

# HW4

CISC648010 - Spring 2022

Due Date: March 11 at 11 PM

## 1 Gradient Descent (5 pts each part)

a) Consider function  $J(\theta)$

$$J(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} \theta^T A \theta$$
$$\text{where } \theta = \begin{bmatrix} \theta^{(1)} \\ \theta^{(2)} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^2$$
$$\text{and } A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Let  $\theta_t$  be the value of  $\theta$  at iteration  $t$  of gradient descent. Assume that learning rate is  $\alpha = \frac{1}{5}$ . Write the gradient descent update in form of  $\theta_{t+1} \leftarrow g(\theta_t)$  (you should find  $g$ ).

b) If  $\theta_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , find value of  $\theta$  at iteration 2 and iteration 10.

c) What is  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \theta_t$  ?

d) Repeat part (a) with learning rate 1.

e) Assume that  $\theta_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Does  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \theta_t$  exist in this case?

If yes, find it.

If no, explain why gradient descent does not converge.

## 2 Handwritten Image Classification 20 pts

Download the file mnist\_49\_3000.mat from Canvas. This is a subset of the MNIST handwritten digit database, which is a well-known benchmark

database for classification algorithms. This subset contains examples of the digits 4 and 9. The data file contains variables  $x$  and  $y$ , with the former containing patterns and the latter labels. The images are stored as vectors. To load the data use the following code:

```
import scipy.io
import numpy as np
data = scipy.io.loadmat('mnist_49_3000.mat')
x = np.array(data['x'])
y = np.array(data['y'][0])
y[y== -1] = 0
```

To visualize an image, type the followings:

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
index = 0 #change the index to show different images
image = x[:,index].reshape(28,28)
plt.imshow(image, interpolation='nearest')
plt.show()
```

Implement Newton's method (a.k.a. Newton-Raphson) to find a minimizer of the regularized logistic regression. Try setting  $\lambda = 10$ . Use the first 2000 examples as training data, and the last 1000 as test data. Please report the following:

- a) (5 points) The test error
- b) (2 points) Your termination criterion (multiple options here)
- c) (3 points) The value of the objective function at the optimum
- d) (5 points) In addition, generate a plot with 5 images. These 5 images should be the 5 misclassified images for which the logistic regression classifier was most confident about its prediction (you will have to define a notion of confidence in a reasonable way – explain what this is). In the title of each subplot, indicate the true label of the image. What you should expect to see is a bunch of 4s that look kind of like 9s and 9s that look like kind of like 4s. Include the plot in your report
- e) (5 points) To receive credit for this problem, please submit your code via Canvas, in a single file named prob3\_lastname.py