

```
In [3]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [4]: # Load the dataset
```

```
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\ASD\Desktop\Financial Analytics\Financial Analytics dat
df.head()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	S.No.	Name	Mar Cap - Crore	Sales Qtr - Crore	Unnamed: 4
0	1	Reliance Inds.	583436.72	99810.00	NaN
1	2	TCS	563709.84	30904.00	NaN
2	3	HDFC Bank	482953.59	20581.27	NaN
3	4	ITC	320985.27	9772.02	NaN
4	5	H D F C	289497.37	16840.51	NaN

```
In [6]: new_df=df[['Name', 'Mar Cap - Crore', 'Sales Qtr - Crore']]
new_df
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	Name	Mar Cap - Crore	Sales Qtr - Crore
0	Reliance Inds.	583436.72	99810.00
1	TCS	563709.84	30904.00
2	HDFC Bank	482953.59	20581.27
3	ITC	320985.27	9772.02
4	H D F C	289497.37	16840.51
...
483	Lak. Vilas Bank	3029.57	790.17
484	NOCIL	3026.26	249.27
485	Orient Cement	3024.32	511.53
486	Natl.Fertilizer	3017.07	2840.75
487	L T Foods	NaN	NaN

488 rows × 3 columns

```
In [7]: # Check Column and Rows Counts

new_df.shape
```

```
Out[7]: (488, 3)
```

In [8]: *# Check for missing values*

```
new_df.isna().sum()
```

Out[8]:

Name	0
Mar Cap - Crore	9
Sales Qtr - Crore	123

dtype: int64

In [9]: *# drop Null values*

```
ef= new_df.dropna()  
ef
```

Out[9]:

	Name	Mar Cap - Crore	Sales Qtr - Crore
0	Reliance Inds.	583436.72	99810.00
1	TCS	563709.84	30904.00
2	HDFC Bank	482953.59	20581.27
3	ITC	320985.27	9772.02
4	H D F C	289497.37	16840.51
...
482	Prime Focus	3031.50	609.61
483	Lak. Vilas Bank	3029.57	790.17
484	NOCIL	3026.26	249.27
485	Orient Cement	3024.32	511.53
486	Natl.Fertilizer	3017.07	2840.75

365 rows × 3 columns

In [10]: *# Check Column and Rows Counts*

```
ef.shape
```

Out[10]: (365, 3)

In [11]: *# Check details about data*

```
ef.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
Int64Index: 365 entries, 0 to 486  
Data columns (total 3 columns):  
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -----                -  
0   Name                  365 non-null   object  
1   Mar Cap - Crore       365 non-null   float64  
2   Sales Qtr - Crore     365 non-null   float64  
dtypes: float64(2), object(1)  
memory usage: 11.4+ KB
```

```
In [12]: # Check Statistical Details
```

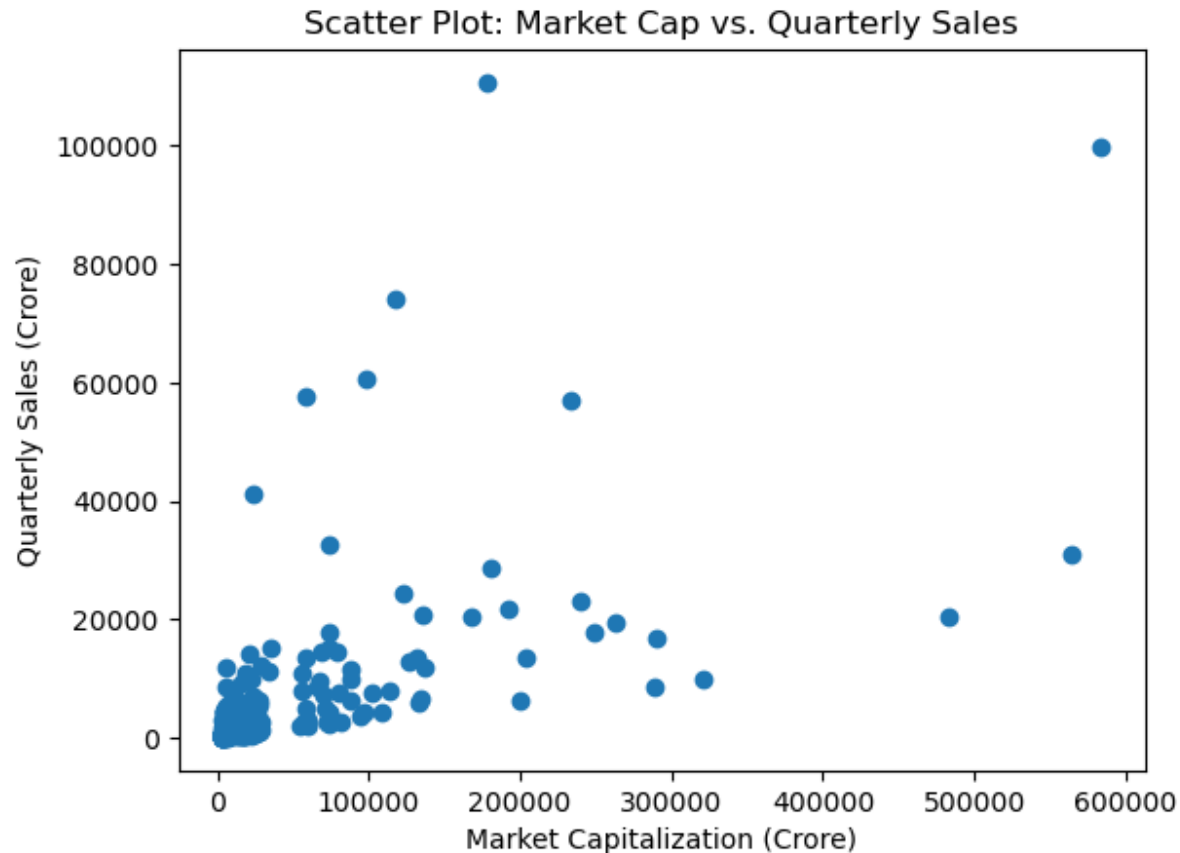
```
ef.describe()
```

```
Out[12]:
```

	Mar Cap - Crore	Sales Qtr - Crore
count	365.000000	365.000000
mean	31300.970301	4395.976849
std	67224.641338	11092.206185
min	3017.070000	47.240000
25%	5089.870000	593.740000
50%	9097.330000	1278.300000
75%	21372.180000	2840.750000
max	583436.720000	110666.930000

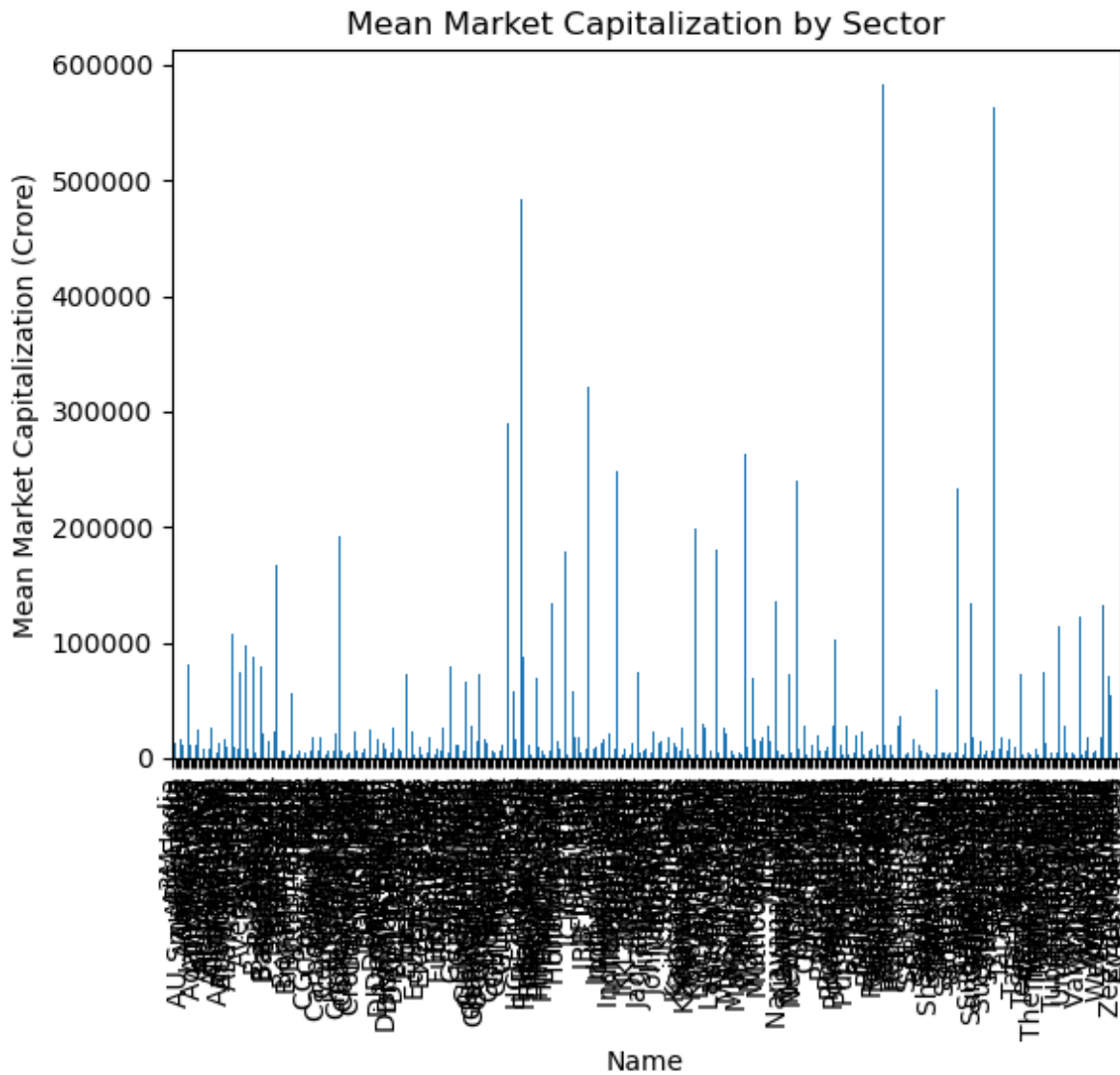
```
In [44]: # Scatter plot of market capitalization vs. quarterly sales (contains market capita
```

```
plt.scatter(ef['Mar Cap - Crore'], ef ['Sales Qtr - Crore'])  
plt.xlabel('Market Capitalization (Crore)')  
plt.ylabel('Quarterly Sales (Crore)')  
plt.title('Scatter Plot: Market Cap vs. Quarterly Sales')  
plt.show()
```

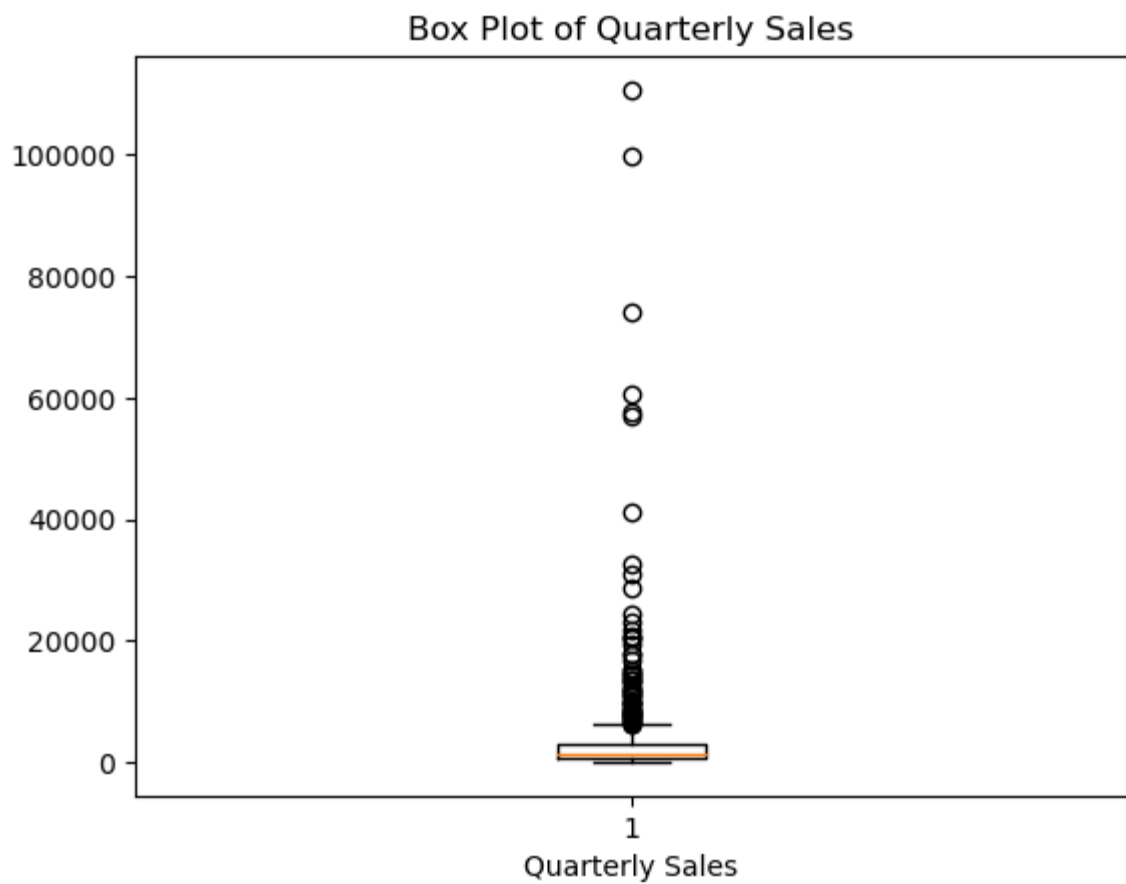


```
In [51]: # Assuming 'data' contains sector information and market capitalization
```

```
sector_mean_cap = ef.groupby('Name')['Mar Cap - Crore'].mean()
sector_mean_cap.plot(kind='bar')
plt.xlabel('Name')
plt.ylabel('Mean Market Capitalization (Crore)')
plt.title('Mean Market Capitalization by Sector')
plt.show()
```

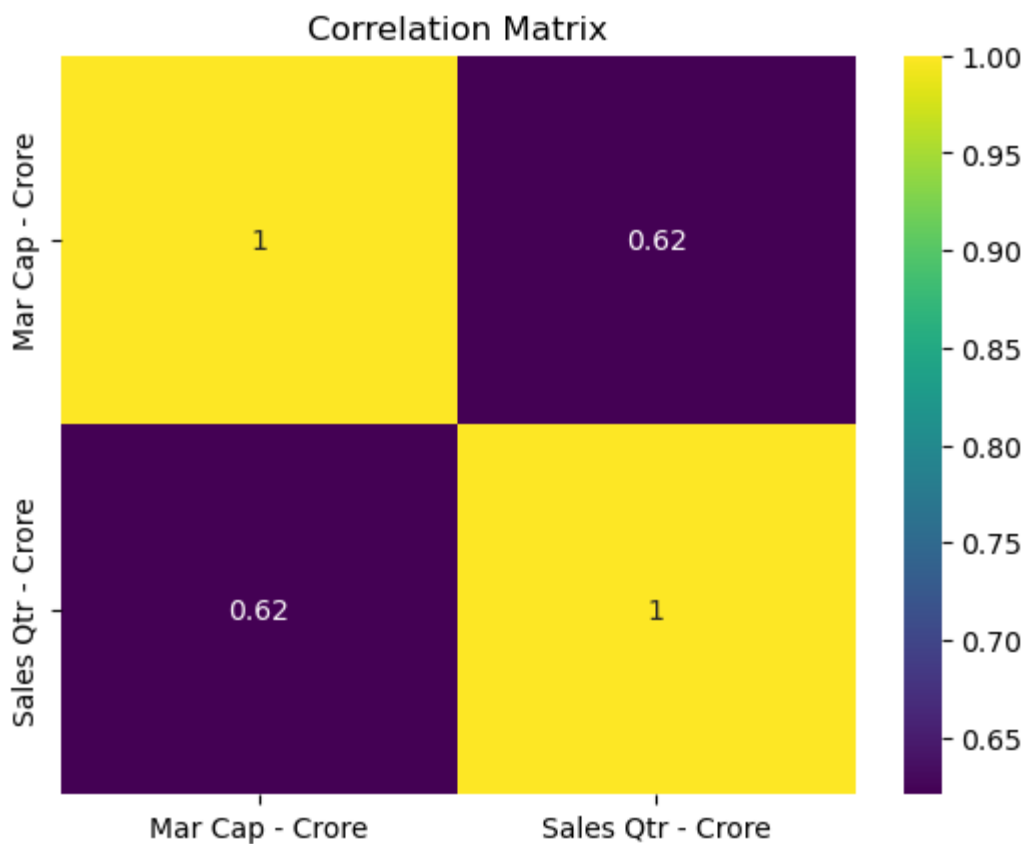


```
In [53]: plt.boxplot(ef['Sales Qtr - Crore'])
plt.xlabel('Quarterly Sales')
plt.title('Box Plot of Quarterly Sales')
plt.show()
```



```
In [27]: # Correlation matrix

correlation_matrix = ef.corr()
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='viridis')
plt.title('Correlation Matrix')
plt.show()
```



```
In [42]: # Top companies based on market capitalization
top_market_cap = ef.nlargest(10, 'Mar Cap - Crore')
print("Top Companies by Market Capitalization:\n", top_market_cap)
```

Top Companies by Market Capitalization:

	Name	Mar Cap - Crore	Sales Qtr - Crore
0	Reliance Inds.	583436.72	99810.00
1	TCS	563709.84	30904.00
2	HDFC Bank	482953.59	20581.27
3	ITC	320985.27	9772.02
4	H D F C	289497.37	16840.51
5	Hind. Unilever	288265.26	8590.00
6	Maruti Suzuki	263493.81	19283.20
7	Infosys	248320.35	17794.00
8	O N G C	239981.50	22995.88
9	St Bk of India	232763.33	57014.08

```
In [43]: # Top companies based on quarterly sales
top_sales = ef.nlargest(10, 'Sales Qtr - Crore')
print("Top Companies by Quarterly Sales:\n", top_sales)
```

Top Companies by Quarterly Sales:

	Name	Mar Cap - Crore	Sales Qtr - Crore
14	I O C L	178017.48	110666.93
0	Reliance Inds.	583436.72	99810.00
23	Tata Motors	117071.87	74156.07
27	B P C L	98278.00	60616.36
54	H P C L	58034.78	57474.25
9	St Bk of India	232763.33	57014.08
122	Rajesh Exports	23495.54	41304.84
40	Tata Steel	73376.14	32464.14
1	TCS	563709.84	30904.00
13	Larsen & Toubro	180860.74	28747.45

```
In [31]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

Name = ef['Name'].head(10)
Market_Capital = ef['Mar Cap - Crore'].head(10)

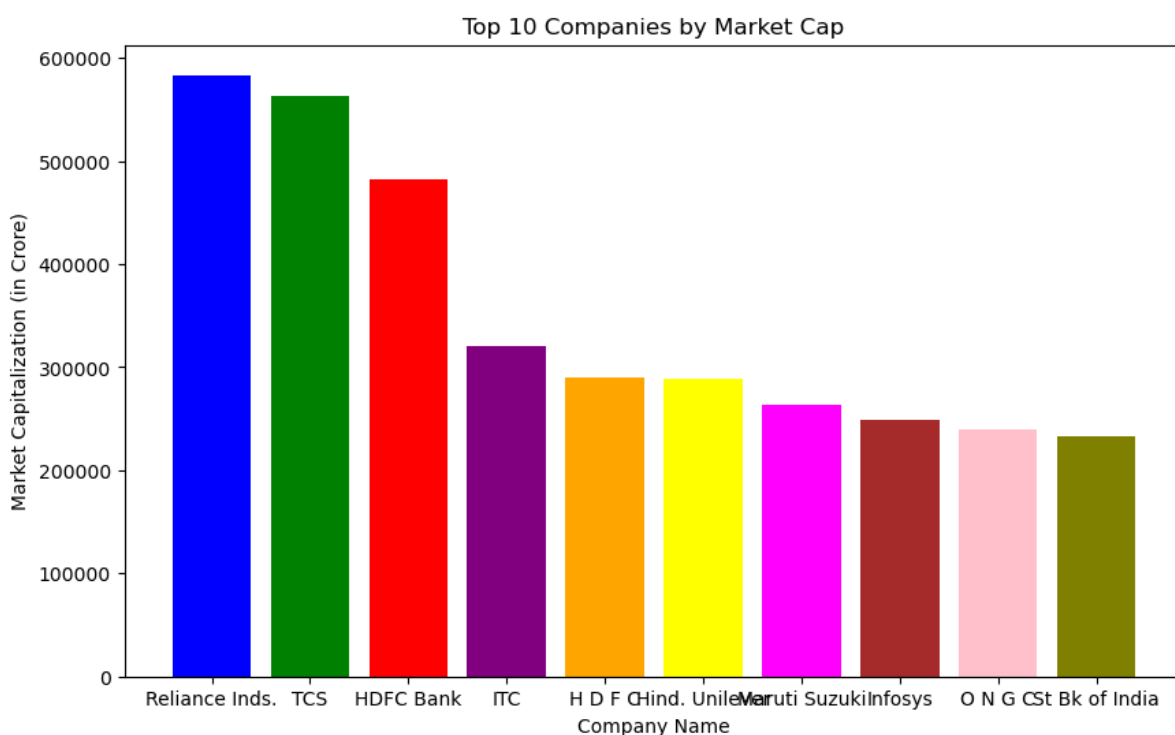
# Define colors for the bars
colors = ['blue', 'green', 'red', 'purple', 'orange', 'yellow', 'magenta', 'brown',

# Figure Size
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

# Bar Plot with specified colors
plt.bar(Name, Market_Capital, color=colors)

# Labeling axes and title
plt.xlabel('Company Name')
plt.ylabel('Market Capitalization (in Crore)')
plt.title('Top 10 Companies by Market Cap')

# Show Plot
plt.show()
```



```
In [21]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

top_market_cap = ef.nlargest(10, 'Mar Cap - Crore')
top_Sales_Qtr = ef.nlargest(10, 'Sales Qtr - Crore')

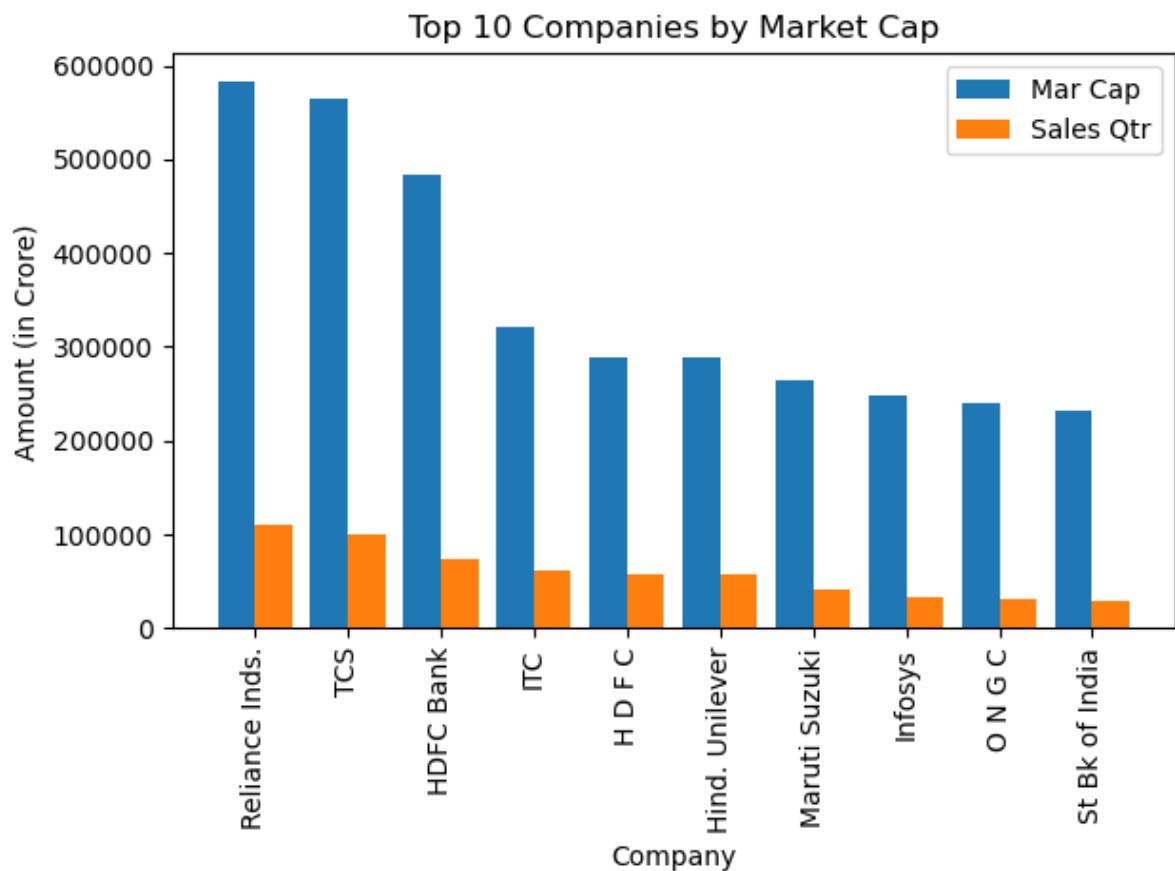
X = top_market_cap['Name']
Y = top_market_cap['Mar Cap - Crore']
Z = top_Sales_Qtr['Sales Qtr - Crore']

X_axis = np.arange(len(X))

plt.bar(X_axis - 0.2, Y, 0.4, label='Mar Cap')
plt.bar(X_axis + 0.2, Z, 0.4, label='Sales Qtr')

plt.xticks(X_axis, X, rotation=90) # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability

plt.title("Top 10 Companies by Market Cap")
plt.xlabel("Company")
plt.ylabel("Amount (in Crore)")
plt.legend()
plt.tight_layout() # Adjust layout to prevent overlapping labels
plt.show()
```

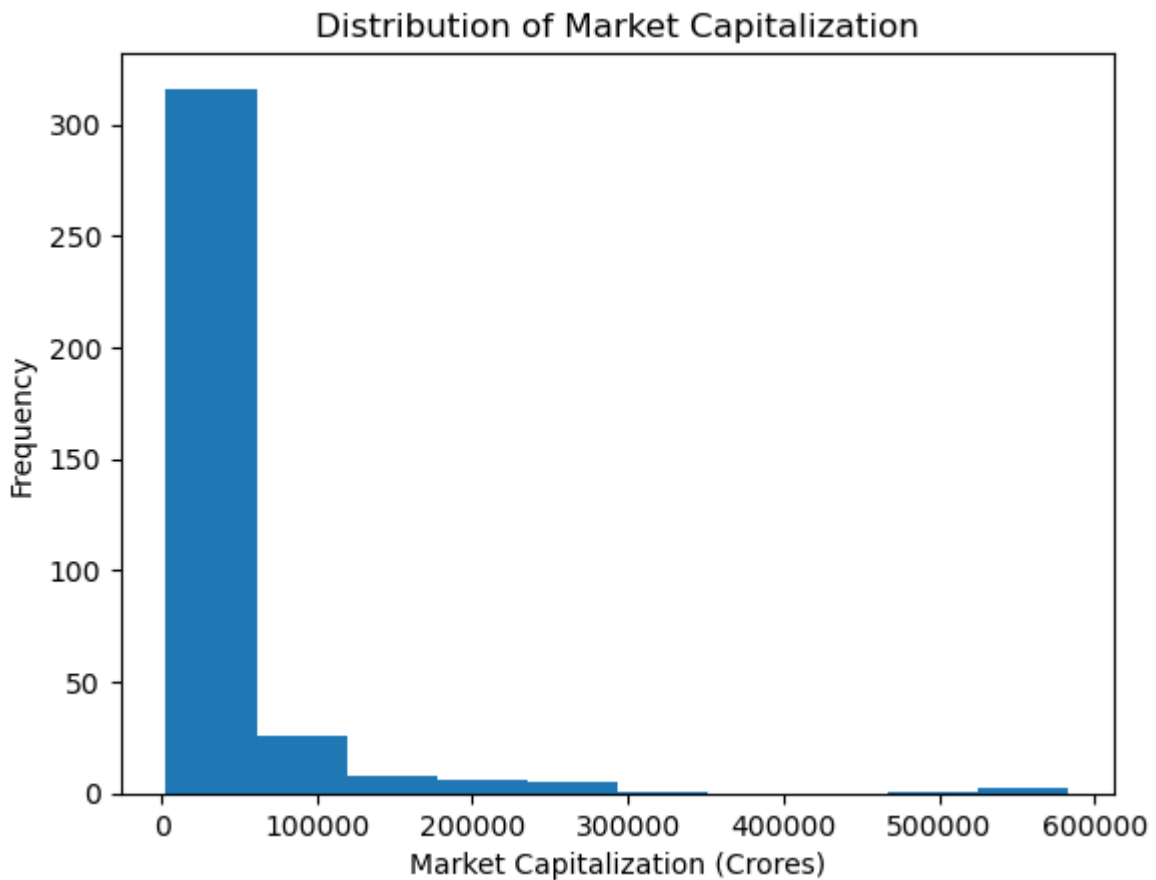


```
In [36]: summary_stats = ef.describe()
print("Summary Statistics:\n", summary_stats)
```


Summary Statistics:

	Mar Cap - Crore	Sales Qtr - Crore
count	365.000000	365.000000
mean	31300.970301	4395.976849
std	67224.641338	11092.206185
min	3017.070000	47.240000
25%	5089.870000	593.740000
50%	9097.330000	1278.300000
75%	21372.180000	2840.750000
max	583436.720000	110666.930000

```
In [35]: plt.hist(ef['Mar Cap - Crore'], bins=10)
plt.xlabel('Market Capitalization (Crores)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Distribution of Market Capitalization')
plt.show()
```



```
In [40]: # Correlation between market capitalization and quarterly sales
correlation = ef['Mar Cap - Crore'].corr(ef['Sales Qtr - Crore'])
print("Correlation between Market Cap and Quarterly Sales:", correlation)
```

Correlation between Market Cap and Quarterly Sales: 0.6207020390075659

```
In [41]: # Regression analysis
import statsmodels.api as sm

X = ef['Mar Cap - Crore']
y = ef['Sales Qtr - Crore']

X = sm.add_constant(X)
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
print(model.summary())
```

```

                        OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          Sales Qtr - Crore    R-squared:                0.385
Model:                  OLS                 Adj. R-squared:           0.384
Method:                 Least Squares       F-statistic:              227.5
Date:                  Sun, 12 May 2024     Prob (F-statistic):      2.97e-40
Time:                  12:57:04             Log-Likelihood:          -3828.2
No. Observations:      365                 AIC:                     7660.
Df Residuals:          363                 BIC:                     7668.
Df Model:               1
Covariance Type:       nonrobust
=====
                        coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const                1190.2212     502.952      2.366     0.018     201.156     2179.287
Mar Cap - Crore       0.1024       0.007     15.083     0.000       0.089       0.116
=====
Omnibus:               440.425    Durbin-Watson:           1.760
Prob(Omnibus):         0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):        35153.388
Skew:                  5.499    Prob(JB):                0.00
Kurtosis:              49.803    Cond. No.                8.17e+04
=====
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

[2] The condition number is large, 8.17e+04. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

```
In [ ]:
```