

## Midterm 1 S1

Proof by Induction (Proof by Strong Induction)

Base Case:

- 0
- A graph of one vertex, only has one coloring thus when  $d=0$ , since there are no outgoing edges from this vertex, such that  $d+1 \rightarrow 0+1=1$

Inductive Hypothesis:

For this let us consider a graph that is  $G' = G \setminus v$  this is the graph  $G$  where vertex  $v$  and its respective edges are removed. From this the max degree of graph  $G'$  is at most  $d$ .  $d$  is the maximum degree of  $G$ .

From this, it means that it will be a proper  $d+1$  coloring of  $G'$ .

Inductive Step:

Consider the vertex  $v$  that does not exist in  $G'$ , but does exist in  $G$ .

Now, we shall add  $v$  into the graph  $G'$ , we know that  $v$  can have at most  $d$  edges (or the maximum degree), thus we can color  $v$  as  $d+1$  for graph  $G'$ , such that:

$c(v) = d+1$ , if all of its neighbors are  $\{1, \dots, d+1\}$  because the vertex  $v$  has  $d$  neighbors, thus  $G$  is  $d+1$  coloring graph.