```
1 /**
   * MyBST.java
   * A basic structure for a Binary Search Tree (BST).
 4
 5
    \ensuremath{^{*}} Students will implement the insert, search, and traversal methods
 6
      for storing and retrieving integer data in a sorted, efficient structure.
 7
    * Key operations:
 8
 9
    * - insert(int value): adds a new value in order
10
   * - contains(int value): checks if a value exists
   * - inOrderPrint(): prints all values in sorted order
12
    * This class does not support deletion.
13
14
   */
15 public class MyBST <T extends Comparable>{
16
17
        * Node represents a single element in the BST.
18
        * Each node may have a left and/or right child.
19
20
21
       private static class Node<T> {
22
           T data;
23
           Node<T> left, right;
24
25
           public Node(T data) {
26
               this.data = data;
27
28
       }
29
30
       // The root node of the tree
31
       private Node<T> root;
32
33
        * Public method to insert a value into the BST.
34
        * Uses a recursive helper method to place the value
35
        * in the correct position based on BST rules.
36
37
        ^{st} @param value the integer to be inserted
38
39
40
       public void insert(T value) {
41
           // TODO: Call insertHelper with root and value
42
           root = insertHelper(root, value);
       }
43
44
       /**
45
46
        * Recursive helper method for inserting a value into the tree.
47
        * If the current node is null, this is the correct insertion point.
        ^{st} If the value is less than the current node's data, recurse left.
48
49
        st If the value is greater, recurse right.
50
51
        * @param node the current node in the traversal
52
          @param value the value to insert
53
          @return the updated node after insertion
54
55
       private Node<T> insertHelper(Node<T> node, T value) {
56
           // TODO: Implement insert logic
57
           if (node == null){
58
               return new Node(value);
59
60
           if (value.compareTo(node.data) < 0){</pre>
               node.left = insertHelper(node.left, value);
61
62
           else {
63
               node.right = insertHelper(node.right, value);
64
65
66
           return node;
67
       }
68
```

```
69
 70
         * Determines whether the BST contains the specified value.
 71
         * Traverses the tree using a while loop, comparing at each step.
 72
 73
           @param value the value to search for
 74
           @return true if the value exists in the tree, false otherwise
 75
 76
        public boolean contains(T value) {
 77
            // TODO: Implement a while-loop search starting from root
 78
            Node<T> current_node = root;
 79
 80
            while (current_node != null){
 81
                if (value.compareTo(current_node.data) == 0){
 82
                   return true;
 83
 84
                else if (value.compareTo(current_node.data) < 0){</pre>
 85
                   current_node = current_node.left;
 86
 87
 88
                else {
 89
                   current_node = current_node.right;
 90
 91
            }
 92
 93
            return false;
 94
 95
        /**
 96
 97
         * Initiates an in-order traversal of the BST.
98
         * Values will be printed from smallest to largest.
99
100
        public void inOrderPrint() {
101
            // TODO: Call inOrderHelper with root
102
            inOrderHelper(root);
103
        }
104
105
106
         * Performs in-order traversal of the BST.
         * Visit order: left subtree, current node, right subtree.
107
108
109
           @param node the current node being visited
110
        private void inOrderHelper(Node<T> node) {
111
            // TODO: Implement in-order traversal
112
            if (node == null){
113
114
                return;
115
            }
116
117
            inOrderHelper(node.left);
            System.out.print(node.data + " ");
118
119
            inOrderHelper(node.right);
120
121
122
        private void printTree(){
123
             printTreeHelper(root, 0);
124
125
        private void printTreeHelper(Node<T> node, int depth){
126
127
             if (node == null){
128
                return;
129
             }
130
131
             printTreeHelper(node.right, depth + 1);
132
133
             for (int i = 0; i < depth; i++){
                System.out.print("
134
135
136
```

```
137
             System.out.println(node.data);
138
             printTreeHelper(node.left, depth + 1);
139
        }
140
141
        public static void main(String[] args){
142
             MyBST<Integer> mBST = new MyBST<Integer>();
143
             mBST.insert(5);
             mBST.insert(7);
144
145
             mBST.insert(3);
146
             mBST.insert(2);
147
             mBST.insert(1);
148
             mBST.insert(8);
149
             mBST.insert(6);
150
             mBST.insert(4);
151
             mBST.insert(10);
152
153
             //mBST.inOrderPrint();
154
             mBST.printTree();
             System.out.println(mBST.contains(1));
155
        }
156
157 }
```