Assignment

March 24, 2024

```
[1]: import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    data=pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\DELL PC\\Desktop\\LINEAR PROG\\Assighnment_
     data
[1]:
        Study Hours Exam Scores
                3.7
    0
                           87.9
    1
                9.5
                          143.6
    2
                7.3
                          123.7
    3
                6.0
                           99.9
    4
                1.6
                           64.5
                4.9
    95
                           95.3
    96
                5.2
                          101.9
                4.3
    97
                           94.5
    98
                0.3
                           53.9
    99
                1.1
                           64.9
    [100 rows x 2 columns]
[2]: x = np.array(data['Study Hours']).reshape(-1,1)
    y = np.array(data['Exam Scores'])
    х
[2]: array([[3.7],
           [9.5],
           [7.3],
           [6.],
           [1.6],
           [1.6],
           [0.6],
           [8.7],
           [6.],
           [7.1],
           [0.2],
           [9.7],
           [8.3],
```

- [2.1],
- [1.8],
- [1.8],
- [3.],
- [5.2],
- [4.3],
- [2.9],
- [6.1],
- [1.4],
- [2.9],
- [3.7],
- [4.6],[7.9],
- [2.],
- [5.1],
- [5.9],
- [0.5],
- [6.1],
- [1.7],
- [0.7],
- [9.5],
- [9.7],
- [8.1],
- [3.],
- [1.],
- [6.8],
- [4.4],
- [1.2],
- [5.],
- [0.3],
- [9.1],
- [2.6],
- [6.6],
- [3.1],
- [5.2],
- [5.5],
- [1.8],
- [9.7],
- [7.8],
- [9.4],
- [8.9],
- [6.],
- [9.2],
- [0.9],
- [2.],
- [0.5],
- [3.3],

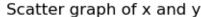
```
[3.9],
            [2.7],
            [8.3],
            [3.6],
            [2.8],
            [5.4],
            [1.4],
            [8.],
            [0.7],
            [9.9],
            [7.7],
            [2.],
            [0.1],
            [8.2],
            [7.1],
            [7.3],
            [7.7],
            [0.7],
            [3.6],
            [1.2],
            [8.6],
            [6.2],
            [3.3],
            [0.6],
            [3.1],
            [3.3],
            [7.3],
            [6.4],
            [8.9],
            [4.7],
            [1.2],
            [7.1],
            [7.6],
            [5.6],
            [7.7],
            [4.9],
            [5.2],
            [4.3],
            [0.3],
            [1.1]])
[3]: array([ 87.9, 143.6, 123.7, 99.9,
                                         64.5, 67.4, 63.2, 134., 106.1,
            118.3, 56.6, 148.6, 130.6,
                                          73.8,
                                                 68.7, 73.2, 76.9, 100.8,
                                                 85.5, 88.5, 126.4, 68.3,
             91.2, 71.8, 112.7, 65.3,
                                          79.2,
             97.4, 108.4, 56.7, 120.2,
                                          67.9, 57.8, 144.5, 137., 130.7,
```

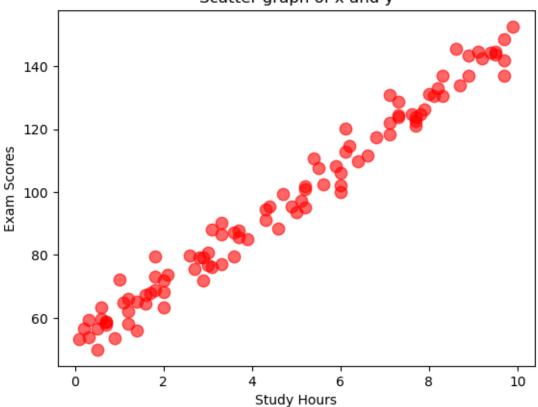
[3]: y

```
80.8, 72.1, 117.5, 95.5, 62., 93.7, 59.2, 144.7, 79.8,
           111.7, 88.2, 95., 107.6, 79.4, 142., 124.7, 144.4, 137.,
           102., 142.5, 53.5, 72., 49.9, 90.3, 85., 75.5, 136.9,
            79.5, 79.2, 110.8, 56.1, 131.1, 58.8, 152.6, 121., 63.3,
            53.2, 133., 121.9, 124.6, 123.7, 58.6, 87.3, 58., 145.6,
           114.7, 77.1, 59.6, 76.2, 86.5, 128.8, 109.7, 143.5, 99.3,
            66.1, 130.8, 124.9, 102.4, 122.6, 95.3, 101.9, 94.5, 53.9,
            64.9])
[4]: #checking for missing data
    data.isna().sum()
[4]: Study Hours
    Exam Scores
                   0
    dtype: int64
[5]: \#Visualising the relationship between x and y
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    plt.scatter(x,y, color='red', s=80, alpha=0.6)
    plt.xlabel('Study Hours')
    plt.ylabel('Exam Scores')
```

plt.title('Scatter graph of x and y')

plt.show()





```
[7]: #2)standardising data
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
scl = StandardScaler()
x_train_scaled = scl.fit_transform(x_train)
x_test_scaled = scl.transform(x_test)
```

```
[8]: #Linear Regression Model
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
model = LinearRegression()
```

```
[9]: #a) Train a linear regression model on the training data.

model.fit(x_train_scaled, y_train)
```

[9]: LinearRegression()

```
[10]: #predict y values
     y_pred = model.predict(x_test_scaled)
     y_pred
[10]: array([ 64.19550884, 122.42827167, 87.10675979, 69.92332158,
             117.65509439, 145.33952263, 64.19550884, 115.74582348,
             94.74384344, 131.97462624, 122.42827167, 68.01405066,
             102.38092709, 101.42629163, 111.92728165, 102.38092709,
             84.24285342, 143.43025171, 120.51900076, 125.29217804,
             53.69451882, 66.10477975, 147.24879354, 129.11071987,
             71.83259249, 59.42233156, 59.42233156, 122.42827167,
             126.2468135 , 134.83853261 , 110.9726462 , 59.42233156 ,
             127.20144896, 88.06139525, 110.01801074, 54.64915427,
             81.37894705, 66.10477975, 105.24483346, 58.4676961,
             78.51504068, 64.19550884, 128.15608441, 57.51306064,
             96.65311435, 106.19946892, 99.51702072, 84.24285342,
             100.47165618, 63.24087338, 93.78920798, 143.43025171,
             81.37894705, 68.01405066, 79.46967614, 93.78920798,
             97.60774981, 145.33952263, 55.60378973, 130.06535532,
             139.61170989, 71.83259249, 88.06139525, 82.33358251,
             77.56040523, 89.97066616, 87.10675979, 126.2468135 ,
             102.38092709, 72.78722795, 109.06337529, 113.83655257,
             55.60378973, 110.01801074, 80.4243116, 137.70243898,
             57.51306064, 69.92332158, 110.9726462, 142.47561626])
[11]: #b)
                Evaluate the performance of the model on the testing data using
      ⇔appropriate metrics
     from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error,r2_score
     MAE = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
     MSE = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
     R2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
     print('mean_absolute_error:',MAE)
     print('mean_squared_error :',MSE)
     print('r2_score
                               :',R2)
     mean_absolute_error: 3.252620896629126
     mean_squared_error: 17.981914358743296
                        : 0.9782270818940543
     r2_score
[12]: | #c) Interpret the coefficients of the linear regression model and discuss their
      ⇔significance.
     coefficient = model.coef_
     intercept = model.intercept_
                 = model.score(x_test_scaled, y_test)
     print('coefficient:',coefficient)
     print('intercept :',intercept)
```

```
print('score
                        :',score)
     coefficient: [30.15741606]
     intercept: 102.19
     score
                : 0.9782270818940543
[14]: #4)
                Model Improvement
                 Implement any necessary feature engineering techniques to improve
      #a)
      → the model's performance.
      from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
      ply = PolynomialFeatures(degree=1)
      x_train_ply = ply.fit_transform(x_train_scaled)
      x_test_ply = ply.transform(x_test_scaled)
[15]: #b)
                Re-train the linear regression model on the updated dataset.
      model ply = LinearRegression()
      model_ply.fit(x_train_ply, y_train)
[15]: LinearRegression()
[16]: #predictions for the updated dataset
      new_y_pred = model_ply.predict(x_test_ply)
      new_y_pred
[16]: array([ 64.19550884, 122.42827167, 87.10675979, 69.92332158,
             117.65509439, 145.33952263, 64.19550884, 115.74582348,
             94.74384344, 131.97462624, 122.42827167, 68.01405066,
             102.38092709, 101.42629163, 111.92728165, 102.38092709,
             84.24285342, 143.43025171, 120.51900076, 125.29217804,
             53.69451882, 66.10477975, 147.24879354, 129.11071987,
             71.83259249, 59.42233156, 59.42233156, 122.42827167,
             126.2468135 , 134.83853261, 110.9726462 , 59.42233156,
             127.20144896, 88.06139525, 110.01801074, 54.64915427,
             81.37894705, 66.10477975, 105.24483346, 58.4676961,
             78.51504068, 64.19550884, 128.15608441, 57.51306064,
             96.65311435, 106.19946892, 99.51702072, 84.24285342,
             100.47165618, 63.24087338, 93.78920798, 143.43025171,
             81.37894705, 68.01405066, 79.46967614, 93.78920798,
             97.60774981, 145.33952263, 55.60378973, 130.06535532,
             139.61170989, 71.83259249, 88.06139525, 82.33358251,
             77.56040523, 89.97066616, 87.10675979, 126.2468135,
             102.38092709, 72.78722795, 109.06337529, 113.83655257,
             55.60378973, 110.01801074, 80.4243116 , 137.70243898,
             57.51306064, 69.92332158, 110.9726462, 142.47561626])
[17]: \#c)
                 Evaluate the performance of the improved model and compare it with
      \hookrightarrow the initial model.
      new_MAE = mean_absolute_error(y_test, new_y_pred)
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new_MSE = mean_squared_error(y_test, new_y_pred)
      new_R2 = r2_score(y_test, new_y_pred)
      print('new_mean_absolute_error:',new_MAE)
      print('new_mean_squared_error :',new_MSE)
     print('new_r2_score
                                   :',new_R2)
     new_mean_absolute_error: 3.2526208966291223
     new_mean_squared_error : 17.981914358743268
     new_r2_score
                            : 0.9782270818940543
[18]: #score of the improved model
      new_score= model_ply.score(x_test_ply, y_test)
     print('new_score
                                 :',new_score)
     new_score
                        : 0.9782270818940543
 []:
```