Homework 1 - R

Tim Dennis 1/8/2017

Due 1/18 - By Start of Class

How to submit your homework:

- 1. Download the r-homework1.R (save as from your browser) script and open in Rstudio
- 2. Rename r-homework1.R to yourlastname_sudentID_r-homework1.R (save as in RStudio)
- 3. Type the answers in the uncommented lines (those without #). Notice, for some lines, we have gotten you started with names of objects.
- 4. Save the script file.
- 5. Upload the file to tritonEd (we are working on getting that set up). Alternately, attach the file and email to timdennis@ucsd.edu by 1/18 before 6:30pm. NOTE: Please use your UCSD email address when sending an email.

Exercise 1: Making Vectors (7.5 points)

Start by making a vector named 'myvector' with the numbers 1 through 26. Create another vector named, 'myvectimestwo' by multiply the vector by 2, and give the resulting vector names A through Z (hint: there is a built in vector called LETTERS)

Exercise 2: Matrix (7.5 points)

- 1. Make a matrix called "mymatrix" containing the numbers 1:50, with 5 columns and 10 rows. Print the matrix out.
- 2. Make the "mymatrix" matrix above fill by row, not by column (its default behaviour). Print out the matrix. (hint: read the documentation for matrix!)

Exercise 3: Data Frame (15 points)

You can create a new data frame right from within R with the following syntax:

Make a data frame that holds the following information for yourself:

- first name
- last name
- lucky number

Column names should be first_name, last_name, & lucky_number Then use rbind to add an entry for someone else in the class or someone you know. Finally, use cbind to add a column named 'coffee' with each person's answer to the question, "Is it time for coffee break?"

Exercise 4: Lists (5 points)

gapminder[,-1:4]

Given the following list:

```
xlist <- list(a = "Software Carpentry", b = 1:10, data = head(iris))</pre>
```

Using your knowledge of both list and vector subsetting, extract the **number 2** from xlist. Hint: the number 2 is contained within the "b" item in the list. Look up how to subset lists from the lecture notes.

Exercise 5: Subsetting gapminder (15 points)

To answer these questions, you will need gapminder data loaded. Below I'll load it from the web. When you run it you should see a 'gapminder' data object in the 'Environment' on the top right of RStudio.

gapminder <- read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/swcarpentry/r-novice-gapminder/gh-pages/ episo</pre>

Fix each of the following common data frame subsetting errors: WRAP the answers in the head() function to reduce the output to the console and log. For example, to get the first three rows and 2-3 columns:

- 1. Extract observations collected for the year 1957
 gapminder[gapminder\$year = 1957,]
- 2. Extract all columns except 1 through to 4
- 3. Extract the rows where the life expectancy is longer the 80 years gapminder[gapminder\$lifeExp > 80]
- 4. Extract the first row, and the fourth and fifth columns (lifeExp and gdpPercap). gapminder[1, 4, 5]
- 5. Advanced: extract rows that contain information for the years 2002 and 2007 gapminder[gapminder\$year == 2002 | 2007,]