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/*
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package fourplay;
import javax.swing.Timer;
import java.util.Observer;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.util.Random;
 * @author User
public class CPUPlayer implements ActionListener {
    private int playerNumber;
    private FPModel gameModel;
    private FPController gameController;
    private Timer moveTimer;
    private static final int TIME INTERVAL = 500;
    public CPUPlayer(FPModel gameModel, FPController gameController, int playerNumber) {
        this.gameModel=gameModel;
        this.gameController=gameController;
        this.playerNumber=playerNumber;
        moveTimer = new Timer(TIME INTERVAL, this);
        moveTimer.setInitialDelay(TIME INTERVAL);
    }
    public void setController(FPController gameController) {
        this.gameController=gameController;
    }
    /**
     * This method starts a timer which once complete calls
     * requestMove().
     * /
    public void doMove(){
        moveTimer.start();
    }
     * This method is call to actually perform a move. If the
     * board is empty it sets a random piece. If the board is not empty
     * it calls the bestMove() method to determine what the best move would
     * be. It then performs this move.
    private void requestMove(){
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//If board is empty place a random piece
    if (gameModel.boardIsEmpty()) {
        Random randomGenerator = new Random();
        int randomCol = randomGenerator.nextInt(gameModel.getNoOfColomns()-1);
        gameModel.setPiece(randomCol, playerNumber);
        gameController.togglePlayer();
        return;
    }
    //Determine which colomn click would produce the best move
    int bestMove = bestMove(playerNumber);
    if (bestMove>=0) {
        gameModel.setPiece(bestMove, playerNumber);
    }
    gameController.checkForWinner();
    gameController.togglePlayer();
}
 * This method determines which colomn click would result
 * in the best move. It does this by determining the heuristic
 * result for each possible move and picking the move with the
 * highest heuristic value.
 * @param player
                   The player to determine the best move for.
 * @return
                    The best colomn to click on (0-gameModel.getNoOfColomns
public int bestMove(int player){
    int bestSoFar=0;
    int bestCol=-1;
    int currentValue;
    //Check the heuristic value of each possible move
    for(int i=0; i <gameModel.getNoOfColomns();i++){</pre>
        if (gameModel.validMove(gameModel.getNoOfRows()-1,i)) {
            currentValue=heuristicResult(i,player);
            if(currentValue >=bestSoFar) {
                bestSoFar=currentValue;
                bestCol=i;
            }
        }
    }
    return bestCol;
}
 * Determines the value of a given move for a given player
                    The colomn the piece would fall in
 * @param col
 * @param player
                   The player the piece belongs to
 * @return
                    A value depending of the actual value of a move,
                    the larger the value the better.
 */
public int heuristicResult(int col,int player) {
    int row=0;
    int orthoResult,diagResult;
    int totalResult = 0;
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//Copys board status to do hypothetical moves
    int[][]hypoBoardStatus = new int[gameModel.getNoOfRows()][gameModel.getNoOfColomns()];
    for(int i = 0; i < gameModel.getNoOfRows(); i++){</pre>
        System.arraycopy(gameModel.getChipStatus()[i], 0, hypoBoardStatus[i], 0,
        gameModel.getNoOfColomns());
    }
    //Decides where the hypothetical chip would land for a give colomn so derives a row.
    //Also actually places the piece on hypoBoardStatus[][]
    for(int k =0 ; k < gameModel.getNoOfRows(); k++){</pre>
        if (hypoBoardStatus[k][col]==0) {
            hypoBoardStatus[k][col]=player;
            row=k;
           break;
        }
    //Checks the value of that move in terms of orthogonal lines
    orthoResult = heuristicOrtho(hypoBoardStatus, false, row, col, player) + heuristicOrtho(
   hypoBoardStatus,true,row,col,player);
    //Checks the value of that move in terms of diagonal lines
    diagResult = heuristicDiag(hypoBoardStatus, true, row, col, player) + heuristicDiag(
   hypoBoardStatus,false,row,col,player);
    totalResult = orthoResult+diagResult;
    return totalResult;
}
 * This method determine the value in terms of game play for a given move. It splits
 * a row or colomn into blocks of 4 and determines the value of each block of 4. It
 * then sums the blocks together. The value of each block is determined by the method
 * blockScore().
 * @param hypoBoardStatus An int[][] representing the current state of the board
                            + the hypothetical move.
 * @param horizontal
                            Boolean, if true the method works in rows else colomns
 * @param row
                            Row of the hypothetical piece
                            Col of the hypothetical piece
 * @param col
 * @param player
                            Player of the hypothetical move
 * @return
                            Value of the hypothetical move
public int heuristicOrtho(int[][] hypoBoardStatus, boolean horizontal,int row,int col,int
player) {
    int opponentPlayer;
    int noOfBlocks;
    if(horizontal)
        noOfBlocks=(gameModel.getNoOfColomns()-4)+1;
    else
       noOfBlocks=(gameModel.getNoOfRows()-4)+1;
    int[][] blocks = new int[noOfBlocks][4];
    int result=0;
    if (player==1) {
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opponentPlayer=2;
    }else{
        opponentPlayer=1;
    }
    for(int i = 0; i < noOfBlocks; i++){</pre>
        for (int j =0; j<4;j++) {</pre>
            if(horizontal){
                blocks[i][j]=hypoBoardStatus[row][i+j];
            }else{
                blocks[i][j]=hypoBoardStatus[i+j][col];
            }
        }
    }
    for (int k = 0; k < noOfBlocks; k++) {
        if(containsOpponent(blocks[k],opponentPlayer))
            result=result+0;
        else
            result=result+blockScore(blocks[k],player);
    return result;
}
/**
 * This method determine the value in terms of game play for a given move. It splits
 * a diagonal line into blocks of 4 and determines the value of each block of 4. It
 * then sums the blocks together. The value of each block is determined by the method
 * blockScore().
 * @param hypoBoardStatus An int[][] representing the current state of the board
                             + the hypothetical move.
 * @param negGrad
                             Boolean, true to check for negative gradient diagonals,
                             false to check for positive gradient diagonals.
                             Row of the hypothetical piece
 * @param row
 * @param col
                             Col of the hypothetical piece
 * @param player
                             Player of the hypothetical move
                             Value of the hypothetical move
public int heuristicDiag(int[][] hypoBoardStatus, boolean negGrad, int row, int col, int
player) {
    int firstDiagCoordRow, firstDiagCoordCol,lastDiagCoordRow,lastDiagCoordCol;
    int rowRes, colRes, length, opponentPlayer;
    int result = 0;
    if (player==1) {
        opponentPlayer=2;
    }else{
        opponentPlayer=1;
    }
    if (negGrad) {
        rowRes=gameModel.getNoOfRows()-(row+1);
        if(rowRes < col){</pre>
            firstDiagCoordRow=row+rowRes;
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firstDiagCoordCol=col-rowRes;
    }else{
        firstDiagCoordRow=row+col;
        firstDiagCoordCol=col-col;
    }
    colRes=gameModel.getNoOfColomns() - (firstDiagCoordCol+1);
    if(colRes < firstDiagCoordRow) {</pre>
        lastDiagCoordRow=firstDiagCoordRow-colRes;
        lastDiagCoordCol=firstDiagCoordCol+colRes;
    }else{
        lastDiagCoordRow=firstDiagCoordRow-firstDiagCoordRow;
        lastDiagCoordCol=firstDiagCoordCol+firstDiagCoordRow;
    }
}else{
    if(col < row) {</pre>
        firstDiagCoordRow=row-col;
        firstDiagCoordCol=col-col;
    }else{
        firstDiagCoordRow=row-row;
        firstDiagCoordCol=col-row;
    colRes=gameModel.getNoOfColomns()-(col+1);
    rowRes=gameModel.getNoOfRows()-(row+1);
    if(colRes < rowRes){</pre>
        lastDiagCoordRow=row+colRes;
        lastDiagCoordCol=col+colRes;
    }else{
        lastDiagCoordRow=row+rowRes;
        lastDiagCoordCol=col+rowRes;
    }
if (negGrad)
    length = (firstDiagCoordRow-lastDiagCoordRow) +1;
else
    length = (lastDiagCoordRow-firstDiagCoordRow)+1;
int noOfBlocks = length-3;
if(noOfBlocks < 0)</pre>
    noOfBlocks=0;
int[][] blocks = new int[noOfBlocks][4];
for (int i = 0; i < noOfBlocks; i++){
    for (int j =0; j<4;j++) {</pre>
        if (negGrad) {
            blocks[i][j]=hypoBoardStatus[firstDiagCoordRow-(j+i)][firstDiagCoordCol+(
        }else{
            blocks[i][j]=hypoBoardStatus[firstDiagCoordRow+(j+i)][firstDiagCoordCol+(
            j+i)];
        }
    }
}
for (int k = 0; k < noOfBlocks; k++) {
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if (containsOpponent(blocks[k],opponentPlayer))
            result=result+0;
        else
            result=result+blockScore(blocks[k],player);
    return result;
}
 * This method returns a score for a block of pieces where:
* 1 piece = score of 1
* 2 consecutive pieces = score of 4
 * 3 consecutive pieces = score of 32
 * 4 consecutive pieces = score of 128 (this is a win)
 * @param subject
                    The block to examine
 * @param player
                   The player in question
 * @return
                    The total score for the block
public int blockScore(int[] subject, int player) {
    int counter=0;
    int result=0;
    for(int i = 0; i < subject.length; i++){</pre>
        if(subject[i]==player){
            switch (counter) {
                case 0: counter++;
                    break;
                case 1: counter = counter +3;
                    break:
                case 4: counter = counter +28;
                case 32: counter = counter +96;
                    break;
                default: counter = -999;
                    break;
            }
        }else{
            result = result+counter;
            counter = 0;
        }
    }
    return result+counter;
}
 * This method checks a block of pieces and if there is a piece
 * from the opponent it returns true, else false.
 * @param subject
                    The block to examine
* @param opponent The opponent player
 * @return
                    True if the opponents chip is found
public boolean containsOpponent(int[] subject, int opponent){
    for(int i= 0; i < subject.length; i++) {</pre>
        if(subject[i] == opponent)
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return true;
}
return false;
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event) {
    if(event.getSource() == moveTimer) {
        requestMove();
        moveTimer.stop();
    }
}
```