ASEN 4057: Assignment 6

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I. Functions

A. solutions.c

This is the main script that is run and handles all of the computations. To run for each objective, the following commands should be executed:

- 1. chmod u+x solutions.c
- 2. gcc -o solutions solutions.c -lm
- 3. ./solutions objective clearance accuracy

The code functions as follows:

- 1. Declare system variables
- 2. Compute initial conditions for forces, velocities, and positions for all three bodies
- 3. Set step size for optimization based on accuracy specifications
- 4. Run Euler's method
- 5. Compare spacecraft position to end conditions
- 6. Once solution is found, re-run Euler's method with optimized delta-V values
- 7. Print optimized spacecraft position to text file

A few important things to note is the step size used in Euler's method and the accuracy. Euler's method used a 100 second time step since times smaller often led to "segmentation faults". The accuracy step for optimization depended on the user input during the function call. Optimization was done using a nested for loop of x and y delta-V values. This creates a grid of tested values with x delta-V on the horizontal and y delta-V on the vertical. The minimum delta-V or time was saved and compared to the currently calculated value. If the current value was smaller, it became the new minimum and the processed continued until the entire grid was tested. The step sizes were computed as the $\frac{accuracy}{\sqrt{2}}$ which was derived from $accuracy = \sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$ and assumed that X and Y deltas were the same. The optimization step size played the largest role in the time for the program to run.

B. part3.sh

The shell script created is used to call all the functions with their corresponding variable inputs. The assignment calls for us to test both objectives cases using an input of 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000, 50000, 100000 km clearance from the Moon. Shell script loops through these values and passes them in as inputs for both objective 1 and objective 2.

C. assignment6.m

The data collected from running solutions.c is outputted to a data file. This data file contains the x,y positions of both the Spacecraft and Moon. The data is collected and plotted, indicating that the resulting delta-v brings the astronauts home. This data is plotted for objective 1 and objective 2.

II. Part 1

A. Objective 1

The resulting minimum delta-V required to return to Earth can be seen below in Part 2.

B. Objective 2

III. Part 2

```
michael@michael-VirtualBox:~/Documents/Kloetzel/assignments/assignment_6$ ./solutions 1 1000 .5
X DeltaV: 0.152543 m/s
Y DeltaV: 79.445436 m/s
Magnitude: 79.445583 m/s
michael@michael-VirtualBox:~/Documents/Kloetzel/assignments/assignment_6$
```

Figure 1: Objective 1 output

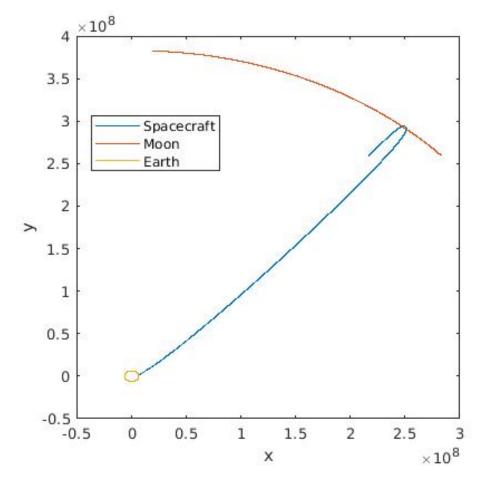


Figure 2: Objective 1 plot

```
michael@michael-VirtualBox:~/Documents/Kloetzel/assignments/assignment_6$ ./solutions 2 1000 .5

X DeltaV: -20.000000 m/s

Y DeltaV: 79.091883 m/s

Magnitude: 81.581407 m/s

Time: 81.638889 hours

michael@michael-VirtualBox:~/Documents/Kloetzel/assignments/assignment_6$
```

Figure 3: Objective 2 output

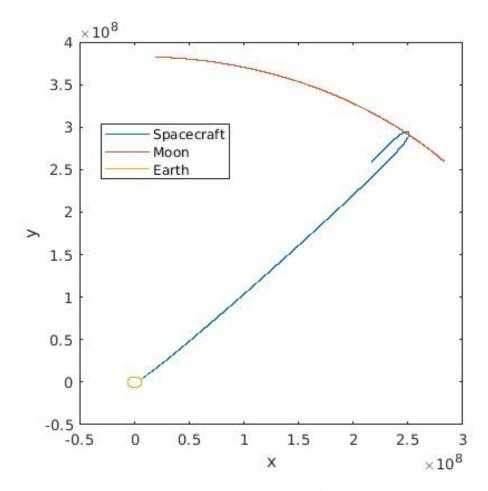


Figure 4: Objective 2 plot

IV. Part 3

Figure 5: Bash Script

Using the bash script shown above, the C function is called and ran initial guesses. Below is the output of the following code.	through the different test cases for

 \blacktriangleleft output.txt X DeltaV: 0.152543 m/s 2 Y DeltaV: 79.445436 m/s 3 Magnitude: 79.445583 m/s 4 X DeltaV: -20.000000 m/s 5 Y DeltaV: 79.091883 m/s 6 Magnitude: 81.581407 m/s Time: 81.638889 hours 8 X DeltaV: 0.152543 m/s 9 Y DeltaV: 79.445436 m/s 10 Magnitude: 79.445583 m/s 11 X DeltaV: -20.000000 m/s 12 Y DeltaV: 79.091883 m/s 13 Magnitude: 81.581407 m/s 14 Time: 81.638889 hours 15 X DeltaV: 0.152543 m/s 16 Y DeltaV: 79.445436 m/s 17 Magnitude: 79.445583 m/s X DeltaV: -20.000000 m/s 18 19 Y DeltaV: 79.091883 m/s 20 Magnitude: 81.581407 m/s 21 Time: 81.638889 hours 22 X DeltaV: 0.152543 m/s 23 Y DeltaV: 79.445436 m/s 24 Magnitude: 79.445583 m/s 25 X DeltaV: -20.000000 m/s 26 Y DeltaV: 79.091883 m/s 27 Magnitude: 81.581407 m/s 28 Time: 81.638889 hours 29 X DeltaV: 0.152543 m/s 30 Y DeltaV: 79.798990 m/s 31 Magnitude: 79.799136 m/s X DeltaV: -20.000000 m/s 32 33 Y DeltaV: 79.445436 m/s 34 Magnitude: 81.924217 m/s 35 Time: 81.861111 hours 36 X DeltaV: -6.211418 m/s 37 Y DeltaV: 80.506097 m/s 38 Magnitude: 80.745361 m/s 39 X DeltaV: -20.000000 m/s 40 Y DeltaV: 80.506097 m/s 41 Magnitude: 82.953189 m/s 42 Time: 82.583333 hours 43 X DeltaV: 0.152543 m/s 44 Y DeltaV: 81.920310 m/s 45 Magnitude: 81.920452 m/s 46 X DeltaV: -20.000000 m/s 47 Y DeltaV: 81.566757 m/s 48 Magnitude: 83.982950 m/s 49 Time: 83.305556 hours

Figure 6: Output From Bash Script 6 of 8

V. Profile Report

Note that for the following profile reports, no call graph was generated since solutions.c did not call any other source files.

```
Flat profile:
    Each sample counts as 0.01 seconds.
                        self
          cumulative
                                          self
     time
            seconds
                       seconds
                                  calls Ts/call
                                                  Ts/call
                                                            name
    100.10
                0.46
                          0.46
                                                            main
7
                the percentage of the total running time of the
                program used by this function.
    time
11
    cumulative a running sum of the number of seconds accounted
     seconds
                for by this function and those listed above it.
14
                the number of seconds accounted for by this
     self
                function alone. This is the major sort for this
    seconds
                listing.
    calls
                the number of times this function was invoked, if
                this function is profiled, else blank.
21
     self
                the average number of milliseconds spent in this
                function per call, if this function is profiled,
    ms/call
23
            else blank.
24
     total
                the average number of milliseconds spent in this
    ms/call
                function and its descendents per call, if this
            function is profiled, else blank.
    name
                the name of the function. This is the minor sort
                for this listing. The index shows the location of
            the function in the gprof listing. If the index is
            in parenthesis it shows where it would appear in
            the gprof listing if it were to be printed.
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    Copying and distribution of this file, with or without modification,
    are permitted in any medium without royalty provided the copyright
    notice and this notice are preserved.
```

Figure 7

The following profile report is created for objective one. The total time is 100.10 seconds to run the code and display results.

```
Flat profile:
    Each sample counts as 0.01 seconds.
          cumulative
                        self
                                          self
                                                   total
     time
             seconds
                       seconds
                                  calls Ts/call
                                                  Ts/call
                                                           name
    100.10
                 0.48
                          0.48
                                                           main
                the percentage of the total running time of the
                program used by this function.
    time
11
    cumulative a running sum of the number of seconds accounted
     seconds
                for by this function and those listed above it.
13
14
     self
                the number of seconds accounted for by this
                function alone. This is the major sort for this
    seconds
                listing.
17
    calls
                the number of times this function was invoked, if
                this function is profiled, else blank.
     self
                the average number of milliseconds spent in this
    ms/call
                function per call, if this function is profiled,
23
            else blank.
     total
                the average number of milliseconds spent in this
    ms/call
                function and its descendents per call, if this
27
28
            function is profiled, else blank.
29
                the name of the function. This is the minor sort
    name
                for this listing. The index shows the location of
            the function in the gprof listing. If the index is
            in parenthesis it shows where it would appear in
            the gprof listing if it were to be printed.
34
    FF)
    Copyright (C) 2012-2015 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
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    are permitted in any medium without royalty provided the copyright
    notice and this notice are preserved.
```

Figure 8

The following profile report is created for objective two. The total time is 100.10 seconds to run the code.