# CMSC 420: Coding Project 5 Extended KD Trees and KNN Queries

## 1 Due Date and Time

Due to Gradescope by Sunday 26 November at 11:59pm. You can submit as many times as you wish before that.

# 2 Get Your Hands Dirty!

This document is intentionally brief and much of what is written here will be more clear once you start looking at the provided files and submitting.

# 3 Assignment

We have provided the template kd.py which you will need to complete. More specifically you will fill in the code details to manage various aspects of extended KD trees. More details are given below.

#### 4 Details

The class methods should do the following:

• def insert(self,point:tuple[int],code:str):

Insert the point, code pair into the tree. Split according to maximum spread with ties broken by first maximum spread coordinate of the point (for example if x and z have equal maximum spread, use x). The point is guaranteed not to be in the tree.

• def delete(self,point:tuple[int]):

Delete the point from the tree. The point is guaranteed to be in the tree.

• def knn(self,k:int,point:tuple[int]) -> str:

Find the k nearest neighbors to point. This should use the method outlined in class and briefly explained here:

- The list of points should always be sorted by distance (closest to furthest) to the target point with ties broken by code.
- If we are at a leaf node: only update the list if the list is not full or if the points in the leaf are better (closer or the same distance but with better code) than the points in the list.
- If we are at an internal node: If the subtree with the closest bounding box (with preference to the left one) might improve the list (meaning the list is not full or that bounding box is closer than the list's furthest element) then visit that subtree.

After that is done if the other subtree might improve the list (meaning the list is not full or that bounding box is closer than the list's furthest element) then visit that subtree.

#### 5 Additional Functions

You will probably want some additional functions as well as helper functions to handle the necessary operations.

#### 6 What to Submit

You should only submit your completed kd.py code to Gradescope for grading. We suggest that you begin by uploading it as-is (it will run!), before you make any changes, just to see how the autograder works and what the tests look like. Please submit this file as soon as possible.

## 7 Testing

This is tested via the construction and processing of tracefiles. This is a little different from the first four projects in that the small tests are run as stress-tests with 200 each and the medium tests are run with 10 each. Details of correct results are not shown and only the details of the first incorrect result is shown when length permits.

- The first line in the tracefile is initialize, k, m which should initialize an instance of the KDtree class with dimension k, maximum leaf size m, and with root node None.
- Each remaining non-final line in a tracefile is either insert, code, coord1, coord2,... or delete, coord1, coord2,.... All together these lines result in the creation of a KD-tree.
- The final line is either dump, which dumps the tree, or knn,k,point, which finds the k nearest neighbors to the point.

You can see some examples by submitting the kd.py file as-is.

## 8 Local Testing

We have provided the testing file test\_kd.py which you can use to test your code locally. Simply put the lines from a tracefile (either from the autograder or just make one up) into a file whatever and then run:

python3 test\_kd.py -tf whatever