression line

regplot

numeric variables.

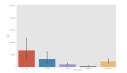
relationship between two

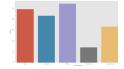
regression line to visualize the y='y_variable', data=dataframe)

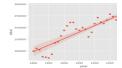
sns.regplot(x='year', y='total', data=df_tot)

data=df_can1)

data=df_can)







Author(s)

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Changelog

Version Changed by Change Description 2023-06-18 0.1 Dr. Pooja Initial version created