



**POLITECNICO**  
MILANO 1863

# **Spacecraft Attitude Dynamics**

**Prof. Franco Bernelli**

**Quaternions and the Gravity Gradient  
perturbation**

# Task 1: Simulate the dynamics and kinematics w.r.t the inertial frame using the quaternions

Dynamics

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{\omega}_1 &= \frac{I_2 - I_3}{I_1} \omega_2 \omega_3 \\ \dot{\omega}_2 &= \frac{I_3 - I_1}{I_2} \omega_1 \omega_3 \\ \dot{\omega}_3 &= \frac{I_1 - I_2}{I_3} \omega_2 \omega_1\end{aligned}$$



Kinematics

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \\ \dot{q}_3 \\ \dot{q}_4 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \omega_3 & -\omega_2 & \omega_1 \\ -\omega_3 & 0 & \omega_1 & \omega_2 \\ \omega_2 & -\omega_1 & 0 & \omega_3 \\ -\omega_1 & -\omega_2 & -\omega_3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_3 \\ q_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} q_1(0) \\ q_2(0) \\ q_3(0) \\ q_4(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_{B/N} = \begin{bmatrix} q_1^2 - q_2^2 - q_3^2 + q_4^2 & 2(q_1 q_2 + q_3 q_4) & 2(q_1 q_3 - q_2 q_4) \\ 2(q_1 q_2 - q_3 q_4) & -q_1^2 + q_2^2 - q_3^2 + q_4^2 & 2(q_2 q_3 + q_1 q_4) \\ 2(q_1 q_3 + q_2 q_4) & 2(q_2 q_3 - q_1 q_4) & -q_1^2 - q_2^2 + q_3^2 + q_4^2 \end{bmatrix}$$



## Task 2 – Compute the relative attitude between the spacecraft body frame and a moving reference frame

$$\begin{aligned} I_x \dot{\omega}_x + (I_z - I_y) \omega_z \omega_y &= 0 \\ I_y \dot{\omega}_y + (I_x - I_z) \omega_x \omega_z &= 0 \\ I_z \dot{\omega}_z + (I_y - I_x) \omega_y \omega_x &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dA_{B/N}}{dt} = -[\omega_{B/N}]^\wedge A_{B/N}$$

$$\omega_x(0) = 0, \omega_y(0) = 0, \omega_z(0) = n \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$\omega_x(0) = 1e-06 \text{ rad/sec}, \omega_y(0) = 1e-06 \text{ rad/sec}, \omega_z(0) = n \text{ rad/sec}$$

where

$$I_x = 0.01 \text{ kgm}^2, I_y = 0.05 \text{ kgm}^2, I_z = 0.09 \text{ kgm}^2$$

$$I_x = 0.05 \text{ kgm}^2, I_y = 0.09 \text{ kgm}^2, I_z = 0.01 \text{ kgm}^2$$

Reference attitude

$$A_{L/N} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos n t & \sin n t & 0 \\ -\sin n t & \cos n t & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \omega_{L/N} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$n^2 = \frac{Gm_t}{R^3} \left[ \frac{\omega \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{kg}^2} \cdot \text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \right] = \left[ \frac{\omega}{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}} = \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}} = \frac{1}{\text{s}^2} \right]$$

Attitude error

$$A_{B/L} = A_{B/N} A_{L/N}^T$$

$$\underline{\omega}_{B/L} = \underline{\omega}_B - A_{B/L} \underline{\omega}_L$$



### Task 3: Repeat Task 2 with gravity gradient included

$$\begin{aligned}I_x \dot{\omega}_x + (I_z - I_y) \omega_z \omega_y &= \frac{3Gm_t}{R^3} (I_z - I_y) c_3 c_2 \\I_y \dot{\omega}_y + (I_x - I_z) \omega_x \omega_z &= \frac{3Gm_t}{R^3} (I_x - I_z) c_1 c_3 \\I_z \dot{\omega}_z + (I_y - I_x) \omega_y \omega_x &= \frac{3Gm_t}{R^3} (I_y - I_x) c_2 c_1\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \end{bmatrix} = A_{B/L} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Time permitting: Validate some points in the stability diagram in the notes

