

```

def allPathsSourceTarget(graph):
    #graph = [[1,2],[3],[3],[]]
    output = []
    def get_paths(node, graph, path, target):
        if node == target:
            output.append(path+[node])
        else:
            for item in graph[node]:
                get_paths(item, graph, path+[node], target)
    source, target = 0, len(graph)-1
    get_paths(source, graph, [], target)
    return output

```

Time complexity : $O(n)$. We need to traverse over the ppid array of size n once.

Space complexity : $O(n)$. size of the map

```

def killProcessBFS(pid, ppid, kill):
    graph = defaultdict(set)
    for i in range(len(pid)):
        graph[ppid[i]].add(pid[i])
    queue = [kill]
    result = []
    while queue:
        node = queue.pop()
        res.append(node)
        for children in graph[node]:
            queue.append(children)
    return result

```

Time complexity : $O(n)$. We need to traverse over the ppid array of size n once.

Space complexity : $O(n)$. size of the map

```

def killProcessDFS(pid, ppid, kill):
    graph = defaultdict(set)
    for i in range(len(pid)):
        graph[ppid[i]].add(pid[i])
    ans = []
    #####
    def dfs(node):
        ans.append(node)
        if not node: # or not in graph
            return
        for c in graph[node]:
            dfs(c)
    #####
    dfs(kill)
    return ans

```

```

# Space Complexity:  $O(N \cdot 2^N)$ 
# Time Complexity:  $O(N \cdot 2^N)$ 
def allPathsSourceTarget(graph):
    def dfs(node, path):
        if node == len(graph)-1: # if my node reaches my target, because
this is acyclic
            output.append(path)
            for nextNodeRef in graph[node]:
                dfs(nextNodeRef, path+[nextNodeRef])
    output=[]
    dfs(0, [0])
    return output
#####
#####
def allPathsSourceTargetStack(graph):
    result = []
    target = len(graph) - 1
    stack = [(0, graph[0])]

    while stack:
        for _ in range(len(stack)):
            path, nodes = stack.pop()

            if path and path[-1] == target:
                result.append(path)

            for neighbor in nodes:
                stack.append((path + [neighbor], graph[neighbor]))
    return result
#####
####
def allPathsSourceTargetWITHCYCLE(graph):
    seen=set()
    def dfs(node, path):
        seen.add(node)

        if node == len(graph)-1:
            output.append(path)
        for nextNodeRef in graph[node]:
            if nextNodeRef not in seen:
                dfs(nextNodeRef, path+[nextNodeRef])
            else:
                continue
    output=[]
    dfs(0, [0])
    return output
### UnlockRooms #####
def solve(rooms):
    seen=set()

    def dfs(node, connections):
        seen.add(node)

```

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        for nextRoom in rooms[node]:  
            if nextRoom not in seen:  
                dfs(nextRoom, connections+[nextRoom])  
            else:  
                continue  
dfs(0,[1,3])  
return len(seen)==len(rooms)
```