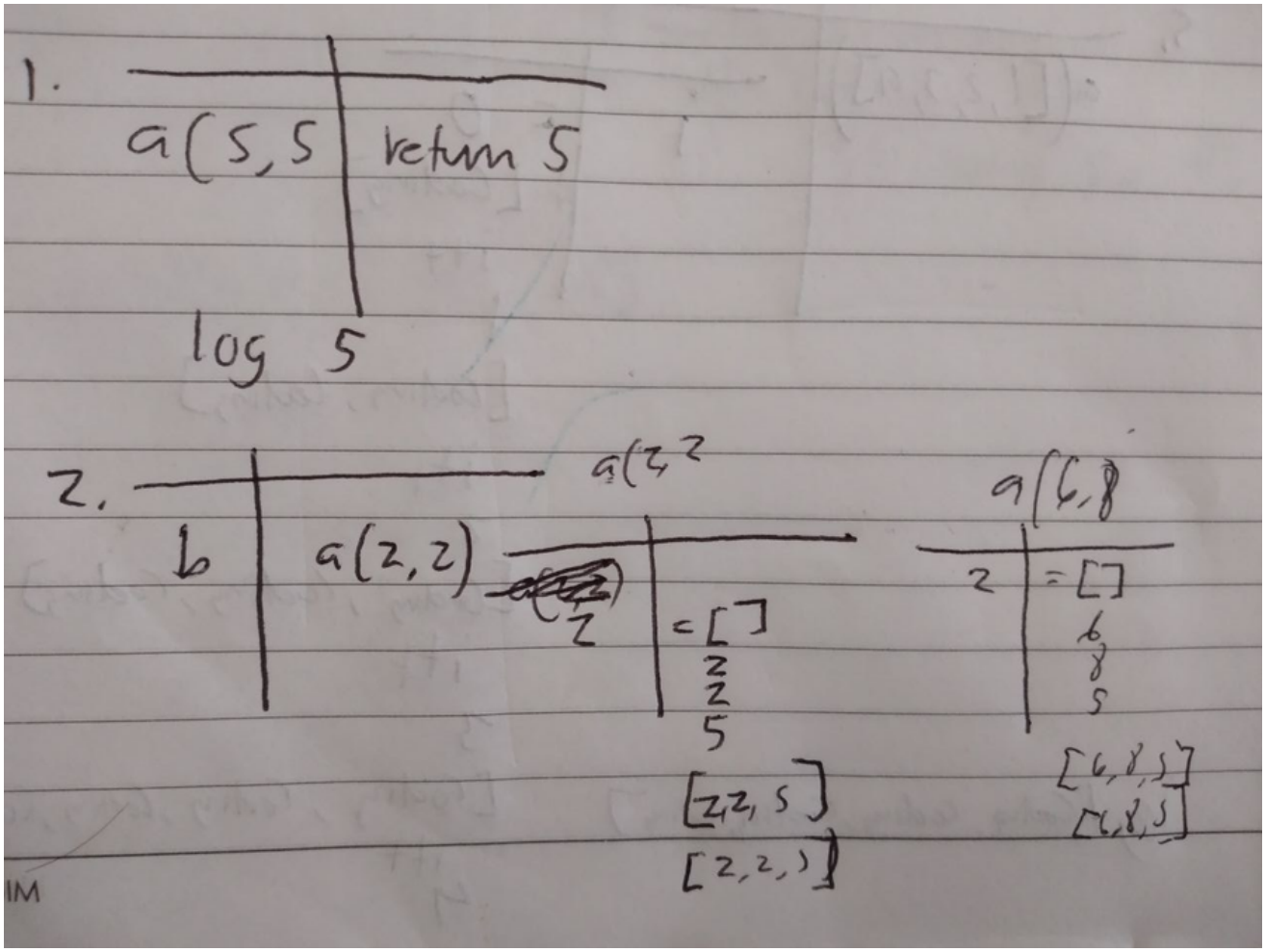
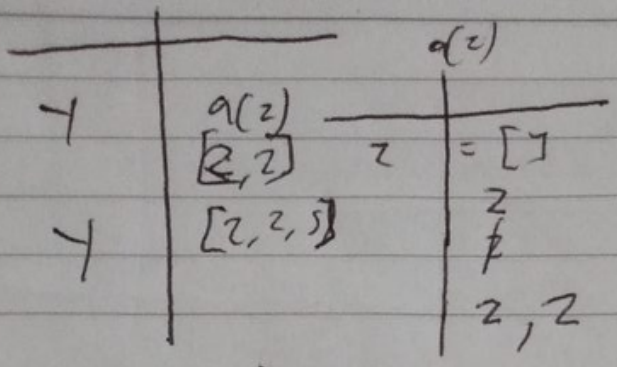
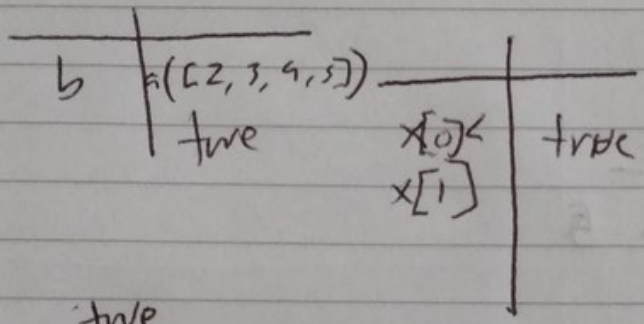

1.
a(5,5
return 5
log 5
2.
b
a(2,2)
a(2,2
=[]
2
2
5
[2,2,5]
[2,2,]
a(6,8
=[]
6
8
5
[6,8,5]
[6,8,5]

3.



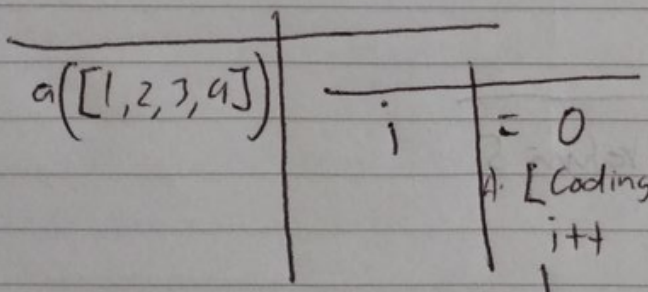
[2,2,5]

4.



true

5.



A. [Coding]

i++

1

[Coding, Coding]

i++

2

[Coding, Coding, Coding]

i++

3

[Coding, Coding, Coding, Coding]

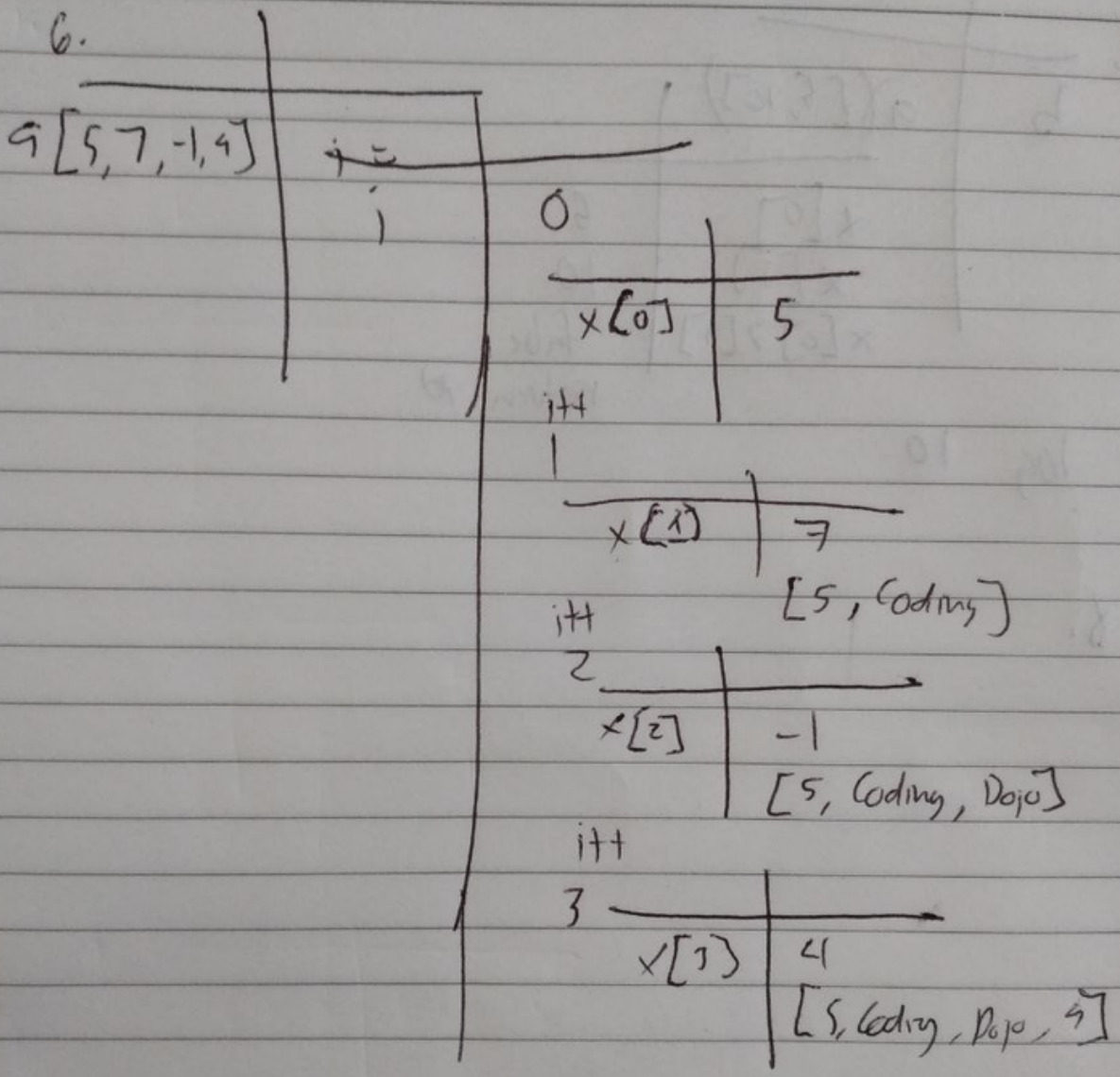
i++

4

log [Coding, Coding, Coding, Coding]

DATE

6.



log [5, Coding, Dojo, 4]

DATE

7.

b	a([5,10])	
	x[0]	5
	x[1]	10
	x[0] > [1]	false
		return 10

log 10

8.

1) Analyze an array's values and return the average of its values.

```
function printAverage(x){
   var sum = 0;
   // your code here
   for(var i=0;i<x.length;i++){
     sum += x[i];
   }
   var ave = sum / x.length;
   return ave
}
var y = printAverage([1,2,3]);
console.log(y); // should log 2

y = printAverage([2,5,8]);
console.log(y); // should log 5
```

2) Create an array with all the odd integers between 1 and 255 (inclusive)

```
function returnOddArray(){
   // your code here
   var oddArr = [];
   for(var i=1;i<=255;i+=2){
     oddArr.push(i);
   }
   return oddArr;
}
var y = returnOddArray();
console.log(y); // should log [1,3,5,...,253,255]
```

3) Square each value in a given array, returning that same array with changed values.

```
function squareValue(x){
   // your code here
   for(var i=0;i<x.length;i++){
     x[i] *= x[i];
   }
   return x;
}
var y = squareValue([1,2,3]);
console.log(y); // should log [1,4,9]

var y = squareValue([2,5,8]);
console.log(y); // should log [4,25,64]
```