Dungeon Crawler

Charles Emerson
Christian Fraser
Thatcher Lane
Bremner Nickisch

Concept

- Roguelike dungeon crawler
- Procedurally generated
- Text based such as ASCII or even something like Zork
- Items

Structure

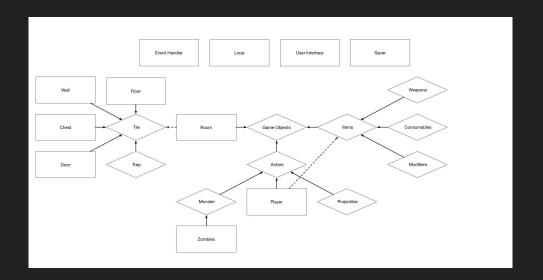
- Event Handler
- Game Objects
 - Parent Class, everything derived
 From here







- Level Class
 - Evolution of room class
- Aggregation Based vs Inheritance



Graphics |

- Tilemap which contains different 32x32 textures are loaded onto the screen to create a dynamic map.
- By putting everything into fixed size tiles, it was easy to check for collision and boundaries for the map
- Sprites for the player and enemy are drawn on top of the tile map and interact with each other and the map itself
- Sprites had their own sprite maps for each direction they can face. Each texture is assigned to each direction and drawn depending on the movement.
- Level::draw draws every entity in the map from iterating over a vector that contains all entities

Features

- Menu
 - o Save, Load, and Exit from Game
- saveGame()
 - Calls level.toString()
- loadGame()
 - Reads in from save.txt
 - Same order as printed by save function
 - Sets object variables and loads game

toString()

```
std::string Level::toString()
    std::stringstream sStream;
    sStream << m_Items.size() << '\n';
    if (m Items.size() != 0)
       for (auto it = m_Items.begin(); it != m_Items.end() - 1; ++it)
            sStream << it->toString() << ' ';
        sStream << m_Items.back().toString();
    sStream << '\n':
    sStream << m_Enemies.size() << '\n';
   if (m_Enemies.size() != 0)
        for (auto it = m_Enemies.begin(); it != m_Enemies.end() - 1; ++it)
            sStream << it->toString() << ' ';
        sStream << m_Enemies.back().toString();
    sStream << '\n';
    sStream << m_Player.toString() << '\n';
    sStream << m_stairs.toString() << '\n';
    sStream << m_map.toString() << '\n';
    sStream << m_sizeOfTileMap.x << ' ' << m_sizeOfTileMap.y << '\n';
    return sStream.str();
```

loadGame() Sample

```
//read in enemy values
file >> enemySizeString;
int enemySizeInt = atoi(enemySizeString.c str()):
//resize enemy vector
level.m Enemies.resize(enemySizeInt);
for (int i = 0; i < enemySizeInt; ++i)
   //read in enemy attributes as strings
   file >> tempEnemyXCoorString;
   file >> tempEnemyYCoorString;
   file >> tempEnemvHealthString;
   file >> tempEnemyDirectionFacingString;
   //Convert string enemy attributes to int values
   int tempEnemyXCoorInt = atoi(tempEnemyXCoorString.c_str());
   int tempEnemvYCoorInt = atoi(tempEnemvYCoorString.c str());
   int tempEnemyHealthInt = atoi(tempEnemyHealthString.c str());
   int tempEnemyDirectionFacingInt = atoi(tempEnemyDirectionFacingString.c_str());
   // Sets game attributes for e Enemies[i]
   level.m Enemies[i].setGameCoordinates(sf::Vector2i{ tempEnemvXCoorInt, tempEnemvYCoorInt });
   level.m Enemies[i].setHealth(tempEnemyHealthInt);
   level.m_Enemies[i].setDirectionFacing(intToEnum(tempEnemyDirectionFacingInt));
   // Actually change the drawing coordinates of the Sprite to match the GameCoordinates
   level.m Enemies[i].getObject().setPosition(sf::Vector2f{ 1.0f * tempEnemvXCoorInt * level.
       m tileSize.x , 1.0f * tempEnemyYCoorInt * level.m tileSize.v });
```

Possible Improvements

- More Items
 - o Different weapons
 - Consumables
 - Modifiers
- Enemies
 - Smarter AI that chases players
 - Generate several enemies per floor
- Map Generation
 - Verify path to door

Play the game?