SQL Cheat Sheet: JOIN statements



Joins

Topic	Syntax	Descript	ion	Example
Cross Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 CROSS JOIN table2;	The CROSS JOIN is used to generate a paired combination of each row of the first table with each row of the second table.	SELECT DEPT_ID_DEP, DEPARTMENTS CROSS	
Inner Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 INNER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name; WHERE condition;	You can use an inner join in a SELECT statement to retrieve only the rows that satisfy the join conditions on every specified table.	<pre>select E.F_NAME,E.I JH.START_DATE from INNER JOIN JOB_HIST E.EMP_ID=JH.EMPL_ID='5';</pre>	EMPLOYEES as E FORY as JH on
Left Outer Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 LEFT OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;	The LEFT OUTER JOIN will return all records from the left side table and the matching records from the right table.	select E.EMP_ID,E.L_NAME,E from EMPLOYEES AS E DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_	E LEFT OUTER JOIN
Right Outer Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 RIGHT OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;	The RIGHT OUTER JOIN returns all records from the right table, and the matching records from the left table.	select E.EMP_ID,E.L_NAME,E from EMPLOYEES AS E DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_	E RIGHT OUTER JOIN
Full Outer Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 FULL OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;	The FULL OUTER JOIN clause results in the inclusion of rows from two tables. If a value is missing when rows are joined, that value is null in the result table.	select E.F_NAME,E.I from EMPLOYEES AS E DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_	FULL OUTER JOIN
Self Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 T1, table1 T2 WHERE condition;	A self join is regular join but it can be used to joined with itself.	SELECT B.* FROM EMPEMPLOYEES B ON A.MAB.MANAGER_ID WHERE 'E1001';	ANAGER_ID =

Joins in MySQL using phpMyAdmin

SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table1 LEFT OUTER

JOIN table2 ON
table1.column_name =

table2.column_name WHERE

condition

Full Outer Join

UNION

SELECT column_name(s)

FROM table1

RIGHT OUTER JOIN table2
ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name
WHERE condition

select

E.F_NAME, E.L_NAME, D.DEP_NAME from EMPLOYEES AS E LEFT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP

UNION

The UNION operator is used

to combine the result-set of

two or more SELECT

statements.

select

E.F_NAME, E.L_NAME, D.DEP_NAME

from EMPLOYEES AS E

RIGHT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS

AS D ON

E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP

Author(s)

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Changelog

Date Version Changed by Change Description

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