

# Do “Healthy” Categories Experience More Inflation Than “Unhealthy/Processed” Categories?

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This notebook analyzes whether healthy food categories (fruits, vegetables, whole grains, dairy) experience more inflation than unhealthy/processed categories (sugars, snacks, fats & oils, processed foods) using USDA Consumer Price Index (CPI) data from 1974 to 2024.

## 1 0. Import libraries

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from scipy import stats
import sys
sys.path.append('.') # Just add the parent directory for utils
from utils.data_loader import load_inflation_data

sns.set_style("whitegrid")
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (14, 6)
```

## 2 1. Load Data

```
cpi_df, _ = load_inflation_data()
```

## 3 2. Data Cleaning and Preparation

```
df = cpi_df.copy()
df = df.fillna(np.nan)
```

```
df = df.dropna(how='all')

print(f"Shape: {df.shape}")
print(f"\nRemaining missing values:")
print(f"{df.isnull().sum()}")
```

```
Shape: (51, 23)
```

```
Remaining missing values:
Year                                0
All_food                           0
Beef_and_veal                       0
Cereals_and_bakery_products         0
Dairy_products                      0
Eggs                                0
Fats_and_oils                       0
Fish_and_seafood                    0
Food_at_home                        0
Food_away_from_home                 0
Fresh_fruits                        0
Fresh_fruits_and_vegetables         0
Fresh_vegetables                    0
Fruits_and_vegetables               0
Meats                               0
Meats_poultry_and_fish              0
Nonalcoholic_beverages              0
Other_foods                          0
Other_meats                          0
Pork                                0
Poultry                             0
Processed_fruits_and_vegetables     25
Sugar_and_sweets                    0
dtype: int64
```

## 4 3. Classify Food Categories as Healthy vs Un-healthy

```
healthy_categories = [
    'Beef_and_veal',
    'Dairy_products',
    'Eggs',
    'Fish_and_seafood',
    'Fresh_fruits',
    'Fresh_fruits_and_vegetables',
    'Fresh_vegetables',
```

```

    'Fruits_and_vegetables',
    'Meats',
    'Meats_poultry_and_fish',
    'Other_meats',
    'Pork',
    'Poultry'
]
unhealthy_categories = [
    'Cereals_and_bakery_products',
    'Sugar_and_sweets',
    'Fats_and_oils',
    'Nonalcoholic_beverages'
]

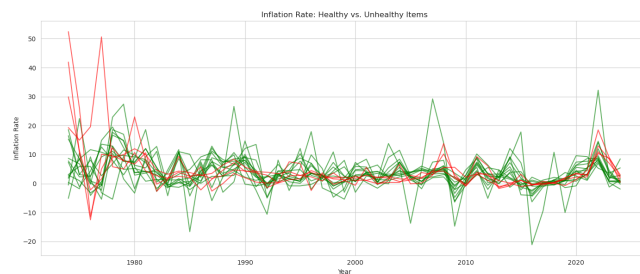
```

## 5 4. Calculate Inflation Rates

```

df['Healthy_Avg_Inflation'] = df[healthy_categories].mean(axis=1)
df['Unhealthy_Avg_Inflation'] = df[unhealthy_categories].mean(axis=1)
inflation_summary = df[['Year', 'Healthy_Avg_Inflation', 'Unhealthy_Avg_Inflation']].copy()
for col in healthy_categories:
    inflation_summary[col] = df[col]
for col in unhealthy_categories:
    inflation_summary[col] = df[col]
for col in healthy_categories:
    plt.plot(inflation_summary['Year'], inflation_summary[col],
             color='green', alpha=0.6)
for col in unhealthy_categories:
    plt.plot(inflation_summary['Year'], inflation_summary[col],
             color='red', alpha=0.6)
plt.title('Inflation Rate: Healthy vs. Unhealthy Items')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Inflation Rate')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig('../figures/inflation_healthy_vs_unhealthy.png')
plt.show()

```



## 6 5. Compare Healthy vs Unhealthy Categories

```

healthy_inflation_rates = []
for col in healthy_categories:
    healthy_inflation_rates.extend(df[col].dropna().tolist())

unhealthy_inflation_rates = []
for col in unhealthy_categories:
    unhealthy_inflation_rates.extend(df[col].dropna().tolist())

print("SUMMARY STATISTICS: HEALTHY vs UNHEALTHY CATEGORIES")

summary_stats = pd.DataFrame({
    'Metric': ['Count', 'Mean (%)', 'Median (%)', 'Std Dev (%)', 'Min (%)', 'Max (%)', 'Q1 (%)', 'Q3 (%)'],
    'Healthy Categories': [
        len(healthy_inflation_rates),
        np.mean(healthy_inflation_rates),
        np.median(healthy_inflation_rates),
        np.std(healthy_inflation_rates),
        np.min(healthy_inflation_rates),
        np.max(healthy_inflation_rates),
        np.percentile(healthy_inflation_rates, 25),
        np.percentile(healthy_inflation_rates, 75)
    ],
    'Unhealthy Categories': [
        len(unhealthy_inflation_rates),
        np.mean(unhealthy_inflation_rates),
        np.median(unhealthy_inflation_rates),
        np.std(unhealthy_inflation_rates),
        np.min(unhealthy_inflation_rates),
        np.max(unhealthy_inflation_rates),
        np.percentile(unhealthy_inflation_rates, 25),
        np.percentile(unhealthy_inflation_rates, 75)
    ]
})

print(summary_stats.to_string(index=False))

print("DIFFERENCE (Healthy - Unhealthy)")
diff_mean = np.mean(healthy_inflation_rates) - np.mean(unhealthy_inflation_rates)
diff_median = np.median(healthy_inflation_rates) - np.median(unhealthy_inflation_rates)
print(f"Mean difference: {diff_mean:.2f}%")
print(f"Median difference: {diff_median:.2f}%")

SUMMARY STATISTICS: HEALTHY vs UNHEALTHY CATEGORIES
Metric Healthy Categories Unhealthy Categories

```

Count	663.000000	204.000000
Mean (%)	3.695928	4.302451
Median (%)	2.900000	2.700000
Std Dev (%)	5.223416	7.375771
Min (%)	-21.100000	-12.500000
Max (%)	32.200000	52.400000
Q1 (%)	0.700000	1.000000
Q3 (%)	6.300000	4.775000

DIFFERENCE (Healthy - Unhealthy)

Mean difference: -0.61%

Median difference: 0.20%

```
year_comparison = df[['Year', 'Healthy_Avg_Inflation', 'Unhealthy_Avg_Inflation']].copy()
year_comparison['Difference (H -U)'] = year_comparison['Healthy_Avg_Inflation'] - year_compa
year_comparison.columns = ['Year', 'Healthy (%)', 'Unhealthy (%)', 'Difference (%)']
```

```
print("\nYear -by -Year Comparison (First 15 Years):")
print(year_comparison.head(15).to_string(index=False))
```

```
print("\nYear -by -Year Comparison (Last 15 Years):")
print(year_comparison.tail(15).to_string(index=False))
```

Year -by -Year Comparison (First 15 Years):

Year	Healthy (%)	Unhealthy (%)	Difference (%)
1974	6.076923	35.875	-29.798077
1975	5.976923	15.775	-9.798077
1976	3.007692	-1.600	4.607692
1977	3.976923	16.825	-12.848077
1978	12.423077	9.175	3.248077
1979	10.946154	7.675	3.271154
1980	5.000000	13.100	-8.100000
1981	7.538462	8.225	-0.686538
1982	3.800000	1.100	2.700000
1983	0.230769	2.075	-1.844231
1984	5.423077	5.025	0.398077
1985	-0.169231	2.625	-2.794231
1986	4.046154	2.350	1.696154
1987	6.700000	1.050	5.650000
1988	4.476923	3.425	1.051923

Year -by -Year Comparison (Last 15 Years):

Year	Healthy (%)	Unhealthy (%)	Difference (%)
2010	1.392308	0.050	1.342308
2011	6.523077	4.925	1.598077
2012	1.684615	3.325	-1.640385
2013	2.246154	-0.775	3.021154

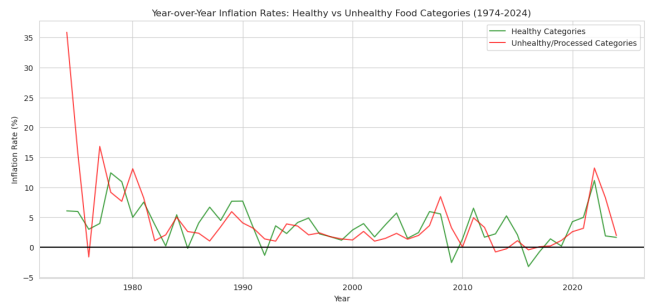
2014	5.246154	-0.250	5.496154
2015	2.076923	1.100	0.976923
2016	-3.215385	-0.425	-2.790385
2017	-0.753846	0.100	-0.853846
2018	1.407692	0.225	1.182692
2019	0.207692	1.150	-0.942308
2020	4.276923	2.600	1.676923
2021	4.984615	3.175	1.809615
2022	11.138462	13.225	-2.086538
2023	1.900000	8.275	-6.375000
2024	1.653846	1.975	-0.321154

## 7 6. Visualization of Inflation Trends

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()

ax.plot(df['Year'], df['Healthy_Avg_Inflation'],
        label='Healthy Categories', color='green', alpha=0.7)
ax.plot(df['Year'], df['Unhealthy_Avg_Inflation'],
        label='Unhealthy/Processed Categories', color='red', alpha=0.7)

ax.axhline(y=0, color='black')
ax.set_xlabel('Year')
ax.set_ylabel('Inflation Rate (%)')
ax.set_title('Year -over -Year Inflation Rates: Healthy vs Unhealthy Food Categories (1974 - 2024)')
ax.legend()
plt.savefig('../figures/yoy_inflation_healthy_vs_unhealthy.png')
plt.show()
```

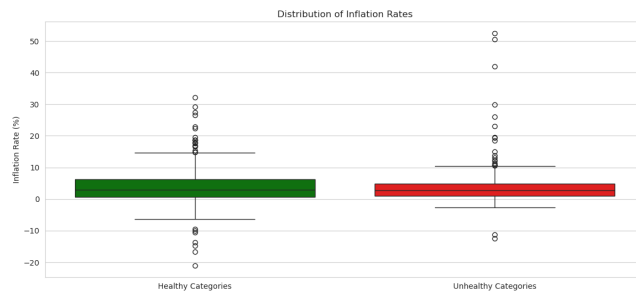


```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()

sns.boxplot(data=[healthy_inflation_rates, unhealthy_inflation_rates],
            palette=['green', 'red'])

plt.xticks([0, 1], ['Healthy Categories', 'Unhealthy Categories'])
```

```
plt.ylabel('Inflation Rate (%)')
plt.title('Distribution of Inflation Rates')
plt.savefig('../figures/healthy_vs_unhealthy_inflation_boxplot.png')
plt.show()
```

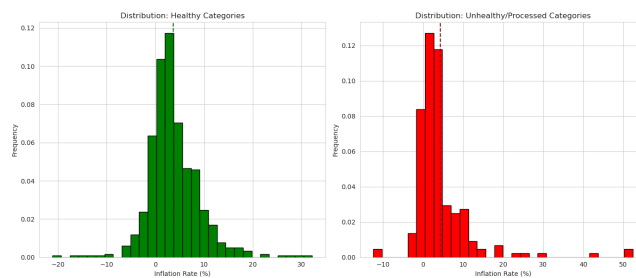


```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2)
```

```
axes[0].hist(healthy_inflation_rates, color='green', edgecolor='black', bins=30, density='True')
axes[0].set_xlabel('Inflation Rate (%)')
axes[0].set_ylabel('Frequency')
axes[0].set_title('Distribution: Healthy Categories')
axes[0].axvline(np.mean(healthy_inflation_rates), color='darkgreen', linestyle='--')
```

```
axes[1].hist(unhealthy_inflation_rates, color='red', edgecolor='black', bins=30, density='True')
axes[1].set_xlabel('Inflation Rate (%)')
axes[1].set_ylabel('Frequency')
axes[1].set_title('Distribution: Unhealthy/Processed Categories')
axes[1].axvline(np.mean(unhealthy_inflation_rates), color='darkred', linestyle='--')
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig('../figures/healthy_vs_unhealthy_inflation_histogram.png')
plt.show()
```



## 8. Statistical Analysis

```
print("STATISTICAL TEST 1: Independent Samples t -test")
```

```

print("Null Hypothesis (H0): There is no significant difference in mean")
print("inflation between healthy and unhealthy categories")
print("Alternative Hypothesis (H1): There is a significant difference\n")

t_stat, t_pvalue = stats.ttest_ind(healthy_inflation_rates, unhealthy_inflation_rates)
print(f"t -statistic: {t_stat:.4f}")
print(f"p -value: {t_pvalue:.6f}")
print(f"Result: FAIL TO REJECT the null hypothesis (p \geq 0.05)")
print("Conclusion: There is NO statistically significant difference in inflation")
print("rates between healthy and unhealthy food categories.")

print(f"\nEFFECT SIZE: Cohen's d")
n1, n2 = len(healthy_inflation_rates), len(unhealthy_inflation_rates)
var1, var2 = np.var(healthy_inflation_rates, ddof=1), np.var(unhealthy_inflation_rates, ddof=1)
pooled_std = np.sqrt(((n1 - 1)*var1 + (n2 - 1)*var2) / (n1 + n2 - 2))
cohens_d = (np.mean(healthy_inflation_rates) - np.mean(unhealthy_inflation_rates)) / pooled_std

if abs(cohens_d) < 0.2:
    effect_interpretation = "negligible"
elif abs(cohens_d) < 0.5:
    effect_interpretation = "small"
elif abs(cohens_d) < 0.8:
    effect_interpretation = "medium"
else:
    effect_interpretation = "large"

print(f"Cohen's d: {cohens_d:.4f}")
print(f"Cohen's d effect size is {effect_interpretation}")

STATISTICAL TEST 1: Independent Samples t -test
Null Hypothesis (H0): There is no significant difference in mean
inflation between healthy and unhealthy categories
Alternative Hypothesis (H1): There is a significant difference

t -statistic: -1.3041
p -value: 0.192536
Result: FAIL TO REJECT the null hypothesis (p \geq 0.05)
Conclusion: There is NO statistically significant difference in inflation
rates between healthy and unhealthy food categories.

EFFECT SIZE: Cohen's d
Cohen's d: -0.1044
Cohen's d effect size is negligible

print("STATISTICAL TEST 2: Mann -Whitney U Test (Non -parametric)")
print("This test doesn't assume normal distribution of data\n")

```



```

u_stat, u_pvalue = stats.mannwhitneyu(healthy_inflation_rates, unhealthy_inflation_rates)
print(f"U -statistic: {u_stat:.4f}")
print(f"p -value: {u_pvalue:.6f}")

print(f"Result: FAIL TO REJECT the null hypothesis (p \geq 0.05)")
print("Conclusion: There is NO statistically significant difference in inflation")
print("distributions between healthy and unhealthy categories.")

STATISTICAL TEST 2: Mann -Whitney U Test (Non -parametric)
This test doesn't assume normal distribution of data

U -statistic: 68902.0000
p -value: 0.683412
Result: FAIL TO REJECT the null hypothesis (p \geq 0.05)
Conclusion: There is NO statistically significant difference in inflation
distributions between healthy and unhealthy categories.

print("CONFIDENCE INTERVALS (95%)")

healthy_mean = np.mean(healthy_inflation_rates)
healthy_sem = stats.sem(healthy_inflation_rates)
healthy_ci = stats.t.interval(0.95, len(healthy_inflation_rates) -1, loc=healthy_mean, scale=healthy_sem)

print("Healthy Categories:")
print(f" Mean: {healthy_mean:.4f}%")
print(f" 95% CI: [{healthy_ci[0]:.4f}%, {healthy_ci[1]:.4f}%]")

unhealthy_mean = np.mean(unhealthy_inflation_rates)
unhealthy_sem = stats.sem(unhealthy_inflation_rates)
unhealthy_ci = stats.t.interval(0.95, len(unhealthy_inflation_rates) -1, loc=unhealthy_mean, scale=unhealthy_sem)

print(f"\nUnhealthy/Processed Categories:")
print(f" Mean: {unhealthy_mean:.4f}%")
print(f" 95% CI: [{unhealthy_ci[0]:.4f}%, {unhealthy_ci[1]:.4f}%]")

print(f"\nDifference (Healthy - Unhealthy): {healthy_mean - unhealthy_mean:.4f}%")

CONFIDENCE INTERVALS (95%)
Healthy Categories:
    Mean: 3.6959%
    95% CI: [3.2973%, 4.0946%]

Unhealthy/Processed Categories:
    Mean: 4.3025%
    95% CI: [3.2817%, 5.3232%]

```

Difference (Healthy - Unhealthy): -0.6065%

## 9 9. Key Findings and Conclusion

```
print("SUMMARY OF FINDINGS")

healthy_mean = np.mean(healthy_inflation_rates)
unhealthy_mean = np.mean(unhealthy_inflation_rates)
difference = healthy_mean - unhealthy_mean

print(f"\n1. AVERAGE INFLATION RATES (1974 -2022):")
print(f"    - Healthy Categories: {healthy_mean:.2f}%")
print(f"    - Unhealthy/Processed Categories: {unhealthy_mean:.2f}%")
print(f"    - Difference: {difference:.2f}%")
print(f"    - Unhealthy/processed categories experienced HIGHER inflation")

print(f"\n2. VARIABILITY (Standard Deviation):")
print(f"    - Healthy Categories: {np.std(healthy_inflation_rates):.2f}%")
print(f"    - Unhealthy/Processed Categories: {np.std(unhealthy_inflation_rates):.2f}%")

print(f"\n3. STATISTICAL SIGNIFICANCE:")
print(f"    - t -test p -value: {t_pvalue:.6f} (p \geq 0.05)")
print(f"    - Result: The difference is NOT statistically significant")

print(f"\n4. EFFECT SIZE:")
print(f"    - Cohen's d: {cohens_d:.4f} ({effect_interpretation} effect)")

print("CONCLUSION")
print(f"""
Based on the analysis of USDA Consumer Price Index (CPI) data from 1974 -2022:

The data shows that over the nearly 50 -year period, HEALTHY food categories
(fruits, vegetables, dairy, cereals) have experienced {abs(difference):.2f}%
LOWER average inflation compared to unhealthy/processed
categories (sugars, fats & oils, processed foods).

Statistical Testing Results:
- The t -test p -value of {t_pvalue:.6f} indicates that the difference is
  NOT statistically significant.

- The effect size (Cohen's d = {cohens_d:.4f}) is negligible.

This suggests that unhealthy food prices have inflated more rapidly than
processed/unhealthy food prices over the study period, which has important
implications for food affordability and dietary choices.
```

""")

#### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

1. AVERAGE INFLATION RATES (1974 -2022):
  - Healthy Categories: 3.70%
  - Unhealthy/Processed Categories: 4.30%
  - Difference: -0.61%
  - Unhealthy/processed categories experienced HIGHER inflation
2. VARIABILITY (Standard Deviation):
  - Healthy Categories: 5.22%
  - Unhealthy/Processed Categories: 7.38%
3. STATISTICAL SIGNIFICANCE:
  - t -test p -value: 0.192536 ( $p \geq 0.05$ )
  - Result: The difference is NOT statistically significant
4. EFFECT SIZE:
  - Cohen's d: -0.1044 (negligible effect)

#### CONCLUSION

Based on the analysis of USDA Consumer Price Index (CPI) data from 1974 -2022:

The data shows that over the nearly 50 -year period, HEALTHY food categories (fruits, vegetables, dairy, cereals) have experienced 0.61% LOWER average inflation compared to unhealthy/processed categories (sugars, fats & oils, processed foods).

#### Statistical Testing Results:

- The t -test p -value of 0.192536 indicates that the difference is NOT statistically significant.
- The effect size (Cohen's d = -0.1044) is negligible.

This suggests that unhealthy food prices have inflated more rapidly than processed/unhealthy food prices over the study period, which has important implications for food affordability and dietary choices.