

# Bank Marketing Customer Findings

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## Background

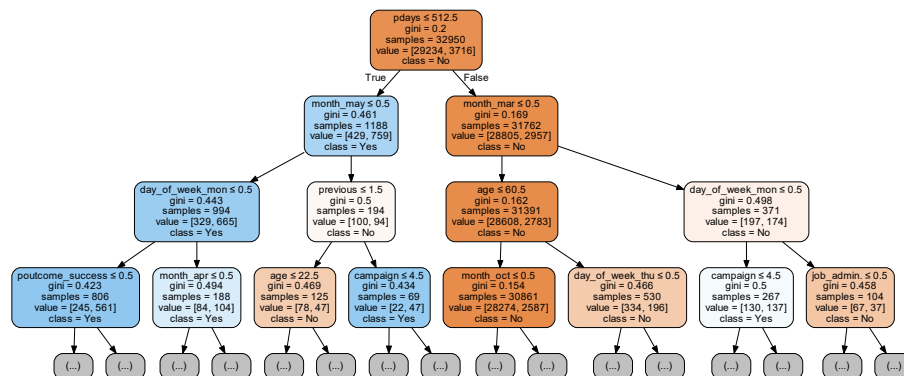
- Goal - In this project, we aim to develop a predictive model that tells us whether or not the existing customer will sign up for a new term deposit through a telemarketing campaign. With this goal in mind, we have decided to anchor the project development based on the following question:

*Will an existing bank customer subscribe to a new term deposit through a direct marketing campaign?*

- **Data** - The dataset was generated by a telemarketing campaign run by a Portuguese bank. The campaign aimed to encourage the bank's existing customers to sign up for a new term deposit. The dataset contains approximately 45,000 observations with both quantitative and qualitative data on 20 attributes. 15 of the attributes are demographic and bank-related behavioural information, while the remaining attributes are macroeconomic indexes recorded at the time of data collection. Finally, the dataset includes the final result of the campaign that indicates the successful sign-ups.
- **Scope**- The scope of the project is to focus on studying the personal and direct attributes of the existing customers. The macroeconomic attributes are the external factors that are not considered at this point of our study.

## Analysis

## Part 1 - Decision Tree Tree



The dependent variable is the **sign-up** variable, which has two

While running Cross Validation on the Decision Tree Classifier, the result suggests that the maximum depth of 1 gives the highest model score. In order to expand the tree, we decided to pick the next best score which is the depth of 6 for the full tree.

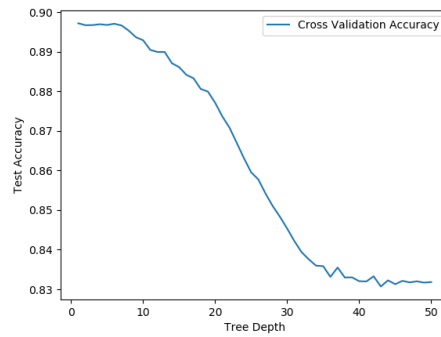


Figure 1: Cross Validation Score

## Results

### Feature Selection

The features the model selected as the most important, determined by the Gini Importance, are seen in the table below. An interesting observation about these features is that all of them, besides age, are related to the timing of the call from the marketing campaign.

Feature	Feature-Importance
pdays	0.5636819
month_mar	0.0861684
age	0.0813169
month_jun	0.0657078
month_oct	0.0553642
contact_telephone	0.0435281
campaign	0.0137863
month_may	0.0089738
day_of_week_mon	0.0080626
month_apr	0.0080469

### Model Accuracy

The accuracy of the final model produced, after cross validation to select the max depth hyperparameter value, on the test data is seen below:

X1	X2
Test Accuracy	0.8968196

## Drawbacks and challenges

- Exploratory data analysis presentation - There are 15 qualitative and quantitative variables in the dataset, and each qualitative variable has its subcategories; hence, it is challenging to bring all of the relevant variables together into one graph which could be helpful to explore the interdependence between the variables visually.
- Decision Tree Classifier - \*pdays - this variable contains numeric values that indicate the number of days, but it also includes '999', not as a numeric but a categorical value, to indicate that the customer was not previously contacted. This variable has the largest difference between the 'yes' and 'no' group within the target variable, so the tree chose this variable to begin the split. We believe that this may potentially distort the effectiveness of the tree.