Is abbreviated RDBMS

Key is a concept in relational databases; its purpose is to identify each data record in one table to avoid duplication of data.

There are three relationships that use this: 1-1, 1-n, and n-n.

Today,  data is extremely important, so every application has to make sure that the data is correct, consistent, and complete. RDBMS can address this issue.

With the relation model structure, RDBMS can easily help users to understand the data.

Because using SQL, RDBMS is powerful for manipulating data. Like select, insert, update, or delete data.

RDBMS provides some security functionalities, making data secure.

Standardization ensures database performance if we follow the rules for designing and creating databases.

For the growth of data, RDBMS allows us to distribute databases to multiple servers to store data.

RDBMS also flow ACID transaction rule, ensuring the data.

When we change schema or change physic storagre