

JavaScript II

Conditionals and loops













Objective

- Comparison Operators
- If, else and else if conditional
- Logical Operators
- Switch Conditional
- While loop, do while loop and for loop
- Infinite loops and nested loops





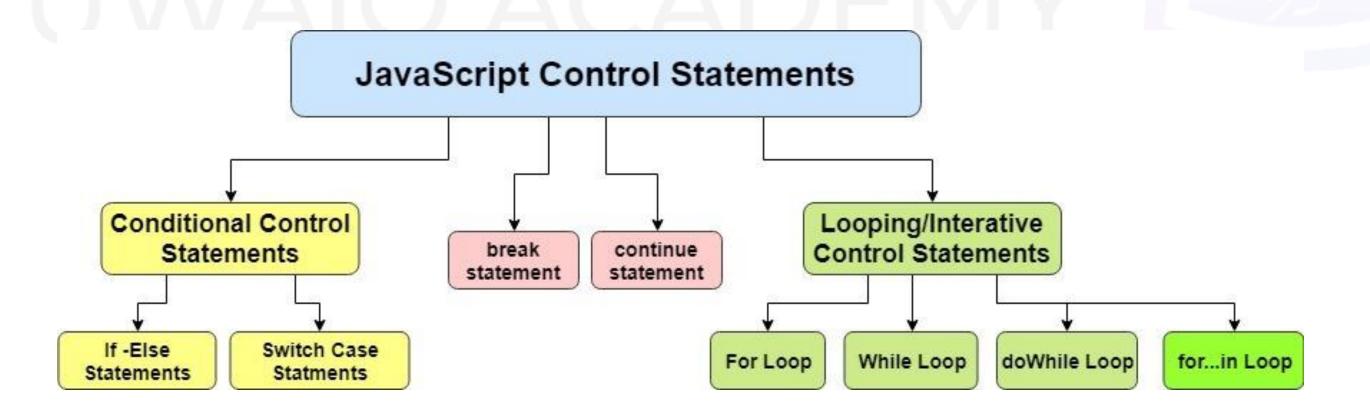






Control Structures in JavaScript

- The control structures allow the flow of your program to change within a unit of code or function.
- These statements can determine whether given statements are executed, or they can repeat the execution of a block of code.

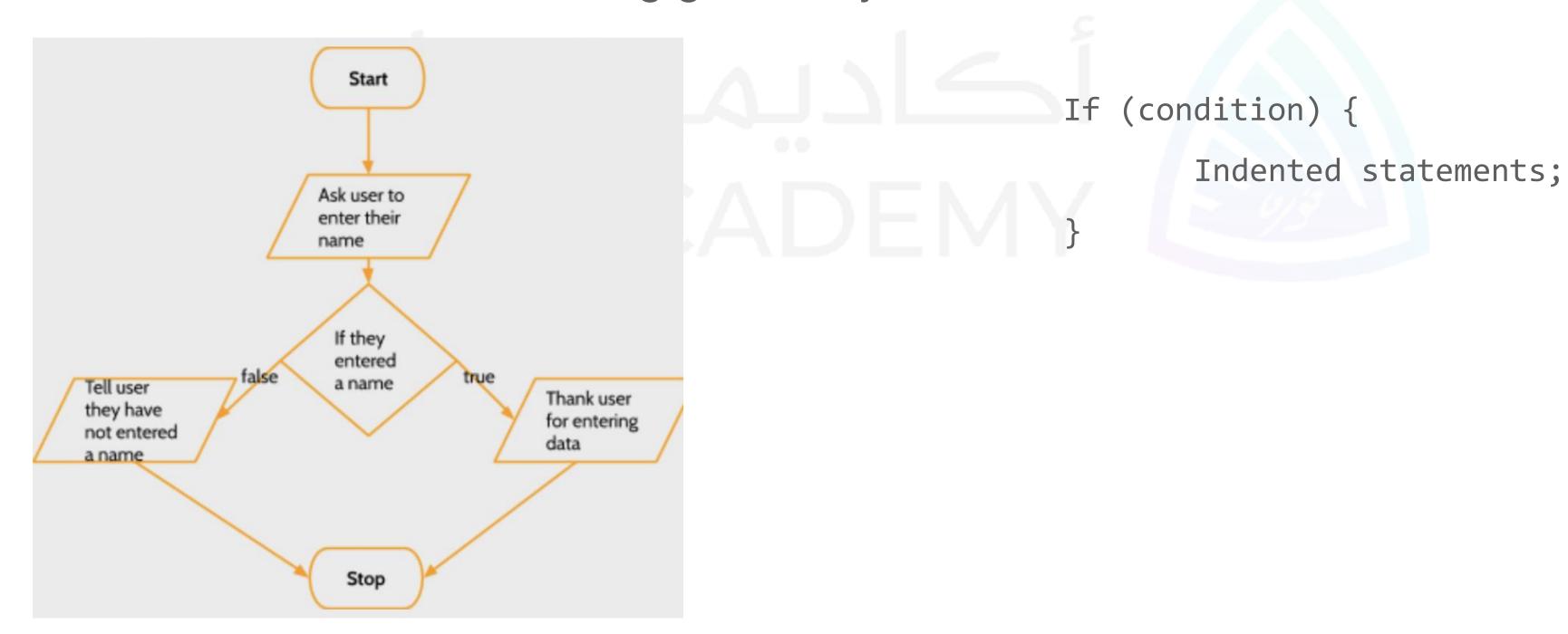






The if Conditional

- If Statement: is able to compare two or more variables or scenarios and perform a certain action based on the outcome of that comparison
- In JavaScript if statements have the following general syntax:







Comparison Operators

| Operator | Description | Example |
|----------|----------------------------|---|
| > | greater than | Condition: 12 > 1 Result: True |
| < | less than | Condition: 12 < 1 Result: False |
| >= | greater than or equal to | Condition: 12 >= 1 Result: True |
| <= | less than or equal to | Condition: 12 <= 12 Result: True |
| == | equals | Condition: 12 == 1 Result: False |
| === | Equal value and equal type | Condition: 12 === twelve Result: False |
| != | does not equal | Condition: 12 != 1 Result: True |



ELSE and ELSE IF Statement

```
let num = 10;
if (num >12) {
    console.log("the variable num is greater than 12");
else if (num > 10) {
    console.log("the variable num is greater than 10");
else if (num < 5) {
    console.log("the variable num is less than 5");
else {
    console.log("the variable num is 10");
```



Logical Operation

* AND (&&):

```
let num = 12;
if (num >= 10 && num <= 15){
    console.log(num + " is a value between 10 and 15");
```

❖OR (||):

```
let lotsOfMoney = false;
let receivedGift = false;
let loanApproved = true;
if (lotsOfMoney || receivedGift || loanApproved){
    console.log("Can purchase a car");
} else {
      console.log("Sorry! Can't afford a car");
```

❖ NOT (!)





The Switch Conditional

```
switch(expression)
{
    case 1:
        Do something;
        break;
    case 2:
        Do something else;
        break;
    default:
        Else do this;
        break;
}
```



Repetition or Looping Control Structures

The while loop: will repeatedly execute a block of code for as long as the evaluation condition is met.



Repetition or Looping Control Structures

The for loop: very similar functionality to a while loop, but runs a predetermined number of times.

```
for (i = 1; i < 10; i++) {
    console.log(i);
}</pre>
```



If statement vs Conditional (Ternary) Operator

```
let age = 15;
if(age<18){
   console.log("Too young")
}
else{
   console.log("Old enough")
}</pre>
```

```
let age = 15;
let voteable = (age < 18) ? "Too young":"Old
enough";</pre>
```

```
console.log(voteable)
```



Break & Continue statement

* Break statement causes an immediate exit from the loop to the first statement after the loop body.

```
for (let i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
  if (i === 3) {
       break;
  console.log("The number is " + i );
```

Continue statement breaks one iteration (in the loop), if a specified condition occurs, and continues with the next iteration in the loop.

```
for (let i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
  if (i === 3) {
       continue;
  console.log("The number is " + i );
```





Nested loop

- A nested loop is simply a loop within a loop.
- Each time the outer loop is executed, the inner loop is executed right from the start. That is, all the iterations of the inner loop are executed with each iteration of the outer loop.

```
for (iterating_var in sequence) {
   for (iterating_var in sequence) {
      statements(s);
   statements(s);
```

Nested for loop in another for loop

```
while (condition) {
   while (condition) {
      statement(s);
   statement(s);
```

Nested while loop in another while loop

```
for (iterating_var in sequence) {
  while (condition) {
      statement(s);
  statements(s);
```

Nested for loop in another while loop





Which Loop to Choose?

Both the while loop and the for loop have 4

Common components:

- ➤ Initialization of control variable
- > Termination condition
- Update control variable
- Body to be repeated
- A while loop is generally used when we don't know how many times to run through the loop
- If we do know how many times to run through the loop, we use the for loop









Resources

• JavaScript conditional statements and loops - Exercises, Practice, Solution





Summary

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