## Data Dictionary

**Registration:**

The process of obtaining athletes who have successfully completed all qualification rounds prior to the Winter Olympics. Registration places athletes into their respective team and places athletes to a specified event.

**Team:**

Represents each country in the Winter Olympics.

**Athlete:**

An individual who is a part of a team in the Winter Olympics. Synonym of individual.

**Pair:** A grouping of two athletes, one male and the other female.

**Individual:** An athlete that participates in events. Synonym of athlete.

**Schedule:**

The chronological listing of events over the course of two weeks. Scheduling implements where and when events are held. Schedule is also the organization of athletes placed into their respective event(s).

**Scoring:**

The act of taking the judge's scores that are given to the athlete or pair of athletes at their respective event.

**Judge:**

A qualified person to score and assess each event. A judge is independent of all teams and free of any bias.

**Medal (Count):**

Total number of gold/silver/bronze awards per team

**Rink:**

The location of each event determined by the schedule.

**Database:**

The collection of all information for all events in the Winter Olympics. A database also is a collection of all registrant’s information.

**Event:**

The specific competition at a specified rink determined by the schedule.

**Figure Skating:**

Skating done on ice in synchronization with music that is scored based upon technical tricks and/or the synchronization of each athlete in a pair. One of the two main sporting categories that consist of three unique events which athletes participate separately as well as in pairs.

**Singles Skating:**

Form of figure skating where athletes participate individually. The utilization of long program style where each athlete is free to do their own unique performance complete with technical tricks is present.

**Pair Skating:**

Form of figure skating where athletes participate in male/female pairs. The utilization of long program style where each athlete is free to do their own unique performance complete with technical tricks is present.

**Ice Dance:**

Form of figure skating where athletes participate in male/female pairs. The utilization of the same technique as Pair Skating is present, but the dancing is all done in tandem versus implementing technical tricks.

**Speed Skating:**

Skating done on ice at a fast pace around an oval track utilizing inline skates where scoring is based upon time. One of the two main sporting categories that consist of three unique events which athletes participate separately.

**Speed Skating 500m:**

Form of speed skatingwhere athletes utilize inline skates and race around a 400m rink 1.25 times. Whichever athlete crosses the finish line first has the lowest time.

**Speed Skating 1000m:**

Form of speed skatingwhere athletes utilize inline skates and race around a 400m rink 2.5 times. Whichever athlete crosses the finish line first has the lowest time.

**Speed Skating 1500m:**

Form of speed skatingwhere athletes utilize inline skates and race around a 400m rink 3.75 times. Whichever athlete crosses the finish line first has the lowest time.