

# energetium

Calculate chemistry energetics and kinetics equations with WebAssembly acceleration.

v0.0.1 November 25, 2025

<https://github.com/Typsium/Energetium>

**Typsium Community**  
<https://github.com/Typsium>

$\beta$ -吲哚基丙氨酸  
<https://github.com/tryptophawa>

## Contents

Energetium .....	2
------------------	---

## Energetium

### analyze-kinetics

Analyze reaction kinetics with multiple parameters

Arguments:

- a: Pre-exponential factor
- ea: Activation energy (kJ/mol)
- temp: Temperature (K)
- order: Reaction order
- initial-conc: Initial concentration (optional)
- precision: Number of decimal places
- scientific: Scientific notation mode

Returns: Dictionary with all kinetic parameters

### Parameters

```
analyze-kinetics(  
    a,  
    ea,  
    temp,  
    order,  
    initial-conc,  
    precision,  
    scientific  
)
```

### analyze-reaction

Complete reaction analysis

Calculates  $\Delta H$ ,  $\Delta S$ , and  $\Delta G$  for a reaction and formats the results

Arguments:

- reactants: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient)
- products: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient)
- temp: Temperature in Kelvin (default: 298.15 K)
- data: Optional custom thermodynamic data dictionary
- precision: Number of decimal places (default: 2)
- scientific: Format mode (default: auto)

Returns: Dictionary with all calculated values

## Parameters

```
analyze-reaction(  
    reactants,  
    products,  
    temp,  
    data,  
    precision,  
    scientific  
) -> dict
```

## calc-activation-energy

Calculate activation energy from rate constants at two temperatures  $E_a = R \cdot \ln(k_2/k_1) / (1/T_1 - 1/T_2)$

Arguments:

- k1: Rate constant at temperature T1
- t1: Temperature 1 (K)
- k2: Rate constant at temperature T2
- t2: Temperature 2 (K)

Returns: Dictionary with activation energy in kJ/mol

Example:

```
1 #let ea = calc-activation-energy(0.001, 300, 0.01, 350)
```

typst

## Parameters

```
calc-activation-energy(  
    k1,  
    t1,  
    k2,  
    t2  
)
```

## calc-equilibrium-constant

Calculate equilibrium constant from Gibbs free energy  $K = \exp(-\Delta G / RT)$

Arguments:

- gibbs-energy: Gibbs free energy change in kJ/mol
- temp: Temperature in Kelvin (default: 298.15 K)

Returns: Dictionary with keys `value` (number) and `unit` (string)

## Parameters

```
calc-equilibrium-constant(  
    gibbs-energy,  
    temp  
) -> dict
```

## calc-gibbs-energy

Calculate Gibbs free energy change  $\Delta G = \Delta H - T \cdot \Delta S$

Arguments:

- enthalpy: Enthalpy change in kJ/mol
- entropy: Entropy change in J/(mol·K)
- temp: Temperature in Kelvin (default: 298.15 K)

Returns: Dictionary with keys `value` (number) and `unit` (string)

### Parameters

```
calc-gibbs-energy(  
    enthalpy,  
    entropy,  
    temp  
) -> dict
```

## calc-half-life

Calculate half-life for a reaction

- Zero order:  $t_{1/2} = [A]_0 / (2k)$
- First order:  $t_{1/2} = \ln(2) / k$
- Second order:  $t_{1/2} = 1 / (k[A]_0)$

Arguments:

- k: Rate constant
- order: Reaction order (0, 1, or 2, default: 1)
- initial-conc: Initial concentration (default: 1.0, required for 0th and 2nd order)

Returns: Dictionary with half-life in seconds

Example:

```
1 #let t-half = calc-half-life(0.693, order: 1)
```

typst

### Parameters

```
calc-half-life(  
    k,  
    order,  
    initial-conc  
)
```

## calc-rate-constant-arrhenius

Calculate rate constant using Arrhenius equation  $k = A \cdot \exp(-E_a / (R \cdot T))$

Arguments:

- a: Pre-exponential factor (frequency factor)
- ea: Activation energy (kJ/mol)

- temp: Temperature (K, default: 298.15)

Returns: Dictionary with rate constant value and unit

Example:

```
1 #let k = calc-rate-constant-arrhenius(1e13, 50, temp: 298.15) typst
```

### Parameters

```
calc-rate-constant-arrhenius(
  a,
  ea,
  temp
)
```

## calc-rate-constant-eyring

Calculate rate constant using Eyring equation (transition state theory)  $k = (k_B \cdot T / h) \cdot \exp(-\Delta G_f^\ddagger / (R \cdot T))$

Arguments:

- delta-h-activation: Enthalpy of activation (kJ/mol)
- delta-s-activation: Entropy of activation (J/(mol·K))
- temp: Temperature (K, default: 298.15)

Returns: Dictionary with rate constant value and unit ( $s^{-1}$ )

Example:

```
1 #let k = calc-rate-constant-eyring(60, -50, temp: 298.15) typst
```

### Parameters

```
calc-rate-constant-eyring(
  delta-h-activation,
  delta-s-activation,
  temp
)
```

## calc-reaction-enthalpy

Calculate the enthalpy change of a reaction using Hess's Law

Arguments:

- reactants: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient), e.g., ((“CH4”, 1), (“O2”, 2))
- products: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient), e.g., ((“CO2”, 1), (“H2O”, 2))
- data: Optional custom thermodynamic data dictionary (defaults to built-in data)

Returns: Dictionary with keys `value` (number) and `unit` (string)

Example:

```
1 #let result = calc-reaction-enthalpy(
2   (("CH4", 1), ("O2", 2)), typst
```

```
3   (( "CO2", 1), ("H2O", 2))
4 )
5 #result.value // -890.3
```

### Parameters

```
calc-reaction-enthalpy(
    reactants,
    products,
    data
) -> dict
```

## calc-reaction-entropy

Calculate the entropy change of a reaction

Arguments:

- reactants: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient)
- products: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient)
- data: Optional custom thermodynamic data dictionary

Returns: Dictionary with keys `value` (number) and `unit` (string)

### Parameters

```
calc-reaction-entropy(
    reactants,
    products,
    data
) -> dict
```

## calculate-reaction

Quick reaction calculation from equation

Arguments:

- reactants: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient)
- products: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient)
- temp: Temperature in Kelvin (default: 298.15 K)
- show-details: Show detailed substance data (default: true)
- precision: Number of decimal places (default: 2)
- scientific: Use scientific notation (default: auto)

Returns: Formatted content with all data

### Parameters

```
calculate-reaction(  
    reactants,  
    products,  
    temp,  
    show-details,  
    precision,  
    scientific  
) -> content
```

## detailed-analysis

Detailed reaction analysis with individual substance data

Arguments:

- reactants: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient)
- products: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient)
- temp: Temperature in Kelvin (default: 298.15 K)
- data: Optional custom thermodynamic data dictionary

Returns: Dictionary with detailed analysis including individual substance data

### Parameters

```
detailed-analysis(  
    reactants,  
    products,  
    temp,  
    data  
) -> dict
```

## display-analysis

Display reaction analysis in a formatted table

Arguments:

- analysis: Result from analyze-reaction()
- precision: Number of decimal places (default: 2)
- scientific: Use scientific notation (default: auto)

Returns: Content representing a formatted table

### Parameters

```
display-analysis(  
    analysis,  
    precision,  
    scientific  
) -> content
```

## display-detailed-analysis

Display detailed analysis with all substance data

Arguments:

- analysis: Result from detailed-analysis()
- precision: Number of decimal places (default: 2)
- scientific: Use scientific notation (default: auto)

Returns: Content with complete analysis

### Parameters

```
display-detailed-analysis(  
    analysis,  
    precision,  
    scientific  
) -> content
```

## display-kinetics

Display kinetics analysis results

### Parameters

```
display-kinetics(analysis)
```

## format-number

Format a number with optional scientific notation

Arguments:

- value: Number to format
- precision: Number of decimal places (default: 2)
- scientific: Use scientific notation (default: auto - uses scientific for very large/small numbers)

### Parameters

```
format-number(  
    value,  
    precision,  
    scientific  
) -> str
```

## format-reaction

Format a chemical reaction equation nicely

Arguments:

- reactants: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient)

- products: Array of tuples (formula, coefficient)

Returns: Content representing the formatted equation

#### Parameters

```
format-reaction(  
    reactants,  
    products  
) -> content
```

## format-result

Format a result with value and unit

#### Parameters

```
format-result(  
    result,  
    precision,  
    scientific  
) -> str
```

## get-substance-data

Get thermodynamic data for a specific substance

Arguments:

- formula: Chemical formula as string, e.g., “H<sub>2</sub>O”
- data: Optional custom thermodynamic data dictionary

Returns: Dictionary with keys `delta_Hf`, `S`, and `delta_Gf`

#### Parameters

```
get-substance-data(  
    formula,  
    data  
) -> dict
```