

Quiz 6 S17

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 5 & n \leq 2 \\ T(n-2) + 3 & n > 2 \end{cases}$$

$n - \underbrace{2-2-2-2 \dots -2}_k \rightarrow$  Finding how many times  $T(n)$  will recurse until we reach the base case:

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= T(n-2) + 3 \\ T(n-2) &= T(n-4) + 3 \\ T(n-4) &= T(n-6) + 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$n - 2k \leq 2$$

$$\frac{n-2}{2} \leq \frac{2k}{2}$$

$$\frac{n-2}{2} \leq k$$

$\frac{n-2}{2} \approx$  How many times  $T(n)$  will recurse until we reach base case

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= T(n-2) + 3 \\ &= [T(n-4) + 3] + 3 \\ &= [[T(n-6) + 3] + 3] + 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{\frac{n-2}{2}} 3i$$

$$T(n) = \text{cost of base case} (\# \text{ of times base case is reached}) + \sum_{i=0}^{\frac{n-2}{2}} 3i$$

$$= (5)(1^k) + 3 \sum_{i=0}^{\frac{n-2}{2}} i$$

$$= (5) + 3 \left( \frac{\frac{n-2}{2} \left( \frac{n-2}{2} + 1 \right)}{2} \right)$$

$$= (5) + 3 \left( \frac{\left( \frac{n-2}{2} \right) \left( \frac{n-2}{2} + \frac{2}{2} \right)}{2} \right)$$

$$= (5) + 3 \left( \frac{\left( \frac{n-2}{2} \right) \left( \frac{n}{2} \right)}{2} \right)$$