Objective:

Practice in Normalization

Requirements:

- Read the Fairbanks Veterinary Clinic case study
 (pages 47 58) to get familiar with the business
- Study two business documents, pages 62 and 66
 - The "Animal Record Form" and the "Patient Information Form" documents
- Arrange all the data from these documents into a 3rd Normal Form schema design

Requirements:

- Name each entity
- Name each attribute; List each attribute
- Create/Define primary keys
- Arrange attributes so that each attribute is assigned to the appropriate entity
- Ensure that each attribute is functionally dependent on the primary key for that entity

Grading:

- This homework is worth 70 points (70/1000, or 7%) toward your final grade.
- It is due at 11:59 pm on February 5
- Don't be Late! (Grace period through Friday,
 February 7, 11:59 p.m. with 20% late penalty)

Grading Rubric:

- All entities and attributes are defined with meaningful, clear names
- Primary keys are effectively designed
- Graders will not scrutinize your Unnormalized,
 First and Second Normal Form columns. They are the means to the end (3NF).
- Student followed instructions

Submission

- You should present your finished results in a "Spreadsheet" format as provided in the example below that we looked at in class.
- Save your spreadsheet as a PDF and submit the PDF via Moodle where the assignment appears in the Week Three materials.

• Tips:

- If an attribute appears on multiple documents (for example, NameOfPet), only list it once in your First Normal Form column.
- Identify entity names by highlighting them in yellow
- List all data elements (attributes) in the "unnormalized" column
- Replace each document name with an entity name as needed. Create other entity names as needed.
- Identify the Primary Keys by highlighting them in a different color other than yellow (as you see in grey in the example below.)

• Tips:

- If no reasonable candidate key exists, then create a surrogate key
- If an entity does not change from first to second normal form, then simply copy and paste the data into the second normal form column to show that the data is already in second normal form.
- HINT: If there is no concatenated key, the data is already in 2NF

Example from class:

	A	D	C D	E F	G H
		UNNORMALIZED	FIRST NORMAL FORM	SECOND NORMAL FORM	THIRD NORMAL FORM
		Customer Order	Customer Order	Customer Order	Order
		Order Number	Order Number	Order Number	Order Number
		Order Date	Order Date	Order Date	Order Date
		Delivery Date	Delivery Date	Delivery Date	Delivery Date
		Customer Discount	Customer Discount	Customer Discount	discount amount
		discount amount	discount amount	discount amount	invoiced amount
		invoiced amount	invoiced amount	invoiced amount	customer number
		customer number	customer number	customer number	order total
		customer name	customer name	customer name	
1		bill to address	Contact	Contact	Customer
:		bill to city	ContactType	ContactType	customer number
		bill to state	bill to address	bill to address	customer name
•		bill to zip	bill to city	bill to city	Contact
		ship to address	bill to state	bill to state	ContactType
		ship to city	bill to zip	bill to zip	bill to address
,		ship to state	ship to address	ship to address	bill to city
		ship to zip	ship to city	ship to city	bill to state
,		Product Number	ship to state	ship to state	bill to zip
ı	1	Description	ship to zip	ship to zip	ship to address
1	Т	quantity ordered	order total	order total	ship to city
		unit price	OrderProduct	OrderProduct	ship to state
		order total	Order number	Order number	ship to zip
			Product Number	Product Number	OrderProduct
			Product Description	Quantity	Order number
			Quantity	unit price	Product Number
			unit price	total	Quantity
			·	Product	unit price
				Product Number	total
				Product Description	Product
1					Product Number
2					Product Description