

1). $\text{isEntwining}(x, y, z) = \text{isEntwining}(x.\text{substring}(0, x.\text{length}() - 1), y.\text{substring}(0, y.\text{length}() - 1), z) \parallel \text{isEntwining}(x.\text{substring}(0, x.\text{length}() - 1), y, z.\text{substring}(0, z.\text{length}() - 1));$

2). The memory \hat{z} will use is a 3-dimensional array $(x.\text{length}() \times y.\text{length}() \times z.\text{length}())$.

3). $\text{mem} = ([0] \times x.\text{length}() \times y.\text{length}()) \times z.\text{length}()$.

$\text{isEntwining}(x, y, z)$.

if $\text{mem}[x][y][z] \neq 0$
return $\text{mem}[x][y][z]$

if $x.\text{length}() == 1$ and $(x == y \text{ or } x == z)$
return True

if $x[x.\text{length}() - 1]$ is in y and $y.\text{substring}(0, y.\text{length}() - 1)$ is in $x.\text{substring}(0, x.\text{length}() - 1)$ and z is in $x.\text{substring}(0, x.\text{length}() - 1)$,
 $\text{isEntwining}(x.\text{substring}(0, x.\text{length}() - 1), y.\text{substring}(0, y.\text{length}() - 1), z)$

if $x[x.\text{length}() - 1]$ is in z and y is in $x.\text{substring}(0, x.\text{length}() - 1)$ and $z.\text{substring}(0, z.\text{length}() - 1)$ is in $x.\text{substring}(0, x.\text{length}() - 1)$,
 $\text{isEntwining}(x.\text{substring}(0, x.\text{length}() - 1), y, z.\text{substring}(0, z.\text{length}() - 1))$.

Once the subproblems are solved, the recursion will pass the returned result to the first function call to obtain the result.

4). The running time is $O(x.length() \times y.length() \times z.length())$.