Advanced Control for Robotics - Homework 4

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Problem 1

Solution:

(a) The pose of frame{A} is ${}^OT_A=(R,P)$, while it is moving with $u=\left[egin{array}{c}w\\v\end{array}
ight]$, so the derivate of the oX_A is:

$$rac{d}{dt}[^oX_A] = egin{bmatrix} \dot{R} & 0 \ ([p]w)' & \dot{R} \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} w imes R & 0 \ ([\dot{p}]w+[p]\dot{w}) & w imes R \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} [w]R & 0 \ ([\dot{p}]w+[p]\dot{w}) & [w]R \end{bmatrix}$$

Let's denote that $\dot{p} = V + W imes p$, [a imes b] = [a][b] - [b][a] , the third term can be simplified as

$$egin{aligned} ([\dot{p}]w + [p]\dot{w}) &= [v]R + [w imes p]R + [p][w]R \ &= [v]R + [w][p]R - [p][w]R + [p][w]R \ &= [v]R + [w][p]R \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$egin{aligned} rac{d}{dt}[^oX_A] &= egin{bmatrix} [w]R & 0 \ [v]R + [w][p]R & [w]R \end{bmatrix} \ &= egin{bmatrix} [w] & 0 \ [v] & [w] \end{bmatrix} egin{bmatrix} R & 0 \ [p]R & R \end{bmatrix} \ &= egin{bmatrix} [w] & 0 \ [v] & [w] \end{bmatrix} {}^oX_A \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2

Solution:

Assume ${}^0C=[C_x(t),0,0]^T$. According to the previous problem, we can easily know the ${}^c\nu=[0,v/r,0,0,0,0]^T$. The twist of the body in frame{0} is ${}^0\nu=[0,\frac{v}{r},0,0,0,\frac{C_x(t)v}{r}]^T$. (a) Because the cylinder rolls with a constant velocity v, the derivate of the $C_x(t)$ is $C_x'(t)=v$ Find the oA , since frame{o} is fixed, the expression of oA is

(b)

$$^{c}X_{o}=egin{bmatrix}I_{3 imes3}&0\ [^{o}P_{c}]&I_{3 imes3}\end{bmatrix}$$

$${}^c\mathbb{A}={}^c\dot{
u}_c+{}^c
u imes{}^c
u imes{}^c={}^cX_o{}^o\mathbb{A}=egin{bmatrix}I_{3 imes3}&0\0&0\0&0\0&0\0&0\0&0\0&rac{v^2}{r}\end{bmatrix}=egin{bmatrix}0&0\0&0\0&0\0&0\0&rac{v^2}{r}\end{bmatrix}$$

Problem 3

Solution:

 $\dot{M}-2c=\sum_i(\dot{J_i^T}I_iJ_i+J_i^T\dot{I_i}J_i+J_i^T\dot{I_i}\dot{J_i})-2\sum_i(J_i^TI_i\dot{J_i}-J_i^TI_i\nu_i\times J_i-J_i^T\nu_i\times^*I_iJ_i)$ Denote that I_i is constant, so $\dot{I_i}=0$, and I_i is a symmetric matrix, $I_i^T=I_i$.

$$\dot{M}-2c=\sum_i(\dot{J}_i^TI_iJ_i-J_i^TI_i\dot{J}_i-2J_i^TI_i
u_i imes J_i-2J_i^T
u_i imes^*I_iJ_i)$$

$$egin{aligned} (\dot{M}-2c)^T &= \sum_i (J_i^T I_i \dot{J}_i - \dot{J}_i^T I_i J_i - 2 J_i^T [
u_i imes]^T I_i J_i - 2 J_i^T I_i [
u_i imes]^T J_i) \ &= \sum_i (J_i^T I_i \dot{J}_i - \dot{J}_i^T I_i J_i + 2 J_i^T I_i [
u imes^*] J_i + 2 J_i^T [
u_i imes]^T I_i J_i) \end{aligned}$$

Denote that $[
u_i imes]^T=-[
u imes^*].$ Therefore,

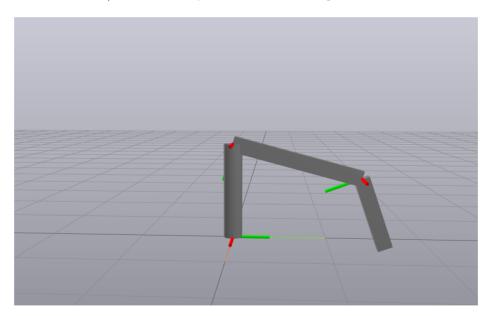
$$(\dot{M}-2c)+(\dot{M}-2c)^T=0$$

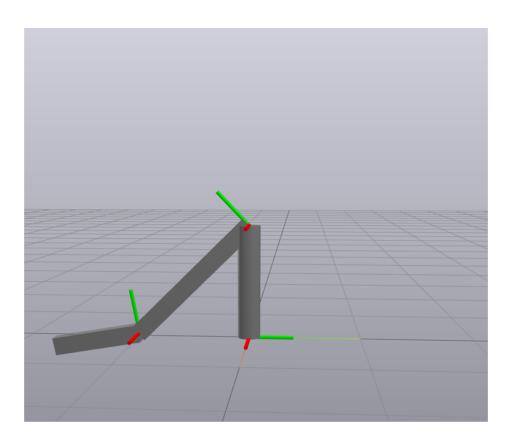
That is prove that $\dot{M}-2c$ is skew symmetric.

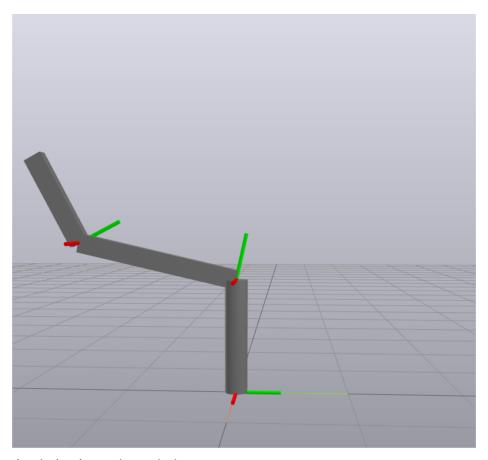
Problem 4

Solution

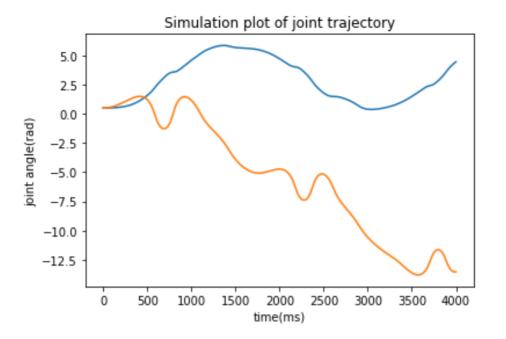
(a) Choose the initial configuration is $\theta_1=0.5rad, \theta_2=0.5rad$, and start simulating for 4 sec.







The plot of joint trajectories for the simulation is as shown below.



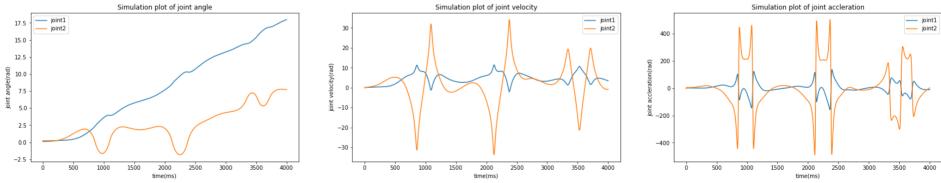
```
In [ ]:
         # problem 4nstant reference to the joint
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import pydot
         from IPython.display import display, SVG, clear output
         from pydrake.math import RigidTransform, RollPitchYaw
         from pydrake.multibody.plant import AddMultibodyPlantSceneGraph
         from pydrake.all import (Parser, StartMeshcat, DiagramBuilder,
                                 MeshcatVisualizerCpp, JacobianWrtVariable,
                                 MakeRenderEngineVtk, RenderEngineVtkParams,
                                 Simulator, CoulombFriction, HalfSpace,
                                 RotationMatrix, RotationalInertia)
         from pydrake.geometry import (
             Box,
             Cylinder
         from pydrake.multibody.tree import (
             PrismaticJoint,
             UnitInertia,
             SpatialInertia,
```

```
RevoluteJoint,
             FixedOffsetFrame,
             WeldJoint
         from manipulation.meshcat cpp utils import MeshcatJointSliders
         from manipulation.scenarios import AddMultibodyTriad
         import modern robotics as mr
         from pydrake.all import LogVectorOutput
         import time
In [ ]:
         meshcat = StartMeshcat()
        Meshcat is now available at http://localhost:7000
In [ ]:
         # Build robot from code
         builder = DiagramBuilder()
         step size = 1e-4
         plant, scene graph = AddMultibodyPlantSceneGraph(builder, step size)
         # Some parameters
         L0 = 0.5
         L1 = 0.7
         L2 = 0.4
         h = 0.06
         w = 0.08
         r = 0.05
         m = 1
         RGBA Color = [0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 1]
         mu = 0.4
         my model instance = plant.AddModelInstance("my robot")
         inertia link 0 = SpatialInertia.MakeFromCentralInertia(
             m, [0, 0, L0/2], RotationalInertia(m*(3*r**2+L0**2)/12, m*(3*r**2+L0**2)/12, m*r**2/2))
         inertia link 1 = SpatialInertia.MakeFromCentralInertia(
             m, [0, 0, L1/2], RotationalInertia(m*(w**2+L1**2)/12, m*(h**2+L1**2)/12, m*(h**2+w**2)/12))
         inertia link 2 = SpatialInertia.MakeFromCentralInertia(
             m, [0, 0, L2/2], RotationalInertia(m*(w**2+L2**2)/12, m*(h**2+L2**2)/12, m*(h**2+w**2)/12))
```

```
link 0 = plant.AddRigidBody(
    "link 0", my model instance, inertia link 0)
link 1 = plant.AddRigidBody(
    "link 1", my model instance, inertia link 1)
link 2 = plant.AddRigidBody(
    "link 2", my model instance, inertia link 2)
plant.RegisterVisualGeometry(
    link 0,
    RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L0/2]),
    Cylinder(r, L0),
    "link 0",
    RGBA Color)
plant.RegisterVisualGeometry(
   link 1,
   RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L1/2]),
    Box(h, w, L1),
    "link 1",
    RGBA Color)
plant.RegisterVisualGeometry(
   link 2,
   RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L2/2]),
    Box(h, w, L2),
   "link_2",
    RGBA Color)
frame on link 0 = plant.AddFrame(FixedOffsetFrame(
    link 0,
    RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L0])))
frame on link 1 = plant.AddFrame(FixedOffsetFrame(
    link 1,
    RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L1])))
plant.AddJoint(RevoluteJoint(
    name="joint 0 to 1", frame on parent=frame on link 0,
    frame on child=link_1.body_frame(), axis=[1, 0, 0]))
plant.AddJoint(RevoluteJoint(
    name="joint 1 to 2", frame on parent=frame on link 1,
    frame on child=link 2.body frame(), axis=[1, 0, 0]))
```

```
plant.WeldFrames(
    frame on parent P=plant.world frame(),
    frame on child C=link 0.body frame(),
    X PC=RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, 0]))
# Draw RGB frames for visualization
for body name in ["link 0", "link 1", "link 2"]:
    AddMultibodyTriad(plant.GetFrameByName(body name), scene graph, 0.20, 0.008)
# Finalize and visualize
plant.Finalize()
renderer name = "renderer"
scene graph.AddRenderer(
    renderer name, MakeRenderEngineVtk(RenderEngineVtkParams()))
meshcat.Delete()
meshcat vis = MeshcatVisualizerCpp.AddToBuilder(
    builder, scene graph, meshcat)
# logger output = LogVectorOutput(plant.get body poses output port(), builder)
diagram = builder.Build()
diagram context = diagram.CreateDefaultContext()
plant context = plant.GetMyMutableContextFromRoot(diagram context)
plant.SetPositions(plant context, plant.GetModelInstanceByName("my robot"),
                   [0.5, 0.5]) # theta1, theta2 the choosen initial config
# a = plant.get body poses output port().Eval(plant context)
# print(a)
diagram.Publish(diagram context)
# simulator = Simulator(diagram, diagram context)
# simulator.set publish every time step(True)
# simulator.set target realtime rate(1)
# simulator.Initialize()
# diagram.Publish(diagram context)
# simulator.AdvanceTo(4) #siulation for 4 sec
# #plot the joint traj
```

```
# please write your own simulator below
simulator = Simulator(diagram, diagram context)
simulator.set publish every time step(True)
simulator.set target realtime rate(1)
simulator.Initialize()
diagram.Publish(diagram context)
simulation time = 4
step time = 0.001
q list= np.zeros((1,2))
g list = plant.GetPositions(plant context)
# print(time.time())
for i in np.arange(0,simulation time,step time):
    q list = np.vstack((q list,plant.GetPositions(plant context)))
    simulator.AdvanceTo(i) #siulation for 4 sec
# print(time.time())
#plot the joint traj
plt.plot(q list)
plt.title('Simulation plot of joint trajectory')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint angle(rad)')
```



(b) The inverse dynamics RNEA function $au_i = ID(q,\dot{q}\,,\ddot{q}\,,F_{ext},g,N,S_i,M,I_c,L)$ is as shown below.

```
def ID(q,dq,ddq,Fext,q,N,Si,M,Ic,L): #RNEA ALGORITHM
    Si 0 = np.zeros((6,N))
    Si 0[:,0] = np.matmul(mr.Adjoint(M[4:8,:]),Si[:,0])
    Si \ 0[:,1] = np.matmul(mr.Adjoint(M[8:12,:]),Si[:,1])
   tau i = np.zeros((N))
   nu i = np.zeros((6,N+1)) #including the base link
   A i = np.zeros((6,N+1)) #including the base link
   wrench i = np.zeros((6,N+1)) #including the base link
   A gto0 = np.array([0,0,0,0,0,-q])
    # Forward pass
    for i in range(1,N+1):
        if i==1:
            T ito0 = mr.FKinSpace(M[4*i:4*i+4,:], Si 0[:,0:i], q[0:i])
            T \text{ pito } 0 = M[0:4,:]
        else:
            T ito0 = mr.FKinSpace(M[4*i:4*i+4,:], Si 0[:,0:i], q[0:i])
            T pito0 = mr.FKinSpace(M[4*(i-1):4*(i-1)+4,:], Si 0[:,0:i-1], q[0:i-1])
        T pitoi = np.matmul(mr.TransInv(T ito0),T pito0)
       X ptoi = mr.Adjoint(T pitoi)
        # print(X ptoi)
        # print('----')
        [x,i] = X \text{ ptoi } @ \text{ nu } i[:,i-1] + Si[:,i-1]*dq[i-1] #S i and dq i index are i-1
       A i[:,i] = X ptoi @ A i[:,i-1] + Si[:,i-1]*ddq[i-1] + np.matmul(mr.ad(nu <math>i[:,i]),Si[:,i-1]) * dq[i-1]
        T itoc = np.array([[1, 0, 0, 0],
                     [0, 1, 0, 0],
                      [0, 0, 1, -L[i-1]/2],
                      [0, 0, 0, 1]
       X itoc = mr.Adjoint(T itoc)
        X ctoi = mr.Adjoint(mr.TransInv(T itoc))
       X ctoi star = mr.Adjoint(T itoc).T
        Ii = np.matmul(np.matmul(X ctoi star, Ic[(i-1)*6:i*6,:]), X itoc)
        T 0 \text{toi} = \text{mr.TransInv}(\text{mr.FKinSpace}(M[4*i:4*i+4,:], Si 0[:,0:i], q[0:i]))
        X Otoi = mr.Adjoint(T Otoi)
        # print(np.matmul(Ii,A i[:,i]))
        # print(np.matmul(-mr.ad(nu i[:,i]).T,Ii)@ nu i[:,i])
        # print(-np.matmul(np.matmul(Ii, X Otoi), A gto0))
        # print(-Fext[:,i-1])
        # print(Ii)
        # print('----')
        # print(np.matmul(Ii,A i[:,i]) + np.matmul(-mr.ad(nu i[:,i]).T,Ii)@ nu i[:,i] \
                              - np.matmul(np.matmul(Ii, X 0toi), A gto0) - Fext[:,i-1])
        wrench i[:,i] = np.matmul(Ii,A i[:,i]) + np.matmul(-mr.ad(nu i[:,i]).T,Ii)@ nu i[:,i] \
                            - np.matmul(np.matmul(Ii, X 0toi), A gto0) - Fext[:,i-1]
```

```
# print(nu i)
# print(A i)
# print(wrench i)
# Backward pass
for i in range (N, 0, -1):
    tau i[i-1] = np.matmul(Si[:,i-1].T,wrench i[:,i])
    if i==1:
        T ito0 = mr.FKinSpace( M[4*i:4*i+4,:], Si 0[:,0:i], q[0:i])
        T \text{ pito } 0 = M[0:4,:]
    else:
        T ito0 = mr.FKinSpace( M[4*i:4*i+4,:], Si 0[:,0:i], q[0:i])
        T pito0 = mr.FKinSpace(M[4*(i-1):4*(i-1)+4,:], Si 0[:,0:i-1], q[0:i-1])
    T pitoi = np.matmul(mr.TransInv(T ito0),T pito0)
    X itopi star = mr.Adjoint(T pitoi).T
    wrench i[:,i-1] = wrench i[:,i-1] + np.matmul(X itopi star,wrench i[:,i])
return tau i
```

(c) According to the RNEA, we can formulate the forward dynamics. The function is as shown below.

```
In [ ]:
         #problem 4(c) (Forward dynamics function)
         import numpy as np
         import modern robotics as mr
         def FD(tau i,q,dq,Fext,N,Si,M,Ic,L):
             #step 1 solve the c\sim
             ddq zero = np.zeros(N)
             q = 9.81
             c tuta = ID(q,dq,ddq zero,Fext,q,N,Si,M,Ic,L)
             # print(c tuta)
             # step2 calculate M theta
             dq zero = np.zeros(N)
             Fext zero = np.zeros((6,N))
             M \text{ theta} = np.zeros((N,N))
             for i in range(N):
                 ddq j0 = np.zeros((N,1))
                 ddq j0[i,:] = 1
                 M theta[:,i] = ID(q,dq zero,ddq j0,Fext zero,0,N,Si,M,Ic,L)
             # print(M theta)
             # step3 solve the forward dynamics
             ddq = np.matmul(np.linalg.inv(M theta),(tau i - c tuta))
             return ddq
```

(d) We choose three initial configuration is $\theta_1=0.2rad$, $\theta_2=0.1rad$, $\theta_1=0.5rad$, $\theta_2=0.5rad$, $\theta_1=\frac{3}{4}\pi rad$, $\theta_2=\frac{3}{4}\pi rad$, and start simulating for 4 sec. The rates of simulation of drake and own code are both 1e-3s.

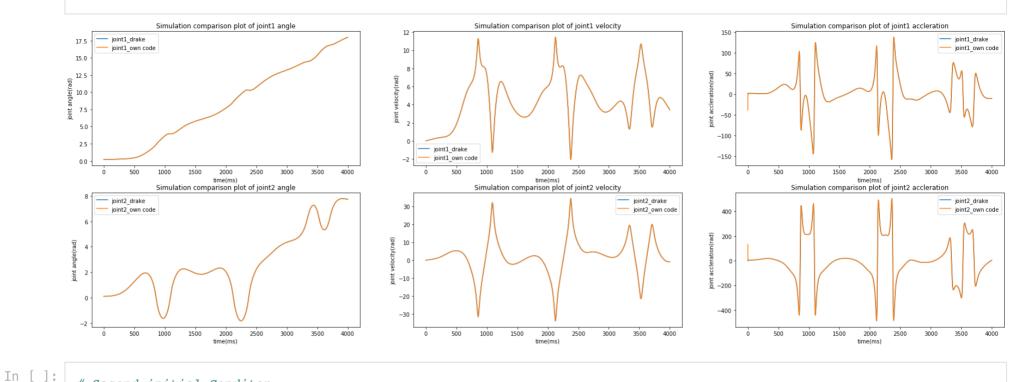
We found that the results between own codes and drake simulation are almost the same.

```
In []:
        #problem 4(d) Using ID function to simulate
         import numpy as np
        import modern robotics as mr
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # Some parameters of the double pendulum
         L0 = 0.5
         L1 = 0.7
         L2 = 0.4
        L = np.array([0.7, 0.4])
         h = 0.06
         w = 0.08
         r = 0.05
        m = 1
         N = 2
        Si = np.zeros((6,N)) #si in body frame
        Si 0 = np.zeros((6,N)) #si in fixed frame
        Si = np.array([[1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
                        [1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]).T
        M = np.zeros(((N+1)*4,4)) #transformation matrix of all frames
        M[0:4,:] = np.array([[1, 0, 0, 0],
                              [ 0, 1, 0, 0],
                              [ 0, 0, 1, 0],
                              [0, 0, 0, 111]
        M[4:8,:] = np.array([[1, 0, 0, 0],
                              [ 0, 1, 0, 0],
                              [ 0, 0, 1, L0],
                              [0, 0, 0, 1]]
        M[8:12,:] = np.array([[1, 0, 0, 0],
                              [ 0, 1, 0, 0],
                              [ 0, 0, 1, L1+L0],
```

```
[0, 0, 0, 1]
# Si \ 0[:,0] = np.matmul(mr.Adjoint(M[4:8,:]),Si[:,0])
# Si \ 0[:,1] = np.matmul(mr.Adjoint(M[8:12,:]),Si[:,0])
#T = mr.FKinSpace(M,Si 0,thetalist)
Ic = np.zeros((N*6,6))
Ic[0:6,:] = np.diag([m*(w**2+L1**2)/12, m*(h**2+L1**2)/12, m*(h**2+w**2)/12, m,m,m])
Ic[6:12,:] = np.diag([m*(w**2+L2**2)/12, m*(h**2+L2**2)/12, m*(h**2+w**2)/12, m,m,m])
q = 9.81
stept = 0.001
# for the initial condition [0.2,0.1], simulating for 4 sec
q = np.array([0.2, 0.1])
dq = np.array([0,0])
\# ddq = FD(tau,q,dq,Fext,N,Si,M,Ic,L)
tau = np.array([0,0])
Fext = np.zeros((6,N))
simulation time = 4
q listsimu = q.reshape(1,N)
dq listsimu = dq.reshape(1,N)
ddq listsimu = ddq.reshape(1,N)
for t in np.arange(0,simulation time,stept):
    ddg = FD(tau,g,dg,Fext,N,Si,M,Ic,L)
    ddq listsimu = np.vstack((ddq listsimu,ddq))
    dq = dq + ddq*stept
    dq listsimu = np.vstack((dq listsimu,dq))
    q = q + dq*stept
    q listsimu = np.vstack((q listsimu,q))
# for t in np.arange(0,simulation time,stept):
      ddq = FD(tau,q,dq,Fext,N,Si,M,Ic,L)
     dq = dq + (ddq + ddq \ listsimu[-1,:])/2*stept
     q = q + (dq+dq \ listsimu[-1,:])/2*stept
      dq listsimu = np.vstack((dq listsimu,dq))
     ddq listsimu = np.vstack((ddq listsimu,ddq))
      q listsimu = np.vstack((q listsimu,q))
#plot the joint traj
plt.figure(figsize=(30,10))
ax1 = plt.subplot(2,3,1)
plt.plot(q list[:,0])
plt.plot(q listsimu[:,0])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint1 angle')
```

```
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint angle(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint1 drake','joint1 own code'])
ax2 = plt.subplot(2,3,2)
plt.plot(dq list[:,0])
plt.plot(dg listsimu[:,0])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint1 velocity')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint velocity(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint1 drake','joint1 own code'])
ax3 = plt.subplot(2,3,3)
plt.plot(ddq list[:,0])
plt.plot(ddg listsimu[:,0])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint1 accleration')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint accleration(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint1 drake','joint1 own code'])
ax4 = plt.subplot(2,3,4)
plt.plot(q list[:,1])
plt.plot(q listsimu[:,1])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint2 angle')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint angle(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint2 drake','joint2 own code'])
ax5 = plt.subplot(2,3,5)
plt.plot(dq list[:,1])
plt.plot(dg listsimu[:,1])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint2 velocity')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint velocity(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint2 drake','joint2 own code'])
ax6 = plt.subplot(2,3,6)
plt.plot(ddq list[:,1])
plt.plot(ddg listsimu[:,1])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint2 accleration')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint accleration(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint2 drake','joint2 own code'])
```

```
plt.show()
```



```
# Second initial Conditon

# Build robot from code
builder = DiagramBuilder()
step_size = 1e-3
plant, scene_graph = AddMultibodyPlantSceneGraph(builder, step_size)

# Some parameters
L0 = 0.5
L1 = 0.7
L2 = 0.4

h = 0.06
w = 0.08
r = 0.05
m = 1

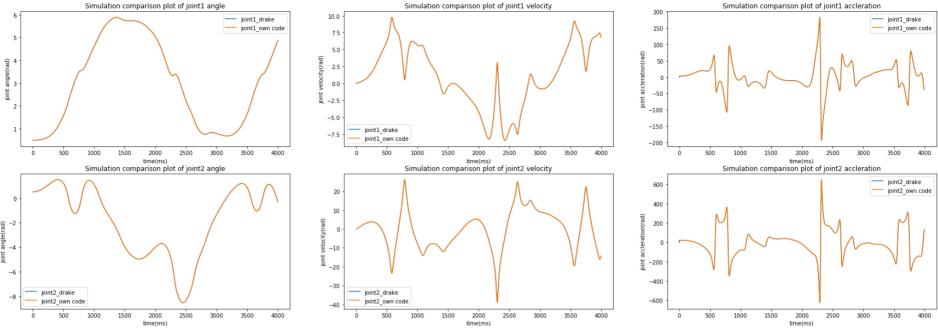
RGBA_Color = [0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 1]
```

```
mu = 0.4
my model instance = plant.AddModelInstance("my robot")
inertia link 0 = SpatialInertia.MakeFromCentralInertia(
    m, [0, 0, L0/2], RotationalInertia(m*(3*r**2+L0**2)/12, m*(3*r**2+L0**2)/12, m*r**2/2))
inertia link 1 = SpatialInertia.MakeFromCentralInertia(
    m, [0, 0, L1/2], RotationalInertia(m*(w**2+L1**2)/12, m*(h**2+L1**2)/12, m*(h**2+w**2)/12))
inertia link 2 = SpatialInertia.MakeFromCentralInertia(
   m, [0, 0, L2/2], RotationalInertia(m*(w**2+L2**2)/12, m*(h**2+L2**2)/12, m*(h**2+w**2)/12))
link 0 = plant.AddRigidBody(
    "link 0", my model instance, inertia link 0)
link 1 = plant.AddRigidBody(
    "link 1", my model instance, inertia link 1)
link 2 = plant.AddRigidBody(
    "link 2", my model instance, inertia link 2)
plant.RegisterVisualGeometry(
   link 0,
   RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L0/2]),
   Cylinder(r, L0),
   "link 0",
   RGBA Color)
plant.RegisterVisualGeometry(
   link 1,
   RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L1/2]),
    Box(h, w, L1),
    "link 1",
    RGBA Color)
plant.RegisterVisualGeometry(
   link 2,
   RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L2/2]),
   Box(h, w, L2),
    "link 2",
   RGBA Color)
frame on link 0 = plant.AddFrame(FixedOffsetFrame(
   link 0,
    RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L0])))
frame on link 1 = plant.AddFrame(FixedOffsetFrame(
   link 1,
```

```
RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L1])))
plant.AddJoint(RevoluteJoint(
    name="joint 0 to 1", frame on parent=frame on link 0,
    frame on child=link 1.body frame(), axis=[1, 0, 0]))
plant.AddJoint(RevoluteJoint(
    name="joint 1 to 2", frame on parent=frame on link 1,
    frame on child=link 2.body frame(), axis=[1, 0, 0]))
plant.WeldFrames(
    frame on parent P=plant.world frame(),
    frame on child C=link 0.body frame(),
    X PC=RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, 0]))
# Draw RGB frames for visualization
for body name in ["link 0", "link 1", "link 2"]:
    AddMultibodyTriad(plant.GetFrameByName(body name), scene graph, 0.20, 0.008)
# Finalize and visualize
plant.Finalize()
renderer name = "renderer"
scene graph.AddRenderer(
    renderer name, MakeRenderEngineVtk(RenderEngineVtkParams()))
meshcat.Delete()
meshcat vis = MeshcatVisualizerCpp.AddToBuilder(
    builder, scene graph, meshcat)
diagram = builder.Build()
diagram context = diagram.CreateDefaultContext()
plant context = plant.GetMyMutableContextFromRoot(diagram context)
plant.SetPositions(plant context, plant.GetModelInstanceByName("my robot"),
                   [0.5, 0.5]) # theta1, theta2 the choosen initial config
diagram.Publish(diagram context)
simulator = Simulator(diagram, diagram context)
simulator.set publish every time step(True)
simulator.set target realtime rate(1)
simulator.Initialize()
diagram.Publish(diagram context)
simulation time = 4
step time = 0.001
q list= np.zeros((1,2))
```

```
dq list= np.zeros((1,2))
ddq list = np.zeros((1,2))
g list = plant.GetPositions(plant context)
dq list = plant.GetVelocities(plant context)
index = 1
# print(time.time())
for i in np.arange(0,simulation time,step time):
   q list = np.vstack((q list,plant.GetPositions(plant context)))
    dq list = np.vstack((dq list,plant.GetVelocities(plant context)))
   ddq list = np.vstack((ddq list,(dq list[index] - dq list[index-1])/step time))
    simulator.AdvanceTo(i) #siulation for 4 sec
    index = index + 1
# own code simulation
stept = 0.001
# for the initial condition [0.5,0.5], simulating for 4 sec
q = np.array([0.5, 0.5])
dq = np.array([0,0])
ddg = FD(tau,g,dg,Fext,N,Si,M,Ic,L)
tau = np.array([0,0])
Fext = np.zeros((6,N))
simulation time = 4
q listsimu = q.reshape(1,N)
dg listsimu = dg.reshape(1,N)
ddq listsimu = ddq.reshape(1,N)
for t in np.arange(0,simulation time,stept):
    ddg = FD(tau,g,dg,Fext,N,Si,M,Ic,L)
    ddq listsimu = np.vstack((ddq listsimu,ddq))
   dq = dq + ddq*stept
   dq listsimu = np.vstack((dq listsimu,dq))
   q = q + dq*stept
   q listsimu = np.vstack((q listsimu,q))
#plot the joint traj
plt.figure(figsize=(30,10))
ax1 = plt.subplot(2,3,1)
plt.plot(q list[:,0])
plt.plot(q listsimu[:,0])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint1 angle')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint angle(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint1 drake','joint1 own code'])
```

```
ax2 = plt.subplot(2,3,2)
plt.plot(dq list[:,0])
plt.plot(dg listsimu[:,0])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint1 velocity')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint velocity(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint1 drake','joint1 own code'])
ax3 = plt.subplot(2,3,3)
plt.plot(ddg list[:,0])
plt.plot(ddg listsimu[:,0])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint1 accleration')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint accleration(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint1 drake','joint1 own code'])
ax4 = plt.subplot(2,3,4)
plt.plot(q list[:,1])
plt.plot(q listsimu[:,1])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint2 angle')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint angle(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint2 drake','joint2 own code'])
ax5 = plt.subplot(2,3,5)
plt.plot(dq list[:,1])
plt.plot(dg listsimu[:,1])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint2 velocity')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint velocity(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint2 drake','joint2 own code'])
ax6 = plt.subplot(2,3,6)
plt.plot(ddg list[:,1])
plt.plot(ddg listsimu[:,1])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint2 accleration')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint accleration(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint2 drake','joint2 own code'])
plt.show()
```



```
In []:
         # Third initial Conditon
         # Build robot from code
         builder = DiagramBuilder()
         step size = 1e-3
         plant, scene graph = AddMultibodyPlantSceneGraph(builder, step size)
         # Some parameters
         L0 = 0.5
         L1 = 0.7
         L2 = 0.4
         h = 0.06
         w = 0.08
         r = 0.05
         m = 1
         RGBA Color = [0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 1]
         mu = 0.4
         my model instance = plant.AddModelInstance("my robot")
```

```
inertia link 0 = SpatialInertia.MakeFromCentralInertia(
    m, [0, 0, L0/2], RotationalInertia(m*(3*r**2+L0**2)/12, m*(3*r**2+L0**2)/12, m*r**2/2))
inertia link 1 = SpatialInertia.MakeFromCentralInertia(
   m, [0, 0, L1/2], RotationalInertia(m*(w**2+L1**2)/12, m*(h**2+L1**2)/12, m*(h**2+w**2)/12))
inertia link 2 = SpatialInertia.MakeFromCentralInertia(
    m, [0, 0, L2/2], RotationalInertia(m*(w**2+L2**2)/12, m*(h**2+L2**2)/12, m*(h**2+w**2)/12))
link 0 = plant.AddRigidBody(
    "link 0", my model instance, inertia link 0)
link 1 = plant.AddRigidBody(
    "link 1", my model instance, inertia link 1)
link 2 = plant.AddRigidBody(
    "link 2", my model instance, inertia link 2)
plant.RegisterVisualGeometry(
   link 0,
   RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L0/2]),
   Cylinder(r, L0),
   "link 0",
   RGBA Color)
plant.RegisterVisualGeometry(
   link 1,
   RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L1/2]),
   Box(h, w, L1),
   "link 1",
   RGBA Color)
plant.RegisterVisualGeometry(
   link 2,
   RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L2/2]),
    Box(h, w, L2),
   "link 2",
   RGBA Color)
frame on link 0 = plant.AddFrame(FixedOffsetFrame(
   link 0,
    RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L0])))
frame on link 1 = plant.AddFrame(FixedOffsetFrame(
   link 1,
    RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, L1])))
plant.AddJoint(RevoluteJoint(
```

```
name="joint 0 to 1", frame on parent=frame on link 0,
    frame on child=link 1.body frame(), axis=[1, 0, 0]))
plant.AddJoint(RevoluteJoint(
    name="joint 1 to 2", frame on parent=frame on link 1,
    frame on child=link 2.body frame(), axis=[1, 0, 0]))
plant.WeldFrames(
    frame on parent P=plant.world frame(),
    frame on child C=link 0.body frame(),
   X PC=RigidTransform(RollPitchYaw(0, 0, 0), [0, 0, 0]))
# Draw RGB frames for visualization
for body name in ["link 0", "link 1", "link 2"]:
    AddMultibodyTriad(plant.GetFrameByName(body name), scene graph, 0.20, 0.008)
# Finalize and visualize
plant.Finalize()
renderer name = "renderer"
scene graph.AddRenderer(
    renderer name, MakeRenderEngineVtk(RenderEngineVtkParams()))
meshcat.Delete()
meshcat vis = MeshcatVisualizerCpp.AddToBuilder(
    builder, scene graph, meshcat)
diagram = builder.Build()
diagram context = diagram.CreateDefaultContext()
plant context = plant.GetMyMutableContextFromRoot(diagram context)
plant.SetPositions(plant context, plant.GetModelInstanceByName("my robot"),
                   [3*np.pi/4, 3*np.pi/4]) # thetal, theta2 the choosen initial config
diagram.Publish(diagram context)
simulator = Simulator(diagram, diagram context)
simulator.set publish every time step(True)
simulator.set target realtime rate(1)
simulator.Initialize()
diagram.Publish(diagram context)
simulation time = 4
step time = 0.001
q list= np.zeros((1,2))
dq list= np.zeros((1,2))
ddq list = np.zeros((1,2))
g list = plant.GetPositions(plant context)
```

```
dq list = plant.GetVelocities(plant context)
index = 1
# print(time.time())
for i in np.arange(0,simulation time,step time):
    q list = np.vstack((q list,plant.GetPositions(plant context)))
    dq list = np.vstack((dq list,plant.GetVelocities(plant context)))
    ddq list = np.vstack((ddq list,(dq list[index] - dq list[index-1])/step time))
    simulator.AdvanceTo(i) #siulation for 4 sec
    index = index + 1
# own code simulation
stept = 0.001
# for the initial condition [3*np.pi/4,3*np.pi/4], simulating for 4 sec
q = np.array([3*np.pi/4,3*np.pi/4])
dq = np.array([0,0])
ddq = FD(tau,q,dq,Fext,N,Si,M,Ic,L)
tau = np.array([0,0])
Fext = np.zeros((6,N))
simulation time = 4
q listsimu = q.reshape(1,N)
dq listsimu = dq.reshape(1,N)
ddq listsimu = ddq.reshape(1,N)
for t in np.arange(0,simulation time,stept):
    ddg = FD(tau,g,dg,Fext,N,Si,M,Ic,L)
    ddq listsimu = np.vstack((ddq listsimu,ddq))
    dq = dq + ddq*stept
   dq listsimu = np.vstack((dq listsimu,dq))
    q = q + dq*stept
    q listsimu = np.vstack((q listsimu,q))
#plot the joint traj
plt.figure(figsize=(30,10))
ax1 = plt.subplot(2,3,1)
plt.plot(q list[:,0])
plt.plot(q listsimu[:,0])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint1 angle')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint angle(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint1_drake','joint1_own code'])
ax2 = plt.subplot(2,3,2)
plt.plot(dq list[:,0])
```

```
plt.plot(dg listsimu[:,0])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint1 velocity')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint velocity(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint1 drake','joint1 own code'])
ax3 = plt.subplot(2,3,3)
plt.plot(ddg list[:,0])
plt.plot(ddg listsimu[:,0])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint1 accleration')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint accleration(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint1 drake','joint1 own code'])
ax4 = plt.subplot(2,3,4)
plt.plot(q list[:,1])
plt.plot(q listsimu[:,1])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint2 angle')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint angle(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint2 drake','joint2 own code'])
ax5 = plt.subplot(2,3,5)
plt.plot(dq list[:,1])
plt.plot(dg listsimu[:,1])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint2 velocity')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint velocity(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint2 drake','joint2 own code'])
ax6 = plt.subplot(2,3,6)
plt.plot(ddg list[:,1])
plt.plot(ddq listsimu[:,1])
plt.title('Simulation comparison plot of joint2 accleration')
plt.xlabel('time(ms)')
plt.ylabel('joint accleration(rad)')
plt.legend(labels=['joint2 drake','joint2 own code'])
plt.show()
```

