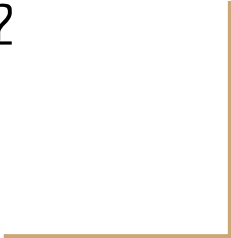


Programming, Problem Solving, and Algorithms

CPSC203, 2021 W2



Announcements

- **Test 2 is this week**
- **Lab3 is this week**
 - It's about DataClasses!
- **Problem of the Week 3 is due this week (extended from last week)**
 - Assigned Pandas videos from Thursday should help!
- **Problem of the Week 4 is also due this week**
 - Dataclasses practice

Today's Plan...

1. Announcements! (5 mins)
2. Review/Questions (10 mins)
3. Billboard 100 Demo (65 mins)

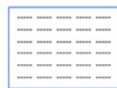


Slides from the Assigned Videos



103 to 203

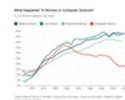
Typical Introductory Data Flow:



.csv file

```
if pivot != right:
    array[right], array[pivot] = ar
    return partition_right(array, left,
def partition_right(array, left, right,
    pivot = array[right]
    mid = left
```

Python problem
solution using
simple data types
and elementary list
iteration.



Matplotlib bar or
line graph or other
summative output
illustrating results
of computation.

CPSC103++ Data Flow:



Diverse data
sources

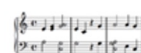
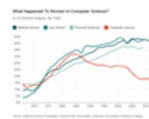
```
23 if pivot != right:
24     array[right], array[pivot] = ar
25     return partition_right(array, left,
26
27 def partition_right(array, left, right,
28     pivot = array[right]
29     mid = left
```

```
23 if pivot != right:
24     array[right], array[pivot] = ar
25     return partition_right(array, left,
26
27 def partition_right(array, left, right,
28     pivot = array[right]
29     mid = left
```

data synthesis

```
23 if pivot != right:
24     array[right], array[pivot] = ar
25     return partition_right(array, left,
26
27 def partition_right(array, left, right,
28     pivot = array[right]
29     mid = left
```

Analysis and data
assembly

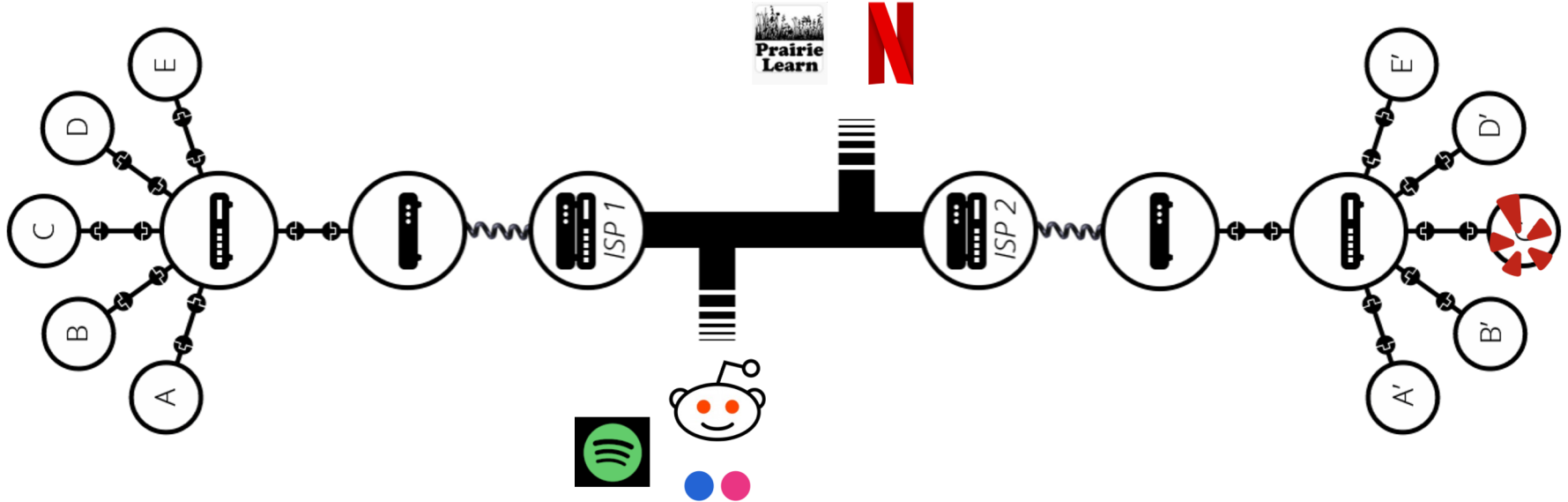


mpg	hp	wt
18.700	123.800	3.125
20.091	146.600	3.217
1.055	12.120	0.173
2.173	24.720	0.153
34.134	480.007	0.157
6.827	68.563	0.978
0.300	0.497	0.104



Diverse outputs

The internet...



Billboard Hot 100...

Navigate to <https://www.billboard.com/charts/hot-100>

What happens to the URL if you load a past week? _____

What happens to the page if you substitute a different date into the URL?

Write one question you would like to ask of this data: _____

Anatomy of html...

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html><head><title>The Dormouse's story</title></head>
```

```
<body><p class="title"><b>The Dormouse's story</b></p>
```

```
<p class="story">Once upon a time there were two little sisters.  
Their names were <a href="http://example.com/elsie" class="sister"  
id="link1">Elsie</a>, and <a href="http://example.com/lacie"  
class="sister" id="link2">Lacie</a>, and they lived at the bottom of  
a well.</p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```


Billboard Hot 100... page source

```
<div class="chart-list-item piano-content-overlay__gated-item" data-rank="49" data-artist="Taylor Swift" data-title="Lover" data-has-content="true"> <div
class="chart-list-item__first-row chart-list-item__cursor-pointer"> <div class="chart-list-item__position chart-list-item__position--centered"> <div
class="chart-list-item__rank "> 49 </div> <div class="chart-list-item__award"> </div> </div> <div class="chart-list-item__image-wrapper"> <div class="chart-list-item__trend-icon">
src="https://assets.billboard.com/assets/1568911107/images/charts/arrow-down.svg?df89925e3b37f64521bd"
srcset="https://assets.billboard.com/assets/1568911107/images/charts/arrow-down-mobile.svg?df89925e3b37f64521bd 30w,
https://assets.billboard.com/assets/1568911107/images/charts/arrow-down.svg?df89925e3b37f64521bd 38w" sizes="(min-width: 768px) 38px,
30px"></div>

</div>

<div class="chart-list-item__text-wrapper"> <div class="chart-list-item__text "> <div class="chart-list-item__title">
<span class="chart-list-item__title-text">
Lover
```

WEEKS ON CHART

Beautiful Soup

Reads the html source into a data structure that's easy to query!

<https://www.crummy.com/software/BeautifulSoup/bs4/doc/>

```
html = simple_get("https://www.billboard.com/charts/hot-100" + '/' + date)
mydivs = html.findAll("div", {"class": "chart-list-item"}) // all the data is here!!

for div in mydivs:
    s = Song(div.attrs['data-title'], div.attrs['data-artist'], int(div.attrs['data-rank']))
```

Still too messy for us! Remedy? <https://github.com/guoguo12/billboard-charts>

demo...

Some challenges...

Given last week's chart,

- 1) How many new songs were there?
 - 2) What's the average peak?
 - 3) Among those who were on the list for more than 10wk, what's the average peak? (is it very different than the previous answer?)
 - 4) Which song changed the most? Was it rising or falling?
 - 5) Write and answer your own question:
-

Some challenges...

Given last week's chart,

How many new songs were there?

[illegible]

Some challenges...

Given last week's chart,

What's the average peak?

[illegible]

Some challenges...

Given last week's chart,

Among those who were on the list for more than 10wk, what's the average peak? (is it very different than the previous answer?)

[illegible]

Some challenges...

Given last week's chart,

Which song moved the most? Did it rise or fall?

[illegible]

Some challenges...

Given last week's chart,

Write and answer your own question:

[illegible]

ToDo for next class...

POTD: Continue every weekday! Submit to PL.

References:

https://pandas.pydata.org/Pandas_Cheat_Sheet.pdf

<https://www.crummy.com/software/BeautifulSoup/bs4/doc/>