| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| negative | 0.52 | 0.35 | 0.42 | 1562 |
| neutral | 0.49 | 0.76 | 0.60 | 2230 |
| positive | 0.68 | 0.40 | 0.51 | 1705 |
| accuracy | | | 0.53 | 5497 |
| macro avg | 0.57 | 0.51 | 0.51 | 5497 |
| weighted avg | 0.56 | 0.53 | 0.52 | 5497 |
| | | | | |

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
# Load the dataset
# Please replace 'dataset.csv' with your actual dataset link
df = pd.read_csv('G:/Games/install/dataset.csv',encoding='unicode_escape')
# Fill NaN values with an empty string
df['text'] = df['text'].fillna(")
# Split the dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(df['text'], df['sentiment'], test_size=0.2,
random_state=42)
# Vectorize the text data
vectorizer = CountVectorizer()
X_train_vec = vectorizer.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_vec = vectorizer.transform(X_test)
# Train the KNN classifier
knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)
knn.fit(X_train_vec, y_train)
# Predict the sentiment for the testing set
y_pred = knn.predict(X_test_vec)
# Print the classification report
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

import pandas as pd