### **IS-733 DATA MINING**

Homework-1

**Submitted By:-**

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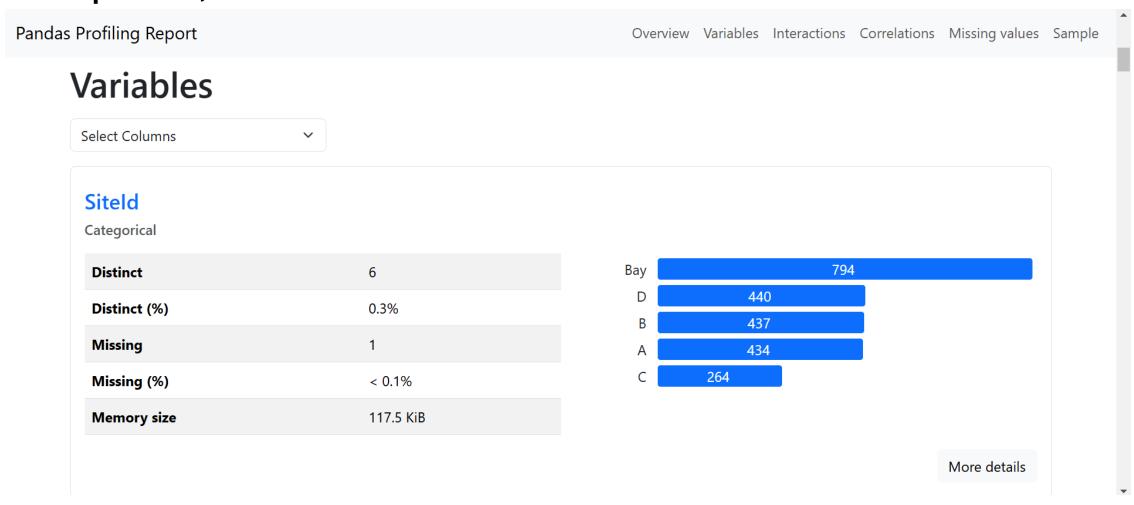
### 1. Create a dataset profile table that gives an overview of the dataset.

- **1 Ans:-** The dataset consists of data related to impurities present in the water, based on which water quality can be measured and analyzed. The dataset contain 2370 rows with 17 different attributes describing the data. By using the data profiling library, we are able to create the dataset profile table as follows;
- a.) Total number of instances/rows 2370
- b.) Total number of features/columns 15
- c.) Statistics about each column are as shown in the figure below of the dataset profile; (Continued on the next slide...)

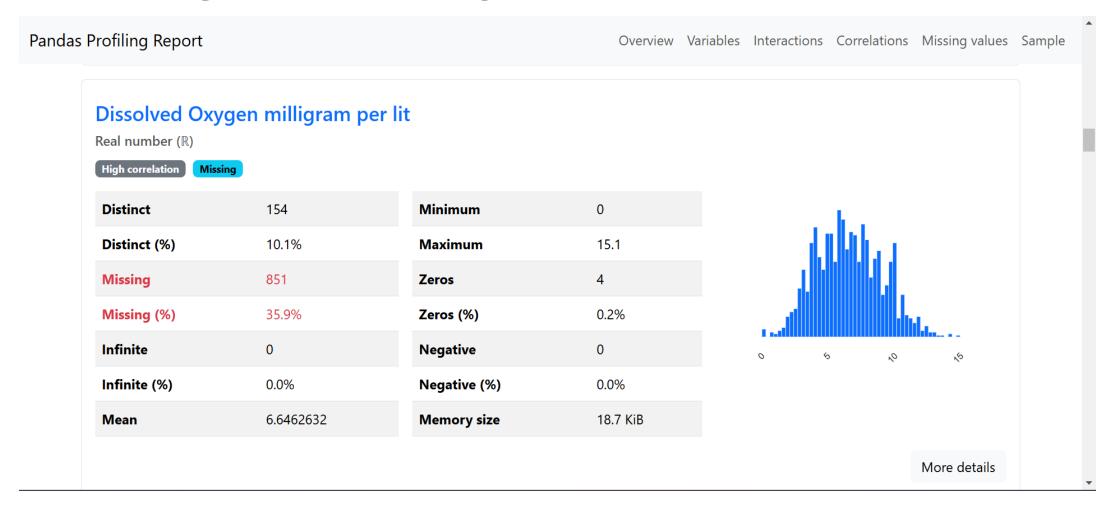
### **Dataset Profile**

as Profiling Report		Overview Variables Interactions Co	orrelations Missing values Samp		
Overview Alerts 26 Reproduction					
Dataset statistics		Variable types			
Number of variables	15	Categorical	5		
Number of observations	2371	DateTime	1		
Missing cells	9981	Numeric	8		
Missing cells (%)	28.1%	Text	1		
Duplicate rows	0				
Duplicate rows (%)	0.0%				
Total size in memory	903.1 KiB				
Average record size in memory	390.0 B				

The statistics for individual attributes are displayed as follows in dataset profile, giving information regarding whether it is numeric or discrete (Categorial), or temporal;



For all the attributes, it calculates the number of distinct values, missing values, and what percentage are missing



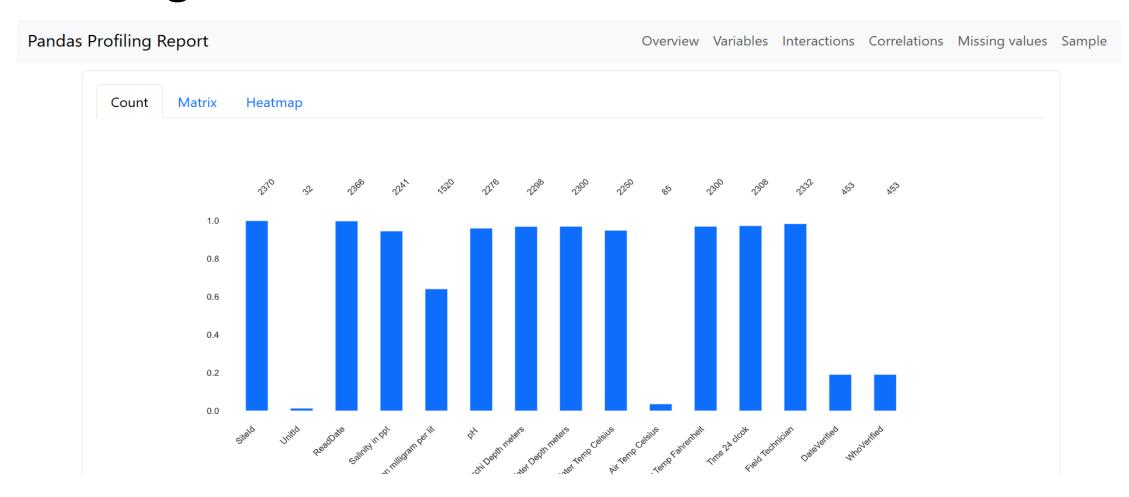
For the numeric attributes, the values of mean, median, and standard deviation are also calculated by using the profiling package ( for example, below one shows statistics of pH attribute);

s Profiling Report		Overview Variables Interactions	Correlations Missing values
Statistics Histogram Common values	Extreme values		
Quantile statistics		Descriptive statistics	
Minimum	0.3	Standard deviation	0.78848516
5-th percentile	6.5	Coefficient of variation (CV)	0.10999747
Q1	6.5	Kurtosis	4.5160324
median	7	Mean	7.1682118
Q3	7.5	Median Absolute Deviation (MAD)	0.5
95-th percentile	8.7	Skewness	0.26965677
Maximum	9.9	Sum	16314.85
Range	9.6	Variance	0.62170884
Interquartile range (IQR)	1	Monotonicity	Not monotonic

### For the discrete attributes, we calculate the number of unique values per attribute, and top three attributes with largest count;

```
Total Number of Unique Values per Attribute:
SiteId: 6 unique values
UnitId: 2 unique values
ReadDate: 801 unique values
Time 24 clcok: 90 unique values
Field Technician: 14 unique values
DateVerified: 44 unique values
WhoVerified: 12 unique values
Top Three Attribute Values with the Largest Count:
SiteId:
SiteId
Bay
       440
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

For each attribute, number of missing values in each column and what is the percentage of missing values is also calculated;

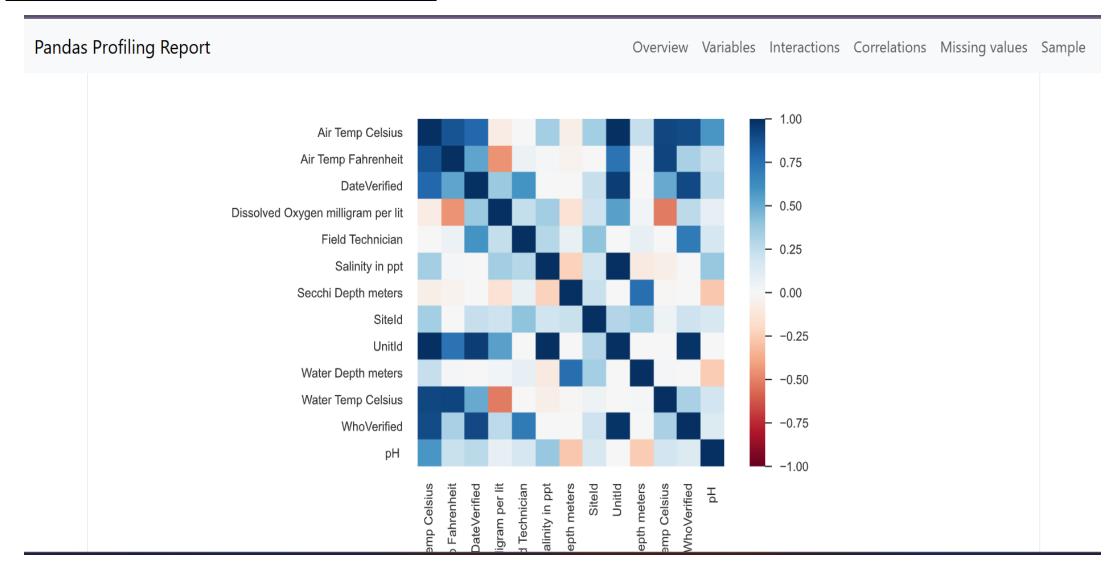


- We even have the interaction plots and correlation plots, to understand the behavior of one attribute with respect to other. This will allow to understand how the attributes are affecting each other.
- We can display the sample data as well, i.e., the first and last few rows, to let user check and relate it to the data as well.

#### Interactions Plot-



### Correlations Plot -



# Sample data displayed in the Dataset Profiling:-

Pandas Profiling Report

Overview Variables Interactions Correlations Missing values Sample

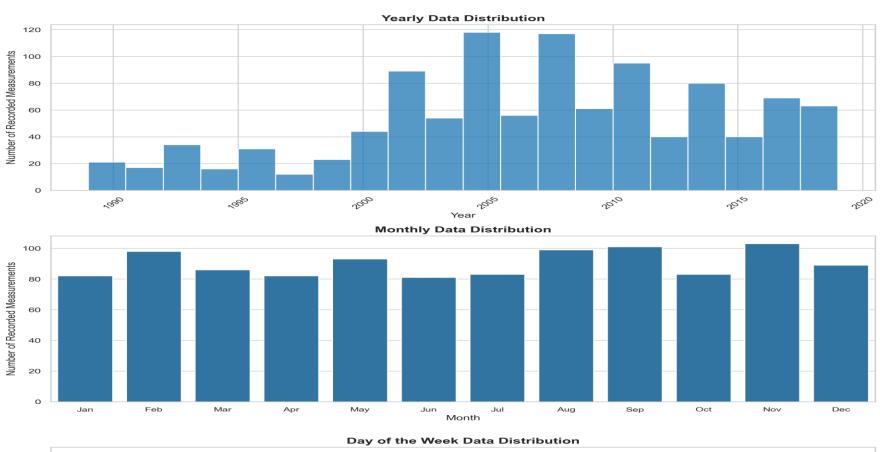
### Sample

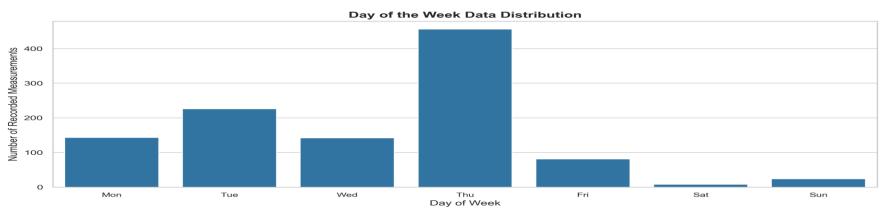
Fi	irst rows	Last rows								
	SiteId	Unitld	ReadDate	Salinity in ppt	Dissolved Oxygen milligram per lit	рН	Secchi Depth meters	Water Depth meters	Water T	
0	Bay	NaN	01-03-1994	1.3	11.7	7.3	0.40	0.40	5.9	
1	Bay	NaN	1/31/1994	1.5	12.0	7.4	0.20	0.35	3.0	
2	Bay	NaN	02-07-1994	1.0	10.5	7.2	0.25	0.60	5.9	
3	Bay	NaN	2/23/1994	1.0	10.1	7.4	0.35	0.50	10.0	
4	Bay	NaN	2/28/1994	1.0	12.6	7.2	0.20	0.40	1.6	
5	Bay	NaN	03-07-1994	1.0	9.9	7.1	0.20	0.90	9.7	
6	Bay	NaN	3/14/1994	0.5	10.4	7.2	0.25	0.75	9.8	

- 2. Generate a series of plots to describe the temporal pattern (year-to-year, monthly, and day-of-week) or other aggregate patterns.
- **2 Ans:-** Temporal patterns generally refers to sequences of events, or trends over time. They give insights into how the data behaves in a time-dependent context. As, out dataset consists of data of water metrics over years, we can draw various plots over years, months, and day of weeks.

The temporal patterns are as shown in the below diagram; (Continued on the next slide..)

### **TEMPORAL PATTERNS OF DATA**





### **Analysis from the Temporal patterns:-**

- From the yearly pattern, there is no much historical data before 1995, but the data is collected in a scheduled pattern from the years about 2000. And the maximum data is collected between the years 2005 to 2010.
- In case on the monthly trends, we could see that data is collected in more numbers during the starting of the year in January month and during the end of the year in November.
- Coming to the case of days of the week, the data collected on Thursday is highest compared to all the other days of week, and very low on weekends.

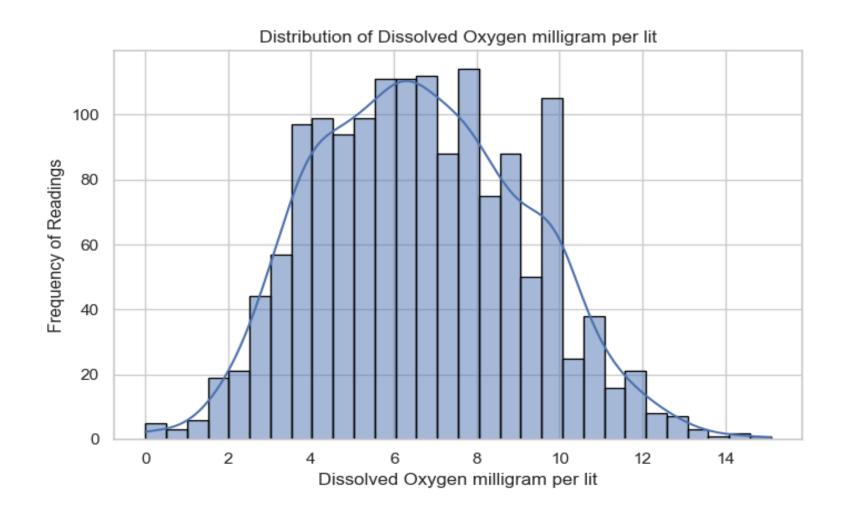
- 3. Generate a plot describing the distribution of your data, think of what machine learning problem could be around.
- **3 Ans:-** The histogram plots below give the distribution of various water quality metrics. On the y-axis the frequency of the readings is taken and on the x-axis the water quality metric. Based on the distribution of data and after analyzing the data, one machine learning problem would be **Analyzing** whether the water quality is good or bad.

Using the metrics, we can draw insights whether the water is good or bad and can conclude whether it can be used or not.

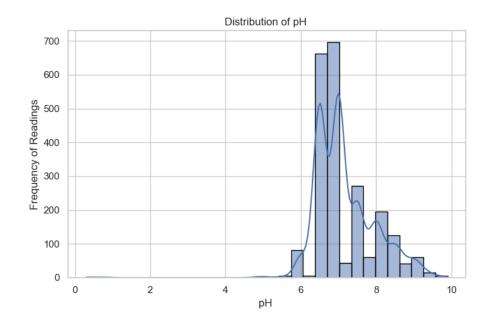
(Continued on next slide ..)

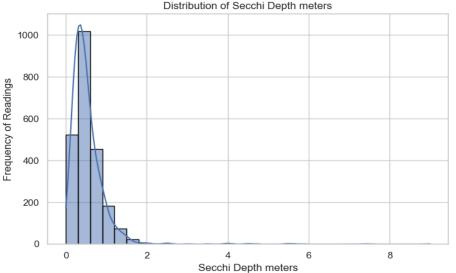
### Distribution of Data for various Metrics:-

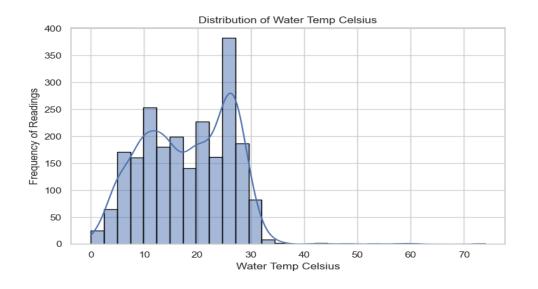
(Below is the plot for Dissolved oxygen)



Similarly, the plots for pH, Secchi Depth, Water temperature are as follows;







# The basic description and information regarding the metrics is as follows;

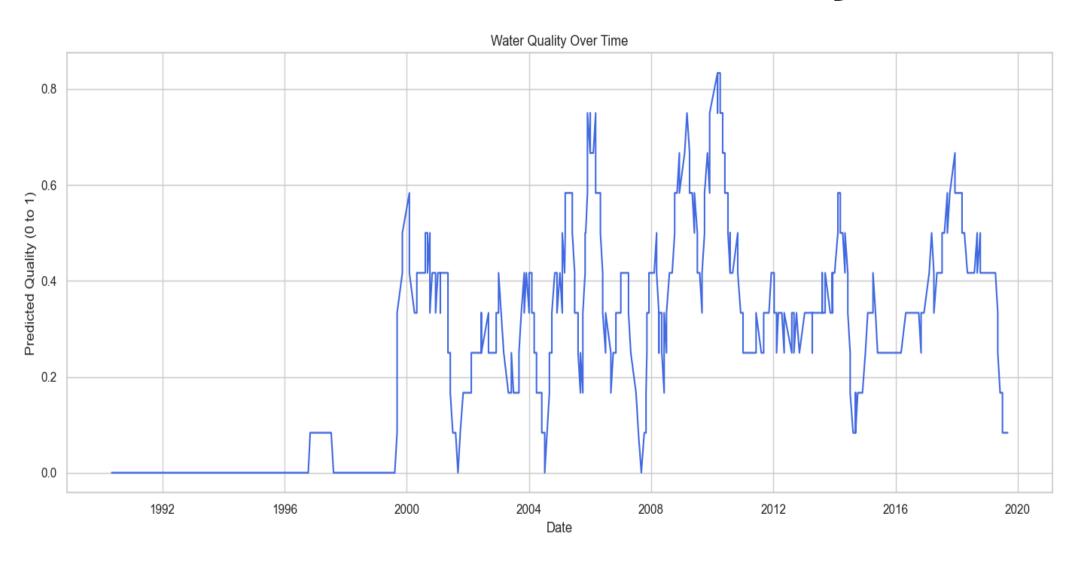
```
RangeIndex: 2371 entries, 0 to 2370
Data columns (total 15 columns):
     Column
                                           Non-Null Count
                                                           Dtype
     SiteId
                                           2370 non-null
                                                           object
 1
     UnitId
                                           32 non-null
                                                            object
     ReadDate
                                           2366 non-null
                                                            object
     Salinity in ppt
                                                            float64
 3
                                           2241 non-null
     Dissolved Oxygen milligram per lit 1520 non-null
                                                            float64
 5
                                           2276 non-null
                                                            float64
 6
    Secchi Depth meters
                                           2298 non-null
                                                            float64
     Water Depth meters
                                           2300 non-null
                                                            float64
     Water Temp Celsius
                                           2250 non-null
                                                            float64
     Air Temp Celsius
                                           85 non-null
                                                            float64
    Air Temp Fahrenheit
                                                            float64
                                           2300 non-null
     Time 24 clcok
                                           2308 non-null
                                                            object
    Field Technician
                                           2332 non-null
                                                           object
    DateVerified
                                           453 non-null
                                                            object
    WhoVerified
                                           453 non-null
                                                           object
dtypes: float64(8), object(7)
memory usage: 278.0+ KB
None
       Salinity in ppt Dissolved Oxygen milligram per lit
                                                                       pН
           2241.000000
                                                 1520.000000
                                                              2276.000000
count
              0.717068
                                                    6.646263
                                                                  7.168212
mean
              1.230819
                                                                  0.788485
std
                                                    2.506608
min
              0.000000
                                                    0.000000
                                                                  0.300000
25%
              0.000000
                                                    4.899999
                                                                  6.500000
50%
              0.000000
                                                    6.500000
                                                                  7.000000
75%
              1.000000
                                                    8.500000
                                                                  7.500000
              9.000000
                                                   15.100000
                                                                  9.988888
max
       Secchi Depth meters
                             Water Depth meters
                                                  Water Temp Celsius
count
               2298.000000
                                    2300.000000
                                                         2250.000000
                  0.524898
                                        0.762559
                                                           18.062138
mean
                                        0.621140
                                                             8.298246
std
                  0.473663
min
                  0.000000
                                       0.010000
                                                             0.000000
25%
                  0.300000
                                       0.400000
                                                            11.000000
50%
                  0.400000
                                       0.650000
                                                            19.000000
75%
                  0.650000
                                       0.950000
                                                            25.000000
                  9.000000
max
                                       12.000000
                                                            74.000000
       Air Temp Celsius Air Temp Fahrenheit
count
              85.000000
                                  2300.000000
mean
              16.437647
                                    62.051637
              11.754138
                                    15.492236
std
               0.000000
                                    10.500000
min
25%
               9.000000
                                    49.000000
50%
              15.000000
                                    63.000000
75%
              21.700000
                                    75.000000
              74.000000
                                    92.300000
max
```

- **4.** Generate a series of plots to illustrate to support your story and make your points clear.
- **4 Ans:-** To show how the water quality is predicted, whether it is good or bad, we can use ML techniques like Random forest to analyze the data and train the model (We are using 80% of the data from the dataset to train the model, and 20% of the data to test the model). Once the model, is trained on the data, it will be able to determine whether water quality is good or bad.

By using the line plot and heat map we understand the water quality. Please find the plots on the next slides to understand the pattern in the data;

(Continued on next slides..)

### **Line Plot of Water Quality**



### Water Quality Correlation Heat Map

- 0.8

- 0.6

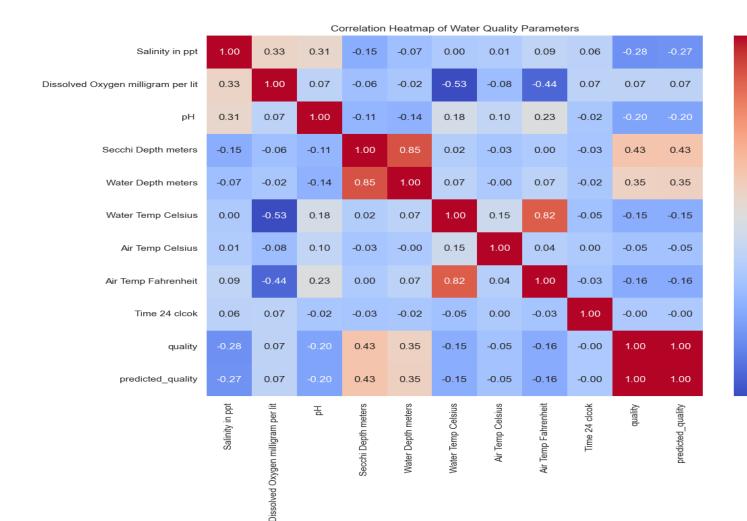
- 0.4

- 0.2

- 0.0

**-** -0.2

− -0.4



### **Insights from Line plot and Heatmap:-**

- The line plot clearly gives the statistics over the years on how the water quality is changing. Based on the metrics, water quality is measured (i.e. 0 indicates Bad or Low Quality, 1 indicates Good or High Quality). During the years, between 2008 and 2012 the water quality improved a lot and was good till 2011, later it got reduced and gradually increased by 2018.
- The correlation Heatmap, gives the information regarding which parameters must be increased, and which must be decreased. The one's with negative values must be reduced to maximum extent to increase the water quality and one's with positive must be increased to maintain or increase the quality of water.
- From the heatmap plot, pH, salinity in water, water temp., air temperature must be reduced, and Dissolved oxygen, Secchi depth, and water depth must be increased to increase water quality.

- 5. Design a dashboard that allows users to explore the data pattern. You may get inspiration from tasks 2-4, but feel free to add insights.
- **5 Ans:-** A Dashboard is created with all the water quality metrics spread over years span, allowing users to explore different patterns of water quality over years. Provided are the options to zoom in and out, download the plot in case if required, reset the axes, Auto scale the plot.

There are options to even highlight the plot to have a closer look at the value at that time instance. This way we can compare overall span with one particular date as required. Below is the dashboard generated;

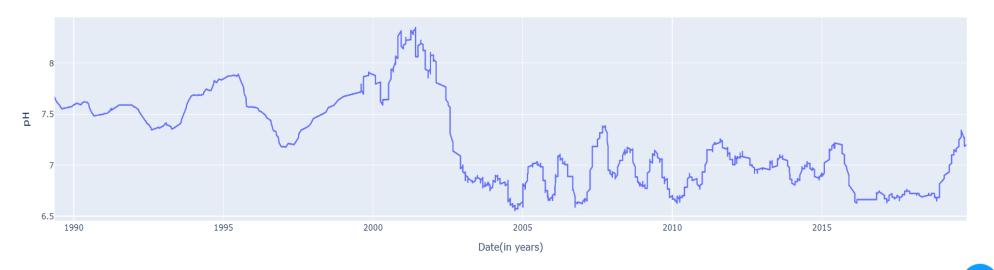
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### **Dashboard showing Data Insights**

#### Water Quality Dashboard

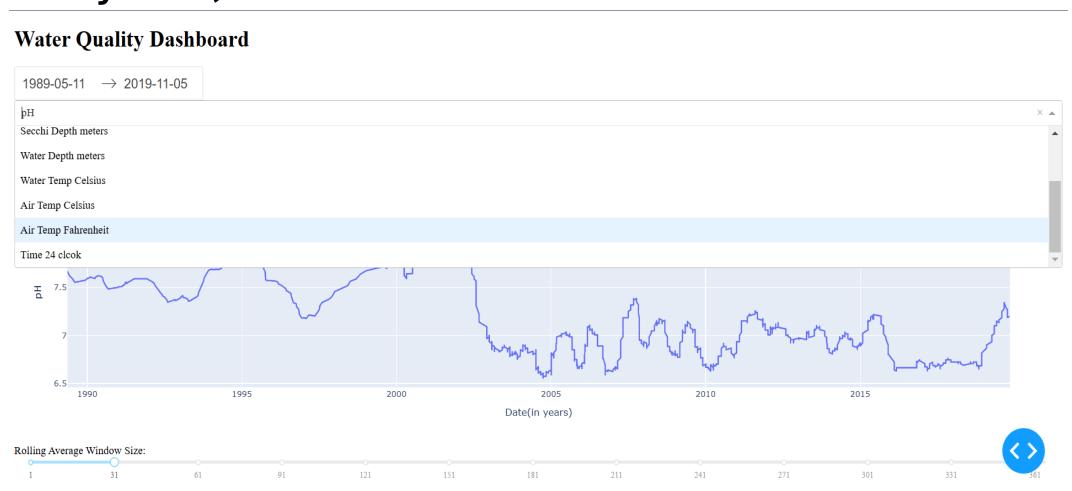
1989-05-11  $\rightarrow$  2019-11-05 pH  $\times$   $\star$ 

pH Over Time

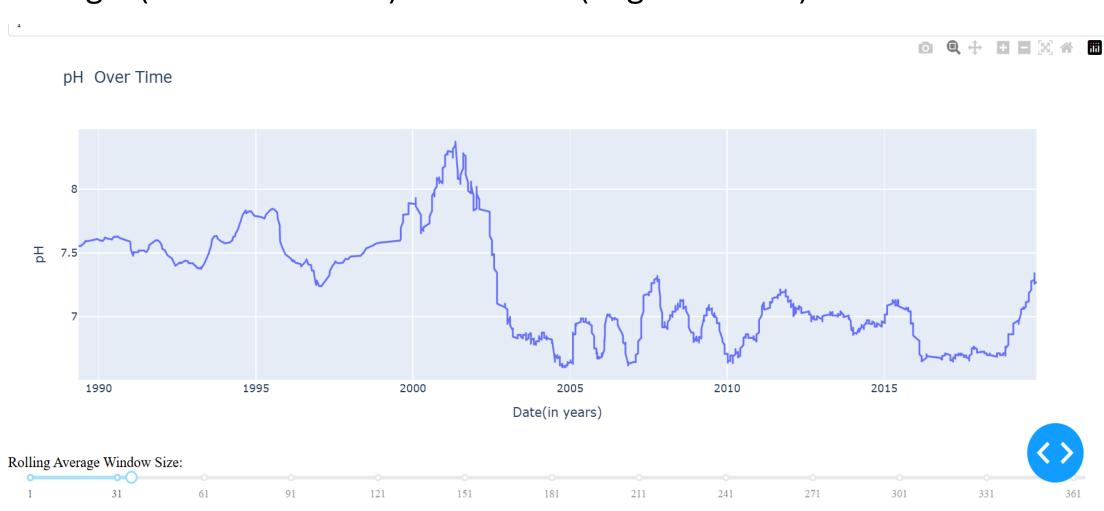




# The Dashboard provides dropdown as well to select various attributes and check their trends over years;



There is even a scaler as "Rolling average window size", which is used to smooth out fluctuations during the small intervals and reduce the noise. This helps to adjust size according the requirement, recent changes (smaller window) and overall (larger window).



### <u>Using of the Dashboard :-</u>

- To view the dashboard, it is necessary for the dash application to run and generate the plot.
- So, need to execute code related to Question-5 to get the server running and dash application running, to generate the dashboard.
- The Dashboard is found at the following address:-

http://127.0.0.1:8050/

(Please run the code before clicking on the link to view the dashboard)

### **Conclusion**

- The water quality is determined over years, and over the years between 2008 to 2011 it has greatly improved, and after that it gradually decreased and maintained steady fluctuations at 0.6-0.8 range (i.e., where water quality is Average) over years of 2018 to 2020.
- The dashboard gives clear understanding on how the attributes are changing over the period of time. Especially Salanity, pH, and Dissolved oxygen which are very much important to determine the water quality.
- One more important point that is understood from the plots is, there is need to increase the dissolved oxygen in water to make it good and deccrease the pH, and salanity of the water.

The Corresponding python code is uploaded to GitHub. Please find it in the below link:-

https://github.com/UB01976/is7332025/blob/main/data-mining-project-repo/02242025\_HW1

The folder consists of the Dataset, Python codes file to generate the plots, Dataset Profile report, and jupyter notebook.

### References:-

Dataset - <a href="https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/water-quality-data-41c5e">https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/water-quality-data-41c5e</a>

 Dataset Landing page -<a href="https://iris.fws.gov/APPS/ServCat/Reference/Profile/117348">https://iris.fws.gov/APPS/ServCat/Reference/Profile/117348</a>