



C++ Class Library

ID FEDM

Version 4.06.06

Part B.ISC

Software-Support for OBID i-scan[®] and OBID classic-pro



Operating System	Tar	get	Notes
	32-Bit	64-Bit	
Windows XP	Х	(X)	with 64-Bit OS: only with 32-Bit Runtime Environment
Windows Vista / 7 / 8	X	X	
Windows CE	X	i	
Linux	X	X	
Android	X		On request
Apple Mac OS X	-	Х	OS X V10.7.3 or higher Architecture x86_64

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Note

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This manual supercedes all previous editions.

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¹ xx represents the version number of the dependent MFC library

² x.y.z represents the actual version number

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Notes concerning the documentation for this library

This manual describes a software library which is also available as annotated source code. For this reason we have limited the documentation to what is absolutely necessary for understanding the functionality and use of the classes. It is assumed that the user of this library reads the source code and becomes familiar with the details using this document, the header files and the included comments.

To understand the internal program sequences you will also have to refer to the system manuals for whichever OBID[®] readers and function libraries you are using.

FEIG ELECTRONIC GmbH does not repeat the same information about OBID® readers in different manuals or use cross-references to certain pages in a different document. This is necessary due to the constant updating of manuals, and it prevents confusion caused by information in out-of-date documents. The user of this library is therefore well advised to check regularly that he has the must current manuals. If not, these can of course be obtained whenever needed from FEIG ELECTRONIC GmbH.

Important notes:

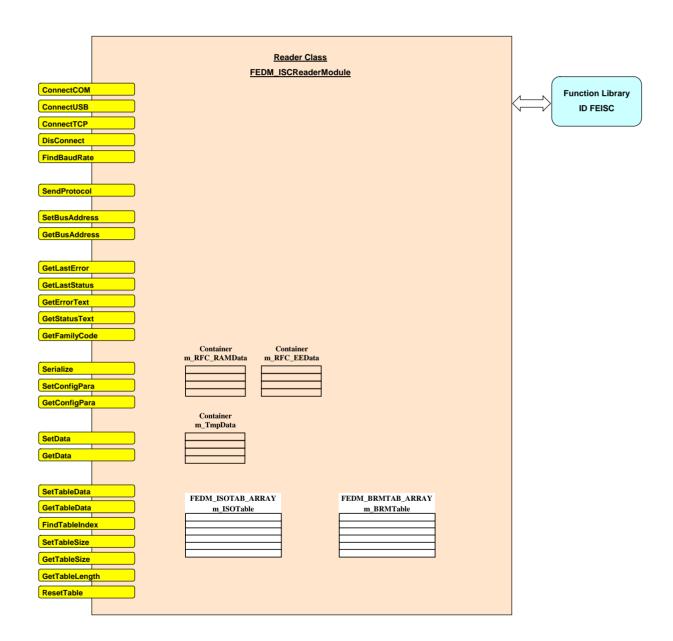
You are only permitted to use this library if you have first agreed to the license conditions on the back of this page.

Anyone is free to modify source code. Therefore you should work only with libraries you have received directly from FEIG ELECTRONIC GmbH. In any case further transmission of the source code is prohibited.

1.Overview

Support for OBID i-scan® Readers consists of the FEDM_ISCReader derived from the base class FEDM_DataBase and two tables integrated into this reader class which in turn is stored as an array of type FEDM_ISOTabltem rsp. FEDM_BRMTabltem classes. This documentation is the second part of the documentation for the ID FEDM Class Library, the concept and base classes of which are described in document number H10102-xe-ID-B.

The component diagram shows an overview of all the methods and data containers as well as the tables.



The reader class supports all OBID i-scan® and OBID® classic-pro Readers, which means that not all options in the class are usable with all reader models.

The library is supplemented with classes for external function units: FEDM_ISCFunctionUnit, FedmIscExternalIO and FedmIscPeopleCounter.

For efficient programming of Transponder communication a concept named *TagHandler classes* is provided. This library part consists of a large pool of proxy classes with an easy API for each supported transpondertype (e.g. EPC Class 1 Gen 2).

```
FedntscTagHandler_EPC_Class1_Gen2

+BANK_RESERVED : unsigned int.
+BANK_TID : unsigned int.
+BANK_USER: unsigned int.
+BANK_USER: unsigned int.
+UNLOCK: unsigned int.
+LOCK_PERMANENTLY: unsigned int.
+LOCK_PERMANENTLY: unsigned int.
+LOCK_PERMANENTLY: unsigned int.
+COCK_PERMANENTLY: unsigned int.
+COCK_PERMANENT
```

Example: TagHandler class for EPC Class 1 Gen 2

2. Revisions since the previous version

- TagHandler support for ISO 14443 Transponder with 10 byte UID
- Bugfix for EPC Class1 Gen2 Transponder with Extended PC
- Android Support on request
- ISO 15693: [0x2C] Get Multiple Block Security Status with extended addressed mode: bugfix for received data above address 255
- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration

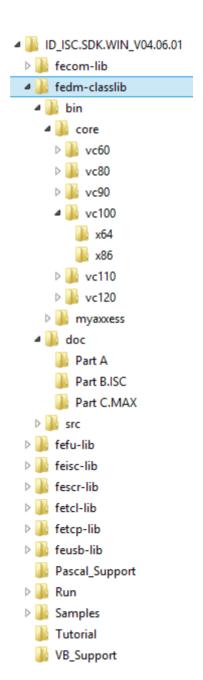
Please note also the revision history in the Appendix to this document.

3. Installation

Normally, this package is shipped together with other libraries in a Software Development Kit (SDK). Copy the SDK into a directory of your choice.

The files of this library package can be found in the sub-directory fedm-classlib.

3.1. 32- and 64-Bit Windows XP/Vista/7/8



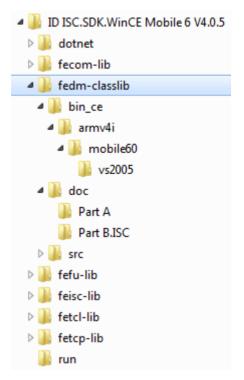
If you won't add your projects to the Samples path, we recommend the following steps:

- Copy all required DLL files from the Run directory into the directory of the application program.
- Use all required LIB files from the SDK directories (recommended) or copy all required LIB files in the project or LIB directory.
- Use all required Include Directories from the SDK directory (recommended) or copy all required Header files into the project or INCLUDE path. Note: the directory struktur in src must be maintained.
- As you can see, the library myAXXESS for access control applications is installed too. The manual for this library part can be found in Part C.MAX (H90080-xe-ID-B.DOC).

After the installation the directory fedm-classlib contains the following files:

Files in sub-directiory src	Description
FedmlscCore.h	contains all includes and preprocessor definitions
Files in sub-directiory bin\core\vcxx\x86	Description
FedmlscCoreVC60.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 6 compiled 32-Bit library (release version), compatible with MFC-Version 6.0
FedmlscCoreVC60d.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 6 compiled 32-Bit library (debug version), compatible with MFC-Version 6.0
FedmlscCoreVC80.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2005 compiled 32-Bit library (release version), compatible with MFC-Version 8.0
FedmlscCoreVC80d.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2005 compiled 32-Bit library (debug version), compatible with MFC-Version 8.0
FedmlscCoreVC90.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2008 compiled 32-Bit library (release version), compatible with MFC-Version 9.0
FedmlscCoreVC90d.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2008 compiled 32-Bit library (debug version), compatible with MFC-Version 9.0
FedmlscCoreVC100.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2010 compiled 32-Bit library (release version), compatible with MFC-Version 10.0
FedmlscCoreVC100d.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2010 compiled 32-Bit library (debug version), compatible with MFC-Version 10.0
FedmlscCoreVC110.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2012 compiled 32-Bit library (release version), compatible with MFC-Version 11.0
FedmlscCoreVC110d.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2012 compiled 32-Bit library (debug version), compatible with MFC-Version 11.0
FedmlscCoreVC120.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2013 compiled 32-Bit library (release version), compatible with MFC-Version 12.0
FedmlscCoreVC120d.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2013 compiled 32-Bit library (debug version), compatible with MFC-Version 12.0
Files in sub-directiory bin\core\vcxx\x64	Description
FedmlscCoreVC100.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2010 compiled 64-Bit library (release version), compatible with MFC-Version 10.0
FedmlscCoreVC100d.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2010 compiled 64-Bit library (debug version), compatible with MFC-Version 10.0
FedmlscCoreVC110.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2012 compiled 64-Bit library (release version), compatible with MFC-Version 11.0
FedmlscCoreVC110d.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2012 compiled 64-Bit library (debug version), compatible with MFC-Version 11.0
FedmlscCoreVC120.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2013 compiled 64-Bit library (release version), compatible with MFC-Version 12.0
FedmlscCoreVC120d.dll/.lib	with Visual Studio 2013 compiled 64-Bit library (debug version), compatible with MFC-Version 12.0

3.2. Windows CE



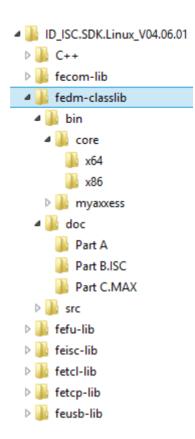
If you won't add your projects to the Samples path, we recommend the following steps:

- Copy all required DLL files from the Run directory into the directory of the application program.
- Use all required LIB files from the SDK directories (recommended) or copy all required LIB files in the project or LIB directory.
- Use all required Include Directories from the SDK directory (recommended) or copy all required Header files into the project or INCLUDE path. Note: the directory struktur in src must be maintained.

After the installation the directory fedm-classlib contains the following files:

Files in sub-directory src	Description
FedmlscCore.h	contains all includes and preprocessor definitions
Files in sub-directory bin_ce\	Description

3.3. 32- and 64-Bit Linux



Choose one option for installation:

Option 1: If an install.sh is shipped inside the SDK root directory, execute this install script (./install.sh). It will copy all library files into the directory /usr/lib resp. /usr/lib64 and creates symbolic links for each library file.

Option 2: Copy all files of this support package into a directory of your choice and create symbolic links for libFedmlscCore.so.x.y.z¹ in the directory /usr/lib resp. /usr/lib64 with the following calls:

cd /usr/lib (for 64 Bit : /usr/lib64)

In -s /<your_directory>/libFedmlscCore.so.x.y.z libFedmlscCore.so.x
In -s /<your_directory>/libFedmlscCore.so.x libFedmlscCore.so
Idconfig

After the installation the directory fedm-classlib contains the following files:

Files in sub-directory src	Description
FedmlscCore.h	contains all includes and preprocessor definitions
Files in sub-directory bin/core	Description
libFedmlscCore.so.x.y.z	with GCC compiled library for Linux

x.y.z represents the version number of the library

The compiled library is linked against LibC V6 und LibStdC++ V6

Note:

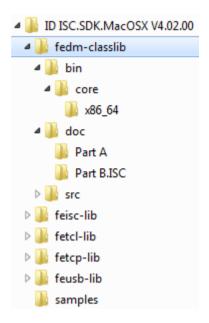
X86: The library is compiled under SuSE Linux 11.1 with the GNU Compiler Collection V4.3.2.

X64: The library is compiled under SuSE Linux 11.2 with the GNU Compiler Collection V4.4.1.

-

¹ x.y.z represents the version number

3.4. 64-Bit Mac OS X



Choose one option for installation:

Option 1: If an install.sh is shipped inside the SDK root directory, execute this install script (./install.sh). It will copy all library files into the directory /usr/lib and creates symbolic links for each library file.

Option 2: Copy all files of this support package into a directory of your choice and create symbolic links for libFedmlscCore.x.y.z.dylib¹ in the directory /usr/local/lib with the following calls:

cd /usr/local/lib

In -s libFedmlscCore.x.y.z.dylib libFedmlscCore.x.dylib

In -s libFedmlscCore.x.dylib libFedmlscCore.dylib

Note: The library is compiled under Mac OS X V10.7.3 with Xcode V4.3.2 and is compatible with the architecture x86_64.

¹ x.y.z represents the version number

3.5. Source Code

After the installation the source code of the library can be found in the directory *src*.

src\impl\core	Description
FEDM.h, FEDM_ISC.h and FEDM_Xml.h	contains includes, constants and macros
FEDM_Base.h/.cpp	base class
FEDM_DataBase.h/.cpp	abstract base class derived from FEDM_Base
FEDM_Functions.h/.cpp	global functions
FEDM_XmlBase.h/.cpp	base class for serialization in XML
FEDM_XmlReaderCfgDataModul.h/.cpp	specialized class for serialization of the reader configuration in XML
FEDM_XmlReaderCfgProfileModul.h/.cpp	specialised class für serialization of a profile configuration in XML

src\impl\core\i_scan	Description
FEDM_ISCReader.h/.cpp	from FEDM_DataBase derived reader class
FEDM_ISCReaderModule.h/.cpp	from FEDM_ISCReader derived reader class
FEDM_ISCReaderInfo.h	Structure with information about the reader
FEDM_ISCReaderDiagnostic.h	Structure with state information about the reader
FEDM_TabItem.h	base class for tables
FEDM_BRMTabItem.h/.cpp	table class for Buffered Read Mode
FEDM_ISOTabItem.h/.cpp	table class for Host-Commands
FEDM_ISCReaderID.h	access constants for reader configuration and temporary communication parameter
FEDM_ISCReaderConfig.cpp	files with access constants for reader configuration

src\impl\core\i_scan\classic_pro	Description
FEDM_ISCReaderConfig_XXX.h/.cpp	files with access constants for reader configuration

src\impl\core\i_scan\function_unit	Description
FEDM_ISCFunctionUnit.h/.cpp	specialized class for Function Units (Multiplexer, Dynamic Antenna Tuner)
FEDM_ISCFunctionUnitID.h	access constants for temporary communication parameter for Function Units

src\impl\core\i_scan\peripheral_devices	Description
FedmlscPeripheralDevice.h/.cpp	base class for external Units (e.g. People-Counter)
FedmlscPeopleCounter.h/.cpp	from FedmlscPeripheralDevice derived class for People-Counter
FedmlscExternalIO.h/.cpp	from FedmlscPeripheralDevice derived class for External-IO

src\impl\core\i_scan\tag_handler	Description
FedmlscTagHandler.h/.cpp	base class TagHandler

src\impl\core\i_scan\tag_handler	Description
FedmlscTagHandler_Includes.h	include file
FedmlscTagHandler_XXX.h/.cpp	specialised TagHandler class, derived from FedmlscTagHandler

src\impl\core\i_scan\utility	Description
FedmlscReport_ReaderInfo.h/.cpp	report class containing important static reader information
FedmlscReport_ReaderDiagnostic.h/.cpp	report class containing important status information from reader

3.6. Dependencies

The FEDM class library depends on the function libraries for the communications interfaces (FECOM, FEUSB, FETCP) and the reader family (FEISC, FEFU, FETCL). These libraries are part of the respective SDK and must be installed on the target system.

The class FEDM_ISCReader contains a method *EvalLibDependencies* for the verification of the version numbers of the dependent function libraries. It is recommended to invoke this method once in the application after the program started.

4.Integration into application projects

4.1.Supported Development Tools

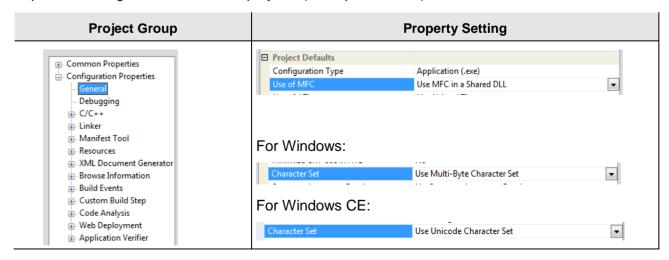
Operating System	IDE	Support
Windows XP / Vista / 7 / 8	Visual Studio 6	yes
	Visual Studio 2005 / 2008 / 2010 / 2012 / 2013	yes, beginning with Professional Version
	Borland C++ Builder	on request
	Embarcadero C++ Builder	on request
Windows CE	eMbedded Visual C++ 4	no
	Visual Studio 2005 / 2008	yes, beginning with Professional Version
Linux	GCC	yes
Mac OS X	GCC	yes, for projects with x86_64 architecture
	Xcode ≥ V4.3.2	yes, for projects with x86_64 architecture

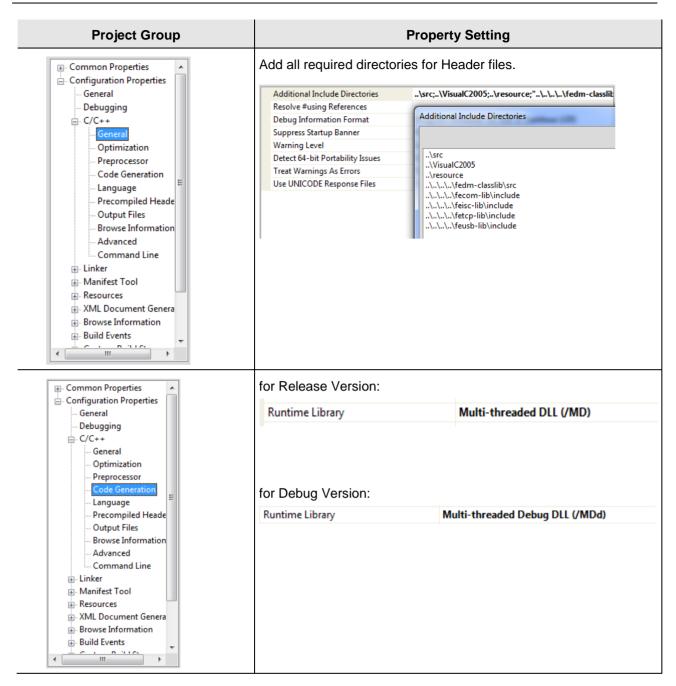
4.2. The quick way

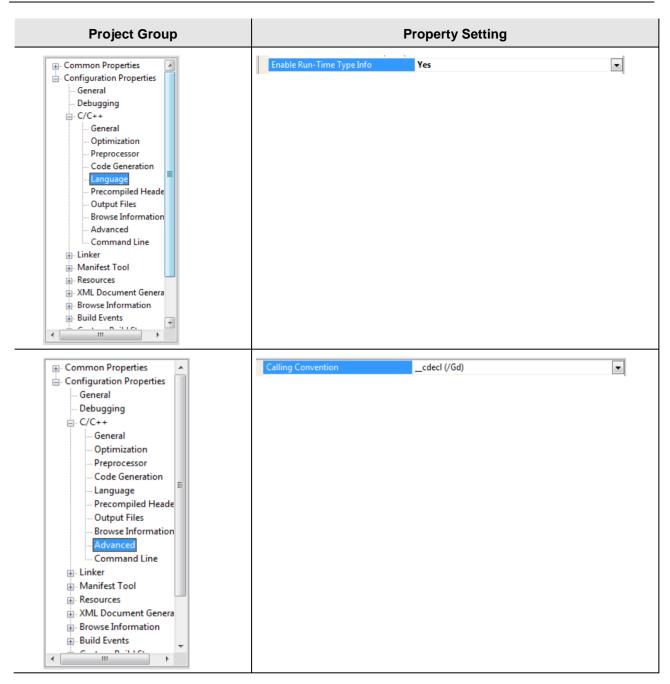
All preprocessor definitions are compiled in the include file FedmlscCore.h for using the compiled libraries and it is sufficient only to link this include file for the compiler.

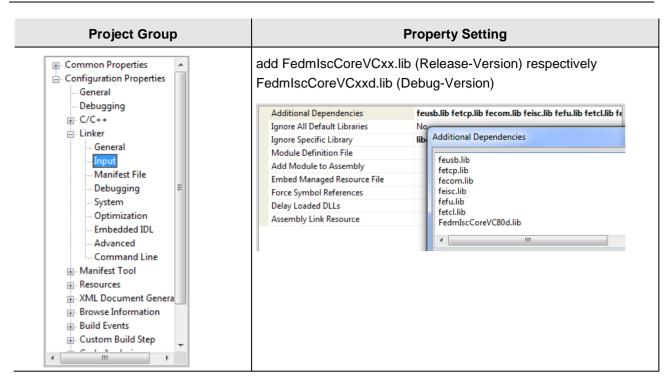
4.2.1. Incorporating into Visual Studio

Important settings for Visual Studio projects (Example VS2005):









4.2.2. Incorporating into Xcode

1. Add path for the header file in project settings (User Header Search Paths in category Search Paths)

Example:



2. add all required dylib files with drag'n drop to your project

Example:



3. For Objective-C project: rename alle file extensions of source files from .m into .mm if C++ classes of FEDM were used. This activates the C++ compiler for the renamed source files. Beispiel:



4.3. Manual integration

If you want to or have to integrate the source code of the library in the application directly, the necessary steps are described below.

Selecting manual integration has the option for Visual Studio projects to bind the MFC statically.

4.3.1. Include files

Add the include file FedmiscCore.h to the project. This uses the preprocessor definitions described below and integrates other include files from the src subdirectory.

Important: Comment out the line **#define** _FEDM_DLL or use the preprocessor definition _FEDM_NO_DLL. The preprocessor definition _FEDM_DLLmust only be used if the precompiled library is integrated for the runtime.

4.3.2. Source code files

Add all source code files from the subdirectories src/impl/core src/impl/core/i_scan src/impl/core/i_scan/function_unit src/impl/core/i_scan/classic_pro src/impl/core/i_scan/tag_handler src/impl/core/i_scan/utility src/impl/core/i_scan/peripheral_devices

to the project.

The MS Visual C++ development environment also requires the following project settings:

The *.cpp files of the library FEDM which have previously been added to the project must be released from the automatic use of the precompiled header file. This can be done on the tab C/C++ in the category "Precompiled header" by selecting the option "Do not use precompiled header".

4.3.3. Required project settings

In general you must set a preprocessor definition for each communications library you are using (already set in FedmlscCore.h):

FECOM: _FEDM_COM_SUPPORT
 FEUSB: _FEDM_USB_SUPPORT
 FETCP: _FEDM_TCP_SUPPORT

4.3.4.Windows

Under Windows you must set the preprocessor definition **_FEDM_WINDOWS** (already set in FedmIscCore.h).

4.3.5.Linux

Under Linux you must set the preprocessor definition _FEDM_LINUX (already set in FedmlscCore.h).

4.3.6. Optional project settings

For activating the XML support (serialization of the reader configuration to a file) the preprocessor definition _FEDM_XML_SUPPORT must be set (already set in FedmlscCore.h).

must **Proiects** usina TagHandler classes set the pre-processor definition FEDM TAG HANDLER. The TagHandler-Typescan amount of reduced with_FEDM_NO_TAG_HANDLER_EPC_C1_G2,_FEDM_NO_TAG_HANDLER_ISO14443, FEDM NO TAG HANDLER ISO15693 and FEDM NO TAG HANDLER ISO18000 3M3.

Projects, who are based on the Microsoft Foundation Classes (MFC) and want participate of the MFC interface of the FEDM (basically CString), must have set the pre-processor definition _FEDM_MFC_SUPPORT (already set in FedmIscCore.h).

Projects, which prefer the static binding of the transport libraries FECOM, FEUSB and FETCP must have set the pre-processor definition **_FEDM_SUPPORT_SLINK** (not set in FedmIscCore.h).

Projects using the main include file FedmlscCore.h which wants additionally exclude unnecessary parts can set one ore more of the following preprocessor definitions:

_FEDM_NO_XML_SUPPORT, _FEDM_NO_COM_SUPPORT, _FEDM_NO_USB_SUPPORT, _FEDM_NO_TCP_SUPPORT, _FEDM_NO_TAG_HANDLER, _FEDM_NO_FU_SUPPORT, _FEDM_NO_MFC_SUPPORT, _FEDM_NO_PD_SUPPORT

All named pre-processor definitions admit the customization of the library.

5. Installation on the target computer

Together with the application files, the runtime file of the library FedmlscCore (if dynamically linked) and the runtime files of the function libraries FECOM, FEUSB, FETCP, FEISC, FETCL and FEFU must be installed on the target computer.

5.1. 32-Bit Libraries on a 32- and 64-Bit Windows

It is recommended to keep the library files in the directory of the application. This avoids version conflicts with later installations which also install these library files, but possibly different versions.

The library files FedmlscCoreVCxxx.dll depend on newer C/C++ runtime libraries which are usually not present on the target computer. Therefore, they must be installed. So-called Merge Modules are provided with Visual Studio which can be incorporated in a Setup project and which install the MFC libraries. The following table lists for each FedmlscCore library file the Merge Module to be installed to.

Library File	MFC Version	Merge Modules
FedmlscCoreVC60.dll	Version 6.0	MFC library is installed from Windows 2000
FedmlscCoreVC80.dll	Version 8.0 (8.0.50727.6195 s. MS11-025 ¹)	Microsoft_VC80_MFC_x86.msm Microsoft_VC80_CRT_x86.msm policy_8_0_Microsoft_VC80_MFC_x86.msm policy_8_0_Microsoft_VC80_CRT_x86.msm
FedmlscCoreVC90.dll	Version 9.0 (9.0.30729.6161 s. MS11-025 ²)	Microsoft_VC90_MFC_x86.msm Microsoft_VC90_CRT_x86.msm policy_9_0_Microsoft_VC90_MFC_x86.msm policy_9_0_Microsoft_VC90_CRT_x86.msm
FedmlscCoreVC100.dll	Version 10.0 (10.0.30319.460 s. MS11-025 ³)	Microsoft_VC100_MFC_x86.msm Microsoft_VC100_CRT_x86.msm
FedmlscCoreVC110.dll	Version 11.0 (11.0.51106.1)	Microsoft_VC110_MFC_x86.msm Microsoft_VC110_CRT_x86.msm
FedmlscCoreVC120.dll	Version 12.0 (12.0.21005.1)	Microsoft_VC120_MFC_x86.msm Microsoft_VC120_CRT_x86.msm

Alternatively, the installation of the Visual C++ Runtime Libraries can be realized with the download site of Microsoft. For each version of MFC you can find a file called vcredist_x86.exe for download.

1st **Note**: The file vcredist x86.exe must be of version of at least the specified number above.

2nd Note: Merge Modules can only be updated with Windows Update.

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¹ Microsoft Security Bulletin Article-ID: 2538218 from Juni 14, 2011

² Microsoft Security Bulletin Article-ID: 2538243 from Juni 14, 2011

³ Microsoft Security Bulletin Article-ID: 2542054 from Juni 14, 2011

3rd Note:

Debug versions of FEDM, marked with a **d** at the end of the file name (e.g. FedmlscCoreVC80**d**.dll) cannot be installed on target computers. The reason is that every merge module does install only the release version of a MFC library.

5.2. 64-Bit Libraries on a 64-Bit Windows

It is recommended to keep the library files in the directory of the application. This avoids version conflicts with later installations which also install these library files, but possibly different versions.

The library file FedmIscCoreVC1xx.dll depends on newer C/C++ runtime libraries which are usually not present on the target computer. Therefore, they must be installed. So-called Merge Modules are provided with Visual Studio which can be incorporated in a Setup project and which install the MFC libraries. The following table lists for each FedmIscCore library file the Merge Module to be installed to.

Library File	MFC Version	Merge Modules
FedmlscCoreVC100.dll	Version 10.0	Microsoft_VC100_MFC_x64.msm
	(10.0.30319.460 s. MS11-025 ¹)	Microsoft_VC100_CRT_x64.msm
FedmlscCoreVC110.dll	Version 11.0	Microsoft_VC110_MFC_x64.msm
	(11.0.51106.1)	Microsoft_VC110_CRT_x64.msm
FedmlscCoreVC120.dll	Version 12.0	Microsoft_VC120_MFC_x64.msm
	(12.0.21005.1)	Microsoft_VC120_CRT_x64.msm

Alternatively, the installation of the Visual C++ Runtime Libraries can be realized with the download site of Microsoft. For each version of MFC you can find a file called vcredist_x64.exe for download.

1st **Note**: The file vcredist_x64.exe must be of version of at least the specified number above.

2nd Note: Merge Modules can only be updated with Windows Update.

3rd Note: Debug versions of FEDM, marked with a **d** at the end of the file name (e.g. FedmlscCoreVC100**d**.dll) cannot be installed on target computers. The reason is that every merge module does install only the release version of a MFC library.

every merge module does matall only the release version of a livil o library.

¹ Microsoft Security Bulletin Article-ID: 2542054 from Juni 14, 2011

5.3. 32- and 64-Bit Linux

The installation on the target is equivalent to <u>3.3. 32- and 64-Bit Linux</u>. But only the runtime files *.so may be installed on the target computer.

The installation instructions for the dependent function libraries can be found in the respective manuals.

5.4. 64-Bit Mac OS X

The installation on the target is equivalent to <u>3.4. 64-Bit Mac OS X</u>. But only the runtime files *.dylib may be installed on the target computer.

The installation instructions for the dependent function libraries can be found in the respective manuals.

6. Class description

The ID FEDM class library undergoes a continuous adaptation process. We will make every effort to maintain the documented status. Changes are still however possible.

6.1. FEDM_ISCReader

The class FEDM_ISCReader is based on the abstract base class FEDM_DataBase and thus inherits the general, type-neutral interface. The abstract interface methods are implemented in FEDM_ISCReader, so that you can work with an object from this class. Alternately you may build upon this class to derive your own reader class and design it such that you can add new functionalities or overwrite methods and implement a different behavior.

6.1.1. Implemented data containers

Data container	Description
m_RFC_EEData	For reader configuration parameters (for all OBID i-scan® und OBID® classic-pro Reader types)
m_RFC_RAMData	For temporary reader configuration parameters (for all OBID i-scan® und OBID® classic-pro Reader types)
m_ACC_EEData	for additional configuration parametersforReaderwith AC-Controller (ID ISC.LRU2000)
m_ACC_RAMData	for additional temporary configuration parametersforReaderwith AC-Controller(ID ISC.LRU2000)
m_TmpData	For general temporary protocol data (for all OBID i-scan® und OBID® classic-pro Reader types)

The size of the data containers is determined statically in the class constructor. All data containers are initialized in the constructor with 0x00.

Any non-listed data container has a length of 0 and is not usable.

6.1.2. Implemented tables

Table	Description
m_ISOTable	Supports data exchange with transponders via the ISO host commands.
m_BRMTable	Collects the data provided by a long-range Reader of type ISC.LRxxx in Buffered Read Mode.

The table sizes must be set with SetTableSize before using for the first time! The size is determined by the maximum number of transponders that are in the Reader's antenna field at the same time.

In applications that do not use the Buffered Read Mode of the reader, you do not need to set a table size for m_BRMTable. The same is true of course vice-versa for the table m_ISOTable.

6.1.3. Methods (public)

Method	Description
EvalLibDependencies	Method verifies the compatibility with dependent function libraries.
SendProtocol	The central communication method. For more details see section <u>6.4.3. Examples for using the method SendProtocol</u> .
GetLastProt	Method for getting the last send or receive protocol.
	sID="SEND" gives you the last send protocol sID="SENDSTR" gives you the last send protocol with preceding date/time of day
	sID="REC" gives you the last receive protocol sID="RECSTR" gives you the last receive protocol with preceding date/time of day
FindBaudRate	Method finds a reader identifiable by the port handle (stored in the reader object in FEISC) and gets the baud rate and the protocol frame. This method cannot be used with the USB or TCP/IP port.
SetReaderType	Set of the reader type for which the reader class should be represented for. It is recommended to call themethode ReadReaderInfo of FEDM_ISCReaderModule at once after a successful connection. This method sets also the reader type.
SetPortHnd	Sets the port handle as a parameter in the reader object in the FEISC library
GetPortHnd	Gets the port handle of the reader object in the FEISC library
GetReaderName	returns the reader name
GetReaderInfo	returns a pointer to the structure FEDM_ISC_READER_INFO
GetReaderDiagnostic	returns a pointer to the structure FEDM_ISC_READER_DIAGNOSTIC
SetProtocolFrameSupport	Selects the protocol type for communication with the reader(preselection: Standard Protocol Frame). Transfer values are: FEDM_PRT_FRAME_STANDARD FEDM_PRT_FRAME_ADVANCED
GetProtocolFrameSupport	Queries the protocol type.
DisableReadCfgBeforeWriteCfg	This method disables the check for Read before Write behavior before every writing of a configuration blocks into the reader. It is recommended to let this check enabled.
EnableTagHandler	enables the TagHandler support
GetLastError	Gets the last error code stored at FEDM_ISC_TMP_LAST_ERROR in the data container TmpData.
GetLastStatus	Gets the status byte of the last protocol which is stored at FEDM_ISC_TMP_LAST_STATE in the data container TmpData.
GetErrorText	Gets an text corresponding to a sent error code. The error code may also come from the function collection sector ID FEISC or the underlying communication library FECOM, FETCP or FEUSB.
	The language for the text can be set with the method SetLanguage of the base class FEDM_Base.
GetStatusText	Gets a text corresponding to the sent status byte. The language for the text can be set with the method SetLanguage of the base class FEDM_Base.
Serialize	Main method for serializing. Allows serializing of the container data in files. Two versions are implemented: one version for file type XML (s. <u>6.4.4. Serializing in XML-Format</u>) and a second version for MFC-based applications.

Method	Description
GetCommandPara	The central (overlaid) method for reading a command parameter value from a data container.
	This version supports data types: bool, UCHAR, UCHAR-Array, UINT,int64 and CString resp. AnsiString and STL-string.
	The method expects a string with the parameter name from the namespace ReaderCommand according the definition in the system manual of the reader.
SetCommandPara	The central (overlaid) method for writing a command parameter value to a data container.
	This version supports data types: bool, UCHAR, UCHAR-Array, UINT,int64 and CString resp. AnsiString and STL-string.
	The method expects a string with the parameter name from the namespace ReaderCommand according the definition in the system manual of the reader.
GetConfigPara	The central (overlaid) method for reading a configuration parameter value from a data container.
	This version supports data types: bool, UCHAR, UCHAR-Array, UINT,int64 and CString resp. AnsiString and STL-string.
	The method expects a string with the parameter name from the namespace ReaderConfig according the definition in the system manual of the reader. A third parameter defines the location RAM or EEPROM.
SetConfigPara	The central (overlaid) method for writing a configuration parameter value to a data container.
	This version supports data types: bool, UCHAR, UCHAR-Array, UINT,int64 and CString resp. AnsiString and STL-string.
	The method expects a string with the parameter name from the namespace ReaderConfig according the definition in the system manual of the reader. A third parameter defines the location RAM or EEPROM.
TestConfigPara	Checks, wether a string with the parameter name from the namespace ReaderConfig is defined for a reader type
GetTableData	The central (overlaid) method for reading a parameter value or data blocks from a table.
	This version supports data types: bool, UCHAR, UCHAR-Array, UINT,int64 and CString resp. AnsiString and STL-string.
	The method expects a Table-ID as a parameter; this ID differentiates the tables m_ISOTable and m_BTMTable. The parameter uiDataID has an ID for the value to be written. All access IDs are listed in the file FEDM_ISC.h. Which access IDs are supported can be determined in 7.3.4. Constants for uiDataID.
	Alternatively, this method can be replaced by GetISOTableItem and GetBRMTableItem which enables the direct access to all transponder values.
SetTableData	The central (overlaid) method for writing a parameter value or data blocks to the table.
	This version supports data types: bool, UCHAR, UCHAR-Array, UINT,int64 and CString resp. AnsiString and STL-string.
	The method expects a Table-ID as a parameter; this ID differentiates the tables m_ISOTable and m_BRMTable. The parameter uiDataID has an ID for the value to be written. All access IDs are listed in the file FEDM_ISC.h. Which access IDs are supported can be determined in 7.3.4. Constants for uiDataID.
	Alternatively, this method can be replaced by GetISOTableItem and GetBRMTableItem which enables the direct access to all transponder values.
FindTableIndex	The central (overlaid) method for getting the table index based on a value, starting at a Start-Index.

Method	Description
	This version supports data types: bool, UCHAR, UINT,int64 and CString resp. AnsiString and STL-string.
	The method expects a Table-ID as a parameter; this ID differentiates the tables m_ISOTable and m_BTMTable. The parameter uiDataID has an ID for the value to be found. All access IDs are listed in the file FEDM_ISC.h. Which access IDs are supported can be determined in 7.3.4. Constants for uiDataID.
SetTableSize	Sets the size of the table m_ISOTable or m_BRMTable and initializes each table line with 0. You can change the size after the fact, though the old content is lost. The method expects a Table-ID as a parameter; this ID differentiates the tables m_ISOTable and m_BRMTable.
	A second overloaded implementation has extended parameters for dimensioning of the data arrays RxDB and TxDB. This allows the adaptation of the memory requirement.
GetTableSize	Gets the size of the table m_ISOTable or m_BRMTable. The method expects a Table-ID as a parameter; this ID differentiates the tables M_ISOTable and m_BRMTable.
GetTableLength	Gets the number of valid table entries in m_ISOTable or m_BRMTable. The method expects a Table-ID as a parameter, which differentiates between m_ISOTable and m_BRMTable.
ResetTable	Resets the table m_ISOTable or m_BRMTable. The method expects a Table-ID as a parameter, which differentiates between m_ISOTable and m_BRMTable.
	Only the variables m_ilSOTableLength or m_iBRMTableLength are set to 0 (the table data are not deleted). The additional parameter uiDataFlags = FEDM_ISC_DATA_ALL initializes all data fields with 0.
	Default: No initialization of the data fields.
GetPeripheralDevices	Returns a sorted list with previously detected externalUnits (PeopleCounter, ExternalIO). The detection is executed by invoke oft he command [0x66] Reader Info with mode 0x61 orwithcall of themethod ReadReaderInfo() of
	The sortedlist does not contain any Function Units (Antenna Tuner, Multiplexer) looped into the antenna cable.
GetISOTableItem	For operating mode Host-Mode: method returns apointer of a table item selected by index with the direct access to all transponder data.
	Thismethod is an alternative to GetTableData.
GetBRMTableItem	For operating modes Buffered-Read-Mode and Notification-Mode: method returns a pointer of a table item selected by index with the direct access to all transponder data.
	This method is an alternative to GetTableData.

6.2. FEDM ISCReaderModule

The class FEDM_ISCReaderModule is derived from the Reader class FEDM_ISCReader and implements high-level methods for the diverse communication port types and for the Notification. It is recommended to use this class in an application.

The constructor of the class generates automatically a Reader object in the FEISC function library.

6.2.1. Methods (public)

Method	Description
ConnectCOMM	Opens a serial port with the setting Baudrate=38400, Frame=8E1, Timeout=3000ms.
	NOTE: this method does not check the connection to a reader. This must be done with a call of FindBaudrate
ConnectUSB	Opens a USB-Channel for an USB-Reader. The Device-ID of the Reader must be read first with the function library FEUSB.
ConnectTCP	Opens a socket connection to a Reader.
DisConnect	Close the existing connection.
	When closing a TCP/IP connection, the last status of the connection is returned. But if the status TIME_WAIT is detected, a 0 will be returned to signal a successful disconnection.
	See also: <u>7.3. TCP-Status</u>
IsConnected	Signals that the application has called one of the Connect methods and no further connection can be established. It is not checked, if the Reader is still connected and a communication is possible.
GetTcpConnectionState	Detectswith a Kernelfunction thestatus of a TCP/IP connection.
	It is not possible to get the status with continuouspolling to detecta broken connection caused by loss of power or lost network cable. This method can help to find reasons <u>after</u> a communication error.
	See also: <u>7.3. TCP-Status</u>
ReaderAuthentication	Overloaded methods executes the Reader authentication to startup a secured session. These methods encapsulates the function FEISC_0xAE_ReaderAuthent.
	More information can be found in the manual H9391-xx-ID-B of the library FEISC in chapter "Secured data transmission with encryption".
ReadReaderInfo	Method to request static reader information with multiple [0x66] Reader Info commands. The data are collected inside the structure FEDM_ISC_READER_INFO.
	Additionally, the reader type identifier is stored internally and guaratees the proper functionality.
ReadReaderDiagnostic	Methode to request important status information from reader with multiple [0x6E] Reader Diagnostic commands. The dataare collected inside the structure FEDM_ISC_READER_DIAGNOSTIC.
ReadCompleteConfiguration	Reads the complete reader configuration from the reader and saves it in the respective data container.

Method	Description
WriteCompleteConfiguration	Writes the complete reader configuration from the respective data container into the reader. This method failes, if the complete reader configuration is previously not read.
TransferReaderCfgToXmlFile	Reads the complete reader configuration from the reader, saves it in the respective data container and writes afterwards the configuration data into an XML file.
TransferXmlFileToReaderCfg	Opens an XML file, saves the configuration data in the respective data container and writes afterwards the complete reader configuration into the reader.
StartAsyncTask	Starts an asynchronous task for notifications. The Reader must work iin Notification Mode or in Host Mode with support for notifications.
CancelAsyncTask	Cancels the actual asynchronous task.
	Notification tasks must always be canceled with this function.
	The cancellation of the task is locked if the task execution is just inside the callback function. This prevents deadlocks. In this case this funktion returns directly with the return value FEISC_ERR_TASK_BUSY (-4084) and the application must invoke CancelAsyncTask until the return value is not -4084. On application-side the return from the callback function must be guaranteed.
TriggerAsyncTask	Trigger the actual with TaskID=FEDM_TASKID_EVERY_NEW_TAG initiated asynchronous task, which is waiting after a callback invoke for this trigger
SetPortHnd	Saves the port handle and sets the communication mode.
	Use this method, if the communication port is not opened with one of the Connect method, but with the Open function of FECOM, FEUSB or FETCP.
SetPortPara	Configures the open communication channel. The configuration parameters are documented in the manuals of FECOM, FEUSB or FETCP.
GetPortPara	Queries the configuration of the open communication channel. The configuration parameters are documented in the manuals of FECOM, FEUSB or FETCP.
cbsTaskRsp1	Static callback function for asynchronous task.
cbsTaskRsp2	Static callback function for asynchronous task.
0001400114011	Otatio daniada infinition di asymphonicas task.

Method	Description

Optional methods for Transponder communication based upon TagHandler classes

-	
TagInventory	Call of an Inventory and returning of all found tags in a TagList of type FedmlscTagHandler.
TagSelect	Call of a Select command. For some ISO 14443 Transponder thereturned TagHandler class is adjusted
GetTagHandler	Return of a TagHandler class for a Transponder identified by the serial number (UID)
GetSelectedTagHandler	Return of the TagHandler class of the selected transponder
GetTagList	The list with all available TagHandler classes is created and returned
CreateNonAddressedTagHandler	Transponders supporting the non-addressed mode can communicate without an Inventory. If an application use only one Transponder type, but with chip-specific extensions and a TagHandler-Class is available, the necessary TagHandler can be created with this method. All TagHandler types are collected in the class FedmIscTagHandler, while not every TagHandler type is specified for non-addressed tag communication. More information about this communication mode can be found in the datasheet of the transponder. Important notes: 1. A Reader object can always work with only one Non-Addressed TagHandler 2. Every call of CreateNonAddressedTagHandler destroys the actual Non-Addressed TagHandler 3. A mixed operation with Addressed and Non-Adressed TagHandler is not supported.
Convert_EPC_C1_G2_TagHandler	The specification for Class1 Gen2 contains no definition of identification attributes for manufacturer and chip types as for ISO 15693. If an application use only one EPC Class1 Gen2 Transponder type, but with chip-specific extensions and a TagHandler-Class is available, the necessary TagHandler can be created with this method.

6.3. Concept of TagHandler classes

The concept of TagHandler classes provides a new library part for more efficient programming with different transponder types. TagHandler can be used only when the Reader works in **Host-Mode** and when the support is activated in the class FEDM_ISCReader with the method EnableTagHandler.

The concept is based on the automatic identification of the type of the transponder after a successful inventory. With ISO 15693 compliant transponders the manufacturer ID and the chipID, which are part of the serial number, are evaluated. With ISO 14443 compliant transponders the type of the TagHandler can be determined after a mandatory Select command based on the returned Card-Info or, in case of the explicit selection of a transponder driver with the Select

comand, the transponder driver selects the type of the TagHandler.

All TagHandler classes are derived from the base class FedmIscTagHandler. Furthermore, the relationship between the different transponder types is maped to derivations between TagHandler classes.

TagHandler classes are created, managed and deleted internally. After each call of TagInventory (or call of SendProtocol(0xB0) for Cmd=0x01) the reader class checks the present state of each TagHandler and removes the handler if the dedicated transponder is out of field. Thus, the live cycle of a TagHandler is normally one inventory cycle.

Short example:

```
+CreateValueFile()
FedmIscTagHandler* pTagHandler = NULL;
                                                                           +CreateLinearRecordFile()
                                                                          +CreateCyclicRecordFile()
                                                                          +DeleteFile()
// get tags
                                                                          +GetISOFileIDs()
FEDM_ISC_TAG_LIST* pTagList = m_Reader.TagInventory();
                                                                          +ReadStandardData()
                                                                          +WriteStandardData()
                                                                          +GetValue()
// do we have tags received?
                                                                           +Credit()
                                                                          +Debit()
FEDM_ISC_TAG_LIST_ITOR itor = pTagList->begin();
                                                                           +LimitedCredit()
if(itor == pTagList->end())
                                                                          +WriteRecord()
                                                                          +ReadRecords()
   return;
                                                                          +ClearRecordFile()
                                                                          +CommitTransaction()
                                                                          +AbortTransaction()
// select tag with driver for MIFARE DESFire and return
// specialized tag handler
pTagHandler = Reader.TagSelect(itor->second, 9);
// check specialized tag handler
if(dynamic_cast<FedmIscTagHandler_ISO14443_4_MIFARE_DESFire*>(pTagHandler) != NULL)
{
   // do anything with the tag (e.g. authentication)
   FedmIscTagHandler_ISO14443_4_MIFARE_DESFire* pDesFire =
                                  (FedmIscTagHandler_ISO14443_4_MIFARE_DESFire*)pTagHandler;
   int iRetCode = pDesFire->Authenticate(uiAppID, ucReaderKeyIndex, ucDesFireKeyNo);
```

FedmlscTagHandler_IS 014443_4_MIFARE_DESFire

6.4. Working with the Reader classes

Applications using the Host-Mode can be designed to usethe tableorientedprogramming methods or can use TagHandler classes. It is recommended to check first, if the use of the TagHandler classes is applicable, becausetheseclassesare based on thetabeleorientedmanagement of transponders and have the more efficient API. Only in the case that TagHandler classes are missed(transponder type is not supported by the SDK) or the use of the non-addressed Mode for transponder communication is necessary, the (old) table oriented methods have to be used. Chapter 6.5. Table for ISO Host Commands contains then the best startup information.

6.4.1. Important initializations

Before using the protocol method for the first time, some initializing must be performed:

1. Bus address The bus address for the Reader is preset in the class for 255. To set a

different address, use the SetBusAddress method.

Note: The busaddress is relevant for the serial communication.

2. ReaderHandle

FEDM ISCReader: The handle of a Reader object in the FEISC function library must always be stored in an instance of the Reader

class using the SetReaderHnd method.

FEDM_ISCReaderModule: The constructor of the class generates

FEDM_ISCReader: The handle for an interface that was opened with

automatically a Reader object in the FEISC function library.

FECOM, FETCP or FEUSB must be stored in the Reader object of the FEISC function library. This can be done either by creating the Reader object using FEISC NewReader or after the fact by using the method SetPortHnd. Making the change after the fact is also always possible if

you need to change the port during run time.

FEDM ISCReaderModule: The opening of the communication port is applicable with one of the connect methods. The interface handle is set internally.

4. Reader type The reader type must be set in the reader class with one of two options:

- 1. The call of the method ReadReaderInfo after a successful connection (recommended).
- 2. Set of reader type with the method SetReaderType. The constants of all reader types are listed in the file FEDM_ISC.h.
- Error texts can be invoked in several languages. You can set the 5. Language support language using the SetLanguage method. The preset is for English. (optional)
- The integrated tables for Buffered Read Mode (BRM) and ISO Host

6. Table size

3. PortHandle

Mode are not initialized. Before the initial communication, you must set the table size using the method SetTableSize. The size is selected equal to the maximum number of transponders located in the antenna field at the same time.

Only the size of the table actually being used needs to be set.

TagHandler-Support (optional)

The support for TagHandler classes is disabled by default. If TagHandler classes are used in an application, the support must be enabled with the method EnableTagHandler..

6.4.2. Management of the reader configuration

Each OBID i-scan® and OBID® classic-pro reader are controlled by parameters which are stored grouped in blocks in an EEPROM and are described in detail in the system manual for the respective reader. After switching on or resetting the reader, all parameters are loaded into RAM, evaluated and incorporated in the controller.

All parameters can be modified using a protocol so that the behaviour of the reader can be adapted to the application. Ideally, the program ISOStart is used for this adaptation and normally no parameters have to be changed in the application. Despite this, it can happen that one or more parameters from a program have to be changed. This chapter should familiarise you with the procedure using the reader class as an example.

A common characteristic of all readers is the grouping in blocks of thematically related parameters to 14 bytes per configuration block. Each parameter cannot be addressed individually but must always be retrieved together with a configuration block using the protocol [0x80] Read Configuration, then modified and finally written back to the reader with the protocol [0x81] Write Configuration. This cycle must always be complied with and is also checked by the reader class FEDM_ISCReader. This means that writing a configuration block without previously reading the same block is not possible.

The reader class manages the configuration data in a (public) byte array m_RFC_EEData for data from the EEPROM and m_RFC_RAMData for data from the RAM of the reader. The differentiation is important as changes in RAM are used immediately while changes in the EEPROM of the reader do not become active until after a reset. Therefore the reader class has its own byte arrays for both configuration sets.

Using the example of the configuration block CFG2 of the reader ID ISC.LR2000 which contains parameters for the configuration of the digital inputs and outputs, the following should explain how you specifically modify a parameter using the reader class FEDM ISCReader.

Byte	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Contents	IDLE-MODE		FLASH	H-IDLE	IN-ACTIVE	0x00	REL1-TIME
Default	0x88A8		0xC	C00	0x00		0x00

Byte	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Contents	REL1-TIME	OUT1-TIME		REL2	-TIME	REL3-TIME	REL4-TIME
· · ·							888

Default 0x00 0x0000 0x0000 0x0000

IDLE-MODE:

Defines the status of the signal emitters (OUT1 and RELx) during the idle mode.

Bit:	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
Function:	REL1	mode	0	0	OUT1	mode	0	0	ź.
•			•	•	•		•	•	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
<	REL2	mode	REL3	mode	REL4	mode	0	0	

Mode		Function
b 0 0	UNCHANGED	no effect on the status of the signal emitter
b 0 1	ON	signal emitter on
b 1 0	OFF	signal emitter off
b 1 1	FLASH	signal emitter alternating on

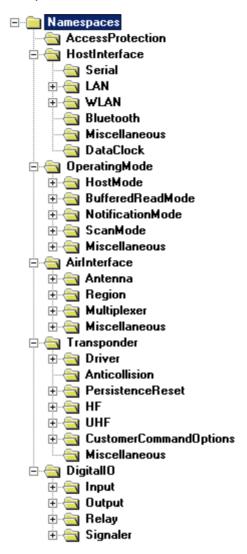
The assignment of the configuration block CFG2 is shown above. The parameter IDLE-MODE occupies two bytes and contains sub parameters for four relays and one digital output. Each output can be configured for one of four states according to the table. As the IDLE-MODE field is not greyed out, the modification can be made in the RAM of the reader.

The following steps are now necessary for the modification of REL1 mode inside IDLE-MODE:

```
// the example shows the reading, modification and rewriting of one block of the reader configuration
// m_Reader is an object of the reader class FEDM_ISCReader or FEDM_ISCReaderModule
unsigned char ucCfgAdr = 2;
                                // Address of the configuration block
bool bEEProm = false;
                                // Configuration data from/in RAM of the reader
                                       // Parameter IDLE-MODE
unsigned int uildleModeRel1
// Defaults for the next SendProtocol
m_Reader.SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_READ_CFG, (UCHAR)0x00);
                                                                    // reset everything
m_Reader.SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_READ_CFG_ADR, ucCfgAdr);
                                                                    // set address
m_Reader.SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_READ_CFG_LOC, bEEProm);
                                                                    // set memory location on RAM
// read configuration data
m Reader.SendProtocol(0x80);
                         // REL1 alternating on (Note: set frequency in Parameter IDLE-FLASH)
uildleModeRel1 = 3;
m_Reader.SetConfigPara(ReaderConfig::DigitalIO::Relay::No1::IdleMode, uildleMode, false); // change value in RAM
// Defaults for the next SendProtocol
m_Reader.SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_WRITE_CFG, (UCHAR)0x00);
                                                                    // reset everything
m_Reader.SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_WRITE_CFG_ADR, ucCfgAdr);
                                                                    // set address
m_Reader.SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_WRITE_CFG_LOC, bEEProm);
                                                                    // set memory location on EEPROM
```

// rewrite configuration data m_Reader.SendProtocol(0x81);

The methods GetConfigPara and SetConfigPara receive a string with parameter name from the namespace ReaderConfig. This main namespace contains further namespaces in tree order and collects all parameter names of all OBID i-scan® and OBID® classic-pro reader in a unique manner. The picture below shows the main namespaces.



The advantage of this schematic is the support by the intellisense functionality of modern IDEs which speeds-up the search for the proper parameter name.

6.4.3. Examples for using the method SendProtocol

SendProtocol is of key importance to the protocol transfer. For this reason an example is shown for each control byte¹ which is intended to show which data are to be stored in data containers with which access constants before each protocol transfer and which data are available after the protocol transfer. Some protocols allow various data to be transferred. In such cases only a single example is shown.

All the access constants are listed in the file FEDM_ISCReaderID.h and should be studied carefully in conjunction with the explanation of the protocol data found in the system manual.

For reasons of clarity the processing of the return values of the methods is not shown here. Of course it should always be included in applications.

[Control byte] Protocol	Example			
[0x18] Destroy	UCHAR ucMode = 0; // mode byte UCHAR ucPW[3]; // password UCHAR ucEPC[32]; // buffer for EPC int iEpcLen = 0; // number of bytes in ucEPC // get the data, e.g. from a text control // get the number of bytes in ucEPC SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_EPC_DESTROY_MODE, (UCHAR)0); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_EPC_DESTROY_PASSWORD, ucPW, 3); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DESTROY_EPC, ucEPC, iEpcLen); SendProtocol(0x18);			
[0x1A] Halt	SendProtocol(0x1A);			
[0x1B] Reset QUIET Bit	SendProtocol(0x1B);			
[0x1C] EAS	SendProtocol(0x1C);			
[0x21]Read Buffer	UCHAR ucDataSets = 1; // number of data sets requested UCHAR ucTrData = 0; // data set structure UCHAR ucRecSets = 0; // number of data sets in the protocol SetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_BRM_SETS, ucDataSets); SendProtocol(0x21); // read data from transponder with Buffered Read Mode GetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_BRM_TRDATA, &ucTrData); GetData(FEDM_ISCLR_BRM_RECSETS, &ucRecSets); // All other transponder are contained in m_Table. Example for data access see // 6.6.1. Examples for using of the table			

¹not all commands are supported by every Reader. Detailed informations about the supported commands can be found in the system manual of the Reader.

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
[0x22]Read Buffer	UINT uiDataSets = 1; // number of data sets requested UCHAR ucTrData = 0; // data set structure UINT uiRecSets = 0; // number of data sets in the protocol
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_SETS, uiDataSets);
	SendProtocol(0x22); // read data from transponder with Buffered Read Mode
	GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA1, &ucTrData); GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_RECSETS, &uiRecSets);
	// All other transponder are contained in m_Table. Example for data access see // 6.6.1. Examples for using of the table
[0x31] Read Data Buffer Info	UINT uiTabSize = 0; // size of the data buffer UINT uiTabStart = 0; // start address for the first data set UINT uiTabLen = 0; // number of data sets in the data buffer
	SendProtocol(0x31);
	GetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_TAB_SIZE, &uiTabSize); GetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_TAB_START, &uiTabStart); GetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_TAB_LEN, &uiTabLen);
[0x32] Clear Data Buffer	SendProtocol(0x32);
[0x33] Initialize Buffer	SendProtocol(0x33);
[0x52] Baud Rate Detection	SendProtocol(0x52);
[0x55] Start Flash Loader	SendProtocol(0x55);
[0x63] CPU Reset	SendProtocol(0x63);
[0x64] System Reset	UCHAR ucMode = 0; // LRU1000 RF-Controller (1 for LRU1000 AC-Controller)
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_SYSTEM_RESET_MODE, ucMode);
	SendProtocol(0x64);
[0x65] Get Software Version	string sSoftVer; // Software Version as STL-string
	SendProtocol(0x65);
	GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_SOFTVER, sSoftVer);
[0x66] Get Reader Info	string sSoftVer; // Software-Version as STL-string
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_READER_INFO_MODE, (UINT)0); // same as [0x65] //SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_READER_INFO_MODE, (UINT)1); // LRU1000: AC-Controller
	SendProtocol(0x66);
	GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_SOFTVER, sSoftVer); // same as [0x65] //GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_READER_INFO, sSoftVer); // LRU1000: AC-Controller
[0x69] RF Reset	SendProtocol(0x69);
[0x6A] RF ON/OFF	UCHAR ucRF = 1; // RFON
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_RF_ONOFF, ucRF);
	SendProtocol(0x6A);

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
[0x6B] Centralized RF Sync	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x6B_MODE, (unsigned char)0); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x6B_TX_CHANNEL, (unsigned char)1); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x6B_TX_PERIOD, (unsigned int)1); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x6B_RES1, (unsigned char)0); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x6B_RES2, (unsigned char)0);
	SendProtocol(0x6B);
[0x6C] Set Noise Level	UINT uiNLMin = 500; // minimum noise level UINT uiNLAvg = 1000; // average noise level UINT uiNLMax = 1500; // maximum noise level
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_NOISE_LEVEL_MIN, uiNLMin); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_NOISE_LEVEL_AVG, uiNLAvg); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_NOISE_LEVEL_MAX, uiNLMax);
	SendProtocol(0x6C);
[0x6D] Get Noise level	UINT uiNLMin = 0; // minimum noise level UINT uiNLAvg = 0; // average noise level UINT uiNLMax = 0; // maximum noise level
	SendProtocol(0x6D);
	GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_NOISE_LEVEL_MIN, &uiNLMin); GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_NOISE_LEVEL_AVG, &uiNLAvg); GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_NOISE_LEVEL_MAX, &uiNLMax);
[0x6E] Reader Diagnostic	UCHAR ucDiagMode = 1; // diagnostic mode
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DIAG_MODE, ucDiagMode);
	SendProtocol(0x6E);
[0x6F] Base Antenna Tuning	SendProtocol(0x6F); // the Long-Range-Reader starts internally a special tuning mode
	// the Reader can left the mode only with a reset
[0x71] Set Output	// Example 1 from System Manual ID ISC.M01
	SetData(FEDM_ISCM_TMP_OUT_OS, (UINT)0); // reset OS-Bytes SetData(FEDM_ISCM_TMP_OUT_OS_OUT1, (UCHAR)0x01); // activate Output 1 SetData(FEDM_ISCM_TMP_OUT_OS_ LED_G, (UCHAR)0x10); // green LED off SetData(FEDM_ISCM_TMP_OUT_OS_ LED_R, (UCHAR)0x01); // red LED on SetData(FEDM_ISCM_TMP_OUT_OS_ BEEPER, (UCHAR)0x11); // beeper on alternating
	SetData(FEDM_ISCM_TMP_OUT_OSF, (UINT)0); // reset OSF-Bytes SetData(FEDM_ISCM_TMP_OUT_OSF_BEEPER, (UCHAR)0x01);// beeper at 4Hz
	SetData(FEDM_ISCM_TMP_OUT_OSTIME, (UINT)5); // 500ms active time for beeper and LEDs SetData(FEDM_ISCM_TMP_OUT_OUTTIME, (UINT)3); // output 1 active for 300ms
	SendProtocol(0x71);

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
[0x72] Set Output	// Example from the system manual ID ISC.LRU1000
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // set mode to 0
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_N, (UCHAR)0x03); // activate 3 outputs SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_NR_1, (UCHAR)0x01); // output 1 SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_TYPE_1, (UCHAR)0x00); // type: general output SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_MODE_1, (UCHAR)0x03); // alternating SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_FREQ_1, (UCHAR)0x01); // 4 Hz SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_TIME_1, (UINT)5); // 500 ms
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_NR_2, (UCHAR)0x01); // relais 1 SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_TYPE_2, (UCHAR)0x04); // type: relais SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_MODE_2, (UCHAR)0x02); // switching off SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_FREQ_2, (UCHAR)0x00); // unchanged SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_TIME_2, (UINT)2); // 200 ms
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_NR_3, (UCHAR)0x02); // relais 2 SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_TYPE_3, (UCHAR)0x04); // type: relais SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_MODE_3, (UCHAR)0x01); // switching on SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_FREQ_3, (UCHAR)0x00); // unchanged SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_TIME_3, (UINT)10); // 1000 ms
	SendProtocol((0x72);
[0x74] Get Input	// Example for ID ISC.LR bool bln1 = false; // Input 1 bool bln2 = false; // Input 2 bool bDip1 = false; // DIP switch 1 bool bDip2 = false; // DIP switch 2 bool bDip3 = false; // DIP switch 3 bool bDip4 = false; // DIP switch 4
	SendProtocol(0x74);
	GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ INP_STATE_IN1, &bIn1); GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ INP_STATE_IN2, &bIn2); GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ INP_STATE_DIP1, &bDip1); GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ INP_STATE_DIP2, &bDip2); GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ INP_STATE_DIP3, &bDip3); GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ INP_STATE_DIP4, &bDip4);
[0x75] Adjust Antenna	UINT uiAntValue = 0; // antenna voltage
	SendProtocol(0x75);
	GetData(FEDM_ISCM_TMP_ ANTENNA_VALUE, &uiAntValue);

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
[0x80] Read Configuration	// the example shows reading and resetting a reader configuration block
and [0x81] Write Configuration	UCHAR ucCfgAdr = 2; // address of the configuration block bool bEEProm = false; // configuration data from/into Reader EEPROM UCHAR ucBusAdress; // bus address of ISC.LR-Reader from Block 2
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_READ_CFG, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset all SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_READ_CFG_ADR, ucCfgAdr); // set address SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_READ_CFG_LOC, bEEProm); // set memory location on EEPROM
	SendProtocol(0x80); // read configuration data
	GetData(FEDM_ISCLR_EE_COM_BUSADR, &ucBusAdr); // e.g. get bus address
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_WRITE_CFG, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset all SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_WRITE_CFG_ADR, ucCfgAdr); // set address SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_WRITE_CFG_LOC, bEEProm); // set memory location on EEPROM
	SendProtocol(0x81); // write back configuration data
[0x82] Save Configuration	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_SAVE_CFG, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset all SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_SAVE_CFG_ADR, (UCHAR)0x00); // set address SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_SAVE_CFG_MODE, TRUE); // save all blocks
	SendProtocol(0x82); // save configuration data from RAM to EEPROM
[0x83] Set Default Configuration	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_RESET_CFG, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset all SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_RESET_CFG_ADR, (UCHAR)0x02); // set address SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_RESET_CFG_LOC, FALSE); // select RAM SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_RESET_CFG_MODE, FALSE); // only Block 2 to default SendProtocol(0x83); // set configuration data of Block 2 in RAM to default
[0x85] Set System Timer	SetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_TIME_H, (UINT)16); // 16 hours SetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_TIME_M, (UINT)20); // 20 minutes SetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_TIME_MS, (UINT)2000); // 2000 milliseconds SendProtocol(0x85); // set timer
[0x86] Get System Timer	UINT uiHour = 0; // hours UINT uiMinute = 0; // minutes UINT uiMilliSec = 0;// milliseconds
	SendProtocol(0x86); // read timer
	GetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_TIME_H, &uiHour); // get hours GetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_TIME_M, &uiMinute); // get minutes GetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_TIME_MS, &uiMilliSec); // get milliseconds
[0x87] Set System Date	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_CENTURY, (UINT)20); // 20. century SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_YEAR, (UINT)4); // year 04 in century SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_MONTH, (UINT)9); // September SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_DAY, (UINT)15); // 15. September SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_TIMEZONE, (UINT)0); // actually unused SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_HOUR, (UINT)12); // hours SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_MINUTE, (UINT)00); // minutes SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_MILLISECOND, (UINT)0); // milliseconds (incl. seconds) SendProtocol(0x87); // set date and time

[Control byte] Protocol	Example	
[0x88] Get System Date	GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_YEAR, &ucYear); // GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_MONTH, &ucMonth); // GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_DAY, &ucDay); // GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_TIMEZONE, &ucTimezone); // GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_TMP_D	century year in century month day actually unused hours
	GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_MINUTE, &ucMinute); //	minutes milliseconds
[0x8A] Read Configuration und [0x8B] Write Configuration	// the example shows reading and resetting a reader configuration block UINT uiCfgAdr = 2;	// RF-Controller // bank Main // clear mode byte // EEPROM // configuration address // 1 configurationblock
[0x8C] Set Default Configuration	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x8C_RESET_DEVICE, (UCHAR)0x02); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x8C_RESET_BANK, (UCHAR)0x01); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x8C_RESET_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x8C_RESET_MODE_LOC, true); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x8C_RESET_CFG_ADR, (UINT)1); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x8C_RESET_CFG_N, (UCHAR)1);	// RF-Controller // bank Main // clear byte // EEPROM // configuration address // 1 configuration block
[0xA0] Reader Login	SendProtocol(0x8C); // execute command UCHAR ucPW[] = {0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00}; // password SetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_READER_PW, ucPW, 4); // set password to reader	password
[0xA2] Write Mifare Keys	UCHAR ucKey[6];	

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
	// get the Mifare-Key, e.g. from a text control
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ISO14443A_KEY_TYPE, (UCHAR)0); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ISO14443A_KEY_ADR, (UCHAR)0); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ISO14443A_KEY, ucKey, 6));
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // send Mifare-Key to the reader
[0xA3] Write DES/AES Keys	UCHAR ucKey[16];
	// get the Key e.g from a text control
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0xA3_MODE, (UCHAR)0); // Location: RAM SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0xA3_KEY_INDEX, (UCHAR)0); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0xA3_AUTHENTICATE_MODE, (UCHAR)5); // AES SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0xA3_KEY_LEN, (UCHAR)16); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_0xA3_KEY, ucKey, 16));
	SendProtocol(0xA3); // send Key to the reader
[0xB0] ISO Mandatory and	// example shows the [0x01] Inventory
Optional Commands	// alternative: use of the method TagInventory and work with the TagHandler classes
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x01); // Inventory SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // no more-flag
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // no more-flag SendProtocol(0xB0);
	// the inventory data are in m_Table. Example for data accesses see <u>6.5.2. Examples for using the table with [0xB0] Commands</u>
[0xB1] ISO15693 Custumer and	// example shows the [0xA2] Set EAS
Proprietary Commands	// all other 0xB1-Commands according to this example
(TagHandler-Classes provide an easier API)	string sSnr; // STL-string for serial number UCHAR uclSOError = 0; // for ISO error code
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_CMD, (UCHAR)0xA2); // Set EAS SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_MFR, (UCHAR) FEDM_ISC_ISO_MFR_PHILIPS); // Manufactorer SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_MODE, (UCHAR) FEDM_ISC_ISO_MODE_ADR); // addressed
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	int iStatus = SendProtocol (0xB1);
	if(iStatus == 0x95)
	{
	// get ISO error code GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_ISO_ERROR, &ucISOError)
	}

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
[0xB2] ISO14443 Special Commands [0x2B] ISO14443-4 Transponder Info (TagHandler-Classes provide an easier API)	UCHAR ucFSCI = 0; UCHAR ucDSI = 0; UCHAR ucDSI = 0; UCHAR ucDRI = 0; UCHAR ucNad = 0; UCHAR ucCid = 0; UCHAR ucCid = 0; SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_CMD, (UCHAR)0x2B); // ISO14443-4 Transponder Info int iStatus = SendProtocol(0xB2); if(iStatus == 0x00) { // get the table index of the selected transponder int iIdx = FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_IS_SELECTED, true); if(iIdx >= 0) { // get transponder data from table GetTableData(iIdx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_FSCI, &ucFSCI) GetTableData(iIdx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_FWI, &ucFWI) GetTableData(iIdx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_DSI, &ucDSI) GetTableData(iIdx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_DRI, &ucDRI) GetTableData(iIdx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_NAD, &ucNad) GetTableData(iIdx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_CID, &ucCid) } }
[0xB2] ISO14443 Special Commands [0xB0] Authent Mifare (TagHandler-Classes provide an easier API)	UCHAR ucDBAdr = 0; // address of the first datablock to be accessed to the transponder UCHAR ucKeyType = 0; // keytype for authentication UCHAR ucKeyAdr = 0; // EEPROM address where the key is stored in the reader SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_CMD, (UCHAR)0xB0); // Authent Mifare SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_MODE, (UCHAR) FEDM_ISC_ISO_MODE_SEL); // selected SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_DB_ADR, ucDBAdr); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_KEY_TYPE, ucKeyType); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_KEY_ADR, ucKeyAdr); SendProtocol(0xB2);
[0xB2] ISO14443 Special Commands [0xB1] Authent my-d (TagHandler-Classes provide an easier API)	UCHAR ucKeyAdrTag = 5; // address of the key in the transponder UCHAR ucKeyAdrSam = 2; // address of the key in the security authentication modul (SAM) UCHAR ucCntAdr = 3; // address of the authtication counter UCHAR ucAuthSeq = 0; // authentication sequence SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_CMD, (UCHAR)0xB1); // Authent my-d SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_MODE, (UCHAR) FEDM_ISC_ISO_MODE_SEL); // selected SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_KEY_ADR_TAG, ucKeyAdrTag); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_KEY_ADR_SAM, ucKeyAdrSam); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_AUTH_COUNTER_ADR, ucCntAdr); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_KEY_AUTH_SEQUENCE, ucAuthSeq); SendProtocol(0xB2);

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
[0xB2] ISO14443 Special Commands [0x30] Mifare Value Commands (TagHandler-Classes provide an	UCHAR ucMFCmd = 0x01; // Mifare Command UCHAR DBAdr = 0x05; // address of datablock UCHAR ucOpValue[] = {0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x03}; // OP_VALUE UCHAR ucDestAdr = 0x05; // address of destination
easier API)	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_CMD, (UCHAR)0x30); // Mifare Value Commands SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_MODE, (UCHAR) FEDM_ISC_ISO_MODE_SEL); // selected SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_MF_CMD, ucMFCmd); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_DB_ADR, ucDBAdr); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_OP_VALUE, ucOpValue, 4); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_DEST_ADR, ucDestAdr); SendProtocol(0xB2);

6.4.4. Asynchronous tasks for relieving the load on applications

A recurring task of applications is inventorying transponders in the antenna field of the reader. Ideally this should run in the background and then tell the application when transponders are in the field or when the notification has arrived.

This is precisely the functionality you can implement using the **FEISC_StartAsyncTask** function. Internally a thread is started which waits for the reply protocol of the reader and provides the reply data to the application using a callback function.

Asynchronous tasks are defined for two types of applications: for inventory in host mode or for receiving Buffered-Read-Mode data in Notification Mode.

Asynchronous tasks can be specified for multiple Readers at the same time as long as they were given their own object in the DLL using **FEISC_NewReader**. Readers on an RS485 bus are problematic. In this case you can only "monitor" one Reader at a time, since they are all connected on the same interface.

The features of the tasks are described in the table below:

Task	TaskID	Remarks
One-time Inventory	FEDM_TASKID_FIRST_NEW_TAG	A task can only started if the following option is integrated in the Reader's firmware: the Reader protocol [0xB0][0x01] Inventory must support an optional NOTIFY flag in its Mode byte.
		After receiving the Reader protocol within the specified time, the task automatically closes itself. If the time is exceeded, the callback function is invoked and the status 0x01 (No transponder in read field) send and the task ended. In case of error the task is always ended immediately and the callback function transmits the error code.
		Serial, USB and TCP/IP interfaces are supported, whereby the ports must be open before starting the task. Autonomous opening of the connection via TCP/IP by the Reader or a suitable converter for sending the data is not possible.
		Callback-Function in FEDM_TASK_INIT: cbFct1
		The response data are located in the ISOTable and can be retrieved with GetISOTableItem.
Repeating Inventory	FEDM_TASKID_EVERY_NEW_TAG	The same conditions as for one-time inventory apply, with the following difference:
		Repeating inventory defines a cyclical task which can only be cancelled by FEDM_ISCReaderModule::CancelAsyncTask. A cycle corresponds to a one-time inventory and ends on a wait loop until the next cycle has been triggered by the application using FEDM_ISCReaderModule::TriggerAsyncTask. Application-side triggering ensures that an application has time for receiving and processing the inventory data. Callback-Function in FEDM_TASK_INIT: cbFct1 The response data are located in the ISOTable and can be retrieved with GetISOTableItem.

Receiving notifications	FEDM_TASKID_NOTIFICATION	A task should only be started if the Notification Mode is integrated and activated in the Reader's firmware. Only TCP/IP communication is supported. Possible connection options are (see system manual for the Reader): - Temporary opening of the connection by the Reader for the duration of data transmission - Continuous opening of the connection by the Reader (in development) - Continuous opening of the connection by the host (in development) The task defines an endless task which can only be cancelled using FEDM_ISCReaderModule::CancelAsyncTask or in case of error during the initialization phase is ended immediately after invoking the
		callback function.
		The task waits for reception of the Buffered-Read-Mode data and then invokes the callback function. After the callback function returns, data can immediately be received again by the Reader.
		In case of transmission errors the callback function is invoked with the error code and the receiving procedure then resumed. If the Keep-Alive option is activated (recommended), then the listener socket is closed automatically after a break of the network cable or after loss of power and is recovered again. This ensures the reliability of the network connection.
		Note: Depending on the Reader setting large quantities of data may be sent by the Reader in very short time intervals. Without use of a handshake procedure (see system manual for the Reader) data may be lost if the host is not appropriate for the quantity of notifications.
		Callback-Function in FEDM_TASK_INIT: cbFct1 and cbFct2

with GetBRMTableItem.

The response data are located in the BRMTable and can be retrieved

The internal behavior is determined essentially by the structure **FEDM_TASK_INIT**, which is sent using **FEDM_ISCReaderModule::StartAsyncTask**. Among other things it contains the necessary parameters for the callback function:

```
typedef struct _FEDM_TASK_INIT
                                             // specifies the Task (e.g. FEDM_TASKID_NOTIFICATION)
    unsigned int
                      uiUse;
   unsigned int
                                             // specifies the use of the union (e.g. FEDM_TASKCB2)
                      uiFlag;
   void*
                                             // pointer to anything, which is reflected as the first parameter
                      pAny;
                                             // in the callback function (e.g. can be used to pass the object pointer)
   int
                      iConnectByHost;
                                             // always 0: TCP/IP connection is initiated by reader
                      cIPAdr[16];
   char
                                             // server ip address
                                             // note: only for channel type FEISC_TASK_CHANNEL_TYPE_NEW_TCP
                      iPortAdr;
                                             // server or host port address
   int
                                             // note: only for channel type FEISC_TASK_CHANNEL_TYPE_NEW_TCP
   UINT
                      uiTimeout;
                                             // timeout for asynchronous task in steps of 100ms or
                                             // timeout for notification task in steps of 1s
   // only for authentication in notification mode
   bool
                      bCryptoMode;
                                             // security mode on/off
   unsigned int
                      uiAuthentKeyLength; // authent key length
   unsigned char
                      ucAuthentKey[32];
                                             // authent key
   // only for notification
                      bKeepAlive;
                                                 // if true, keep alive option will be enabled (recommended)
   unsigned int
                      uiKeepAliveIdleTime;
                                                 // wait time in ms for first probe after connection is dropped down
                                                 // for Linux: time is rounded up to seconds
   unsigned int
                      uiKeepAliveProbeCount;
                                                 // only for Linux: number of probes
                                                 // for Windows Server 2003, and XP it is fixed to 5 by Microsoft
                                                 // for Windows Vista and later it is fixed to 10 by Microsoft
                      uiKeepAliveIntervalTime; // wait time in ms between probes
   unsigned int
                                                 // for Linux: time is rounded up to seconds
   union
       // for notification and inventory task
              (*cbFct1)( void* pAny,
                                                         // [in] pointer to anything (from struct _FEISC_TASK_INIT)
                          int iError,
                                                         // [in] OK (=0), error code (<0) or status byte from reader (>0)
                          unsigned char ucCmd);
                                                         // [in] reader command
       // only for notification task
                                                         // [in] pointer to anything (from struct _FEISC_TASK_INIT)
              (*cbFct2)( void* pAny,
                                                         // [in] OK (=0), error code (<0) or status byte from reader (>0)
                          int iError,
                          unsigned char ucCmd,
                                                         // [in] reader command
                          char* cIPAdr,
                                                         // [in] ip address of the reader
                          int iPortNr);
                                                         // [in] local port number which received the notification
   };
   union
       int iNotifyWithAck;
                                      // 0: notification without acknowledge
                                      // 1: notification with acknowledge
    };
} FEDM_TASK_INIT;
```

The core element of the structure is the *union* with the function pointers. Selection of the callback function is handled by the parameter *uiFlag*. The parameter *pAny* can be used for any data and is returned in the first parameter of the callback function. C++ programmers can thus have a pointer for the invoking object sent to the static declared callback function and in this way access class functions. *uiTimeout* defines the timeout for an inventory cycle or the maximal time for receiving a

notification protocol. The value depends on the specifications in the system manual for the reader for the protocol [0xB0][0x01] Inventory or in seconds for notification timeout.

The structure variables *cClientIP* and *iPortAdr* are intended only for the Notification task.

Important Note: the structure FEDM_TASK_INIT must always be initialized on application-side with 0 with a call of memset (myTaskInit, 0, size of (FEDM_TASK_INIT));

6.4.5. Serializing in XML-Format¹

The standardizing of XML (Extensible Markup Format) has resulted in a description language for documents which can be used independently of the computer language and operating system. It makes sense therefore to use this language to define the structure of a reader configuration file. In the following the contents of an XML file created with ISOStart is shown:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" standalone="yes"?>
<OBID>
    <file-header>
         <document-type>Reader Configuration File</document-type>
         <document-version>1.0</document-version>
         <reader-family>ISC</reader-family>
         <reader-name>ID ISC.MR100</reader-name>
         <reader-type>74</reader-type>
         <host-address>192.168.3.3/host-address>
         <port-number>10001</port-number>
         <communication-mode>TCP</communication-mode>
         oprogram-name>ID ISOStart/program-name>
         cprogram-version>05.03.03/program-version>
         <fedm-version>01.08</fedm-version>
         <date>07/18/03</date>
         <time>11:13:28</time>
    </file-header>
    <data-array name="Reader EEPROM-Parameter" blocks="16" size="16">
         <CFG0 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
         b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG1 b0="00" b1="00" b2="08" b3="01" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="0A" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG2 b0="00" b1="20" b2="00" b3="25" b4="00" b5="04" b6="00" b7="2F" b8="0A" b9="64" b10="00"
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG3 b0="00" b1="39" b2="00" b3="07" b4="00" b5="00" b6="06" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG4 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="09" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG5 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="04" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG6 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="01" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="0A" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="05" b12="04" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
        <CFG7 b0="02" b1="20" b2="2C" b3="01" b4="0D" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG8 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG9 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG10 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"</pre>
        b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG11 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"
        b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
        <CFG12 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"
        b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG13 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"
        b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG14 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"
        b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG15 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"</pre>
        b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
    </data-array>
    <data-array name="Reader RAM-Parameter" blocks="16" size="16">
         <CFG0 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG1 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG2 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG3 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
         <CFG4 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
        b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
          < \tt CFG5 \ b0 = "00" \ b1 = "00" \ b2 = "00" \ b3 = "00" \ b4 = "00" \ b5 = "00" \ b6 = "00" \ b7 = "00" \ b8 = "00" \ b9 = "00" \ b1 =
```

¹ available only if pre-processor definition **FEDM XML SUPPORT** is set

```
b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
      <CFG6 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
      b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
      <CFG7 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
      b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
      <CFG8 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
     b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
      <CFG9 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00" b10="00"</pre>
      b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
      <CFG10 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"
     b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
      <CFG11 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"</pre>
      b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
      <CFG12 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"</pre>
      b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
      <CFG13 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"</pre>
      b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/
      <CFG14 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"
      b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
      <CFG15 b0="00" b1="00" b2="00" b3="00" b4="00" b5="00" b6="00" b6="00" b7="00" b8="00" b9="00"</pre>
     b10="00" b11="00" b12="00" b13="00" b14="00" b15="00"/>
   </data-array>
</OBID>
```

In addition to some header data, the tags <data-array</pre> name="Reader EEPROM-Parameter" blocks="16"
size="16"> and data-array name="Reader RAM-Parameter" blocks="16" size="16"> contain the reader
parameters as hex values.

The serialize method can now be used to create this file or read the reader configuration of such a file and copy it to the internal memory EEData or RAMData. The prerequisite for generating the configuration file is that the reader configuration has already been read.

To create a reader configuration file, call:

```
Serialize(false, "c:\tmp\myreader.xml")
```

and to read the data from a reader configuration file call:

```
Serialize(true, "c:\tmp\myreader.xml")
```

6.5. Table for ISO Host Commands

Note: this chapter is only relevant, if your project does not use TagHandler classes.

The [0xB0] ISO Host Commands are used to exchange data with multiple transpondes located in the antenna field of the Reader. The table m_ISOTable (protected) is implemented within the Reader class FEDM_ISCReader for structured storage of this transponder data, with the protocol data for a transponder administered as a table entry. If for example data from three transponders arrives in a protocol, three table entries are filled with the transponder data.

The table is preset size of 0. This means you must initialize it with the method SetTableSize before first using. The size is determined by the maximum number of transponders that can be located in the antenna field of the Reader at the same time.

The data are entered in the empty table always starting from Index 0. The (protected) variable m_iISOTableLength for the Reader class tells you how many enries are valid.

The [0x0B] [0x01] Inventory keeps appending new transponder data. Thus the number of valid table entries continues to grow until the application program invokes the method ResetTable, or until the maximum size of the table as defined by the method SetTableSize is reached. In general, therefore, you will delete the table before each new Inventory.

All ISO commands in Non-Addressed Mode always use only Table Index 0. By developing an application dedicated to this special mode, you can set the table size to 1 and thus save storage space.

The table data are always accessed using the methods GetTableData and SetTableData for the Reader class FEDM_ISCReader. FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE is always passed as parameter uiTableID. A list and explanation of the access constants in uiDataID is found in <u>7.3.4. Constants</u> for uiDataID.

The method FindTableIndex is provided for finding certain table entries, using the series number for example. Other query methods are: GetTableSize and GetTableLength. ResetTable deletes the table. Optionally this also allows you to initialize all data fields entered with the parameter uiDataFlags=FEDM_ISC_DATA_ALL with a value of 0. All these methods are described in the section on the Reader class on page 6.1. FEDM_ISCReader.

Separate data buffers for data blocks from receive (m_ucRxDB) and data blocks from send protocols (m_ucTxDB) are integrated in the table m_ISOTable. This allows simple verification of the written data blocks with the read data blocks.

After a [0xB0] [0x25] Select the corresponding table entry is marked as selected (m_blsSelected) set to true). All following ISO commands in Selected Mode automatically look for this table entry and handle the data exchange. Only one table entry can be marked as selected, since only one transponder at a time can be selected in the antenna field of the Reader. Repeating Select with a different series number (UID) therefore automatically deselects the last selected table entry before the new table entry is marked as selected. A [0xB0] [0x26] Reset to Ready cancels the last selection both of the transponder and of the table.

The method

```
FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_IS_SELECTED, true)
```

can be used to get the table index currently marked as selected.

The storage space requirement for a table entry is 17496 bytes.

Important Note: The ISO-Table has no support for the [0xB1] ISO15693 Custom and Proprietary Commands.

6.5.1. Anomaly of the addressed mode

Most of the Host Commands can be used in the addressed mode. In this case the serial number – or unified identifier (UID) – is part of the send protocol. In former versions the library has only supported UIDs with a length of 8 byte. With an extension flag in the mode byte (UID_LF) different UID length are now possible. If the UID_LF flag is set, the length of the UID must be added to the send protocol.

The following example demonstrates the use of a different UID length in a [0xB0][0xB23] Read Multiple Blocks:

```
// set UID for addressed mode (up to 32 byte)

SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sUid);

SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID_LEN, ucUidLen); // number of byte in UID

SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x23); // Command Read Multiple Blocks

SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // clear mode byte

SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // addressed mode

SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_UID_LF, true); // UID_LF flag

SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DBN, (UCHAR)0x01); // request one data block

SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DB_ADR, ucDBAdr); // set data block address
```

SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication wit reader/transponder

6.5.2. Examples for using the table with [0xB0] Commands

The following examples suggest how data exchange with the table FEDM_ISOTable is handled. For reasons of clarity the processing of the return values of the methods is omitted. This should however always be done in applications.

```
[Control byte] Protocol
                               Example
[0x01] Inventory
                               UCHAR ucTrType = 0; // for transponder type
                               CString sSnr;
                                                     // for serial number (for EPC too)
                               string sHeader;
                                                     // for EPC field Header
für HF-Transponder:
                               string sDomain;
                                                     // for EPC field DomainManager
- Philips I-CODE1
                               string sObject;
                                                     // for EPC field ObjektClass
- Texas Instruments Tag-it HF
                               string sEPC;
                                                     // for EPC ("Header.DomainManager.ObjectClass.Serialnumber")
- ISO15693
                               SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x01);
                                                                                      // Command Inventory
- ISO14443A
                               SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00);
                                                                                      // no more-flag
- ISO14443B
- EPC (Electronic Product Code)
                               // clear complete table content (with option FEDM_ISC_DATA_ALL) or
- Philips I-CODE UID
                               // set table length to 0 (without option FEDM_ISC_DATA_ALL)
- Innovision Jewel
                               ResetTable(FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_ALL);
- EPC Class1 Gen2 HF
                               SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder
für UHF-Transponder:
                               // all transponder data are contained in the table
- ISO18006-6-B
                               for(int iCnt=0; iCnt<GetTableLength(FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE); ++iCnt)
- EM4222
- EPC Class0/0+
                                   // get transponder type
- EPC Class1 Gen1
                                   GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_TRTYPE, &ucTrType);
- EPC Class1 Gen2
                                   switch(ucTrType)
                                       // HF-Transponder
                                       case 0x00: // Philips I-CODE1
                                       case 0x01: // Texas Instruments Tag-it HF
                                       case 0x03: // ISO15693
                                       case 0x04: // ISO14443A
                                       case 0x05: // ISO14443B
                                       case 0x07: // I-Code UID
                                       case 0x08: // Innovision Jewel
                                       case 0x09: // EPC Class1 Gen2 HF
                                       // UHF-Transponder
                                       case 0x81: // ISO18000-6-B
                                       case 0x83: // EM4222
                                       case 0x84: // EPC Class1 Gen2
                                       case 0x88: // EPC Class0/0+
                                       case 0x89: // EPC Class1 Gen1
                                          // get the serial number as a string
                                          GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sSnr);
                                       case 0x06: // EPC (Electronic Product Code)
                                          // get the EPC fields...
                                          GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_HEADER,
                                                            sHeader):
                                          GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_DOMAIN,
                                                            sDomain);
                                          GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_OBJECT,
                                                            sObject);
                                          GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_SNR,
                                                            sSnr):
```

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
	//or get the complete EPC as a string GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC, sEPC); break; } }
[0x02] Stay Quiet	string sSnr; // for serial number
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x02); // Command Stay Quiet SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed mode
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder
[0x22] Lock Multiple Blocks	/* Attention: you lock the data blocks forever!!
	string sSnr; // for serial number
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// first find table index for the serial number int ildx = FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sSnr);
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x22); // Command Lock Multiple Blocks SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DBN, (UCHAR)0x01); // lock one data block SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DB_ADR, (UCHAR)0x00); // set data block address
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder
[0x23] Read Multiple Blocks (normal address mode)	UCHAR ucDB[32]; // buffer for a data block (max. block size 32) UCHAR ucDBAdr = 5; // Data block address 5 string sSnr; // for serial number
	// get serial number from text field for example
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x23); // Command Read Multiple Blocks SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DBN, (UCHAR)0x01); // read a data block SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DB_ADR, ucDBAdr); // set data block address
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder
	// all transponder data are contained in the table
	// first find table index for the serial number int ildx = FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sSnr);
	// get size of the data block (block size) GetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_BLOCK_SIZE, &ucBlockSize); // do something with block size
	// get a data block (ucDB will contain only ucBlockSize data bytes) GetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxDB, ucDBAdr, ucDB, 32);

[Control byte] Protocol	Example	
	// do something with the data block	
[0x23] Read Multiple Blocks (extended address mode)	// do something with the data block UCHAR ucDB[32]; // buffer for a data block (max. block size 32) UINT uiDBAdr = 5; // Data block address 5 (range value: 065535) UCHAR ucPwLen; // length of Access Password string sPw; // Access Password string sSnr; // for serial number // get serial number from text field for example // get password from text field for example and save in sPw, ditto with length // set serial number for Addressed Mode (> 8 bytes allowed) SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID_LEN, sSnr.length() /2); // length of UIDin byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x23); // Command Read Multiple Blocks	
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x23); // command Read Multiple Blocks SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode-byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_EXT_ADR, true); // enable extended Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_UID_LF, true); // enable UID length value in protocol SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_BANK, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset memory bank SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_BANK_BANK_NR, (UCHAR)0x03);// memory bank UserMem SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_BANK_ACCESS_FLAG, true); // enable Access Password SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_ACCESS_PW_LENGTH, ucPwLen); // set length of password SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_ACCESS_PW, sPw); // password SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DB_ADR_EXT, uiDBAdr); // set data block address SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DBN, (UCHAR)0x01); // read one data block	
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder // all transponder data are contained in the table	
	// first find table index for the serial number int ildx = FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sSnr);	
	// get size of the data block (block size) GetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_BLOCK_SIZE, &ucBlockSize); // mach was mit der Blocksize // hole einen Datenblock (ucDB wird nur ucBlockSize Datenbytes enthalten) GetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxDB, uiDBAdr, ucDB, 32); // do something with block size	

rs the [0x24] Write Multiple Blocks. You ad mode is used. still not performed [0x23] Read Multiple Ender in the active zone supports another by this transponder! You S_BLOCK_SIZE_SET,) for example to the [0x23] Read Multiple Blocks. Incomo (e.g. 8) and only writing to the transpole with: EDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATABLE, FED	Blocks, the block size will be preset to block size, this must first be set in the can use GetTableData(, o check whether the block size has apponder is necessary the block size TA_BLOCK_SIZE, (UCHAR)8);
Index in the active zone supports another by this transponder! You is a BLOCK_SIZE_SET,) for example to the [0x23] Read Multiple Blocks. Index in the active zone supports another by the support of the transport of the tran	block size, this must first be set in the can use GetTableData(, o check whether the block size has a sponder is necessary the block size TA_BLOCK_SIZE, (UCHAR)8);
ole with: EDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATABLE // buffer for a data block (max. block); // data block address 5	TA_BLOCK_SIZE, (UCHAR)8);
; // data block address 5	ck size 32)
r from text field for example and save in s	Snr
om a text field for example and save in uc	DB[]
the serial number ndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_	_ISC_DATA_SNR, sSnr);
or Addressed Mode _TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);	
TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); TMP_B0_REQ_DB_ADR, ucDBAdr); TMP_B0_REQ_DBN, (UCHAR)0x01); EDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DA	, ,
_	_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr); _TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x24); _TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); _TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); _TMP_B0_REQ_DB_ADR, ucDBAdr); _TMP_B0_REQ_DBN, (UCHAR)0x01); FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DA' o the table FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DA'

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
[0x24] Write Multiple Blocks (extended address mode)	/* the example shows the [0x24] Write Multiple Blocks. You must first have performed an [0x01] Inventory, if addressed mode is used.
(exterior acarese mode)	Caution: if you have still not performed [0x23] Read Multiple Blocks, the block size will be preset to 4. But if the transponder in the active zone supports another block size, this must first be set in the table for this transponder! You can use GetTableData(, FEDM_ISC_DATA_IS_BLOCK_SIZE_SET,) for example to check whether the block size has already been read with [0x23] Read Multiple Blocks.
	If the block size is known (e.g. 8) and only writing to the transponder is necessary the block size must be set in the table with: SetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_BLOCK_SIZE, (UCHAR)8); */
	UCHAR ucDB[32]; // buffer for a data block (max. block size 32) UINT uiDBAdr = 5; // data block address 5 UCHAR ucPwLen; // length of Access Password string sPw; // Access Password
	string sSnr; // serial number
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// get password from text field for example and save in sPw, ditto with length // get data block from a text field for example and save in ucDB[]
	// find table index for the serial number int ildx = FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sSnr);
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID_LEN, sSnr.length() /2); // length of UID in byte
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x24); // command Write Multiple Blocks SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_EXT_ADR, true); // enable extended Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_UID_LF, true); // enable UID length value in protocol SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_BANK, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset memory bank SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_BANK_BANK_NR, (UCHAR)0x03); // memory bank UserMem SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_BANK_ACCESS_FLAG, true); // enable Access Password SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_ACCESS_PW_LENGTH, ucPwLen); // set length of password SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_ACCESS_PW, sPw); // password SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DB_ADR_EXT, uiDBAdr); // set data block address SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DBN, (UCHAR)0x01); // write a data block // set block size to 8 SetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_BLOCK_SIZE, (UCHAR)8); // write a data block to the table
	SetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_TxDB, uiDBAdr, ucDB, 8); SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder
	Jenui rotocoi(oxbo), // communication with reader/transponder

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
[0x25] Select	string sSnr; // for serial number
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x25); // Command Select SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed mode
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder
[0x25] Select with Option Card Information for	CString sSnr; // for serial number UCHAR ucFormat = 0; // format byte from the response protocol
ISO14443 Transponder	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x25); // Command Select SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_CINF, true); // CINF-Flag
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder
	// the format byte is stored in TmpData GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_RSP_FORMAT, &ucFormat); // format byte
	// the Card Information is stored in TmpData beginning at index 2048 UCHAR* ucCardInfo = &TmpData[2048]; // address of the first byte
[0x26] Reset to Ready	string sSnr; // for serial number
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x26); // Command Reset to Ready SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed mode
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
[0x27] Write AFI	string sSnr; // for serial number UCHAR ucAFI = 0; // for AFI
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// get AFI from edit control and in ucAFI
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	// find table index for the serial number int ildx = FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sSnr);
	// write AFI to the table SetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_AFI, ucAFI);
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x27); // Command Write AFI SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed mode
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder
[0x28] Lock AFI	string sSnr; // for serial number
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x28); // Command Lock AFI SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed mode
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder
[0x29] Write DSFID	string sSnr; // for serial number UCHAR ucDSFID = 0; // for DSFID
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// get DSFID from edit control for example and save in ucDSFID
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	// find table index for the serial number int ildx = FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sSnr);
	// write DSFID to the table SetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_DSFID, ucDSFID);
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x29); // Command Write DSFID SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed mode
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder

[Control byte] Protocol	Example
[0x2A] Lock DSFID	string sSnr; // for serial number
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x2A); // Command Lock DSFID SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed mode
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // Kommunikation mit Leser/Transponder
[0x2B] Get System Information	UCHAR ucDSFID = 0; // for DSFID UCHAR ucAFI = 0; // for AFI UCHAR ucMemSize[] = {0, 0}; // for Memory-Size UCHAR uclCRef = 0; // for IC-Reference string sSnr; // for serial number
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x2B); // Command Get System Information SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed mode
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder
	// all transponder data are contained in the table
	// find table index for the serial number int ildx = FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sSnr);
	// get AFI from the table GetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_AFI, &ucAFI); // do something with the AFI
	// get the other data values from the table
[0x2C] Get Multiple Block Security Status	UCHAR ucSecStatus; // for Security Status string sSnr; // for serial number
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DBN, (UCHAR)0x05); // 5 data blocks SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DB_ADR, (UCHAR)0x00); // set first data block address
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0x2C); // Command Get Multiple Block
	// Security Status SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed mode
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder
	// all transponder data are contained in the table
	// find table index for the serial number int ildx = FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sSnr);
	// get the Security Status for data blocks 04 for(int iCnt=0; iCnt<5; ++iCnt)

[Control byte] Protocol	Example	
	{ GetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SEC_ &ucSecStatus, 1); // do something with the ucSecStatus }	_STATUS, iCnt,
[0xA0] Read Config Block only for I-Code 1	UCHAR ucCB[4]; // buffer for a data block (block size is always 4) UCHAR ucCBAdr = 0; // data block address 0 string sSnr; // for serial number // get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr // set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_CMD, (UCHAR)0xA0); // Command Read SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_CB_ADR, ucCBAdr); // set data block SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_CB_ADR, ucCBAdr); // set data block // find table index for the serial number int ildx = FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_ // get the data block GetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxCB, ucc // do something with the data block	Configuration Block de byte ed mode block address SNR, sSnr);
[0xA1] Write Config Block only for I-Code 1	/* <u>Caution</u> : You can modify a transponder in that way, that he will be unusal	
	UCHAR ucCB[4]; // buffer for a data block (block size is always 4) UCHAR ucCBAdr = 0; // data block address 0 string sSnr; // for serial number	1
	// get serial number from text field for example and save in sSnr	
	// get data block from a text field for example and save in ucCB[]	
	// find table index for the serial number int ildx = FindTableIndex (0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_	SNR, sSnr);
	// set serial number for Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID, sSnr);	
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // reset Mod SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addresse	•
	// write the data block into the table SetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_TxCB, uc	:CBAdr, ucCB, 4);
	SendProtocol(0xB0); // communication with reader/transponder	

6.5.3.Examples for using the table with [0xB3] Commands

[Steuerbyte] Protokoll	Beispiel
[0x18] Kill	/* Attention: this ISO Command detroys the transponder!!
for UHF-Transponder: - EPC Class1 Gen1 - EPC Class1 Gen2	string sEpc; // for EPC string sPw; // for Kill Password unsigned char ucEpcLen = 0; // length of EPC in byte unsigned char ucPwLen = 0; // length of Kill Password
	// get serial number from text field for example // get password from text field for example, ditto with length
	// find table index for the EPC int ildx = FindTableIndex (0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sEpc);
	// get length of EPC GetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR_LEN, &ucEpcLen);
	// set EPC for addressed mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_EPC, sEpc); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_EPC_LEN, ucEpcLen); // length of EPC
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_CMD, (UCHAR)0x18); // Command Kill SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // clear mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE_UID_LF, true); // from 8 different UID length SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_KILL_PW_LENGTH, ucPwLen); // length of password SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_KILL_PW, sPw); // password
	SendProtocol(0xB3); // communication with reader/transponder
[0x22] Lock Multiple Blocks	/* Attention: you lock the data blocks forever!!
for UHF-Transponder: - EPC Class1 Gen1 - EPC Class1 Gen2	string sEpc; // for EPC string sLockData; // for optional lock data string sPw; // for optional access password unsigned char ucEpcLen = 0; // length of EPC in byte unsigned char ucTrType = 0; // transponder typ unsigned char ucLockDataLen = 0; // length of lock data in byte unsigned char ucPwLen = 0; // length of optional access password in byte
	// get serial number from text field for example // get lock data from text field for example, ditto with length // get password from text field for example, ditto with length
	// find table index for the EPC int ildx = FindTableIndex (0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sEpc);
	// get length of EPC GetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR_LEN, &ucEpcLen);
	// get transponder type GetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_TRTYPE, &ucTrType);
	// set EPC for addressed mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_EPC, sEpc); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_EPC_LEN, ucEpcLen); // length of EPC
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_CMD, (UCHAR)0x22); // Command Lock SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // // clear mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE_UID_LF, true); // from 8 different UID length SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_TR_TYPE, ucTrType); // transponder type

[Steuerbyte] Protokoll	Beispiel		
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_LOCK_DATA_LENGTH, ucLockDataLen); // length of lock data SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_LOCK_DATA, sLockData); // lock data SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_ACCESS_PW_LENGTH, ucPwLen); // length of password if(ucPwLen > 0) SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_ACCESS_PW, sPw); // password		
	SendProtocol(0xB3); // communication with reader/transponder		
[0x24] Write Multiple Blocks for UHF-Transponder: - EPC Class1 Gen2	/* the example shows the [0x24] Write Multiple Blocks. You must first have performed an [0x01] Inventory, if addressed mode is used. Caution: if you have still not performed [0x23] Read Multiple Blocks, the block size will be preset to 4. But if the transponder in the active zone supports another block size, this must first be set in the table for this transponder! You can use GetTableData(, FEDM_ISC_DATA_IS_BLOCK_SIZE_SET,) for example to check whether the block size has already been read with [0x23] Read Multiple Blocks. */		
	UCHAR ucDB[32]; // buffer for a data block (max. block size 32) UCHAR ucDBAdr = 5; // data block address 5 string sSnr; // for serial number string sPw; // for optional access password unsigned char ucEpcLen = 0; // length of EPC in byte unsigned char ucPwLen = 0; // length of optional access password in byte		
	// get EPC from text field for example and save in sEPC		
	// get password from text field for example and save in sPw, ditto with length		
	// get data block from a text field for example and save in ucDB[]		
	// find table index for the serial number int ildx = FindTableIndex(0, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sEpc);		
	// set EPC for addressed mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_UID, sEpc); SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_EPC_LEN, ucEpcLen); // length of EPC		
	SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_CMD, (UCHAR)0x24); // Command Read Multiple Blocks SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE, (UCHAR)0x00); // clear mode byte SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE_ADR, (UCHAR)0x01); // Addressed Mode SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE_UID_LF, true); // from 8 different UID length SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE_EXT_ADR, true); // 2 byte DB address SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_BANK, (UCHAR)0); // reset memory bank SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_BANK_BANK_NR, (UCHAR)0x01); // EPC memory bank SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_BANK_ACCESS_FLAG, true); // with access password SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_ACCESS_PW_LENGTH, ucPwLen); // set length of password SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_ACCESS_PW, sPw); // password SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_ACCESS_PW, sPw); // password SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_DB_ADR_EXT, (UINT)0); // set data block address SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_DB_N, (UCHAR)0x06); // write six data blocks SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_DB_SIZE, (UCHAR)0x02); // blocksize for protocol // set same blocksize in table SetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_BLOCK_SIZE, (UCHAR)2); // set data blocks in table SetTableData(ildx, FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_TxDB, iAdr, &ucDB[iAdr*2], 2); SendProtocol(0xB3); // communication with reader/transponder		

6.6. Table for Buffered Read Mode

The [0x21] Read Buffer (only for Long-Range-Reader ID ISC.LRxxx) and respectively [0x22] Read Buffer permits data from multiple transponders located in the antenna field of the Reader to be read. The table m_BRMTable (protected) is implemented within the Reader class FEDM_ISCReader for structured storage of this transponder data, with the protocol data for a transponder administered as a table entry. If for example data from three transponders arrives in a protocol, three table entries are filled with the transponder data.

The table is preset size of 0. This means you must initialize it with the method SetTableSize before first using. The size is determined by the maximum number of transponders that can be located in the antenna field of the Reader at the same time.

The data are entered in the empty table always starting from Index 0. This means that each [0x21] Read Buffer ([0x22] Read Buffer) causes the old table data to be overwritten. The (protected) variable m_iBRMTableLength for the Reader class tells you how many enries are valid.

The table data are always accessed using the methods GetTableData and SetTableData for the Reader class FEDM_ISCReader. FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE is always passed as parameter uiTableID. A list and explanation of the access constants in uiDataID is found in <u>7.3.4. Constants</u> for uiDataID.

The method FindTableIndex is provided for finding certain table entries, using the series number for example. Other query methods are: GetTableSize and GetTableLength. ResetTable deletes the table. Optionally this also allows you to initialize the data fields entered in the parameter uiDataFlags with a value of 0. All these methods are described in the section on the Reader class on page 6.1. FEDM_ISCReader.

The storage space requirement for a table entry is 1104 bytes.

6.6.1. Examples for using of the table

The following examples suggest how data exchange with the table FEDM_BRMTable is handled. For reasons of clarity the processing of the return values of the methods is omitted. This should however always be done in applications.

[Control byte] Protocol	Example		
[0x21] Read Buffer	// the example shows reading of data sets with serial number, data block and timer value		
	UCHAR ucDataSets = 1;	// number of data sets requested	
	UCHAR ucRecSets = 0;	// number of data sets in the protocol	
	UCHAR ucDB[4];	// buffer for a data block	
	UINT uiTimer = 0;	// for timer value	
	int64 i64Snr = 0;	// for serial number	
	BOOL bSNR = FALSE; // flag for serial number in data set		
	BOOL bDB = FALSE;	// flag for data block in data set	
	BOOL bTimer = FALSE;	// flag for timer in data set	

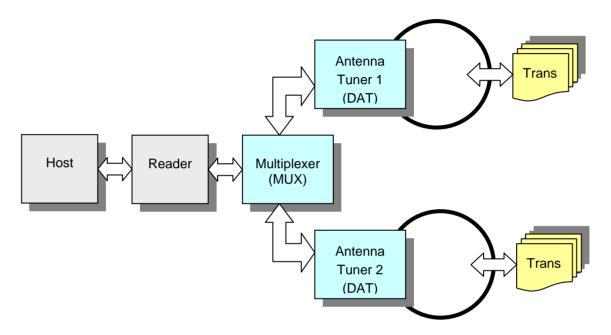
```
[Control byte] Protocol
                             Example
                             SetData(FEDM ISCLR TMP BRM SETS, ucDataSets);
                             SendProtocol(0x21);
                                                     // read data from transponder with Buffered Read Mode
                             GetData(FEDM ISCLR TMP BRM TRDATA SNR, &bSNR);
                             GetData(FEDM ISCLR TMP BRM TRDATA DB, &bDB);
                             GetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_BRM_TRDATA_TIME, &bTimer);
                             GetData(FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_BRM_RECSETS, &ucRecSets);
                             // all transponder data are contained in the table
                             for(int iCnt=0; iCnt<GetTableLength(FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE); iCnt++)
                                          // get serial number
                                    GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, &i64Snr);
                                if(bDB)
                                           // get Data Block 1
                                    GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxDB, 1, ucDB, 4);
                                if(bTIMER) // get timer value
                                    GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_TIMER, &uiTimer);
[0x22] Read Buffer
                             // the example shows reading of data sets with serial number, data block, date and timer value and
                             antenna number
                             UINT uiDataSets = 1;
                                                     // number of data sets requested
                             UINT uiRecSets = 0;
                                                     // number of data sets in the protocol
                             UCHAR ucAnt;
                                                     // antenna number
                             UCHAR ucDate[5]:
                                                     // buffer for date field
                             UCHAR ucInput;
                                                     // for input byte
                             UCHAR ucStatus;
                                                     // for status byte
                             UCHAR ucSize:
                                                     // blocksize of one datablock
                             UINT uiDBN = 0;
                                                     // number of datablocks
                             UINT uiTimer = 0;
                                                     // for timer value
                                                     // for serial number
                             string sSnr = 0;
                             string sDB;
                                                     // for datablocks
                             BOOL bSNR = FALSE; // flag (in TR-DATA1) for serial number in data set
                             BOOL bDB = FALSE;
                                                     // flag (in TR-DATA1) for datablocks in data set
                             BOOL bANT = FALSE;
                                                     // flag (in TR-DATA1) for antenna nummer in data set
                             BOOL bDate = FALSE; // flag (in TR-DATA1) for date in data set
                             BOOL bTime = FALSE;
                                                     // flag (in TR-DATA1) for time in data set
                             BOOL bExt = FALSE;
                                                     // EXTENSION flag (in TR-DATA1): signals, that a second TR-DATA
                                                     // byte is following, where additional flags continues the definition of a
                                                     // data set
                             BOOL blnput = FALSE;
                                                     // flag (in TR-DATA2) for input and status byte in data set
                             SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_SETS, uiDataSets);
                             SendProtocol(0x22);
                                                     // read data from transponder with Buffered Read Mode
                             GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA1_SNR, &bSNR);
                             GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA1_DB, &bDB);
                             GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA1_ANT, &bANT);
                             GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA1_TIME, &bTime);
                             GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA1_DATE, &bDate);
                             GetData(FEDM ISC TMP ADV BRM TRDATA1 EXT, &bExt);
                             GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA2_INPUT, &bInput);
                             GetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_RECSETS, &uiRecSets);
                             // all transponder data are contained in the table
```

[Control byte] Protocol **Example** for(int iCnt=0; iCnt<GetTableLength(FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE); iCnt++) if(bSNR) // get serial number GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR, sSnr); if(bDB) // get all datablocks // get number of datablocks GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_DBN, &uiDBN); // get blocksize GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_BLOCK_SIZE, &ucSize); // get datablocks for(int i=0; i<uiDBN; ++i) GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxDB, i, sDB); // do anything with the datablocks } } if(bANT) // get antenna number GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_ANT_NR, ucAnt); if(bTime) // get time value GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_TIMER, &uiTimer); if(bDate) // get date GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_DATE, ucDate, 5); if(bExt && bInput) // get input and status byte GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_INPUT, uclnput); GetTableData(iCnt, FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_STATE, ucStatus); }

6.7. FEDM ISCFunctionUnit

The class **FEDM_ISCFunctionUnit** represents an external function unit integrated in the antenna cable of the reader. The class has no base class. For a deeper understanding of the possibilities of function units you should read the system manual H30701-xe-ID-B (HF) or H80302-xe-ID-B (UHF). Additional information can be found in the installation guides of the function units.

In consideration of the fact that a function units needs always a reader as a communication bridge, the class **FEDM_ISCFunctionUnit** can only be instantiated if a reader object of type **FEDM_ISCReader** is previously created.



The picture above demonstrates also that external function units are arranged in hierarchical order. The function unit class pattern this topology with a list of successors of type **FEDM_ISCFunctionUnit**. Beginning with the first function unit after the reader one can traverse through the tree of function units.

By default, the first function unit – normally a Multiplexer – manages the pointers of the succeeding and dynamically created function units. This has the advantage, that the destructor of the first function unit frees the memory of the complete object tree. Is this behaviour undesired, because of working with static objects, then this option must be disabled by use of the method **SetManageChildMode**(false).

6.7.1. Constructor

A pointer to the reader object of type **FEDM_ISCReader** and the type of the function unit are passed with the constructor. The reader object must represent a reader which is physically connected with the function unit.

6.7.2.Implemented data containers

Data container	Description
TmpData	For general temporary protocol data

The size of the data containers is determined statically in the class constructor. All data containers are initialized in the constructor with 0x00.

6.7.3.Implemented lists

List	Description	
m_ChildList	List with pointer to function units which are physically connected at the output or outputs of the function unit.	

The use of the list is only possible if the function unit supports the connection of successive function units. The multiplexer ID ISC.ANT.MUX is e. g. such a type of function unit.

6.7.4. Methods (public)

Method	Description	
SendProtocol	The central communication method. For more details see section <u>6.7.6. Examples for using the method SendProtocol</u>	
AddChild	Method to add a successive function unit to the list.	
DelChild	Method to remove a successive function unit from the list.	
DelChildList	Method to remove all successive function units from the list.	
GetChild	Method to get a pointer to a successive function unit from the list.	
SetFUType	Method to set the type of the function unit. This action removes all successive function units from the list.	
GetFUType	Get the type of the function unit.	
SetManageChildMode	Set the management mode for childs. By default, the parent destroys the childs. If the application should control the free of memory, the use of this method with the paramete bDeleteInternal=false disables the internal management.	
GetData	Overloaded method for reading a parameter value from a data container. The invocation is passed to the class FEDM_Base after the data container type (memory type constant) has been determined from the access constant. GetData supports the following data types: bool, BOOL, UCHAR, UCHAR-Array, UNIT,int64, CString resp. AnsiString, STL-string and C-string.	
SetData	Overloaded method for writing a parameter value to a data container. The invocation is passed to the class FEDM_Base after the data container type (memory type constant) has	

Method	Description	
	been determined from the access constant. SetData supports the following data types: bool, BOOL, UCHAR, UCHAR-Array, UNIT,int64, CString resp. AnsiString, STL-string and C-string	
GetLastError	Returns the last error code.	
GetLastStatus	Returns the last status byte.	
GetErrorText	Gets a text corresponding to a sent error code. The error code may also come from the function collection sector ID FEISC or the underlying communication library.	
GetStatusText	Gets a text corresponding to the sent status byte.	

6.7.5.Important initializations

Before using the protocol method for the first time, some initializing must be performed:

Function Unit Set of address

ID ISC.DAT SetPara(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_DAT_ADR, ucAdr)

ID ISC.ANT.MUX SetPara(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_MUX_ADR, ucAdr)

ID ISC.ANT.UMUX

6.7.6.Examples for using the method SendProtocol

SendProtocol is of key importance to the protocol transfer. For this reason an example is shown for each control byte which is intended to show which data are to be stored in data containers with which access constants before each protocol transfer and which data are available after the protocol transfer.

All the access constants are listed in the file FEDM_ISCFunctionUnitID.h and should be studied carefully in conjunction with the explanation of the protocol data found in the system manual.

For reasons of clarity the processing of the return values of the methods is not shown here. Of course it should always be included in applications.

[Cor	ntrol byte] Protocol	Example
	[0xC0] Get Firmware Version	UCHAR ucFirmware[7]; // buffer for firmware informations
		SendProtocol(0xC0);
		GetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_SOFTVER, ucFirmware, 7);
	[0xC1] CPU Reset	SendProtocol(0xC1);
	[0xC2] Set Capacities	SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_DAT_ANT_VAL_C1, (UCHAR)0xAB); // capacity 1 SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_DAT_ANT_VAL_C2, (UCHAR)0x9F); // capacity 2
		SendProtocol(0xC2);
	[0xC3] Get Antenna	UCHAR ucAntValues[6]; // buffer for tuning values
	Values	SendProtocol(0xC3);
-		GetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_DAT_ANT_VAL, ucAntValues, 6);
ID ISC.DAT	[0xC4] Set Outputs	SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_DAT_OUT, (UCHAR)1); // switch output 1
SendProtocol(0xC4);		SendProtocol(0xC4);
□	[0xC5] Re-Tuning	SendProtocol(0xC5);
	[0xC6] Start Tuning	SendProtocol(0xC6);
	[0xC8] Store Settings	SendProtocol(0xC8);
	[0xC9] Detect	SendProtocol(0xC9);
	[0xCA] Set Address	UCHAR ucAdr = 2; // new address
		SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_DAT_NEW_ADR, ucAdr); // new address for function unit
		SendProtocol(0xCA); // new address becomes valid
		SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_DAT_ADR, ucAdr); // set new address for communication
	[0xCB] Set Mode	SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_DAT_MODE, (UCHAR)1); // mode 1
		SendProtocol(0xCB);

	[0xDC] Detect	SendProtocol(0xDC);			
Ϋ́Ω	[0xDD] Select Channel	SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_MUX_OUT_CH1, (UCHAR)1); // set output 1 for input 1 SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_MUX_OUT_CH2, (UCHAR)8); // set output 8 for input 2			
Ę.		SendProtocol(0xDD);			
ID ISC.ANT.MUX	[0xDE] CPU Reset	SendProtocol(0xDE);			
S O	[0xDF] Get Firmware	UCHAR ucFirmware[7]; // buffer for firmware informations			
_	Version	SendProtocol(0xDF);			
		GetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_SOFTVER, ucFirmware, 7);			
	[0xDC] Detect/Get Power	UCHAR ucPower[5]; // buffer for power information			
		SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_FLAGS, (UCHAR)0); // always 0			
		SendProtocol(0xDC);			
		GetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_UMUX_POWER, ucPower, 5);			
		GetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_UMUX_LAST_STATE, &ucUMuxStatus);			
	[0xDD] Select Channel	SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_FLAGS, (UCHAR)0); // always 0			
Ž		SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_MUX_OUT_CH1, (UCHAR)1); // select output 1			
 2		SendProtocol(0xDD);			
A.		GetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_UMUX_LAST_STATE, &ucUMuxStatus);			
ID ISC.ANT.UMUX	[0xDE] CPU Reset	SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_FLAGS, (UCHAR)0); // always 0			
□		SendProtocol(0xDE);			
		GetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_UMUX_LAST_STATE, &ucUMuxStatus);			
	[0xDF] Get Firmware	UCHAR ucFirmware[7]; // buffer for firmware information			
	Version	SetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_FLAGS, (UCHAR)0); // immer auf 0			
		SendProtocol(0xDF);			
		GetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_SOFTVER, ucFirmware, 7);			
		GetData(FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_UMUX_LAST_STATE, &ucUMuxStatus);			

6.8. FedmlscPeopleCounter

Theclass **FedmlscPeopleCounter** represents an external unit of type People-Counter **ID ISC.ANT1690/600-GPC**rsp. **ID ISC.ANT1700/740-GPC**connected at RS485 port at the Reader. The class is derived from the base class FedmlscPeripheral Device. For further information please refer to the People-Counter's system manual H01011-0e-ID-B. Additional information can also be found in the mounting instructions.

Up to three People-Counter can be connected to each Reader. They can be identified by their individualbusaddress. After power-on or after the command [0x64] System Reset (ACC) the Reader starts a detectionprocess. An application can request all detected People-Counter with the method FEDM_ISCReaderModule::ReadReaderInfo() or with command [0x66] Reader Info with mode 0x61.After that the method FEDM_ISCReader::GetPeripheralDevices() returns a sorted list of People-Counter objects of type FedmIscPeripheralDevice which must be casted to FedmIscPeopleCounter.

6.8.1. Methods (public)

Method	Description	
SetOutput	Set 1, 2 or 3 digital outputs	
SetCounter	Set of all 4 counters	
GetCounter	Return of all 4 counter values	

6.8.2. Example for using the class

The following example demonstrates the use of the class for Readers working in Host-Mode or Buffered-Read-Mode.

```
unsigned int uiCounter1 = 0;
unsigned int uiCounter2 = 0;
unsigned int uiCounter3 = 0;
unsigned int uiCounter4 = 0;
FEDM_PD_MAP* pPDMap = NULL;
FEDM_PD_MAP_ITOR itor;
FedmlscPeopleCounter* pPeopleCounter = NULL;
// request detected People-Counter
FEDM_ISC_READER_INFO* plnfo = m_Reader.GetReaderInfo(); // get pointer toinfostructur
if (! plnfo->blsMode0x61Read)
   m_Reader.SetData(FEDM_ISC_TMP_READER_INFO_MODE, (unsigned char)0x61)
   int back = m_Reader.SendProtocol(0x66);
   if(back)
       return; // some problems
}
pPDMap = m_Reader.GetPeripheralDevices();
```

// 1. important test

```
if(pPDMap == NULL)
    return; // no People-Counter connected or not activated in theReader configuration
// People-Counter withbusaddress 1
itor = pPDMap->find(1);
// 2. important test
if(itor == pPDMap->end())
    return; // no People-Counter withbusaddress 1 found
// 3. important test
if(dynamic_cast<FedmlscPeopleCounter*>(itor->second) == NULL)
    return; // it's not a People-Counter class
pPeopleCounter = (FedmlscPeopleCounter*)itor->second;
// request counter values
pPeopleCounter->GetCounter(uiCounter1, uiCounter2, uiCounter3, uiCounter4);
```

Important Note: The sortedpointer listis managed by thereader class FEDM_ISCReader. Creation and destroying of instances of FedmIscPeripheralDevice or derivations are unter control of the reader class. Applications must not modify the sorted list nor free the memory allocated for a list member.

6.8.3. Example for automatic notification

If the Reader is working in Notification-Mode, the counter values can be sentby TCP/IP-Notification to theapplication. The Reader's configuration must be set accordingly: s. parameter in the namespace

OperatingMode.NotificationMode.GatePeopleCounter.Transmission.Destination

The realization in anapplication is very easy and without use of the People-Counter class. Add atask in thefunction library FEISC and provide acallback function. The counter values will be supplied by the callback function.

If you want to combine the notification of counter values with the notification of tag data, an application must start two tasks in two different reader objects. For counter notification start the task as shown in the example below. For tag data notification use the method StartAsyncTask of reader class FEDM_ISCReaderModule.

```
BOOL CPeopleCounterSampleDlg::OnInitDialog()
{

FEISC_TASK_INIT TaskInit;

memset(&TaskInit, 0, sizeof(TaskInit)); // very important initialization

TaskInit.cbFct2 = cbsFct; // callback fundction

TaskInit.uiFlag = FEISC_TASKCB_2;

TaskInit.pAny = this; // pAny is reflected as 1st parameter in callback function

TaskInit.iPortNr = 10005; // listener port

TaskInit.uiTimeout = 10; // timeout in s, for waiting of next part of a protocol

TaskInit.uiChannelType = FEISC_TASK_CHANNEL_TYPE_NEW_TCP;

TaskInit.bKeepAlive = true;// enabled keep-alive option is recommended

TaskInit.uiKeepAliveldleTime = 500;

TaskInit.uiKeepAliveProbe = 5;// applicable only for Linux, ignored by Windows
```

```
TaskInit.uiKeepAliveIntervalTime = 500;
    int iReaderHnd =FEISC_NewReader(0);
    int iBack = FEISC_StartAsyncTask( iReaderHnd,
                                      FEISC TASKID PEOPLE COUNTER EVENT.
                                      &TaskInit.
                                      NULL);
}
void CPeopleCounterSampleDlg::cbsFct(
                              // [in] pointer to anything (from struct _FEISC_TASK_INIT)
    void* pAny,
    int iReaderHnd,
                              // [in] reader handle of FEISC
    int iTaskID.
                              // [in] task identifier from FEISC_StartAsyncTask(..)
    int iError.
                              // [in] OK (=0), error code (<0) or status byte from reader (>0)
    unsignedchar ucCmd,
                              // [in] reader command
    unsignedchar* ucRspData, // [in] response data
    int iRspLen,
                          // [in] length of response data
    char* cRemoteIP,
                              // [in] ip address of the reader
    int iLocalPort )
                              // [in] local port number which has received the notification
    if(pAny == NULL)
       return;
    if(ucCmd!=0x77)
       return;
    if(iRspLen < 17)
       return:
    ((CPeopleCounterSampleDlg*)pAny)->cbFct(ucRspData, iRspLen);
}
void CPeopleCounterSampleDlg::cbFct(unsignedchar* ucRspData, int iRspLen)
{
    unsignedint uiCnt1 = ucRspData[3] | ucRspData [2] << 8 | ucRspData[1] << 16 | ucRspData[0] << 24;
    unsignedint uiCnt2 = ucRspData[7] | ucRspData [6] << 8 | ucRspData[5] << 16 | ucRspData[4] << 24;
    unsignedint uiCnt3 = ucRspData[11] | ucRspData[10] << 8 | ucRspData[9] << 16 | ucRspData[8] << 24;
    unsignedint uiCnt4 = ucRspData[15] | ucRspData [14] << 8 | ucRspData[13] << 16 | ucRspData[12] << 24;
    m_sEntryCounter1.Format("%u", uiCnt1);
    m_sExitCounter1.Format("%u", uiCnt2);
    m_sDiff1.Format("%d", uiCnt1-uiCnt2);
    m_sEntryCounter2.Format("%u", uiCnt3);
    m_sExitCounter2.Format("%u", uiCnt4);
    m_sDiff2.Format("%d", uiCnt3-uiCnt4);
    ::PostMessage(this->GetSafeHwnd(), WM_USER_NEW_DATA, 0, 0);
}
```

7.Appendix

7.1.Supported OBID® Readers

Reader	Notes
ID ISC.M02	
ID ISC.MR/PR100	all communication ports
ID ISC.PRH100 / PRH101 / PRH102	all communication ports
ID ISC.MR/PR101	all communication ports
ID ISC.MR102	all communication ports
ID ISC.PRH102	all communication ports
ID ISC.PRHD102	all communication ports
ID ISC.PRH200	all communication ports
ID ISC.MR200	all communication ports
ID ISC.LR200	
ID ISC.LR1002	all communication ports
ID ISC.LR2000	all communication ports
ID ISC.LR2500-A	all communication ports
ID ISC.LR2500-B	all communication ports
ID ISC.MU02	
ID ISC.MRU102	all communication ports
ID ISC.MRU200	all communication ports
ID ISC.LRU1000	all communication ports
ID ISC.LRU1002	all communication ports
ID ISC.LRU2000	all communication ports
ID ISC.LRU3000	all communication ports
ID CPR.02	
ID CPR.M02	all communication ports
ID CPR.04	all communication ports
ID CPR30.xx	all communication ports
ID CPR40.xx	all communication ports
ID CPR44.xx	all communication ports
ID CPR46.xx	all communication ports
ID CPR47.xx	all communication ports
ID CPR50.xx	all communication ports

Reader	Notes	
ID CPR52.xx	all communication ports	
ID CPR60.xx	all communication ports	
ID MAX50.xx	all communication ports	
ID myAXXESS onTop-S	all communication ports	

7.2. Supported Transponders

The support of transponders depends on the implemented reader firmware. Please refer to the system manual of the reader.

The list below collects the transponder types, which are well-established during the development time of the library.

Transponder	Value	Notes
I-CODE 1	0x00	HF-Transponder
Tag-it	0x01	HF-Transponder
ISO15693	0x03	HF-Transponder
ISO14443-A	0x04	HF-Transponder
ISO14443-B	0x05	HF-Transponder
EPC	0x06	HF-Transponder (EPC-Types 14)
I-CODE UID	0x07	HF-Transponder
Jewel	0x08	HF-Transponder
ISO 18000-3M3	0x09	HF-Transponder
STMicroelectronics SR176	0x0A	HF-Transponder
STMicroelectronics SRIxx	0x0B	HF-Transponder
Microchip MCRFxxx	0x0C	HF-Transponder
Innovatron (ISO 14443B')	0x10	HF-Transponder
ASK CTx	0x11	HF-Transponder
ISO18000-6-A	0x80	UHF-Transponder
ISO18000-6-B	0x81	UHF-Transponder
EM4222	0x83	UHF-Transponder
EPC Class1 Generation 2	0x84	UHF-Transponder
EPC Class0/0+	0x88	UHF-Transponder
EPC Class1 Generation 1	0x89	UHF-Transponder

7.3. TCP-Status

Information concerning the status can be found with the Internet when searching for *Transmission Control Protocol*

TCP-Status	Value
CLOSED	1
LISTEN	2
SYN_SENT	3
SYN_RCVD	4
ESTABLISHED	5
FIN_WAIT1	6
FIN_WAIT2	7
CLOSE_WAIT	8
CLOSING	9
LAST_ACK	10
TIME_WAIT	11

7.4.List of constants

All constants listed here are defined in FEDM_ISC.h or FEDM_ISCFunctionUnitID.h.

7.4.1. Internal Constants

Constant	Description
FEDM_ISC_MAX_EEDATA_MEM	Size of data container EEData
FEDM_ISC_MAX_RAMDATA_MEM	Size of data container RAMData
FEDM_ISC_MAX_TMPDATA_MEM	Size of data container TmpData
FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE_RxDB_SIZE	Size of data buffer for Receive-Datablocks for each transponder
FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE_TxDB_SIZE	Size of data buffer for Transmit Datablocks for each transponder
FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE_RxDB_SIZE	Size of data buffer for Receive Datablocks for each transponder
FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE_EPC_BANK_SIZE	Size of data buffer for Transmit Datablocks in EPC memory bank for each transponder (nur EPC Class1 Gen2)
FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE_TID_BANK_SIZE	Size of data buffer for Transmit Datablocks in TID memory bank for each transponder (nur EPC Class1 Gen2)
FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE_RES_BANK_SIZE	Size of data buffer for Transmit Datablocks in RESERVED memory bank for each transponder (nur EPC Class1 Gen2)
FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE_SEC_STATUS_SIZE	Number of Security-Bytes for each Transponder (1 Byte for each data block)
FEDM_ISC_FU_MAX_TMPDATA_MEM	Size of data container TmpData for FEDM_ISCFunctionUnit

7.4.2. General Constants

Constant Description			
FEDM_ISC_TYPE	Reader Type according to the protocol [0x65] Software Version		
FEDM_ISC_NAME	Reader Name according to the readers system manual		
FEDM_ISC_NAMEUC	Reader Name in Unicode according to the readers system manual		
FEDM_ISC_TR_TYPE	Transponder Type according to the appendix of the readers system manual		
FEDM_ISC_EPC_TYPE	EPC-Type; (EPC = Electronic Product Code)		
FEDM_ISC_FU_TYPE	Type of function units		
FEDM_ISC_ISO_MODE	ISO-Command modes respectively mode flags		
FEDM_ISC_ISO_BANK	Identifier for memory bank of EPC Class1 Gen2 transponder		
FEDM_ISC_ISO_MFR	Manufacturer code for [0xB1] ISO15693 Host-Commands		

7.4.3. Constants for uiTableID

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Constant	Description
FEDM_ISC_BRM_TABLE	Table-ID for BRM-Table
FEDM_ISC_ISO_TABLE	Table-ID for ISO-Table

7.4.4. Constants for uiDatalD

Constant	Description/Use							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_TRTYPE	Transponder type							
	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString str							
BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X X							
x x	SetTableData							
'	FindTableIndex X X							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR	Serial number							
	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString str							
BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X							
X X	SetTableData X X							
·	FindTableIndex X X							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxDB FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxDB_EPC_BANK	Data blocks from receive protocol Note: Use GetTableData und SetTableData (only ISO-Table) for data block							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxDB_TID_BANK FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxDB_RES_BANK								
1	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINTint64 CString str							
BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X							
x x	SetTableData X X							
	FindTableIndex							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_TXDB FEDM_ISC_DATA_TXDB_EPC_BANK FEDM_ISC_DATA_TXDB_TID_BANK FEDM_ISC_DATA_TXDB_RES_BANK	Data blocks for send protocol Note: Use GetTableData und SetTableData (only ISO-Table) for data block							
ı	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINTint64 CString str							
BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X							
X	SetTableData X X							
	FindTableIndex							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_TIMER								
	Timer value from [0x21] Read Buffer							
	Timer value from [0x21] Read Buffer bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString str							
BRM-Table ISO-Table								
ı	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString str							
BRM-Table ISO-Table	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString str GetTableData X X X							
BRM-Table ISO-Table X	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString str GetTableData X X X							
BRM-Table ISO-Table X	Dool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString String Str							
BRM-Table ISO-Table X FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxCB	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString str GetTableData X X X							
BRM-Table ISO-Table X FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxCB BRM-Table ISO-Table	Dool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString String Str							
BRM-Table ISO-Table X FEDM_ISC_DATA_RxCB	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString str GetTableData X X X							

Constant		Description/U	se						
FEDM_ISC_DATA_TxCB		Configuration data block for send protocol Note: Use GetTableData und SetTableData (only ISO-Table) for data blocks!!							
			bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData			Х			X	Х
	Х	SetTableData			Х			Х	Х
	•	FindTableIndex							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_AFI		AFI from [0xB0] [0	x2B] Ge	t System	Informati	on			
			bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
	X	SetTableData		Х		Х		Х	Х
	•	FindTableIndex		х		Х			
FEDM_ISC_DATA_DSFID)	DSFID from receiv	/ed data	[0xB0] [0	x01] Inve	entory			
			bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
,	X	SetTableData		Х		Х		Х	Х
		FindTableIndex		х		Х			
FEDM_ISC_DATA_ TRINF	- 0	Transponder Info (only for ISO14443A Transponder) from received data [0xB0 [0x01] Inventory							
			bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
	x	SetTableData							
		FindTableIndex		х		х			
FEDM_ISC_DATA_OPTIN	IFO	Optional Info (on [0x01] Inventory	-		Transpo				_
BRM-Table	IOO Table	-	DOOI				int64	CString	string
BRIM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
	X	SetTableData FindTableIndex							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_PROT	ONFO	Protocol Info (onl [0x01] Inventory							
2011	100 7 11	0.711.01	bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
	X	SetTableData FindTableIndex							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_FSCI		Max. Frame Size [0xB2] [0x2B] ISO				Franspor	nder) fror	m receive	ed dat
	İ		bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
	l v	SetTableData		İ	1		1	I	
	X	SetTableData			-				

Constant	Description/U	Description/Use							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_FWI		_	Frame Waiting Time (only for ISO14443-4 Transponder) from received data						
	[0xB2] [0x2B] ISO	[0xB2] [0x2B] ISO14443-4 Transponder Info							
			bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
	Х	SetTableData							
	•	FindTableIndex							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_DSI		Devisor Send Inte [0xB2] [0x2B] ISO				Transpo	onder) fro	m receiv	ed data
			bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
	Х	SetTableData							
	•	FindTableIndex							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_DRI	Devisor Receive data [0xB2] [0x2B	_				ınsponde	r) from 1	eceived	
	ı		bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
	X	SetTableData							
		FindTableIndex					l		
FEDM_ISC_DATA_NAD		Node Address (or [0x2B] ISO14443-	-			oonder) f	rom rece	eived data	a [0xB2]
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
	X	SetTableData							
		FindTableIndex							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_CID		Card Identifier (or [0x2B] ISO14443-	-			oonder) f	rom rece	ived data	a [0xB2]
	I		bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
	Х	SetTableData							
		FindTableIndex							
FEDM_ISC_DATA_SEC_S	STATUS	Security Status from Note: Use GetTab				-	•		locks !!
			bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableData			Х			X	X
	X	SetTableData			X			X	X
	1 "	FindTableIndex							
		Find Lable Index	I	I	ı		ī	I	1

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Block size from received data [0x80] [0x23] Read Multiple Blocks or [0x22] Read Buffer Load UCHAR UCHAR] UINT initiol Csoing solng Self-table Self-table Solng Self-table Self-table Solng Self-table	Constant		Description	n/Use						
BRIATIANO	FEDM_ISC_DATA_BLOCK_SIZE									
SetTableData				bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
SetTableData	BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableDat	a	Х					
FEDM_ISC_DATA_MEM_SIZE	X	X	SetTableDat	a					Х	Х
BRM-Table ISO-Table Sering String String Sering Seri	'		FindTableInd	lex						
BRM-Table ISO-Table X	FEDM_ISC_DATA_ MEM_	SIZE	Memory size fi	om [0xB0]	[0x2B] Ge	et System	Informa	tion		
SefTableData				bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
FindTableIndex	BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableDat	а		Х			х	Х
IC-Reference from [0xB0] [0x2B] Get System Information		X	SetTableDat	a						
BRM-Table ISO-Table SerTable Data block addresse from received data [0x21] Read Buffer			FindTableInd	lex						
BRM-Table	FEDM_ISC_DATA_ IC_RE	F	IC-Reference f	rom [0xB0]	[0x2B] G	et System	n Informa	ation		
X SelTableData X X X X X X X X X	,			bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
FindTableIndex	BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableDat	а	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
Data block addresse from received data [0x21] Read Buffer		X	SetTableDat	а						
BRM-Table ISO-Table SetTableData X X X X X X X X X			FindTableInd	lex	х		Х			
BRM-Table	FEDM_ISC_DATA_DB_AD	R	Data block addresse from received data [0x21] Read Buffer							
SetTableData FindTableIndex FindTa				bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
FindTableIndex	BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableDat	а	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
Number of data blocks from receive data [0x21] Read Buffer or [0x22] Read Buffer	Х		SetTableDat	а						
Buffer			FindTableInd	lex						
BRM-Table ISO-Table SetTableData X	FEDM_ISC_DATA_DBN			a blocks fr				ead Buffe		2] Read
SetTableData	•			bool	UCHAR	_	UINT	int64	CString	string
FindTableIndex Find	BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableDat	а		Х	Х		Х	Х
FEDM_ISC_DATA_ IS_BLOCK_SIZE_SET Flag, whether block size was set with [0xB0] [0x23] Read Multiple Blocks bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString string	Х		SetTableDat	а						
BRM-Table ISO-Table GetTableData X X X X X X X X X			FindTableInd	lex	ļ	ļ			ļ	
BRM-Table ISO-Table GetTableData X X X X X X X X X	FEDM_ISC_DATA_ IS_BLO	OCK_SIZE_SET	Flag, whether	olock size v	vas set wi	th [0xB0]	[0x23] R	Read Mult	iple Block	(S
X SetTableData X X X X X	1			bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
FINDTableIndex X FINDTableInd	BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableDat	a X	Х	Х	Х			
FEDM_ISC_DATA_IS_SELECTED Flag, wether transponder is in selected mode. Is set with [0xB0][0x25] Select		X	SetTableDat	a X	Х		Х			
			FindTableInd	lex X						
BRM-Table ISO-Table GetTableData X X X X SetTableData X X X	FEDM_ISC_DATA_IS_SEL	ECTED.	Flag, wether tr	ansponder	is in selec	ted mode	e. Is set v	with [0xB(0][0x25] S	Select
X SetTableData X X X	ı			bool	UCHAR	UCHAR[]	UINT	int64	CString	string
' - 	BRM-Table	ISO-Table	GetTableDat	a X	Х	Х	Х			
FindTableIndex X		X	SetTableDat	a X	Х		Х			
			FindTableInd	lex X						

Constant	Description/Use
FEDM_ISC_DATA_IS_ISO14443_4_INF	Flag, wether transponder info data are read with [0xB2] [0x2B] ISO14443-4 Transponder Info
	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString string
BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X X
×	SetTableData X X X
'	FindTableIndex
FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC	EPC; (EPC = Electronic Product Code) from receive data [0xB0] [0x01] Inventory or from [0x22] Read Buffer with variable length
	The EPC is a string in the format: "xx.xxxxxx.xxxxxxxxxxx" (Header.DomainManager.ObjectClass.Seriennummer)
	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString string
BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X
x x	SetTableData
·	FindTableIndex
FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_TYPE	EPC-Type; (EPC = Electronic Product Code) from received data [0xB0] [0x01] Inventory. The EPC-Type is extracted from the field EPC-Header.
	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString string
BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X
x x	SetTableData
	FindTableIndex X X
FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_HEADER	Field EPC-Header; (EPC = Electronic Product Code) from received data [0xB0] [0x01] Inventory
	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString string
BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X
x x	SetTableData
	FindTableIndex X
FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_DOMAIN	Field EPC-DomainManager; (EPC = Electronic Product Code) from received data [0xB0] [0x01] Inventory
1	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINTint64 CString string
BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X
x x	SetTableData
	FindTableIndex X X X
FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_OBJECT	Field EPC-ObjectClass; (EPC = Electronic Product Code) from received data [0xB0] [0x01] Inventory
	bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINTint64 CString string
BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X
x x	SetTableData
ļ.	

FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_SNR	Constant	Description/Use
BRM-Table ISO-Table	FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_SNR	
SerTableData		bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString string
FindTableIndex	BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X
Length of serial number from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer	X X	SetTableData
BRM-Table ISO-Table X X X X X X X X X	'	FindTableIndex X X X
BRM-Table ISO-Table X	FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR_LEN	Length of serial number from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer
SetTableData		bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINTint64 Cstring string
FindTableIndox	BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X X X
Antenna number from receive protocol [0x21] Read Buffer, [0x22] Read Buffer	x x	SetTableData X X X X
BRM-Table		FindTableIndex
BRM-Table ISO-Table SetTableData X	FEDM_ISC_DATA_ANT_NR	Antenna number from receive protocol [0x21] Read Buffer, [0x22] Read Buffer
SetTableData		bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINTint64 CString string
FindTableIndex	BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X X X
Date field from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer	x	SetTableData
BRM-Table ISO-Table SetTableData X X X X X X X X X		FindTableIndex X X
BRM-Table ISO-Table X	FEDM_ISC_DATA_DATE	Date field from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer
SetTableData		bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString string
FindTableIndex	BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X X X
Input byte from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer	x	SetTableData
BRM-Table ISO-Table Status byte from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer		FindTableIndex
BRM-Table ISO-Table GetTableData X X X X X X X X X	FEDM_ISC_DATA_INPUT	Input byte from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer
SetTableData		bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString string
FindTableIndex Find	BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X X X
Status byte from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer	x	SetTableData
BRM-Table ISO-Table GetTableData X		FindTableIndex
BRM-Table ISO-Table GetTableData X X X X X X X X X	FEDM_ISC_DATA_STATE	Status byte from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer
SetTableData		bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINT int64 CString string
FindTableIndex	BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X X X
FEDM_ISC_DATA_MAC_ADR Status byte from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer	X	SetTableData
BRM-Table ISO-Table GetTableData X V X X X X	·	FindTableIndex
BRM-Table ISO-Table GetTableData X X X X SetTableData SetTableData </td <td>FEDM_ISC_DATA_MAC_ADR</td> <td>Status byte from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer</td>	FEDM_ISC_DATA_MAC_ADR	Status byte from receive protocol [0x22] Read Buffer
X SetTableData		bool UCHAR UCHAR[] UINTint64 CString string
' - 	BRM-Table ISO-Table	GetTableData X X X
FindTableIndex	X	SetTableData
	•	FindTableIndex

Constant			Description/Use
FEDM_ISC_	DATA_ALL		Parameter for the method ResetTable to initialize all table items
	BRM-Table	ISO-Table	
	X	X	

7.5. Revision history

V4.06.01

- Support for new Readers: ID ISC.PRH200, ID ISC.LRU1002, ID myAXXESS onTop
- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration

V4.05.00

- Support for new Reader: ID CPR47.xx
- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration
- New namespace **OBID::Fedm::Core::i_scan::ReaderCommand** containing all command parameters in a structured manner.
- Class FEDM ISCReader: new methods SetCommandPara and GetCommandPara.
- Support for ISO 18000-3M3 Transponder.
- Support for new ISO 15693-Transponders: STM M24LRxxE-R and STM LRIS64K
- New TagHandler classes for ISO 18000-3M3, STM M24LRxxE-R and STM LRIS64K
- TagHandler class for NXP ICode SLI-L: nee method PasswordProtectAFI
- TagHandler class for EPC Class 1 Gen 2:
 - 1. Support for Recommissioning-Bits in the Kill method.
 - 2. Support for Extended PC
 - 3. Bugfix for EPCs with 8 Byte length.
 - 4. Bugfix in WriteEPC: Return of an error code instead of the EPC length
- Beta-Version of a new and simplified API, realized with the class **ReaderModule** in the namespace OBID::Fedm::Core::i_scan. Documentation on request.

V4.03.00

- Support for new Reader: ID CPR46.xx
- Support for new Transponder types: Innovatron (ISO 14443B') und ASK CTx
- New TagHandler classes for Innovatron (ISO 14443B') und ASK CTx
- Secured data transmission with Serial Port and USB
- Support for Gate People Counter events in Notification-Mode
- Buffered-Read-Mode table supports direction information from Gate People Counter
- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration
- Rename of Namespaces:

Old New

Old	New
OperatingMode::xxMode::DataSource:: MifareAppID	OperatingMode::xxMode::DataSource::Mifare::Classic::AppID
OperatingMode::xxMode::DataSource::MifareKeyAddress	OperatingMode::xxMode::DataSource::Mifare::Classic::KeyAddress
OperatingMode::xxMode::DataSource::MifareKeyType	OperatingMode::xxMode::DataSource::Mifare::Classic::KeyType

Note: xxMode stands for NotificationMode or ScanMode

V4.02.00

- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration
- Support for new Reader: ID ISC.LR1002
- TagHandler class for ISO 14443-4 Mifare DESFire with FlexSoft- and SAM-Crypto: Bugfix in the method SetConfiguration with values of 1 and 2 in Parameter option
- **ISO 14443-3 and -4 Transponder**: Optimized Select-Algorithm in the method TagSelect.
- EPC Class 1 Gen 2:
 - 1. Support for non-addressed mode.
 - 2. When UID = EPC + TID is configured: return of an errorcode (-158) before executing of a tag command in addressed mode, if UID contains no TID.
- TagHandler class for EPC Class 1 Gen 2:
 - 5. ISO-Errorcode is a new class member.
 - 6. Check of length of EPC and Password in all relevant methods.
 - 7. Method GetTidOfUid returns TID even if length of EPC is zero.
- Class FEDM_ISCReaderModule: Rename of the method GetNonAddressedTagHandler in CreateNonAddressedTagHandler.
- Windows:
 - 1. First release of 64-Bit version
 - 2. Dynamic binding to Log-Manager
- First Release for Mac OS X, V10.7.3 or higher

V4.00.07

- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration
- Bugfixes in TagHandler class for EPC Class1 Gen2 in methods ReadCompleteBank, ReadMultipleBlocks and WriteMultipleBlocks
- TagHandler class for EPC Class1 Gen2: new method Lock with simplified parameter list

V4.00.02

- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration
- Check for double UIDs in themethodFEDM_ISCReaderModule::TagInventory
- TagHandler for EPC Class1 Gen2: new method ReadCompleteBank
- Bugfix in the method FEDM_ISCReaderModule::ReadCompleteConfiguration for ID ISC.LR2500-A and ID ISC.LRU3000
- Only for Windows: Dependency from MFCand CRT librariesaccording MS11-025¹

V4.00.00

- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration
- Support for new Reader: ID ISC.LR2500-A
- Support for UIDs up to 96 Bytes
- Support for UHF-Configuration UID = EPC + TID
- The organization of the Reader configuration for ID ISC.LRU3000 above CFG63 is modified with firmwareversion from V2.0.0 and no longercompatible with the previous version. This version of FEDM adds the necessary adaptations and is therefore no longer compatible for firmwareversionsless than V2.0.0. The Reader classes do not check of compatibility. This must be done on application-side.

The table below summarizes the compatibilities:

LRU3000-Firmware	use SDK-Version	use ISOStart-Version	XML-Configuration file
< 2.00.00	<= 3.03.01	<= 8.03.02	must be created with ISOStart <= 8.03.02
>= 2.00.00	>= 4.00.00	>= 9.00.00	must be created with ISOStart >= 9.00.00

- The shared use of a TCP/IP connection from different reader objects is no longer supported.
 ConnectTCP returns with error code -157, if another reader object tries to connect to a Reader with the same IP-Address and Port, which is still connected
- DisConnect of Reader class FEDM_ISCReaderModule can return a positive value, if in case of a TCP/IP connection the closing was not successfull. The positive return valuerepresents the last status of the connection. It is recommended to view each code line, which call this method.
- New methods in theReaderclass **FEDM_ISCReaderModule**: *GetTcpConnectionState*, *GetNonAddressedTagHandler*, *Convert_EPC_C1_G2_TagHandler*
- Support for [0x74] Input Event with Notification-Mode for the Reader ID CPR50 and ID MAX50
- New TagHandler-Classes for IDS SL13A (ISO 15693) and IDS SL900A (EPC Class1 Gen2)

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¹ Microsoft Security Bulletin Article-IDs: 2538218, 2538243 and 2542054 from Juni 14, 2011

- TagHandler-Class for EPC Class1 Gen2 with newmethods: GetProtocolControl, GetEpcOfUid, GetTidOfUid
- The structure **struct _FEDM_TASK_INIT** is extended with new parameters for the Keep-Alive option inside the Notification-Task. In consequence, the new parameter **bKeepAlive** must be set to false or, which is the better approach, initialize the complete structure with 0 (e.g. with memset). It is recommended to view each code line, which uses this structure.
- FEDM V4.00.00 requires version numbers of dependent DLLs/SOs as follows:

DLL/SO	Version
FECOM	from 3.00.00
FEUSB	from 4.00.00
FETCP	from 2.00.00
FEISC	from 7.00.00
FETCL	from 2.00.00
FEFU	from 2.00.00

 Automatically set of the right OBID Protocol-Frame: the use of the methods FindBaudRate() for serial connections with the follwing call of ReadReaderInfo(GetProtocolFrameSupport()) or ReadReaderInfo() for USBand TCP connectionsensures the set of the right OBID-Protocol-Frame (Standard or Advanced). This is important, because Readers in the future will no longer support the Standard Protocol-Frame and an application will run into a communication timeout when a Standard Protocol-Frame is used.

V3.03.01

- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration
- Support for new Reader: ID ISC.MRU102

V3.03.00

- The API of the most DLLs are modified. All applications must be recompiled.
- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration
- Support for new Reader: ID ISC.LR2500-B, ID ISC.MR102, ID CPR30.xx und ID ISC.CPR52.xx

V3.02.00

- The API of the most DLLs are modified. All applications must be recompiled.
- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration
- New class for support of external Units like People-Counter

V3.01.00

- The API of the most DLLs are modified. All applications must be recompiled.
- Release of TagHandler classes to simplify tag communication with certain tag types, especially ISO 14443 and ISO 15693
- Support for secured data transmission with ID CPR50, ID MAX50 and ID ISC.LRU3000
- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration

V3.00.14

- Support for new Reader type: ID MAX50.xx
- Support for new Reader type: ID ISC.LRU3000
- 2nd Beta-Release of TagHandler classes to simplify tag communication with certain tag types, especially ISO 14443 and ISO 15693
- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration
- New utility classes FedmlscReport_ReaderInfo and FedmlscReport_ReaderDiagnostic creates report streams from informationdataorstate data (have a look to ISOStart since V8.01.02)

V3.00.07

- Support for new Reader type: ID CPR50.xx
- Beta-Release of TagHandler classes to simplify tag communication
- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration
- The methode SendProtocol(0x72) use internally modified definitions of the constants FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_TYPE_1...FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT_TYPE_8: Up to the previous release they addresses one bit. Now they addresses three bits. Thus, the OUT-TYPE 'Relay' must be set to 0x04 instead of 0x01 (6.4.3. Examples for using the method SendProtocol). This is applied to all reader types which supports the command [0x72] Set Output.

V3.00.02

- New method in FEDM ISCReaderModule
 - ReadReaderDiagnostic
- Improvements in methods of FEDM_ISCReaderModule
 - ApplyConfiguration
 - ReadCompleteConfiguration
 - WriteCompleteConfiguration
- New struktur FEDM_ISC_READER_DIAGNOSTIC
- Update of namespaces and access constants for reader configuration

V3.00.00

- The main modifications are documented in Part A (H10102-xe-ID-B)
- Support for new reader: ID ISC.MRU200, ID ISC.PRHD102, ID CPR40.xx
- The following older reader types are no longer supported: ID ISC.M01, ID ISC.LR100
- Support for UHF-Multiplexer ID ISC.ANT.UMUX
- Support for transponder type EPC Class1 Gen2 HF
- New high-level methods in FEDM_ISCReaderModule
 - ApplyConfiguration
 - ReadCompleteConfiguration
 - WriteCompleteConfiguration
 - ResetCompleteConfiguration
- New method EvalLibDependencies in class FEDM_ISCReader for detecting version conflicts with dependent library files
- Collecting of all access constants for reader configuration in namespaces improves the clearness
- New overloaded methods Get/SetConfigPara in class FEDM_ISCReader for modifying reader configuration parameters
- Writing of reader configuration is only possible for previous read configuration blocks except, if the reader configuration is load by a XML file.

V2.06.00

- Small modifications for the reader ID ISC.LRU2000
- New function in the class **FEDM_ISCReaderModule**: ReadReaderInfo
- New struktur FEDM_ISC_READER_INFO

V2.05.06

- The Linux library is compiled with GCC 3.3.3 under SuSE Linux 9.1
- The sources are ready to compile with Visual Studio 2005
- Support for the new protocol [0x6B] Centralized RF Synchronization

V2.05.01

- New function TriggerAsyncTask in the Reader class FEDM_ISCReaderModule
- Modified licence agreement

V2.05.00

- New advanced Reader Class FEDM_ISCReaderModule with high-level functions and support for Notification Mode¹
- Support of the new UHF-Reader ID ISC.LRU2000
- Extensions for the UHF-Reader ID ISC.LRU1000 concerning the configuration

V2.04.00

New common constants for the UHF-Reader LRU1000:

Constant	Comment
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_EPC_CL1_GEN1_MASK_LGT	Constants for Selection Mask in the
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_EPC_CL1_GEN1_MASK_START_PTR	reader configuration for the transponder type EPC Class 1 Gen 1
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_EPC_CL1_GEN1_MASK	71
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_EPC_CL1_GEN2_MASK_LGT	Constants for Selection Mask in the
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_EPC_CL1_GEN2_MASK_MODE	reader configuration for the transponder type EPC Class 1 Gen 2
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_EPC_CL1_GEN2_MASK_MODE_TRUNC	
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_EPC_CL1_GEN2_MASK_MODE_BANK	
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_EPC_CL1_GEN2_MASK_START_PTR	
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_EPC_CL1_GEN2_MASK_MSB	
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_ISO18000_6_B_MASK_LGT	Constants for Selection Mask in the
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_ISO18000_6_B_MASK_MODE	reader configuration for the transponder type ISO18000-6-B
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_ISO18000_6_B_MASK_START_PTR	71
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_SELMASK_ISO18000_6_B_MASK	

V2.03.05

- Support of the new HF-Reader ID ISC.LR2000
- Extensions for the UHF-Reader ID ISC.LRU1000 concerning the configuration
- Support for the new transponder types: HF-Transponder Innovision Jewel and UHF-Transponder EPC Class0/0+
- Integration of new options for the Advanced Buffered Read Mode:
 - 1. Input and Status informations can be transfered in the trigger mode
 - 2. Extension of TR-DATA in the reader configuration and in the response data of protocol [0x22] Read Buffer
- Extensions for ISO 14443A-Transponder:

¹ the Notification Mode not available in every Reader

- 1. [0xB2][0x30] Mifare Value Commands
- 2. [0xB0][0x25] Select supports Card Information
- New global function **FEDM_ConvHexUCharToTwoAscii**
- Support for the new protocol [0x72] Set Output

New common constants:

Constant	Comment
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_CINF	Flag Card Information in Mode-Byte for [0xB0][0x25] Select
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_WR_NE	Flag Write-Erase in Mode-Byte for [0xB0][0x24] Write Multiple Blocks
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_RSP_FORMAT	Format Byte in response protocol of [0xB0][0x25] Select, if CINF-Flag is set
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_MF_CMD	Parameter for [0xB2][0x30] Mifare Value Commands
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_OP_VALUE	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_DEST_ADR	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA2	2. Byte of TR-DATA in response protocol of [0x22] Read Bufer
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA2	Flags in 2. Byte of TR-DATA in response protocol of [0x22] Read Bufer
FEDM_ISC_TMP_0x72_OUT	Constants for [0x72] Set Output

Modified common constants:

Old Constant	New Constant
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA1	FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA1	FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA

V2.03.00

- Modifications for ISO 14443A Transponder.
- Modifikation in der Zugriffskonstanten FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_UID. N\u00e4here Einzelheiten in 6.5.1. Anomaly of the addressed mode¹
- New options for EPCglobal Class1 Gen2 transponder (e.g. [0xB3] EPC Command)
- Support of protocols with enhanced options (variable UID length, bank number, 2 byte block address, access password)
- Extension of the table class FEDM_BRMTabItem for the Buffered Read Mode for EPC transponder
- The blocksize of the byte array TmpData for temporary data is changed from 16 to 32.
- The table constants, beginning with FEDM_ISC_DATA_... are completely renumbered.¹
- Some old access constants addresses a new memory space.
- New pre-processor definition _FEDM_XML_SUPPORT for including the XML serialization classes. This option was not necessary in previous versions. In front of the re-compilation of a project, this definition must be set, if the XML serialization classes are used.

¹ Applications, which loads the FEDM library dynamically, must completely re-compiled.

- 5. New pre-processor definition _FEDM_MFC_SUPPORT for including the MFC classes (basically CString and CArchive). This option was not necessary in previous versions. In front of the re-compilation of a project, this definition must be set, if the MFC classes are used.
- Function ResetTable has a little modified behaviour.
- New overload function SetTableSize. This function allows the dimensioning of the size of some data arrays deviating from the given values.
- New common constants:

Constant	Comment
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_EXT_ADR	Flag in mode byte for extended address mode in [0xB0] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_MODE_UID_LF	Flag in mode byte for UID length in [0xB0] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_BANK	Bank in [0xB0] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_BANK_ACCESS_FLAG	Access flag in Bank in [0xB0] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_BANK_BANK_NR	Bank number in Bank in [0xB0] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_REQ_DB_ADR_EXT	2 byte address in [0xB0] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_REQ_TI_PASSWORD	Password for [0xB1] Cust and Proprietary Commands for transponder from Texas Instruments
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_ISO_ERROR	ISO Error Code in return protocol of [0xB3] Command
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_ACCESS_PW_LENGTH	Length of password (in byte) for [0xB0] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B0_ACCESS_PW	Password for [0xB0] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_CMD	Subcommand for [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE	Mode byte for [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE_EXT_ADR	Flag in mode byte for extended address mode in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE_EPC_LF	Flag in mode byte for EPC length in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_MODE_ADR	Address mode in mode byte in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_EPC_LEN	EPC length in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_BANK	Bank im [0xB3] Send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_BANK_ACCESS_FLAG	Access flag in Bank in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_BANK_BANK_NR	Bank number in Bank in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_DB_ADR_EXT	2 byte address in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_DB_ADR	1 byte address in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_DBN	Number of data blocks in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_DB_SIZE	Blocksize in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_TR_TYPE	Transponder type in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_REQ_EPC	EPC in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_KILL_PW_LENGTH	Length of Kill Password in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_KILL_PW	Kill Password in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_LOCK_DATA_LENGTH	Length of Lock Data in [0xB3] send protocol

Constant	Comment
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_LOCK_DATA	Lock Data in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_ACCESS_PW_LENGTH	Length of Password in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_ACCESS_PW	Password in [0xB3] send protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B3_RSP_DB_ADR_E	Address of data block when signaling ISO error in [0xB3] return protocol

Modified common Constants:

Old Constant	New Constant
FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_MUX_CH_IN1	FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_MUX_OUT_CH1
FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_MUX_CH_IN2	FEDM_ISC_FU_TMP_MUX_OUT_CH2
FEDM_ISC_TMP_FIRMWARE_VERSION	FEDM_ISC_TMP_READER_INFO

V2.02.00

- Remove of the table classes FEDM_ISOTabltem and FEDM_BRMTabltem from the reader class file and store them in own files.
- Support of EPC und I-CODE UID transponder in the Buffered Read Mode for the reader ID ISC.LR200.
- New constants for configuration parameters for HF-Reader ID ISC.M02, ID ISC.MR/PR/PRH100 and ID ISC.MR101 in FEDM_ISCReaderID.h.

Constant	Comment
FEDM_ISC_EE_SCAN_END_USER1	Parameter for Scan-Mode
FEDM_ISC_EE_SCAN_END_USER2	Parameter for Scan-Mode
FEDM_ISC_EE_SCAN_END_USER3	Parameter for Scan-Mode
FEDM_ISC_EE_SCAN_HDR_USER1	Parameter for Scan-Mode
FEDM_ISC_EE_SCAN_HDR_USER2	Parameter for Scan-Mode
FEDM_ISC_EE_SCAN_HDR_USER3	Parameter for Scan-Mode
FEDM_ISC_EE_SCAN_HDR_USER4	Parameter for Scan-Mode
FEDM_ISC_EE_SCAN_LEN_USER	Parameter for Scan-Mode

V2.01.00

- Support for the new reader ID ISC.MR101 (serial and USB version).
- Support for external function units.
- New constants for the UHF-Reader in FEDM_ISCReaderID_LRU1000.h.
- New general constants:

Constant	Comment

Constant	Comment
FEDM_ISC_TMP_DIAG_DATA	This identifier is valid for all reader diagnostic modes and substitutes the below listed removed constants for the modes 0x01, 0x02, 0x03.

• Modified general constants:

Old Constant	New Constant
FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_DIAG_MODE	FEDM_ISC_TMP_DIAG_MODE

Removed general constants:

Constant	Comment
FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_DIAG_0x01_DATA	Substituted throug FEDM_ISC_TMP_DIAG_DATA
FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_DIAG_0x02_DATA	Substituted throug FEDM_ISC_TMP_DIAG_DATA
FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_DIAG_0x03_DATA	Substituted throug FEDM_ISC_TMP_DIAG_DATA
FEDM_ISC_TMP_EPC_DESTROY_LEN	Removed, because of internal calculation of the length of EPC/UID based on the destroy mode and the header of the EPC.

• Some minor bug fixes.

V2.00.00

- Support for UHF-Transponder ISO18000-6-A, EM4222, EPC Gen 2, EPC Class 1
- Support of datablocks read with Advanced Buffered Read Mode.
- Modification for the Buffered Read Mode: The datatype of the number of blocks DBN is changed to unsigned int. Thus, you cannot read the table value with the function GetTableData(idx, FEDM_BRM_TABLE, FEDM_ISC_DATA_DBN, ...) for unsigned char. Potentially you must adapt your program code.
- New Constants in FEDM_ISCReaderID_LRU1000.h:

New	Comment
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_RF_TAG_DRV_A	Flag for tag driver ISO18000-6-A in the reader configuration
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_RF_TAG_DRV_D	Flag for tag driver EM4222 in the reader configuration
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_RF_TAG_DRV_E	Flag for tag driver EPC Gen 2 in the reader configuration
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_RF_TAG_DRV_J	Flag for tag driver EPC Class 1 in the reader configuration
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_PER_MODE	Persistance mode in the reader configuration block CFG16
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_PER_RESET_TIME_ANT1	Reset time for antenna 1 in the reader configuration block CFG16
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_PER_RESET_TIME_ANT2	Reset time for antenna 2 in the reader configuration block CFG16
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_PER_RESET_TIME_ANT3	Reset time for antenna 3 in the reader configuration block CFG16

New	Comment
FEDM_ISC_LRU1000_EE_PER_RESET_TIME_ANT4	Reset time for antenna 4 in the reader configuration block CFG16

V1.09.11

- Support for HF-Transponder I-Code UID
- Remove of all access constants which represents the location RAMDATA_MEM. This reduces
 the number of access constants dramatically. The access to values in RAMDATA_MEM can be
 realized instead of with the function FEDM_MdfyMemID and the access constants for
 EEDATA MEM.
- New Constant in FEDM ISCReaderID.h:

New	Comment
FEDM_ISC_EE_RF_TAG_DRV_H	Flag for Tag-Driver I-Code UID in the Reader-Configuration

V1.09.10

- Supports the new reader ID ISC.LRU1000 (configuration constants in FEDM_ISCReaderID_LRU1000.h)
- Supports the new reader ID ISC.MR200 (configuration constants in FEDM_ISCReaderID_MR200.h)
- Support for Advanced Protocol Frames with two length bytes.
- Expansions in the class FEDM_BRMTabItem for the new protocol [0x22] Read Buffer
- New configuration constants for ID ISC.LR200 (configuration constants moved to FEDM_ISCReader_LR200.h)
- New protocols: [0x18] Destroy EPC, [0x22] Read Buffer, [0x64] System Reset, [0x66] Firmware Version, [0x87] Set System Date, [0x88] Get System Date
- Introduces the following new constants in FEDM_ISCReader.h:

New	Comment
FEDM_ISC_DATA_ANT_NR	antenna number in table
FEDM_ISC_DATA_SNR_LEN	length of serial number in table
FEDM_ISC_DATA_DATE	date in table

Introduces the following new constants in FEDM_ISCReaderID.h:

New	Comment
FEDM_ISC_TMP_SOFTVER_RX_BUF	field length of receive buffer in [0x65] Software Version
FEDM_ISC_TMP_SOFTVER_TX_BUF	field length of send buffer in [0x65] Software Version
FEDM_ISCLR_TMP_BRM_TRDATA_ANT	antenna number in protocol data

New	Comment
FEDM_ISC_TMP_EPC_DESTROY_MODE	transfer parameter in [0x18] Destroy EPC
FEDM_ISC_TMP_EPC_DESTROY_LEN	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_EPC_DESTROY_PASSWORD	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_DESTROY_EPC	transfer parameter EPC in [0x18] Destroy EPC
	Note: the EPC can be longer than the blocksize of 16.The example in. <u>6.4.3. Examples for using the method SendProtocol</u> demonstrate the right use of the constant.
FEDM_ISC_TMP_SYSTEM_RESET_MODE	transfer parameter in [0x64] System Reset
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_SETS	transfer parameter in [0x22] Read Buffer
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA_SNR	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA_DB	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA_ANT	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA_TIME	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_TRDATA_DATE	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_RECSETS	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_ADV_BRM_VALID_TIME	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_FIRMWARE_VERSION_MODE	transfer parameter in [0x66] Firmware Version
FEDM_ISC_TMP_FIRMWARE_VERSION_SW_MAJOR	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_FIRMWARE_VERSION_SW_MINOR	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_FIRMWARE_VERSION_SW_DEV	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_CENTURY	transfer parameter in [0x87] Set System Date and [0x88] Get
FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_YEAR	System Date
FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_MONTH	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_DAY	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_TIMEZONE	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_HOUR	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_MINUTE	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_DATE_MILLISECOND	

• Remove of the following constants in FEDM_ISCReaderID.h:

New	Comment
FEDM_ISCLR_EE_SYSG_SYS_MODE_BRM	configuration constant is replaced by FEDM_ISCLR_EE_SYSG_SYS_MODE_OP_MODE ersetzt
FEDM_ISCLR_EE_SYSG_SYS_MODE_SCAN	configuration constant is replaced by FEDM_ISCLR_EE_SYSG_SYS_MODE_OP_MODE ersetzt

V1.09.00

- Serializing the reader configuration in XML format using the new classes FEDM_XMLBase and FEDM_XMLReaderCfgDataModul. Knowledge of the classes is not necessary.
- Expansions in the class FEDM_ISOTabltem for EPC (Electronic Product Code)
- Supports the new reader ID ISC.M02
- Full support of the data types bool, __int64 and STL-string with new overloaded functions GetTableData, SetTableData and FindTableIndex.
- Introduces the following new constants in FEDM_ISCReader.h:

New	Comment
FEDM_ISC_DATA_SAK	Select Acknowledge (only for ISO14443A Transponders)
FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC	EPC; (EPC = Electronic Product Code)
FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_TYPE	EPC-Typ; (EPC = Electronic Product Code)
FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_HEADER	Field EPC Header; (EPC = Electronic Product Code)
FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_DOMAIN	Field EPC-DomainManager; (EPC = Electronic Product Code)
FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_OBJECT	Field EPC-ObjectClass; (EPC = Electronic Product Code)
FEDM_ISC_DATA_EPC_SNR	Field EPC-Serial Number; (EPC = Electronic Product Code)
FEDM_ISC_TYPE	Reader typ according to the field SW-TYPE of the protocol [0x65] Software Version
FEDM_ISC_NAME	Reader Name according to the system manual
FEDM_ISC_NAMEUC	Reader Name in Unicode according to the system manual
FEDM_ISC_TR_TYPE	Transponder type according to the system manual
FEDM_ISC_EPC_TYPE	EPC-Type, listed in FEDM_ISCReader.h; (EPC = Electronic Product Code)

V1.07.00

- Support of new protocols: [0xB1] and [0xB2]
- New Constants in FEDM_ISCReaderID:

New	Comment
FEDM_CPR_EE_BLOCK2	configuration constants for the reader ID CPR.02
and all special cofiguration constants for the EEPROM of the reader	
FEDM_CPR_RAM_BLOCK2	
and all special cofiguration constants for the RAM of the reader	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_CMD	specifys the 0xB1-Command
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_MODE	specifys the mode for the 0xB1-Command
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_MODE_ADR	specfiys the address mode for the 0xB1-Command
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_MFR	manufacturer code for the 0xB1-Command

New	Comment
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_REQ_UID	UID in request protocol of 0xB1-Commando
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B1_ISO_ERROR	received ISO error code
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_CMD	specifys the mode for the 0xB2-Command
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_MODE	specfiys the address mode for the 0xB2-Command
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_MODE_ADR	specfiys the address mode for the 0xB1-Command
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_UID	UID in request protocol of 0xB1-Commando
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_DB_ADR	parameter for [0xB2] [0xB0] Authent Mifare protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_KEY_ADR	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_KEY_TYPE	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_KEY_ADR_TAG	parameter for [0xB2] [0xB1] Authent my-d protocol
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_KEY_ADR_SAM	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_AUTH_COUNTER_ADR	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_REQ_KEY_AUTH_SEQUENCE	
FEDM_ISC_TMP_B2_ISO_ERROR	received ISO error code

V1.06.00

• Rename of Constants in FEDM_ISCReaderID:

Old	New
FEDM_ISCPRH_EE_SCAN_DBN	FEDM_ISCPRH_EE_SCAN_D_LGT

New Constants in FEDM_ISCReaderID:

New	Comment
FEDM_ISC_EE_BLOCK0 7	Common configuration constants for the following readers:
and all special cofiguration constants for the EEPROM of the	ID ISC.PR100
reader	ID ISC.MR100
FEDM ISC DAM BLOCKO 7	ID ISC.PRH100
FEDM_ISC_RAM_BLOCK0 7	ID ISC.PR100-U
and all cspecial cofiguration constants for the RAM of the	ID ISC.MR100-U
reader	ID CPR.02
	ID CPR.M02

- Error corrections for Selected Mode of ISO-Host Commands
- Support of GNU C-Compiler under Linux.

V1.05.00

• The size of receive buffer for datablocks in Buffered-Read-Mode is increased from 128 to 1024 Byte.

V1.04.00

- Support for all Reader types in the *i-scan* family
- Integration of the ISO host commands for all Readers in the *i-scan* family is now finished. This means that transponders conforming to ISO 15693 having different block sizes are supported.
- The internal table ISCTable has been divided into two tables (m_ISOTable for data exchange via ISO host commands and m_BRMTable for data from long-range Readers of type ISC.LRxxx in Buffered Read Mode). This eliminates the GetTableType function.
- In expanding the port in the abstract basic class, all table functions had to have the handover parameter uiTableID (table type constant) added.
- Some name changes and expansions for the access constants.
- Support for Multi-Job-Poll has been eliminated.
- The protocols [0x11], [0x14], [0x15], [0x16] and [0x17] for the ID ISC.M01 are no longer supported.
- The data containers SN_Mem, PubMem and ConfMem are no longer used (pertains only to the Reader ISC.M01)

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- Along with expansion of the interface in the abstract base class all the table functions had to have the transfer parameter uiTableID (table type constant) added.
- Some name changes to and expansions of the access constants.

V1.00.00

First release version