Computational Methods for Engineers

how to waste your time on writing code and have lots of fun

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Outline

- Goals of this course
- Integrating math/physics/code
- Python
- Your commitment

Scientific Computing

aka: Computational Science, Scientific Computation

- Simulations
- Data fitting and analysis
- Optimization
- Visualization
- **>** ...

Goal: Gain understanding through analysis of mathematical models implemented on computers.

Steps in Computational Science

- A story observation
- Mathematical model
- Discretization of the model
- Solving the model
- Parameters fitting
- Visualizing the result

Example I: Newton's apple



- Observation Apple is falling
- Math model

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -g$$

(but what is g?)

Discretization

$$\frac{x(t_{i+1})-2x(t_i)+x(t_{i-1})}{\Delta t^2}=-g.$$

Solve

$$x(t_{i+1}) = -g\Delta t^2 + 2x(t_i) - x(t_{i-1})$$

- Measure and find an approximation to g
- Visualize



Example I: Newton's apple

Data assimilation

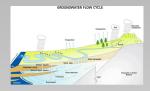
What is g?

Observations (noisy)

$$t = [0, 1, 2, 3]$$
 $x = [0, 4.4, 21.0, 54.2]$

- Can the mathematical model (reasonably) explain the data?
- ▶ What is the (best) value of *g*?

Example II: Ground water flow

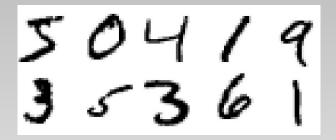


- Observation Water flow in the ground
- Math model

$$\nabla \cdot \sigma \nabla p = q$$
 $\rho_t + \nabla \cdot (\sigma \nabla p) \rho = 0$

- ▶ Discretization ... (you will know all about this)
- ► Solve ... (you will know all about this)
- Visualize

Simplest example - Character recognition. We have digits ([0,...,9]) in an image and we want to get them explicitly.



Mathematical model - ???

Machine learning, try the following model known as Convolution Neural Network

$$\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{w}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathrm{tanh}(\mathbf{K} \star \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{b})$$

No physical basis so we hope it can do the trick ...

$$\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{w}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathrm{tanh}(\mathbf{K} \star \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{b})$$

- ▶ **y** vector of 10, with probabilities of the digits Example: [0,0.65,0,0,0,0,0,0.35,0,0] imply 65% the number 1 and 35% the number 7
- **x** the image
- **K**, **b** and **w** parameters

Pattern recognition can be applied for many problems when the math is too complex or unknown

- Climate prediction
- Weather
- ► Flow in complex systems
- ► Much more ...

Goal of this course

- ▶ Describe useful physical models in earth science
 - 1. Flow in porous media
 - 2. Pressure system
 - 3. Heat propagation
- Learn how to simulate them on the computer
- Learn how to integrate field data into physical models

Integration of Physics/Math/Computing

This course has a new paradigm. We

- Describe the physics
- Develop a mathematical model
- Write code to simulate this model

We will cover most of the math you need but we will use

- Vector calculus
- Differential equations
- ► Linear algebra
- Python programming

Computing

- ➤ The course will involve **lots** of programming and computing
- ► Bring your laptop
- ► Code will be handled through GitHub
- ► Working in groups, encouraged!

Python

- We will be coding with Python and use Jupyter Notebooks
- Main packages we use: NumPy and Torch.
- Tutorials on Python and using NumPy and PyTorch can be found at

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http://cs231n.github.io/python-numpy-tutorial/https://pytorch.org/tutorials/
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Grading

- ► Homework and programming assignments 40%
- ► Midterms 30%
- ► Final 30%

You need a pass in the final and homework to pass the course