

# Row Operations & Preservation of Row Spaces

The following are geometric proofs that elementary row operations does not modify the row space of a matrix.

Consider the matrix  $M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . The span of its row space is  $\text{span}(\left\{\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\right\})$  as shown in Figure 1.

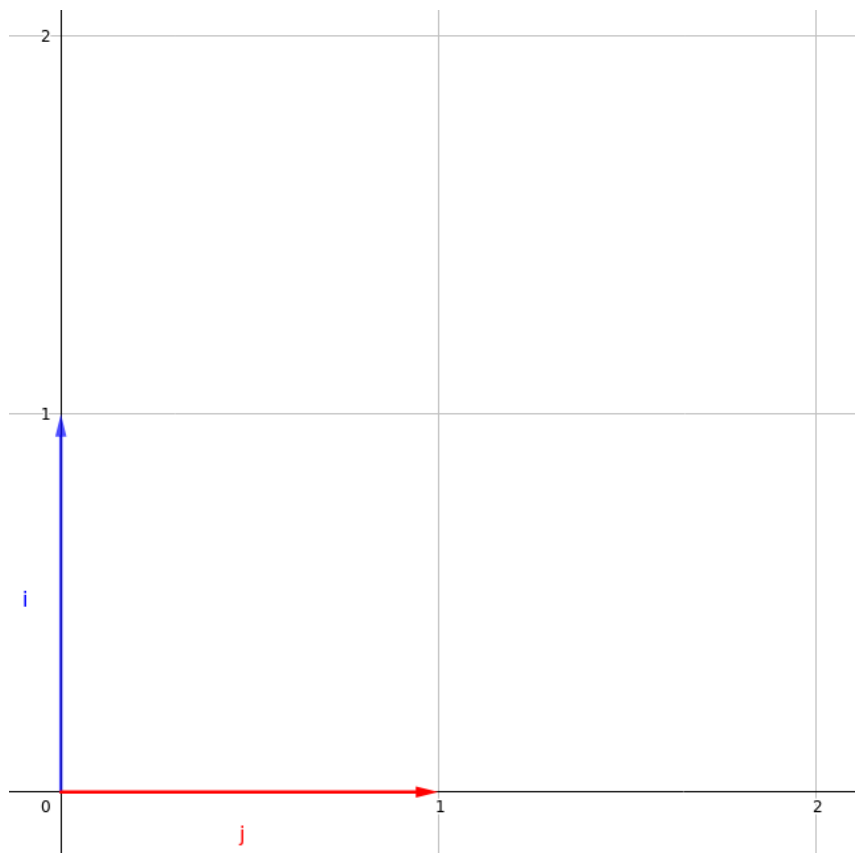


Figure 1

## Multiplying A Row By A Non-Zero Constant

Scaling the first row by 2, we get the matrix  $M' = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . The span of its row space is

$\text{span}\left(\left\{\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\right\}\right)$  as shown in Figure 2.

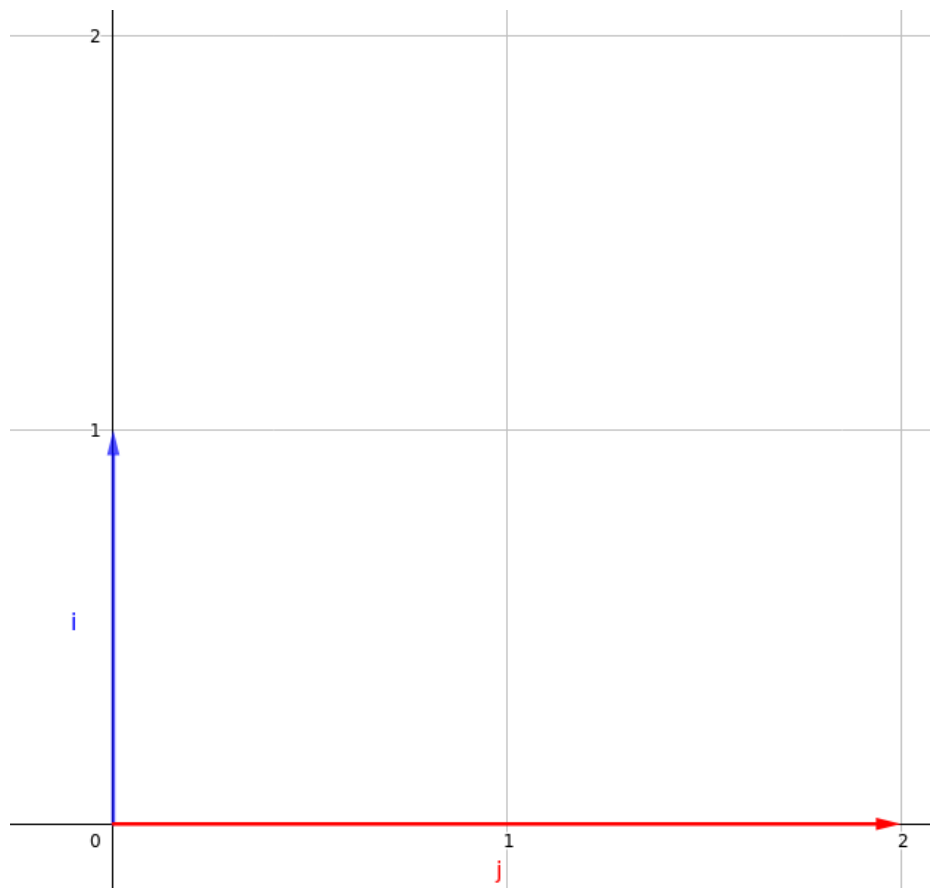


Figure 2

As can be seen, the span of  $M$  and  $M'$  are the same.

## Interchanging 2 Rows

Interchanging the 2 rows, we get the matrix  $M' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . The span of its row space is

$\text{span}\left(\left\{\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}\right\}\right)$  as shown in Figure 3.

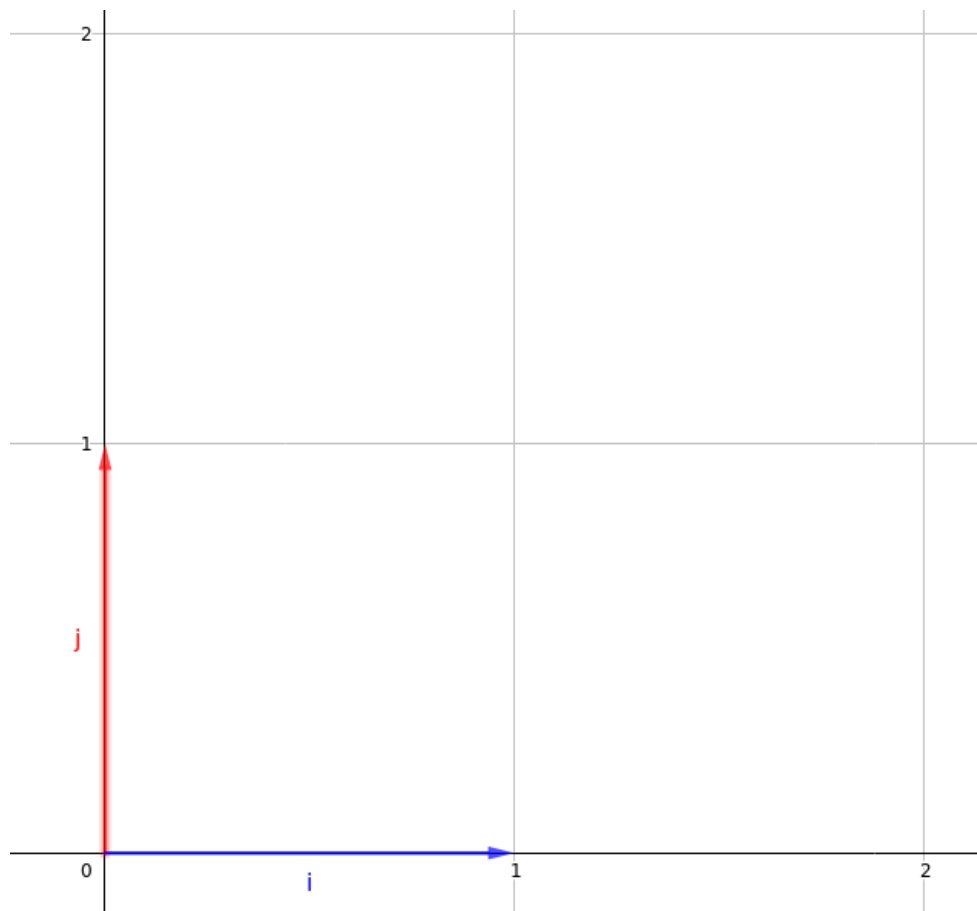


Figure 3

As can be seen, the span of  $M$  and  $M'$  are the same.

## Adding A Multiple Of A Row To Another Row

Adding the first row to the second, we get the matrix  $M' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . The span of its row space is  $\text{span}(\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \})$  as shown in Figure 4.

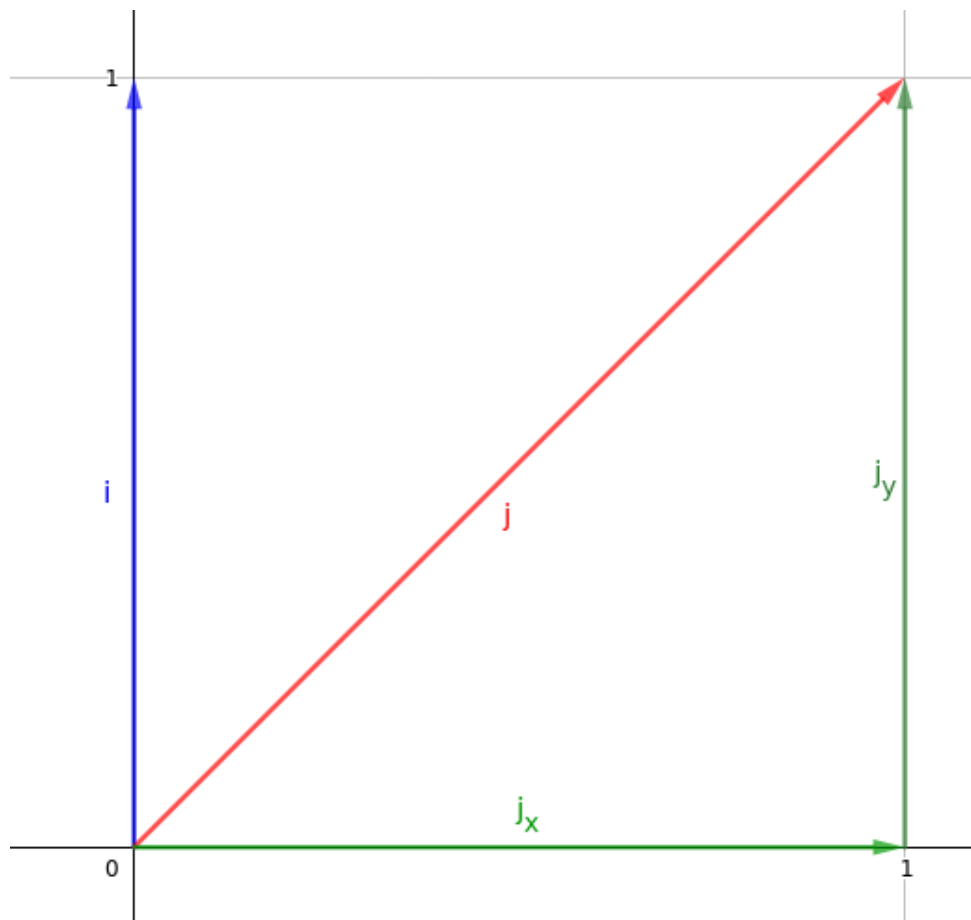


Figure 4

Let  $v = k \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Since  $v$  is a linear combination of  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ , any vector which can be expressed as  $s \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$  can also be expressed as  $s \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + (t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - tk \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}) = (s - tk) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Thus  $\text{span}(\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \}) = \text{span}(\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \})$ , and the span of  $M$  and  $M'$  are the same.