PHYS 2311 Ch. 9 HW

 ${\bf Corbin\ Hibler\ (c\hbox{-}hibler@onu.edu)}$

November 6, 2024

Problem 1.

$$p = mv = (0.032)(8.4) = 0.2688 \,\mathrm{Ns}$$

Problem 2.

$$m_A \vec{v}_A + m_B \vec{v}_B = m_A \vec{v}_A' + m_B \vec{v}_B'$$

$$(7150)(15.0) + (3650)(0) = (10800)\vec{v}'$$

$$\vec{v}' = \frac{(7150)(15.0)}{10800} = \boxed{9.93 \,\text{m/s}}$$

Problem 4.

$$\vec{F}_{\text{inst}} = \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} = m\frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} + \vec{v}\frac{dm}{dt}$$

= 0 + (4.5 × 10⁴)(1200) = $\boxed{5.4 \times 10^7 \text{ N}}$

Problem 5.

$$\vec{p} = 4.8t^2\hat{i} - 8.0\hat{j} - 9.4t\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{F} = \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt}$$

$$\vec{F} = \boxed{(9.6t\hat{i} - 9.4\hat{k})N}$$

Problem 6.

$$m_B = 42 + 24 = 66$$

$$m_A \vec{v}_A + m_B \vec{v}_B = m_A \vec{v}_A' + m_B \vec{v}_B'$$

$$(5.30)(0) + (66)(0) = (5.30)(10\hat{i}) + (66)(\vec{v}_B')$$

$$\frac{-(5.30)(10\hat{i})}{66} = \vec{v}_B' = \boxed{-0.803\,\hat{\text{im/s}}}$$

Problem 8.

$$\vec{F} = 26\hat{i} - 12t^2\hat{j}$$

$$\Delta \vec{p} = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \vec{F} \, dt = \int_{1.0}^{2.0} 26\hat{i} - 12t^2\hat{j} \, dt$$

$$26t\hat{i} - 4t^3\hat{j}\Big|_{1.0}^{2.0} = (26(2.0)\hat{i} - 4(2.0)^3\hat{j}) - (26(1.0)\hat{i} - 4(1.0)^3\hat{j})$$

$$= \boxed{(26\hat{i} - 28\hat{j})\text{Ns}}$$

Problem 9.

$$\vec{p_i} = \vec{p_f}$$

$$m_1 v_1 = m_2 v_2$$

$$v_1 = \frac{m_2}{m_1} v_2$$

$$K_1 = 2K_2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 = m_2 v_2^2$$

$$m_1 v_1^2 = 2m_2 v_2^2$$

$$m_1 \left(\frac{m_2}{m_1} v_2\right)^2 = 2m_2 v_2^2$$

$$\frac{m_2^2}{m_1} = 2m_2$$

$$\frac{m_2}{m_1} = 2$$

$$\frac{m_1}{m_2} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Problem 18.

$$\Delta \vec{p} = \vec{p_i} - \vec{p_f}$$

= $(0.145)(31.0 - (-46.0)) = 11.165 \,\text{Ns}$

$$\vec{F} = \frac{\Delta p}{\Delta t} = \frac{11.165}{5 \times 10^{-3} \,\mathrm{s}} = \boxed{2233 \,\mathrm{N}}$$

Problem 21.

(a)
$$\vec{p_i} = \vec{p_f}$$

$$0 = m_A v_A + m_C v_C$$

$$\Delta v_C = \left| \frac{-m_A v_A}{m_C} \right| = \frac{(125)(2.50)}{(2200)} = \boxed{0.14 \,\text{m/s}}$$
(b)
$$\Delta t = 0.600 \,\text{s}$$

$$\Delta \vec{p} = m_A v_A = (125)(2.50) = 312.5 \,\text{Ns}$$

$$\vec{F}_{avg} = \frac{\Delta \vec{p}}{\Delta t} = \frac{312.5}{0.600} = \boxed{521 \,\text{N}}$$
(c)
$$K = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$K_A = \frac{1}{2} (125)(2.50)^2 = \boxed{391 \,\text{J}}$$

$$K_C = \frac{1}{2} (2200)(0.14)^2 = \boxed{22 \,\text{N}}$$

Problem 23.

(a) Counted 10 squares

$$\Delta p = 10(0.01)(50) = \boxed{5 \,\mathrm{N}}$$

(b)

$$v = \frac{p}{m} = \frac{5}{0.060} = \boxed{83 \,\text{m/s}}$$

Problem 28.

$$v_{2i} = 0$$

$$v_{1f} = v_{1i} \left(\frac{m_1 - m_2}{m_1 + m_2} \right) = (7.40\hat{i}) \left(\frac{0.450 - 0.900}{0.450 + 0.900} \right) = \boxed{-2.47 \,\hat{\text{im/s}}}$$

$$v_{2f} = \left(\frac{2m_2}{m_1 + m_2}\right) v_{1i} = (7.40\hat{i}) \left(\frac{2(0.900)}{0.450 + 0.900}\right) = \boxed{9.87\,\hat{\text{im/s}}}$$

Problem 37.

$$m_1 = m_2, h_2 = 2h_1$$

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = mgh$$

$$\frac{1}{2}v^2 = gh$$

$$v = \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$v_2 = \sqrt{2gh_2} = \sqrt{2g(2h_1)} = = \sqrt{2}\sqrt{2gh_1} = \boxed{\sqrt{2}v_1}$$

Problem 38.

$$m_b = 0.028 \,\text{kg}, \quad v_b = 190 \,\text{m/s}, \quad m_p = 3.1 \,\text{kg}, \quad l = 2.4 \,\text{m}$$

$$m_1 v_{1i} = (m_1 + m_2) v_f$$

$$v_f = \frac{m_1 v_{1i}}{m_1 + m_2} = \frac{(0.028)(190)}{0.028 + 3.1} = 1.70 \,\text{m/s}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m v^2 = mgh$$

$$h = \frac{m v^2}{2mg} = \frac{v^2}{2g} = \frac{(1.70)^2}{2(9.8)} = \boxed{0.147 \,\text{m}}$$

$$l^2 = (l - h)^2 + x^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{l^2 - (l - h)^2} = \sqrt{(2.4)^2 - (2.4 - 0.147)^2} = \boxed{0.827 \,\text{m}}$$

Problem 47.

(a)
$$m_{A}\vec{v}_{Ax} + m_{B}\vec{v}_{Bx} = m_{A}\vec{v}'_{Ax} + m_{B}\vec{v}'_{Bx}$$
$$(0.120)(2.80) = (0.120)(2.10\cos(35.0)) + (0.140)\vec{v}'_{Bx}$$
$$m_{A}\vec{v}_{Ay} + m_{B}\vec{v}_{By} = m_{A}\vec{v}'_{Ay} + m_{B}\vec{v}'_{By}$$
$$0 = (0.120)(2.10\sin(35.0)) + (0.140)\vec{v}'_{By}$$

(b)
$$\vec{v}_{By}' = -\frac{(0.120)(2.10\sin(35.0))}{0.140} = -1.03\,\text{m/s}\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{v}_{Bx}' = \frac{(0.120)(2.80 - 2.10\cos(35.0))}{0.140} = 0.926\,\text{m/s}\hat{i}$$

$$\vec{v}_{B}' = \sqrt{(-1.03)^2 + (0.926)^2} = \boxed{1.39\,\text{m/s}}$$

$$\theta_B = \arctan\left(\frac{1.03}{0.926}\right) = \boxed{48.1^\circ}$$

Problem 54.

$$M = 16 \text{ u} + 12 \text{ u} = 28 \text{ u}$$

$$m_1 = 16 \text{ u} \cdot 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \ kg/u = 2.656 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 12 \text{ u} \cdot 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \ kg/u = 1.992 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$$

$$M = 28 \text{ u} \cdot 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \ kg/u = 4.648 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$$

$$x_{CM} = \frac{\sum m_i x_i}{M} = \frac{(2.656 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg})(0) + (1.992 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg})(1.13 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m})}{4.648 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}}$$

$$= \boxed{4.843 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}}$$

Problem 55.

$$M = 1.00 + 1.50 + 1.10 = 3.6 \,\mathrm{kg}$$

$$x_{CM} = \frac{\sum m_i x_i}{M}$$

$$x_{CM} = \frac{(1.00)(0) + (1.50)(0.50) + (1.10)(0.75)}{3.6} = \boxed{0.4375 \,\mathrm{m}}$$