

on the way to finding  $g_n$ -s a matrix was constructed

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & ? \\ 2 & \Delta_2 & 2(\Delta_1 + \Delta_2) & \Delta_1 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 3 & 0 & \Delta_3 & 2(\Delta_2 + \Delta_3) & \Delta_2 & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ N-1 & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \Delta_{N-1} & 2(\Delta_{N-2} + \Delta_{N-1}) & \Delta_{N-2} \\ N & & & ? & & & \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} ? \\ \vec{g} \\ ? \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} ? \\ \frac{3\Delta_2}{\Delta_1}(\xi_1 - \xi_2) + \frac{3\Delta_1}{\Delta_2}(\xi_3 - \xi_1) \\ \vdots \\ \frac{3\Delta_{N-1}}{\Delta_{N-2}}(\xi_{N-2} - \xi_{N-1}) + \frac{3\Delta_{N-2}}{\Delta_{N-1}}(\xi_N - \xi_{N-1}) \end{pmatrix}$$

this matrix however, is missing some information for rows 1, and  $N$ . we can use eq'n (5) to find these given "free" Boundary conditions

let  $\xi''_{cs}(x_1) = \xi''_{cs}(x_N) = 0$

observe also that  $t(x_1) = \frac{x_1 - x_1}{x_2 - x_1} = 0$

and  $t(X_N) = \frac{X_N - X_{N-1}}{X_N - X_{N-1}} = 1$

then equation 5 becomes

$$X_1: 0 = \cancel{f_1(12t-6)}_{-6} + \cancel{f_2(6-12t)}_6 + \Delta_1(\cancel{g_1(6t-4)}_{-4} + \cancel{g_2(6t-2)}_{-2})$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{-4\Delta_1 g_1 - 2\Delta_1 g_2 = 6f_1 - 6f_2}$$

$$X_{N-1}: 0 = \underbrace{\cancel{S_{N-1}(12-6)} + \cancel{S_N(6-12)}}_6 + \underbrace{\Delta_{N-1}(g_{N-1}(6-4) + g_N(6-2))}_4$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{2 \Delta_{N-1} g_{N-1} + 4 \Delta_{N-1} g_N = 6 S_N - 6 S_{N-1}}$$

we can now fill in the first and last

rows of our matrix, and solve the linear system to obtain  $\vec{g}$ .

then having found  $\vec{g}$ , we can construct  $\hat{f}_{CS_n}$  for  $n \in [1, N]$