$T(\frac{2}{3}) + T(\frac{2}{3}) + \Theta(n) : n > 3$ 

This is my recurrence relation for this problem because 6(1) represents the runtime of Tin, when we reach the bouse case.

T(f) + T(3) + O(n) represents the partition subrevenine changes.

The (3) nth largest element as the list, this subreutile will always take O(n) time on lists of length n.