## Source: index.js

```
1.
 2.
       * Dataset Used:
 3.
      https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/saurabhshahane/mu
      dataset-1950-to-2019?resource=download
       * This dataset uses the Attribution 4.0
      International (CC BY 4.0) license
 5.
      */
 6.
      function Resources() {}
 8.
 9.
      * Function that updates the HTMLElements given
10.
      the id of the element
       * @typedef {{artistName: string, choice:
11.
      string}}
       */
12.
13.
      function updateHTMLElement(artistName, choice){
          //
14.
      document.getElementById("display").innerHTML =
      artistName;
15.
          //
      document.getElementById("choice").innerHTML =
      choice;
16.
          console.log(choice)
          var artistArr = display("artists.csv",
17.
      artistName, choice);
18.
          // console.log(artistArr.length);
19.
      }
20.
      /**
21.
      * Returns the title description of the graph
22.
      given a string ("trackName", "danceability"...)
```

## **Home**

## Classes

DanceabilityXAxis
energyXAxis
findOcc
GenresXAxis
InstrumentalnessXAxis
LoudnessXAxis
mapFilterToTrack
TracksXAxis
yAxis

## Global

Resources

```
23.
       * @typedef {{choice: string}}
24.
      function filterDescription(choice){
25.
          console.log(choice);
26.
          if (choice == "nameOfTracks"){
27.
              return "A list of names of the track
28.
      this artist created!";
          } else if (choice == "genres"){
29.
              return "The number of occurrences of
30.
      the genre/topic for each track";
          } else if (choice == "danceability"){
31.
              return "How danceable each track is!";
32.
          } else if (choice == "instrumentalness"){
33.
34.
              return "How instrumental each track
      is!";
35.
          } else if (choice == "loudness"){
              return "How loud each track is!";
36.
          } else if (choice == "energy"){
37.
38.
              return "The energy level each track is!
      ";
         }
39.
40.
      }
      /**
41.
42.
      * Does all the parsing of the dataset, and
      filters the object specified. Displays the d3
      and svg graphs towards the end
       * @typedef {{csv: object, artistName: string,
43.
      choice: string}}
44.
      function display(csv, artistName, choice){
45.
          artistArr = [];
46.
47.
48.
49.
           * Handles the parsing of the data. Has
      functions inside of it because data can only be
      accessed inside the function.
           * @typedef {}
50.
```

```
51.
           */
52.
          async function arr(){
               await d3.csv(csv, function(data) {
53.
54.
                   if (data.artist_name == artistName)
      {
55.
                       artistArr.push(data);
56.
                   }
57.
               });
58.
59.
               if (artistArr.length != ∅){
60.
                   console.log(choice);
                   if (choice == "nameOfTracks"){
61.
62.
      document.getElementById("choiceTitle").innerHTML
       = "Name of Tracks";
63.
                   } else {
64.
      document.getElementById("choiceTitle").innerHTML
       = choice.charAt(0).toUpperCase() +
      choice.slice(1);
65.
                   }
66.
      document.getElementById("choiceDescription").inne
       = filterDescription(choice);
67.
68.
                   myData = [];
                   filter = "";
69.
70.
                   console.log(choice)
71.
                   if (choice == "nameOfTracks"){
72.
                       filter = "track_name";
                   } else if (choice == "genres"){
73.
                       filter = "topic";
74.
                   } else if (choice ==
75.
      "danceability"){
76.
                       filter = "danceability";
                   } else if (choice ==
77.
      "instrumentalness"){
```

```
78.
                        filter = "instrumentalness";
 79.
                    } else if (choice == "loudness"){
 80.
                        filter = "loudness";
 81.
                    } else if (choice == "energy"){
 82.
                        filter = "energy";
 83.
                    }
 84.
                    myData = findOcc(artistArr,
 85.
       filter);
 86.
 87.
                    if ((filter == "loudness") ||
        (filter == "instrumentalness") || (filter ==
        "danceability") || (filter == "energy")){
 88.
                        myData =
       mapFilterToTrack(artistArr, filter);
 89.
                    }
 90.
                    console.log(myData);
 91.
                    max = Math.max(...myData.map(o =>
 92.
       o.occurrence));
 93.
                    const width = 900;
 94.
                    const height = 450;
 95.
                    const margin = { top: 50, bottom:
 96.
       50, left: 50, right: 50 };
 97.
                    d3.select("svg").remove();
 98.
                    const svg =
       d3.select("#chart").append('svg')
                        .attr('width', width -
 99.
       margin.left - margin.right)
                        .attr('height', height -
100.
       margin.top - margin.bottom)
                        .attr("viewBox", [0, 0, width,
101.
       height]);
102.
103.
                    const x = d3.scaleBand()
104.
                    .domain(d3.range(myData.length))
```

```
105.
                    .range([margin.left, width -
        margin.right])
                    .padding(0.1)
106.
107.
                    const y = d3.scaleLinear()
108.
                    .domain([0, max])
109.
                    .range([height - margin.bottom,
110.
        margin.top])
111.
                    /**
112.
113.
                     * @property {object} svg
        The SVG object which handles the display of the
        graph at hand. It includes attributes
114.
115.
                    svg
                    .append("g")
116.
                    .attr("fill", 'orange')
117.
                    .selectAll("rect")
118.
                    .data(myData.sort((a, b) =>
119.
        d3.descending(a.occurrence, b.occurrence)))
                    .join("rect")
120.
                         .attr("x", (d, i) \Rightarrow x(i))
121.
                         .attr("y", d =>
122.
        y(d.occurrence))
123.
                         .attr('title', (d) =>
        d.occurrence)
                         .attr("class", "rect")
124.
                         .attr("height", d \Rightarrow y(0) -
125.
        y(d.occurrence))
                         .attr("width", x.bandwidth());
126.
127.
128.
                    if (choice == "nameOfTracks"){
129.
        svg.append("g").call(TracksXAxis);
130.
                    } else if (choice == "genres"){
131.
        svg.append("g").call(GenresXAxis);
```

```
132.
                    } else if (choice ==
       "danceability"){
133.
       svg.append("g").call(DanceabilityXAxis);
                    } else if (choice ==
134.
        "instrumentalness"){
135.
       svg.append("g").call(InstrumentalnessXAxis);
                    } else if (choice == "loudness"){
136.
137.
       svg.append("g").call(LoudnessXAxis);
                    } else if (choice == "energy"){
138.
139.
       svg.append("g").call(energyXAxis);
140.
                    svg.append("g").call(yAxis);
141.
142.
                    svg.node();
143.
144.
       document.getElementById("notFound").innerHTML =
                    window.scrollBy(0, 550);
145.
146.
                    /**
147.
148.
                     * Formats the yAxis and the
       scaling of it.
                     * @constructor
149.
                     * @param {object} g - The object
150.
       of the xAxis.
151.
152.
                    function yAxis(g) {
                        g.attr("transform",
153.
        `translate(${margin.left}, 0)`)
154.
        .call(d3.axisLeft(y).ticks(null,
       myData.format))
155.
                            .attr("font-size", '20px')
156.
                    }
```

```
157.
                     * Formats the xAxis and the
158.
       scaling of it for Name of Tracks bar graph.
       xAxis = nameOfTrack
                     * @constructor
159.
                     * @param {object} g - The object
160.
       of the xAxis.
161.
                    function TracksXAxis(g) {
162.
                        g.attr("transform",
163.
        `translate(0,${height - margin.bottom})`)
164.
        .call(d3.axisBottom(x).tickFormat(i =>
       myData[i].track_name))
                            .attr("font-size", '20px')
165.
166.
                    }
                    /**
167.
168.
                     * Formats the xAxis and the
       scaling of it for Genres bar graph. xAxis =
       nameOfTrack
169.
                     * @constructor
                     * @param {object} g - The object
170.
       of the xAxis.
171.
172.
                    function GenresXAxis(g) {
                        g.attr("transform",
173.
        `translate(0,${height - margin.bottom})`)
174.
        .call(d3.axisBottom(x).tickFormat(i =>
       myData[i].topic))
                            .attr("font-size", '20px')
175.
176.
                    }
177.
                     * Formats the xAxis and the
178.
       scaling of it for Danceability bar graph. xAxis
       = nameOfTrack
                     * @constructor
179.
                     * @param {object} g - The object
180.
       of the xAxis.
```

```
181.
182.
                    function DanceabilityXAxis(g) {
183.
                        g.attr("transform",
        `translate(0,${height - margin.bottom})`)
184.
        .call(d3.axisBottom(x).tickFormat(i =>
       myData[i].track_name))
                            .attr("font-size", '20px')
185.
186.
                    }
                    /**
187.
188.
                     * Formats the xAxis and the
       scaling of it for Instrumentalness bar graph.
       xAxis = nameOfTrack
189.
                     * @constructor
                     * @param {object} g - The object
190.
       of the xAxis.
191.
192.
                    function InstrumentalnessXAxis(g) {
                        g.attr("transform",
193.
        `translate(0,${height - margin.bottom})`)
194.
        .call(d3.axisBottom(x).tickFormat(i =>
       myData[i].track_name))
                            .attr("font-size", '20px')
195.
196.
                    }
                    /**
197.
                     * Formats the xAxis and the
198.
       scaling of it for Loudness bar graph. xAxis =
       nameOfTrack
                     * @constructor
199.
                     * @param {object} g - The object
200.
       of the xAxis.
201.
                    function LoudnessXAxis(g) {
202.
                        g.attr("transform",
203.
        `translate(0,${height - margin.bottom})`)
204.
        .call(d3.axisBottom(x).tickFormat(i =>
       myData[i].track_name))
```

```
205.
                            .attr("font-size", '20px')
206.
                    }
                    /**
207.
                     * Formats the xAxis and the
208.
       scaling of it for energyn bar graph. xAxis =
       nameOfTrack
209.
                     * @constructor
                     * @param {object} g - The object
210.
       of the xAxis.
211.
212.
                    function energyXAxis(g) {
213.
                        g.attr("transform",
        `translate(0,${height - margin.bottom})`)
214.
        .call(d3.axisBottom(x).tickFormat(i =>
       myData[i].track_name))
215.
                            .attr("font-size", '20px')
216.
                    }
217.
218.
219.
                     * Formats the xAxis and the
220.
       scaling of it for Instrumentalness bar graph.
       xAxis = nameOfTrack
                     * @constructor
221.
222.
                     * @param {array} arr - Array of
       objects of filter [{object1: ....}, {object2:
        ....}...]
                     * @param {string} key - String of
223.
       the filter. For ex: "nameOfTracks", "genres",
       "instrumentalness"...
224.
                    function findOcc(arr, key){
225.
                        let arr2 = [];
226.
227.
                        arr.forEach((x)=>{
228.
229.
                            if(arr2.some((val)=>{
230.
```

```
return val[key] == x[key] })){
                                arr2.forEach((k)=>{
231.
232.
                                if(k[key] === x[key]){
                                    k["occurrence"]++
233.
234.
                                }
                                })
235.
236.
237.
                            }else{
238.
                                let a = \{\}
                                a[key] = x[key]
239.
240.
                                a["occurrence"] = 1
241.
                                arr2.push(a);
242.
                            }
243.
                        })
244.
245.
                        return arr2
246.
                    }
247.
248.
                    /**
249.
                     * Filters the hashmap into a
250.
       format like [ {track_name: value}, {track_name:
       value2}...]
                     * @constructor
251.
252.
                     * @param {array} arr - Array of
       objects of filter [{object1: ....}, {object2:
        ....}...]
                     * @param {string} key - String of
253.
       the filter. For ex: "nameOfTracks", "genres",
       "instrumentalness"...
                    */
254.
255.
                    function mapFilterToTrack(arr, key)
       {
256.
                        let arr2 = [];
257.
                        arr.forEach((x)=>{
                            let a = {};
258.
```

```
259.
                            console.log(key)
260.
                            a["track_name"] =
       x.track_name;
                            if (key == "loudness"){
261.
                                 a["occurrence"] =
262.
        parseFloat(x.loudness);
263.
                             } else if (key ==
        "instrumentalness"){
                                 a["occurrence"] =
264.
        parseFloat(x.instrumentalness);
                            } else if (key ==
265.
        "danceability"){
266.
                                 a[x.track_name] =
        x.danceability;
                                 a["occurrence"] =
267.
        parseFloat(x.danceability);
268.
                             } else if (key == "energy")
        {
269.
                                 a[x.track_name] =
        x.danceability;
                                 a["occurrence"] =
270.
        parseFloat(x.danceability);
                             }
271.
272.
                             arr2.push(a)
273.
                        })
274.
                        console.log(arr2)
275.
276.
                        return arr2
                    }
277.
                } else {
278.
279.
        document.getElementById("choiceTitle").innerHTML
         = "";
280.
        document.getElementById("choiceDescription").inne
         = "";
281.
        document.getElementById("notFound").innerHTML =
        "No Artist was found";
                    d3.select("svg").remove();
282.
```

JSDoc: Source: index.js

```
283.
               }
284.
285.
286.
           }
287.
           arr();
288.
289.
           console.log(artistArr.length);
290.
291.
           // // console.log(artistArr.length);
           // // artistArr = [{1: "test1"}, {2:
292.
       "test2"}, {3: "test3"}]
           // return artistArr;
293.
294.
       }
295.
296.
```

Documentation generated by JSDoc 3.6.11 on Sun Jul 31 2022 15:22:48 GMT-0700 (Pacific Daylight Time)