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6000

LL.B. (First Year) EXAMINATION, 2015

(New Scheme)

LEGAL LANGUAGE INCLUDING GENERAL

ENGLISH

Time allowed : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Part A

1. Explain the meaning of any *four* of the following legal terms :
 - (a) Estoppel
 - (b) Coercion
 - (c) Novation
 - (d) Preamble
 - (e) Intestate
 - (f) Ultra vires.

2

2. Explain the meaning of the *four* of the following Latin

Maxims :

- (a) Action personails mortiur cum persona
- (b) Consensus all idem
- (c) Ignorentia legis neminem excusat
- (d) nile prosequi
- (e) res gestae
- (f) rule nisi.

3. Make sentences using any *four* of the given pairs of

words :

- (a) Anonymous and Unanimous
- (b) Amiable and Amicable
- (c) Elicit and Illicit

(d) Extent and Extant

3

(e) Reside and Rigid

(f) Wave and Waive.

4. Substitute one word for any four of the following :

(a) Extreme old age when one starts behaving like a child.

(b) A form of Government in which a small group of people holds all the power.

(c) One who cannot be corrected.

(d) One who knows everything.

(e) Something that is perceptible by touch is.

(f) One who believes that all events and things in life are predetermined.

5. Mark SVOCA in the following sentences : Q

- (a) My uncle is a doctor.
- (b) He is swimming in the river.
- (c) He is my best friend.
- (d) He gifted his wife a nice car.
- (e) One should never support any crime.

Part B

6. Write an essay on any *one* of the following topics :

- (a) Act 498 uses and misuses
- (b) Necessity of the BAR council.

7. Write a letter to your friend to congratulate him on his success in RJS examination and point him out what are your expectations from him as a Judge.

8. Translate into Hindi :

S

CPR was introduced as a new code of procedure at the time of its enactment in 1999. Since this time, it has evolved as being the first in a continuing program of amendments to litigation rules, of which it has played a major part.

In 1988 the Civil Justice Review (CJR) was undertaken in order to identify defects in the current civil law system. Expense, delay and complexity were named as the main problems. REF. Heilbron & Hodge (1993) agreed with the CJR and stated in their report that there was a need for a radical change of culture in the way that litigation was conducted, and that it was in urgent need of reform.

Innovations followed these reports but the problems continued. This led to Lord Woolf being appointed in

6 1994 to review and potentially reform the civil procedure system. He then produced two reports entitled 'Access to Justice' and these provided the foundations for the serious amendments introduced in April 1999.

9. Translate into English :

भारतीय पुलिस तंत्र परम्परागत रूप से ब्रिटिश उपनिवेशवाद की विरासत माना जाता है लेकिन विगत ढाई दशकों से वैश्वीकरण की लहर भारतीय पुलिस प्रशासन को अनेक नवीन चुनौतियों तथा समस्याओं के घेरे में कस दिया है। सामान्यतः भारतीय पुलिस राजनीतिक हस्तक्षेप, निष्ठुरता, संवेदनहीनता, अकार्यकुशलता तथा भ्रष्टाचार में रंगी हुई नकारा व्यवस्था की परिचायक रही है, उस तिस पर भी वैश्वीकरण के कारण उत्पन्न हुई नवीन चुनौतियों जैसे—आर्थिक आतंकवाद (जाली मुद्रा), साइबर अपराध, मानव देह व्यापार, महिला यौन शोषण, वित्तीय धोखाधड़ी, अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय महामारियाँ तथा राजनैतिक घटयंत्रों इत्यादि ने सुविधाहीन भारतीय पुलिस को किंकर्तव्यविमूढ़ बना दिया है।

7

10. Write precis of the following :

In recent centuries India has earned a place among the THREE most corrupt countries in the world.

Corruption in India is a consequence of the nexus between Bureaucracy, politics and criminals. India is now no longer considered a soft state. It has now become a consideration state where everything can be had for a consideration. Today, the number of ministers with an honest image can be counted on fingers. At one time, bribe was paid for getting wrong things done but now bribe is paid for getting right things done at right time.

It is well established that politicians are extremely corrupt the world over. In fact, people are surprised to find an honest politician. These corrupt politicians go scot-free, unharmed and unpunished. Leaders like Lal Bahadur Shastri or Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel are

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a rare breed now who had very little bank balance

at the time of death. The list of scams and scandals

in the country is endless. Now recently before Start

2010 Common Wealth Games Corruption is playing

major role with common wealth games. The Bofors

payoff scandal of 1986 involved a total amount of

Rs. 1,750 crore in purchase of guns from a Swedish

firm for the Army. The Cement scandal of 1982 involved

in Chief Minister of Maharashtra, the Sugar Scandal

of 1994 involved a Union Minister of State for food,

the Urea Scam and of course no one can forget Hawala

Scandal of 1991, the Coffin-gate, fodder scam in Bihar

or the Stamp scandal which shocked not only the

political arena but the entire society.

Is it possible to contain corruption in our society ?

Corruption is a cancer, which every Indian must strive

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to cure. Many new leaders when come into power declare their determination to eradicate corruption but soon they themselves become corrupt and start amassing huge wealth.

11. Draft a deed of adoption for Ajit who promises to give his son in adoption to Manjit. The son is 8 years old.

This question paper contains 8 printed pages]

Roll No.

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6000

LL.B. (First Year) EXAMINATION, 2016

**LEGAL LANGUAGE INCLUDING
GENERAL ENGLISH**

Time allowed : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Part A (खण्ड 'अ') [Marks : 5×8=40]

*Candidates are required to answer all
questions in Part A (150 words each).*

All questions carry equal marks.

खण्ड 'अ' में से सभी प्रश्न करने अनिवार्य हैं ।
प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर 150 शब्दों से अधिक न हो ।
सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं ।

Part B (खण्ड 'ब') [Marks : 4×15=60]

Answer any four questions (300 words each).

All questions carry equal marks.

किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए ।
प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर 300 शब्दों से अधिक न हो ।
सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं ।

2 Part A

1. Explain the meaning of any *four* of the following legal terms :

- (a) Acquittal
 - (b) Eviction
 - (c) Liability
 - (d) Res judicata
 - (e) Perjury
 - (f) Status Quo.
2. Explain the meaning of the *four* of the following Latin maxims :
- (a) amicus curiae
 - (b) ejusdem generis
 - (c) ex-post facto
 - (d) obiter dicta
 - (e) sui juris
 - (f) ultra vires.

3

3. Make sentences using any *four* of the following given pairs of words :

- (a) Allusion and Illusion
- (b) Contagious and Contiguous
- (c) Differ and Defer
- (d) Eminent and Imminent
- (e) Precedent and President
- (f) Insight and Incite.

4. Substitute one word for any *four* of the following :

- (a) That which is no longer in use
- (b) To urge another person to evil
- (c) Rising in active revolt
- (d) One who does not believe in God
- (e) That which cannot be read
- (f) A person who has been convicted of violation of criminal laws.

5. Make sentences using the following patterns :

(a) S + V

(b) S + V + C

(c) S + V + I.O. + D.O.

(d) S + V + O + C.

Part B

6. Write an essay on any *one* of the following topics :

(a) Role of Lawyers in Society

(b) Honour Killing—A Social Evil.

7. Write a letter to the editor of a local daily newspaper

highlighting the need of creating legal awareness among
the general public.

8. Translate into Hindi :

The Lok Adalats function purely on democratic basis.

There is no compulsion to settle the disputes
through Lok Adalats. If the parties agree to decide

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their dispute mutually on the basis of their free will and in voluntary manner, only then Lok Adalats come to their assistance. Moreover, no pressure is created by the advocates of the parties. The presence of lawyer is not required in the process of settlement. Advocates, however, are not debarred from attending the Lok Adalat. The role of advocates in the Lok Adalat is simply of advisory nature. They help their clients to arrive at a compromise through their sweet efforts. The process of negotiation starts between the parties when both the parties make their presence before the judges of the Lok Adalats. The negotiation is assisted by the volunteers, social workers, senior law teachers and others who formed the part of Lok Adalat. Once the settlement is reached between the parties, the Lok Adalat reduces it into black and white on the spot and signatures of parties are obtained.

9. Translate into English : 6

मानवाधिकारों की सार्वभौम घोषणा के बाद से इन अधिकारों की रक्षा के प्रति जागरूकता बढ़ी है। न्यायालयों, आयोगों और मानवाधिकार संस्थाओं के द्वारा इस तरह की रिपोर्ट दी जा रही है कि पुलिस संगठनों द्वारा मानवाधिकारों के हनन की घटनाएँ जारी हैं। ऐसी स्थिति में मानवाधिकार हनन के कारणों की तलाश करना जरूरी है। सरकार, संचार माध्यम, जनता, कानून, पुलिस आयोग, विधि आयोग, न्यायालय, संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ और इसके अंग, मानवाधिकारों का पुलिस द्वारा हनन करने को स्वीकार नहीं करते हैं। फिर भी इन अधिकारों के हनन के आरोप रुके नहीं हैं। इस प्रक्रिया के कारणों को समझने के लिए हमें यह जानना होगा कि मानवाधिकार हनन का लाभ किसे है ? पहली नजर में यह तथ्य सामने आता है कि प्रत्यक्ष लाभ पुलिसकर्मियों को होता है। पुलिसकर्मियों द्वारा जनता के अधिकारों के हनन से उनमें अहम का तुष्टिकरण होता है।

10. Write precise of the following : 7

In case of any conflict between fundamental rights and directive principles, the fundamental rights shall prevail. But a year later, when the court dealt with Zamindari Abolition case, its attitude was considerably modified. In the state of Bihar Vs. Kameshwar Singh, AIR 1952 SC 352, the court relied on Article 39 in deciding that a Certain Zamindari Abolition Act has been passed for a public purpose within the meaning of Art. 31. Finally, in re Kerala Education Bill, AIR 1957 SC 956, the Supreme Court observed that though the directive principles cannot override the Fundamental Rights, the court may not entirely ignore the directive principles. Likewise, Cattle Protection Laws prohibiting slaughter of cows and calves and other cattle have been upheld because they are meant to give effect to Article 48 of

the Constitution. While Part III contains negative injunctions to the state not to do various things, Part IV contains positive commands to the state to promote what may be called a social welfare state.

11. Draft a General Power of Attorney by a businessman to carry on the business in the city of Udaipur.

Roll No. :

Total Pages : 6

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LL.B. (First Year) Examination, 2017

**LEGAL LANGUAGE INCLUDING
GENERAL ENGLISH**

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

PART-A

[Marks : $5 \times 8 = 40$]

(खण्ड-अ)

Answer all questions in Part A (150 words each).

All questions carry equal marks.

खण्ड अ में से सभी प्रश्न करने अनिवार्य हैं।

प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर 150 शब्दों से अधिक न हो।

सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।

PART-B

[Marks : $4 \times 15 = 60$]

(खण्ड-ब)

Answer any four questions (300 words each).

All questions carry equal marks.

किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर 300 शब्दों से अधिक न हो।

सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।

PART-A

(खण्ड-अ)

1. Explain the meaning of any *four* of the following legal terms :

- (a) Affidavit.
- (b) Decree.
- (c) Citation.
- (d) Acquittal.
- (e) Act of God.
- (f) Bail.

2. Explain the meaning of any *four* of the following Latin Maxims.

- (a) ad valorem.
- (b) Actus reus.
- (c) nile prosequi.
- (d) Factum valet.
- (e) ex-post facto.
- (f) de-jure.

3. Make sentences using any *four* of the following given pair of words :

- (a) Bail and Bale.
- (b) Soul and Sole.
- (c) Persecute and Prosecute.

- (d) Statute and Statue.
- (e) Principle and Principal.
- (f) Contagious and Contiguous.

4. Substitute one word for any *four* of the following :

- (a) One who is present everywhere.
- (b) A medical examination of a dead body.
- (c) A Government by people.
- (d) Contrary to law.
- (e) A person unable to read and write.
- (f) One who does not believe in God.

5. Make sentences using the following pattern :

- (a) S + V + Object.
- (b) S + V + TO + DO
- (c) S + V + Gerund.
- (d) S + V + C.

PART-B

(खण्ड-ब)

6. Write an essay on any *one* of the following topics :

- (a) Social Responsibility of Lawyers.
- (b) Independence of Judiciary.
- (c) Role of Media.

7. Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper commenting on "Need to Abolish Capital Punishment in India".

8. Translate into Hindi :

The Constitution of our country grants full freedom to a citizen to express his opinion or feeling through press. The fundamental right of the freedom of the press is implicit in the right of the freedom of speech and expression as provided under Article 19(1)(a) of the Indian Constitution. This freedom is essential for achieving political liberty and smooth functioning of a democratic system. A democratic government attaches great importance to the freedom of expression because without this freedom, the appeal to reason which is the basis of democracy can not be made. Thus it performs a very important service in the life of the nation.

9. Translate into English :

यह एक विचारणीय प्रश्न है कि प्रशासन में कितना अपव्यय होता है तथा भ्रष्टाचार के कारण सरकारी कोष में कितना धन आता है। राज्य की आय के मुख्य स्रोत कर आय है, जैसे बिक्री, आबकारी, वाहन कर आदि। इसके साथ ही यह भी

सर्वमान्य तथ्य है कि इन विभागों में भारी मात्रा में भ्रष्टाचार व्याप्त है। यदि विभागीय अधिकारी एवं बड़े अधिकारीगण इस बारे में सतर्कता बरतें और भ्रष्टाचार की दुष्प्रवृत्तियों पर कठोर निगरानी रखें तो राज्य को बिना विशेष करवृद्धि के भी आय में बढ़ोतरी हो सकती है। कर वसूली की समुची प्रक्रिया को सरल बनाने में बहुत कुछ सुधार किये जा सकते हैं।

10. Write Precis of the following :

It is one of the greatest anomalies of modern times that the Law, which exists as a public guide to conduct, has become such a recondite mystery that it is incomprehensible to be public and scarcely intelligible to its own votaries. The rules which are supposed to be the guides to action of men living in society have become the secret cult of a group of priestly professionals. The mystic ritual of this cult is announced to the public, it all, only in a bewildering jargon. Daily the Law becomes more complex, citizens become more confused, and society becomes less cohesive. Of course, people do not respect that which they can neither understand nor see in effective operation. So the lawmongers become the lack of respect for law. Now the lawyers are even bewailing the lack of respect for lawyers.

6

Many remedies are proposed : We must have better law enforcement – that is, more policemen to make the people obey the laws they do not understand. We must have a great moral renaissance – presumably some sort of mystical process which will enable people intuitively to apprehend the mysteries of law. We need better education, catch them young, and teach them to respect the law while they are still credulous and uncritical. We ought to pass a new law to take people respect the old laws – ignorance of the law is no excuse, even for lawyers and the public – which simply means that the lawyers want to advertise like everybody else. There is a school of support for every proposal except the one that it is the law itself which needs to be changed.

11. Draft a General Power of Attorney.

This question paper contains 4+2 printed pages]

6000

LL.B. (First Year) EXAMINATION, 2018

**LEGAL LANGUAGE INCLUDING
GENERAL ENGLISH**

Time allowed : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Part A [Marks : 5×8=40]

Answer all questions in Part A (150 words each).

All questions carry equal marks.

Part B [Marks : 4×15=60]

Answer any four questions (300 words each).

All questions carry equal marks.

Part A

1. Explain the meaning of the following legal terms
(Any four) :

8

- (a) Act of God

(b) Illicit

(c) Warrant

(d) Bail

(e) De jure

(f) Statute

(g) Intestate

2. Explain the meaning of any *four* of the following Latin words :

8

(a) Caveat emptor

(b) Suo motto

(c) Fait accompli

(d) Sub-judice

(e) Ad hoc

(f) Mens rea

(g) Fait justicia

3. Make sentences using any *four* of the following pair of words : 8

- (a) Bail and Bale
- (b) Symmetry and Cemetery
- (c) Caste and Cast
- (d) Corporal and Corporeal
- (e) Elicit and Illicit
- (f) Injunction and Injection
- (g) Gaol and Goal.

4. Substitute one word for any *four* of the following : 8

- (a) One who knows everything
- (b) Killing oneself
- (c) Work for which no salary is paid
- (d) A remedy which never fails
- (e) One who always looks at dark and depressing side of things
- (f) One who cannot pay one's debts
- (g) A person unable to read and write.

5. Make sentences using the following pattern : 8

- (a) Subject + Verb + Indirect Object + Direct Object
- (b) Subject + Verb + Gerund
- (c) Subject + (be) + Complement
- (d) Subject + Verb + that clause.

Part B

6. Write an essay on any *one* of the following topics :
- (a) Secularism in India
 - (b) Independence of Judiciary in India
 - (c) Legal aid to poor.
7. Write a letter to the Editor of a newspaper commenting on the "Justice Delayed is Justice Denied".
8. Translate into Hindi :

The role of judiciary is very important. Our set-up is federal. In federal system a number of State Governments co-exists and there is division of powers of the sovereignty of the state amongst various

constituents of the federation. The constitution has established a very complicated, legislative and financial arrangements. It has granted against the state. The state is powerful institution in comparison to the individuals, therefore, the independent and impartial judiciary is essential for the functioning of a federal system and its implementation is essential for the success of the federal constitution.

9. Translate into English :

यह न्यायालय का कार्य नहीं है कि वह यह पता लगाये कि विधायनी ने किस उद्देश्य से किसी अधिनियम को पारित किया है। न्यायालय तो केवल उस अधिनियम की उस स्पष्ट भाषा जैसा पारित किया गया हो, की व्याख्या करता है। व्याख्याकर का कार्य उस अधिनियम में कुछ बढ़ाया जाना नहीं होता वरन् उसे समझना होता है। उसके लिए यह प्रश्न नहीं है कि विधायनी क्या चाहती थी, बल्कि उसकी भाषा का अभिप्राय क्या है अर्थात् क्या तात्पर्य है ?

10. Write precis of the following passage :

Unemployment arises from a variety of causes. One that is always recurring and of the effects of which, we have had a recent example is the "disorganisation of the industry", resulting from a long war. This is a serious problem admitting of no easy solution at the best times. Again there is unemployment which follows a marked diminution in the quantity of any raw product to a very trivial matter perhaps for the fact that, men are working half-an-hour longer than the regulations of their union permit.

11. Draft a plaint by a servant for claiming his salary.

6000

LL.B. (First Year) Examination, 2019

LEGAL LANGUAGE & GENERAL ENGLISH

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

PART-A

[Marks : $5 \times 8 = 40$]

(खण्ड-अ)

Answer all questions (150 words each).

All questions carry equal marks.

खण्ड 'अ' में से सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर 150 शब्दों से अधिक न हो। सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।

PART-B

[Marks : $4 \times 15 = 60$]

(खण्ड-ब)

Answer any four questions (300 words each)

All questions carry equal marks.

किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर 300 शब्दों से अधिक न हो।

सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।

PART-A

1. Explain the meaning of the following legal terms
(any four) :

- (a) **Adjournment.**
- (b) **Floating charges.**
- (c) **Ex-parte.**
- (d) **Writ.**
- (e) **Treason.**
- (f) **Void.**
- (g) **Pre-emption.**

2. Explain the meaning of the following Latin words
(any four) :

- (a) **Ad valoram.**
- (b) **De facto.**
- (c) **Factum valet.**
- (d) **Omnis probandi.**
- (e) **Damnum sine injuria.**
- (f) **Status quo.**
- (g) **Ratio decidendi.**

3. Do as directed :

(a) Give one word : (any two)

- (i) One who runs away from justice.
- (ii) That cannot be read.
- (iii) One who is unable to pay debts.
- (iv) One who dislikes or hates mankind.

(b) Give meaning and make sentences : (any two)

- (i) Curator.
- (ii) Foeticids.
- (iii) Ambidextrous.
- (iv) Illegitimate.

4. Do as directed :

(a) Make sentences using the following : (any two)

- (i) Premise and premises.
- (ii) Precede and proceed.
- (iii) Assure and ensure.
- (iv) Elicit and illicit.

(b) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words :

- (i) It was a steep (descent/dissent)
into the cave.