

Exercise (inheritance)

Shape

- -color:String
- -filled: boolean
- +Shape()
- +Shape (String color, boolean filled)
- +getColor():String
- +isFilled():boolean
- +setColor(String color):void
- +setFilled():void
- +toString():String
- +raisedSalary(int percent):int
- +toString():String

Circle

- -radius:double = 1.0
- +Circle()
- +Circle(double radius)
- +Circle(double radius, String color, boolean filled)
- +getRadius():double
- +setRadius(double radius):void
- +getArea():double
- +getPerimeter():double
- +toString(): String

Rectangle

- -width:double = 1.0
- -length:double = 1.0
- +Rectangle()
- +Rectangle(double width , double length)
- +Rectangle(double width , double length, String color, boolean filled)
- +getWidth():double
- +setWidth(double width):void
- +getLength():double
- +setLength(double length):void
- +getArea():double
- +getPerimeter():double
- +toString(): String

Square

- +Square()
- +Square(double side)
- +Square(double side, String color, boolean filled)
- +getSide():double
- +setSide(double width):void
- +toString(): String

Write a superclass called Shape (as shown in the class diagram), which contains:

Two instance variables color (String) and filled (boolean).

Two constructors:

- No-arg (no-argument) constructor that initializes the color to "green" and filled to true.
- Constructor that initializes the color and filled to the given values.

Getter and setter for all the instance variables.

By convention, the getter for a boolean variable xxx is called isXXX() (instead of getXxx() for all the other types). A toString() method that returns "A Shape with color of xxx and filled/Not filled". Write a test program to test all the methods defined in Shape.

Write two subclasses of Shape called Circle and Rectangle, as shown in the class diagram.

The Circle class contains:

- An instance variable radius (double).
- Three constructors as shown. The no-arg constructor initializes the radius to 1.0.
- Getter and setter for the instance variable radius.
- Methods getArea() and getPerimeter().
- Override the toString() method inherited, to return "A Circle with radius=xxx, which is a subclass of yyy", where yyy is the output of the toString() method from the superclass.

The Rectangle class contains:

- Two instance variables width (double) and length (double).
- Three constructors as shown. The no-arg constructor initializes the width and length to 1.0.
- Getter and setter for all the instance variables.
- Methods getArea() and getPerimeter().
- Override the toString() method inherited, to return "A Rectangle with width=xxx and length=zzz, which is a subclass of yyy", where yyy is the output of the toString() method from the superclass.

Write a class called Square, as a subclass of Rectangle.

Convince yourself that Square can be modeled as a subclass of Rectangle.

Square has no instance variable, but inherits the instance variables width and length from its superclass Rectangle.

Provide the appropriate constructors (as shown in the class diagram).

Override the toString() method to return "A Square with side=xxx, which is a subclass of yyy", where yyy is the output of the toString() method from the superclass.

Do you need to override the getArea() and getPerimeter()? Try them out.