DSCI 525 - Web and Cloud Computing

Milestone 2: Your team is planning to migrate to the cloud. AWS gave 400(100 each) to your team to support this. As part of this initiative, your team needs to set up a server in the cloud, a collaborative environment for your team, and later move your data to the cloud. After that, your team can wrangle the data in preparation for machine learning.

Milestone 2 checklist

You will have mainly 2 tasks. Here is the checklist...

- Task 1: To set up a collaborative environment
 - Setup your EC2 instance with JupyterHub.
 - Install all necessary things needed in your UNIX server (Amazon EC2 instance).
 - Set up your S3 bucket.
 - Move the data that you wrangled in your last milestone to S3.
- Task 2: Wrangle the data in preparation for machine learning
 - Get the data from S3 in your notebook and make data ready for machine learning.

Everything in this milestone is to be completed in sequential order. But if you want to divide the tasks, you can ask a team member to work on Task 2 (4. Get the data that we wrangled in our first milestone. and 6. Wrangle the data in preparation for machine learning) locally on their laptop while the other members set up the infrastructure (EC2, S3) and TLJH in the cloud. This way, you can move quick.

Outside of Milestone: I strongly recommend you spin up your own instance and experiment with the s3 bucket in doing something (there are many things that we learned and practical work from video series) to get comfortable with AWS. But we won't be looking at it for a grading purpose.

Keep in mind:

- All services you use are in region us-west-2.
- Don't store anything in these servers or storage that represents your identity as a student (like your student ID number) .
- Use only default VPC and subnet.
- No IP addresses are visible when you provide the screenshot.
- You do proper budgeting so that you don't run out of credits.

- We want one single notebook for grading, and it's up to your discretion on how you do
 it. *So only one person in your group needs to spin up instance and a t2.large
 is of decent size.*
- Please stop the instance when not in use. This can save you some bucks, but it's again up to you and how you budget your money. Maybe stop it if you or your team won't use it for the next 5 hours?
- Your AWS lab will shut down after 4 hours (also your services). When you start it again (after it is stopped), your AWS credentials (*access key,secret, and session token*) will change, and you want to update your credentials file with the new one.
- If you don't want your lab to shut down, click on the start lab again before 4 hours ends. This will fill up your time to 4 hours.
- Say something went wrong and you want to spin up another EC2 instance, then it will be good to terminate the previous one.
- We will be choosing the storage to be **Delete on Termination** (that is the default option), which means that stored data in your instance will be lost upon termination.

 Make sure you save any data to S3 and download the notebooks to your laptop so that next time you have your jupyterHub in a different instance, you can upload your notebook there.
- Wherever I ask for screenshots, you can provide the screenshot location in your GitHub.

NOTE: Everything you want for this notebook is discussed in lecture 3 and lecture 4. So you can follow the same order of things shown in lecture 4. You can also refer to the videos

linked in each section under image to see a demo on how to do it. In addition, I will put a link to the lecture note section that applies to each question in this milestone so that you don't get lost.

1. Setup your EC2 instance

- Name of the instance to be <code>mds-your_groupnumber</code> . For example if my group is 14 I would name it <code>mds-14</code> .
- AMI to be Ubuntu server 22.04 LTS (HVM).
- Instance type to be t2.large.
- Architecture to be 64-bit(x86).
- Storage to be 30 GB.
- Make sure you install TLJH in your instance, by giving instructions in User Data.

Check this section in lecture notes for more details on setting up EC2 instance with TLJH.

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Please provide here the GitHub path to your screenshot for grading.



2. Setup the server

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- 2.1) Add your team members to EC2 instance.
- 2.2) Setup a common data folder to download data, and this folder should be accessible by all users in the JupyterHub.
- 2.3) Install and configure AWS CLI.
 - Check following sections in lecture notes for more details;
 - Logging into EC2s
 - Setting up a common space in EC2
 - AWS CLI

Please provide here the GitHub path to your screenshot for grading.

Make sure you mask the IP address refer here.



3. Setup your JupyterHub

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Please provide here the GitHub path to your screenshot for grading.

I want to see all the group members here in this screenshot



Check this section in lecture notes for more details on setting up jupyterHub.

4. Get the data what we wrangled in our first milestone.

You have to install the packages that are needed. Refer this TLJH document.Refer pip section.

Don't forget to add option -E. This way, all packages that you install will be available to other users in your JupyterHub. These packages you must install and install other packages needed for your wrangling.

```
sudo -E pip install pandas
sudo -E pip install pyarrow
sudo -E pip install s3fs
```

Check this section in lecture notes for more details on installing packages in TLJH.

As in the last milestone, we looked at transferring the data from Python to R, and we have different solutions. To stay consistent, I uploaded the parquet file (which I combined and converted in the last milestone), which we can use moving forward. Here in this section, I am getting that file using API; (the section is prepopulated for you)

Remember, from now on, we are going to run this notebook in the TLJH that is set up from previous steps. You can upload your notebook there using the upload button in jupyter. After that, you are going to run the following code to get the data downloaded to your EC2 instance and then you move to guestions 5 and 6.

```
In [1]: import re
    import os
    import glob
    import zipfile
    import requests
    from urllib.request import urlretrieve
    import json
    import pandas as pd
```

Remember here we gave the folder that we created in Step 2.2 as we made it available for all the users in a group.

```
In []: # DO NOT RUN this block

# # Necessary metadata
# article_id = 14226968 # this is the unique identifier of the article on f
# url = f"https://api.figshare.com/v2/articles/{article_id}"
# headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
# output_directory = "/srv/data/"

# response = requests.request("GET", url, headers=headers)
# data = json.loads(response.text) # this contains all the articles data, f
# files = data["files"] # this is just the data about the files,
# files_to_dl = ["combined_model_data_parti.parquet.zip"] ## Please downloa
# for file in files:
# if file["name"] in files_to_dl:
# os.makedirs(output_directory, exist_ok=True)
```

```
# urlretrieve(file["download_url"], output_directory + file["name"])
#
# with zipfile.ZipFile(os.path.join(output_directory, "combined_model_data_r
# f.extractall(output_directory)
```

5. Setup your S3 bucket and move data

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Check this section in lecture notes for more details on setting up S3 bucket and *making it public*.

- 5.1) Create a bucket and name should be mds-s3-groupnumber-studentname. Replace groupnumber with your "group number", and studentname with your "student name". For example, if my group is 14 and my name is "Gittu George", then I would name it "mds-s3-14-gittu". (Note: For the purpose of this milestone only one student need to create this.)
- 5.2) Create your first folder called "output".
- 5.3) Move the "observed_daily_rainfall_SYD.csv" file from the Milestone1 data folder to your s3 bucket from your local computer.
- 5.4) Moving the parquet file we downloaded(combined_model_data_parti.parquet) in step 4 to S3 using the cli what we installed in step 2.3.
 - Check this section in lecture notes for more details on moving data to S3.

Please provide here the GitHub path to your screenshot for grading.

Make sure it has 3 objects and see red public symbol in your bucket.



6. Wrangle the data in preparation for machine learning

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IMPORTANT: Don't forget to deal with the credentials before you start this section. Check details in lecture notes here

Check this section in lecture notes for more details on how to read data from S3.

Our data currently covers all of NSW, but say that our client wants us to create a machine learning model to predict rainfall over Sydney only. There's a bit of wrangling that needs to be done for that:

- 1. We need to query our data for only the rows that contain information covering Sydney
- 2. We need to wrangle our data into a format suitable for training a machine learning model. That will require pivoting, resampling, grouping, etc.

To train an ML algorithm we need it to look like this:

	model-1_rainfall	model-2_rainfall	model-3_rainfall	 observed_rainfall
0	0.12	0.43	0.35	 0.31
1	1.22	0.91	1.68	 1.34
2	0.68	0.29	0.41	 0.57

- 6.1) Get the data from s3 (combined_model_data_parti.parquet and observed_daily_rainfall_SYD.csv)
- 6.2) First query for Sydney data and then drop the lat and lon columns (we don't need them).

$$syd_{at} = -33.86$$

 $syd_{at} = 151.21$

Expected shape (1150049, 2).

6.3) Save this processed file to s3 for later use:

Save as a csv file ml_data_SYD.csv to s3://mds-s3-xxx/output/ expected shape (46020,26) - This includes all the models as columns and also adding additional column Observed loaded from observed daily rainfall SYD.csv from s3.

Set constant and read files

```
In [2]: os.environ["AWS_SHARED_CREDENTIALS_FILE"] = "/srv/keys/credentials"
In [3]: models_url = 's3://mds-s3-15-lennon/combined_model_data_parti.parquet'
    observed_url = 's3://mds-s3-15-lennon/observed_daily_rainfall_SYD.csv'
    output_url = 's3://mds-s3-15-lennon/output/ml_data_SYD.csv'
In [4]: df_models = pd.read_parquet(models_url)
    df_observed = pd.read_csv(observed_url)
In [5]: df_models.head()
```

```
time lat_min lat_max lon_min lon_max rain (mm/day)
                                                                                   model
 Out[5]:
          0 1889-01-01 12:00:00
                                -36.25
                                         -35.0
                                               140.625
                                                          142.5 3.293256e-13 ACCESS-CM2
          1 1889-01-02 12:00:00
                                -36.25
                                         -35.0 140.625
                                                          142.5 0.000000e+00 ACCESS-CM2
          2 1889-01-03 12:00:00
                                -36.25
                                         -35.0
                                               140.625
                                                          142.5 0.000000e+00 ACCESS-CM2
          3 1889-01-04 12:00:00
                                -36.25
                                               140.625
                                                                0.000000e+00 ACCESS-CM2
                                         -35.0
                                                          142.5
          4 1889-01-05 12:00:00
                                         -35.0 140.625
                                                          142.5
                                                                1.047658e-02 ACCESS-CM2
                                -36.25
 In [6]: df models.shape
 Out[6]: (62513863, 7)
          Filter by coordinates and set index
 In [7]: syd lat = -33.86
          syd lon = 151.21
          df models syd = df models.query('lat min <= @syd lat & lat max >= @syd lat &
          df models syd = df models syd.drop(['lat min', 'lat max', 'lon min', 'lon ma
          df models syd.head()
                                                       model
                              time
                                   rain (mm/day)
 Out[7]:
          552240 1889-01-01 12:00:00
                                        0.040427 ACCESS-CM2
          552241 1889-01-02 12:00:00
                                        0.073777 ACCESS-CM2
          552242 1889-01-03 12:00:00
                                        0.232656 ACCESS-CM2
          552243 1889-01-04 12:00:00
                                        0.911319 ACCESS-CM2
          552244 1889-01-05 12:00:00
                                        0.698013 ACCESS-CM2
In [11]: df models syd = df models syd.set index('time')
In [13]: df models syd.head()
                            rain (mm/day)
                                                model
Out[13]:
                       time
          1889-01-01 12:00:00
                                0.040427 ACCESS-CM2
```

0.073777 ACCESS-CM2

0.232656 ACCESS-CM2 0.911319 ACCESS-CM2

0.698013 ACCESS-CM2

1889-01-02 12:00:00

1889-01-03 12:00:00

1889-01-04 12:00:00

1889-01-05 12:00:00

Pivot by Model and Resample

```
In [22]:
           df models pivot = df models syd.pivot(columns='model', values='rain (mm/day)
           df_models_daily = df_models_pivot.resample('1D').sum()
In [36]:
In [37]:
           df models daily.head()
Out[37]:
                   ACCESS-
                             ACCESS-
                                                    BCC-CSM2-
                                                                     BCC-
                                                                                       CMCC-CM2-
                                       AWI-ESM-
                                                                              CMCC-
                                                                                                     C
           model
                       CM<sub>2</sub>
                               ESM1-5
                                          1-1-LR
                                                           MR
                                                                     ESM1
                                                                            CM2-HR4
                                                                                              SR5
             time
            1889-
                                                                1.107466e-
                   0.040427
                              1.814552
                                       35.579336
                                                  4.268112e+00
                                                                           11.410537
                                                                                      3.322009e-08
                                                                                                    2.6
            01-01
                                                                       03
            1889-
                                                                1.015323e-
                   0.073777
                              0.303965
                                         4.596520
                                                  1.190141e+00
                                                                            4.014984
                                                                                      1.312700e+00
            01-02
            1889-
                                                                1.760345e-
                   0.232656
                                                   1.003845e-09
                              0.019976
                                         5.927467
                                                                            9.660565
                                                                                      9.103720e+00
                                                                                                    0.4
            01-03
            1889-
                                                                1.808932e-
                             13.623777
                                        8.029624
                                                   8.225225e-02
                    0.911319
                                                                            3.951528
                                                                                      1.317160e+01
                                                                                                    0.3
            01-04
                                                                       01
            1889-
                                                                4.708019e-
                   0.698013
                              0.021048
                                         2.132686
                                                  2.496841e+00
                                                                            2.766362 1.822940e+01 0.3
            01-05
          5 rows × 25 columns
           df models daily shape
In [35]:
```

Set time index for observed data

Out[35]: (46020, 25)

```
In [18]: df_observed['time'] = pd.to_datetime(df_observed['time'])
    df_observed = df_observed.set_index('time')
    df_observed.head()
```

time 1889-01-01 0.006612 1889-01-02 0.090422 1889-01-03 1.401452 1889-01-04 14.869798 1889-01-05 0.467628

In [34]: df_observed.shape

Out[34]: (46020, 1)

Merge models and observed together

In [38]:	<pre>df_merged = pd.merge(df_models_daily, df_observed, left_index=True, right_ir</pre>											
In [42]:	<pre>df_final = df_merged.rename(columns={'rain (mm/day)' : 'observed'})</pre>											
In [48]:	<pre>df_final.head()</pre>											
Out[48]:		ACCESS- CM2	ACCESS- ESM1-5	AWI-ESM- 1-1-LR	BCC-CSM2- MR	BCC- ESM1	CMCC- CM2-HR4	CMCC-CM2- SR5	CI E			
	time											
	1889- 01-01	0.040427	1.814552	35.579336	4.268112e+00	1.107466e- 03	11.410537	3.322009e-08	2.66			
	1889- 01-02	0.073777	0.303965	4.596520	1.190141e+00	1.015323e- 04	4.014984	1.312700e+00	0.94			
	1889- 01-03	0.232656	0.019976	5.927467	1.003845e-09	1.760345e- 05	9.660565	9.103720e+00	0.43			
	1889- 01-04	0.911319	13.623777	8.029624	8.225225e-02	1.808932e- 01	3.951528	1.317160e+01	0.36			
	1889- 01-05	0.698013	0.021048	2.132686	2.496841e+00	4.708019e- 09	2.766362	1.822940e+01	0.33			

5 rows × 26 columns

In [50]: df_final.shape

Out[50]: (46020, 26)

Write result to S3

In [52]:	<pre>df_final.to_csv(output_url)</pre>										
In [53]:	<pre>validate_df = pd.read_csv(output_url, index_col='time', parse_dates=['time']</pre>										
In [54]:	valid	ate_df.he									
Out[54]:		ACCESS- CM2	ACCESS- ESM1-5	AWI-ESM- 1-1-LR	BCC-CSM2- MR	BCC- ESM1	CMCC- CM2-HR4	CMCC-CM2- SR5	CI E		
	time										
	1889- 01-01	0.040427	1.814552	35.579336	4.268112e+00	1.107466e- 03	11.410537	3.322009e-08	2.66		
	1889- 01-02	0.073777	0.303965	4.596520	1.190141e+00	1.015323e- 04	4.014984	1.312700e+00	0.94		
	1889- 01-03	0.232656	0.019976	5.927467	1.003845e-09	1.760345e- 05	9.660565	9.103720e+00	0.43		
	1889- 01-04	0.911319	13.623777	8.029624	8.225225e-02	1.808932e- 01	3.951528	1.317160e+01	0.36		
	1889- 01-05	0.698013	0.021048	2.132686	2.496841e+00	4.708019e- 09	2.766362	1.822940e+01	0.33		

5 rows × 26 columns