Importance of open source

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Overview

This script creates bar plots of the perceived importance of open source for different job categories and different tasks.

Import packages and utilities

```
project_root <- here::here() # requires that you be somewhere in the
# project directory (not above it)
# packages
suppressMessages(source(file.path(project_root, "scripts/packages.R")))
# functions and objects used across scripts
suppressMessages(source(file.path(project_root, "scripts/utils.R")))</pre>
```

Load data

```
data <- load_qualtrics_data("deidentified_no_qual.tsv")</pre>
```

Wrangle data

Let's extract the columns we care about.

```
importance_and_job <- data %>%
   select(
    starts_with("importance_opensrc") | starts_with("job_category")
   )
head(importance_and_job)
```

```
importance_opensrc_1 importance_opensrc_2 importance_opensrc_3
1
                             Very important
                                                   Very important
        Very important
2
        Very important Moderately important
                                                         Important
3
        Very important
                             Very important
                                                   Very important
4
        Very important
                         Slightly important
                                                         Important
5
        Very important
                                                   Very important
                                   Important
6
        Very important
                             Non-applicable
                                                         Important
  importance_opensrc_4 importance_opensrc_5
1
        Very important
                              Very important
2
             Important
                             Non-applicable
        Very important
3
                             Non-applicable
4
                             Non-applicable
             Important
5
        Very important
                             Non-applicable
6
             Important
                             Non-applicable
                                                                   job_category
1
                                                                        Faculty
2
                                                                       Post-Doc
3 Other research staff (e.g., research scientist, research software engineer)
4
                                                                        Faculty
5
                                                                        Faculty
6 Other research staff (e.g., research scientist, research software engineer)
```

Let's reshape the data from wide to long format.

```
long_data <- importance_and_job %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = starts_with("importance_opensrc"),
    names_to = "importance_area",
    values_to = "importance_level"
)

long_data <- long_data %>%
  mutate(
  importance_area = recode(
  importance_area,
```

```
"importance_opensrc_1" = "Research",
    "importance_opensrc_2" = "Teaching",
    "importance_opensrc_3" = "Learning",
    "importance_opensrc_4" = "Professional Development",
    "importance_opensrc_5" = "Job"
    )
    )
long_data
```

```
# A tibble: 1,660 x 3
  job_category importance_area
                                          importance_level
   <chr>
                <chr>
                                          <chr>
1 Faculty
                Research
                                          Very important
2 Faculty
                Teaching
                                          Very important
3 Faculty
                Learning
                                          Very important
4 Faculty
                Professional Development Very important
5 Faculty
                Job
                                          Very important
6 Post-Doc
                Research
                                          Very important
7 Post-Doc
                Teaching
                                          Moderately important
8 Post-Doc
                                          Important
                Learning
9 Post-Doc
                Professional Development Important
10 Post-Doc
                Job
                                          Non-applicable
# i 1,650 more rows
```

STOP!!! At this point, I manually compared this data frame to the results table in Qualtrics to make sure the columns (e.g. importance_opensrc_1) correspond to the options I expect (e.g. "Research"). I had to use peoples' email addresses to make sure I was comparing the same rows in each table. I assumed that the variables were ordered by their order on the survey, but you never know. In this case, my assumption was correct. I've commented out the code for this because it only needed to be done once.

```
# pii <- load_qualtrics_data("pii.tsv")
# emails <- pii %>%
# select(starts_with("stay_in_touch_email"))

# t <- cbind(emails, importance_and_job)
# subset(t, startsWith(stay_in_touch_email, "PERSONNAMEHERE"))</pre>
```

Back to data wrangling.

Here, I removed all rows that contain an empty string in any column. Since both questions were mandatory, I'm actually only removing people who never saw the demographic questions:

people who are not affiliated with UC (2) + people who are neither past nor future open source contributors (36). (2+36)*5 importance areas = 190 rows removed.

```
dim(long_data)
```

[1] 1660 3

```
long_data <- long_data %>%
  filter(!if_any(everything(), ~ . == ""))
dim(long_data)
```

[1] 1470 3

Shorten this one long category name. ("Other research staff (e.g., research scientist, research software engineer)")

```
long_data$job_category <- gsub(
    "^Other.*",
    "Research Staff",
    long_data$job_category
)</pre>
```

Reorder factor levels.

```
long_data$importance_level <- factor(
  long_data$importance_level,
  levels = c(
    "Very important",
    "Important",
    "Moderately important",
    "Slightly important",
    "Not at all important",
    "Non-applicable"
  ),
   ordered = TRUE
)
long_data</pre>
```

```
# A tibble: 1,470 \times 3
   job_category importance_area
                                          importance_level
   <chr>
                <chr>>
                                          <ord>
 1 Faculty
                                          Very important
                Research
2 Faculty
                Teaching
                                          Very important
3 Faculty
                                          Very important
                Learning
4 Faculty
                Professional Development Very important
5 Faculty
                Job
                                          Very important
6 Post-Doc
                Research
                                          Very important
7 Post-Doc
                Teaching
                                          Moderately important
8 Post-Doc
                                          Important
                Learning
9 Post-Doc
                Professional Development Important
10 Post-Doc
                                          Non-applicable
# i 1,460 more rows
```

Bar plots

Simple bar plot for teachers

Now let's start making some bar plots. Let's start by making a bar plot showing how teachers rate the importance of open source for their teaching. Since we didn't ask people "Do you teach?", and since there was a "Non-applicable" option, we will simply assume that if they gave an answer for the "Teaching" option, they must be a teacher.

```
teaching <- long_data %>%
  filter(
    importance_area == "Teaching"
) %>%
  filter(
    importance_level != "Non-applicable"
)

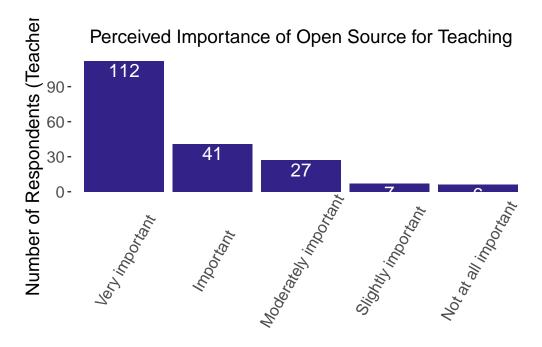
# Remove the "importance_area" column because it's "Teaching" for every row.
teaching <- teaching %>% select(-c(job_category, importance_area))

teaching <- teaching %>%
  count(importance_level, name = "Counts")

# By sheer luck, the columns are already ordered by response rates.
teaching
```

Now let's make that bar chart using a function that lives in my utilities script (scripts/utils.R).

```
basic_bar_chart(
  teaching,
  x_var = "importance_level",
  y_var = "Counts",
  title = "Perceived Importance of Open Source for Teaching",
  ylabel = "Number of Respondents (Teachers Only)",
  show_bar_labels = TRUE
)
```



Save the plot using a function that lives in my utilities script (scripts/utils.R).

```
#save_plot("importance_teachers.tiff", 8, 5)
```

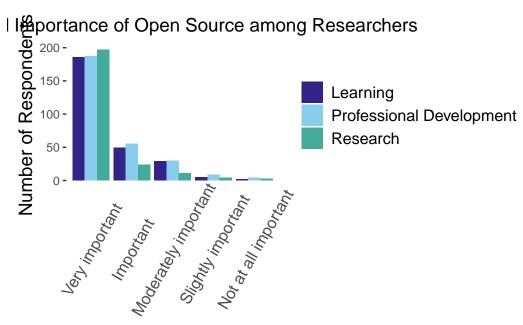
Grouped bar plot for researchers

Now let's look at researchers, and the importance categories that apply to all researchers. The importance categories again are: Research Teaching -> Does not apply Learning Professional Development Job (For non-research staff) -> Does not apply So we'll make a bar plot with just those three categories that apply to all researchers. As with teachers above, we will assume that if they didn't select "Non-applicable", they must be a researcher.

The grouped_bar_chart function, like the basic_bar_chart function, lives in my utility script.

```
research_learning_pd <- long_data %>%
  filter(
   importance_area == "Research" |
   importance_area == "Learning" |
   importance_area == "Professional Development"
) %>%
  filter(importance_level != "Non-applicable")

grouped_bar_chart(
  df = research_learning_pd,
   x_var = "importance_level",
  fill_var = "importance_area",
  title = "Perceived Importance of Open Source among Researchers"
)
```

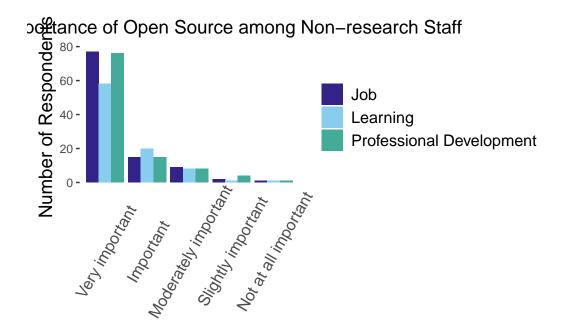


```
#save_plot("importance_researchers.tiff", 10, 5)
```

Grouped bar plot for non-research staff

This is very similar to what I did above, except the three applicable categories have changed.

```
job_learning_pd <- long_data %>%
  filter(
    importance_area == "Job" |
    importance_area == "Learning" |
    importance_area == "Professional Development"
  ) %>%
  filter(job_category == "Non-research Staff") %>%
  filter(importance_level != "Non-applicable")
grouped_bar_chart(
  df = job_learning_pd,
  x_var = "importance_level",
  fill_var = "importance_area",
  title = "Perceived Importance of Open Source among Non-research Staff"
```



#save_plot("importance_nrstaff.tiff", 10, 5)