

OTP System: A Python-Based Implementation



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Project Overview: Purpose and Features

1 OTP Generation

The system generates random and unique OTPs for each user request, ensuring security and preventing reuse.

2 Email Delivery

OTPs are securely sent to the user's email address, providing a convenient and reliable delivery method.

3 OTP Verification

The system verifies the entered OTP against the generated one, ensuring that the user is the legitimate owner of the account.

Libraries Used

- **smtplib**: For sending emails.
- **random**: For generating random OTPs.
- **re**: For validating email format using regex.
- **tkinter**: For creating the GUI.
- **email.mime**: For formatting email content.



OTP Generation

```
def generate_otp(length=6):  
    """  
    Generates a random OTP of the specified length.  
    """  
    return ''.join(random.choices('0123456789', k=length))
```



```
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    appe altest('!', generat_otp/a ven (len))  
    endeon t!)  
    conerraton>  
    <blatent!>  
    )  
    generate_otp
```

Email Sending



```
def send_otp_email(receiver_email, otp):  
  
    # Email credentials and settings  
    sender_email = "your_email@example.com"  
    sender_password = "your_password"  
    subject = "Your OTP Code"  
  
    # Email content  
    message = MIMEMultipart()  
    message['From'] = sender_email  
    message['To'] = receiver_email  
    message['Subject'] = subject  
    body = f"Your One-Time Password (OTP) is: {otp}\n\nPlease use this  
code to complete your action."  
    message.attach(MIMEText(body, 'plain'))  
  
    # Sending the email via SMTP  
    try:  
        with smtplib.SMTP('smtp.gmail.com', 587) as server:  
            server.starttls()  
            server.login(sender_email, sender_password)  
            server.sendmail(sender_email, receiver_email,  
message.as_string())  
            print(f"OTP sent to {receiver_email}")  
    except Exception as e:  
        print(f"Failed to send OTP. Error: {e}")
```

Python

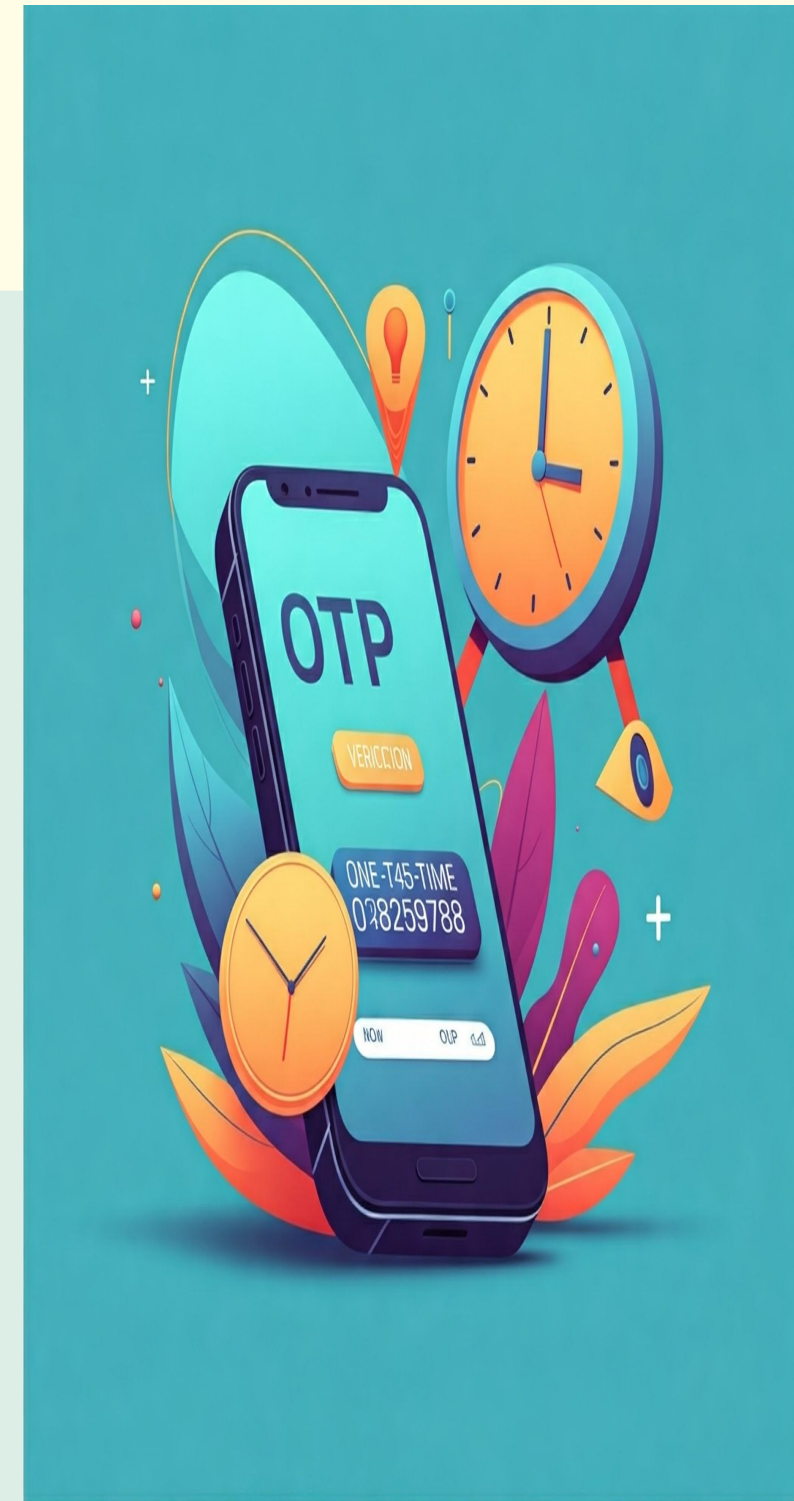
is_valid-mail

Email Validation

```
def is_valid_email(email):  
    """  
    Validates the email address format.  
    """  
    email_regex = r'^[a-zA-Z0-9._%+-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9.-]+\.[a-zA-Z]{2,}$'  
    return re.match(email_regex, email) is not None
```

GUI Functions: Send OTP

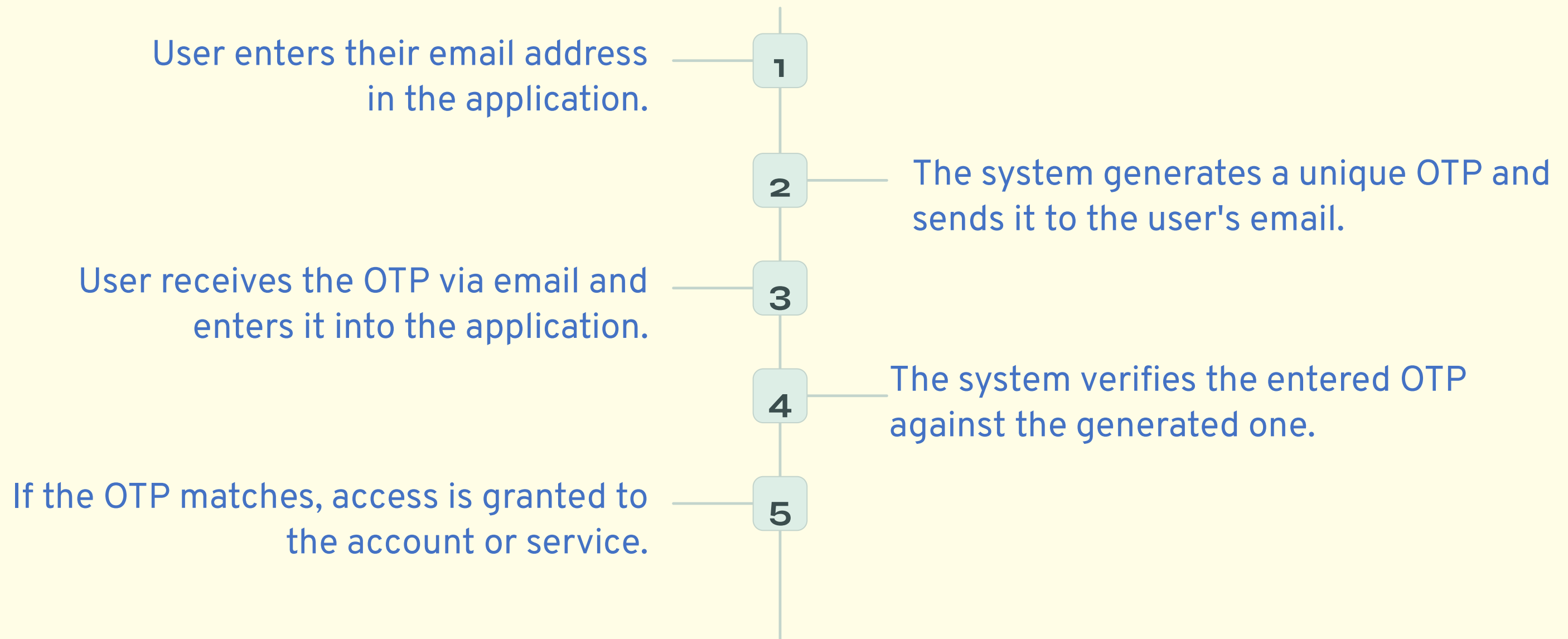
```
def send_otp():  
    email = email_entry.get()  
    if not is_valid_email(email):  
        messagebox.showerror("Error", "Invalid email address.")  
        return  
  
    otp = generate_otp()  
    otp_store[email] = otp  
    send_otp_email(email, otp)  
    messagebox.showinfo("Success", "OTP sent successfully!")
```



GUI Functions: Verify OTP

```
def verify_otp():  
    email = email_entry.get()  
    otp = otp_entry.get()  
  
    if email not in otp_store:  
        messagebox.showerror("Error", "No OTP generated for this email.")  
        return  
  
    if otp_store[email] == otp:  
        del otp_store[email] # Clear OTP after successful verification  
        messagebox.showinfo("Success", "OTP verified successfully!")  
    else:  
        messagebox.showerror("Error", "Invalid OTP.")
```


How it Works: The OTP Verification Process





Key Takeaways and Next Steps

OTP Benefits

OTPs provide a significant improvement in security and are essential for various applications.

Python Implementation

This project demonstrates a foundational understanding of OTP implementation using Python.

Future Enhancements

Consider database integration, SMS delivery, and more sophisticated GUI designs for future enhancements.

Thank You