# Principios generales de representación VISTAS

IRAM 4502-30: Convenciones básicas para vistas IRAM 4502-34: Vistas aplicables a mecánica

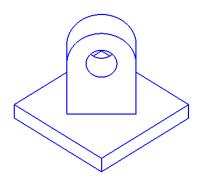
### Consideraciones generales

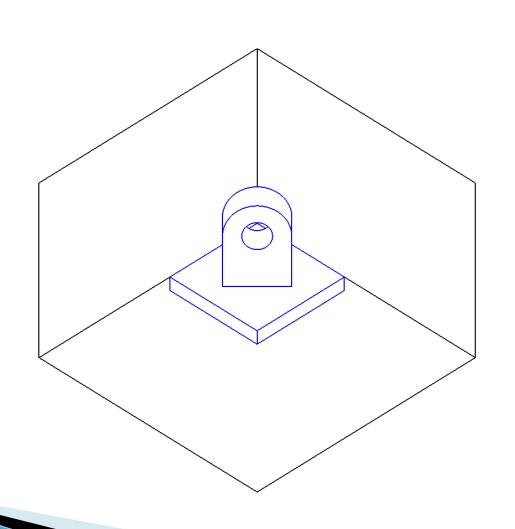
VISTA: Proyección ortogonal mostrando las partes visibles de un objeto y, si fuera necesario, sus contornos no visibles.

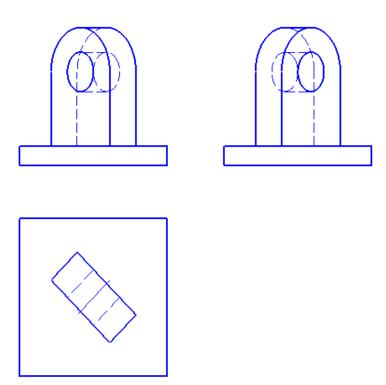
#### SELECCIÓN DE VISTAS:

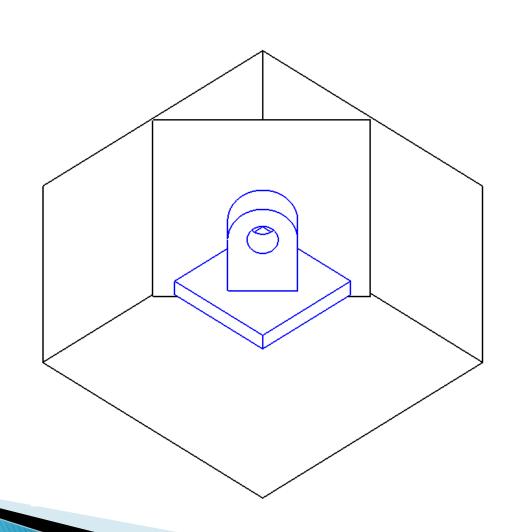
- Limitar la cantidad de vistas, cortes y secciones, hasta el mínimo necesario pero suficiente para describir completamente el objeto sin ambigüedad.
- Evitar la presentación de contornos y bordes no visibles.
- Evitar la repetición innecesaria de un detalle.

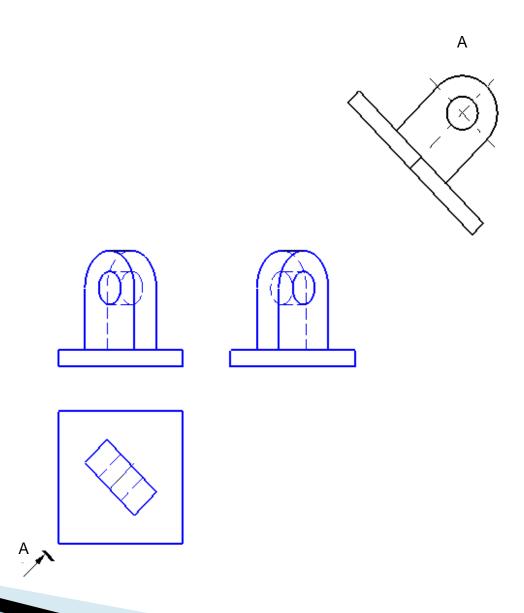
- Los planos que forman una pieza no son siempre paralelos a los planos elegidos para la proyección.
- Esto genera que parte de la geometría proyectada tenga alguna deformación, no siendo sus proyecciones ortogonales aptas para las mediciones.
- La vista auxiliar se emplea para mostrar la verdadera forma y magnitud de partes inclinadas (no paralelas al triedro fundamental) de la pieza.

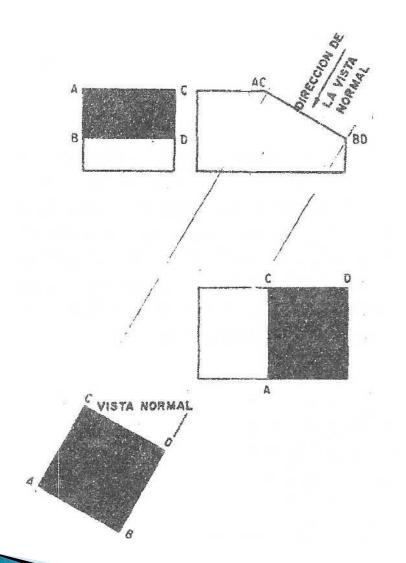


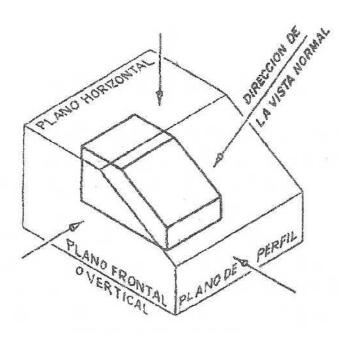


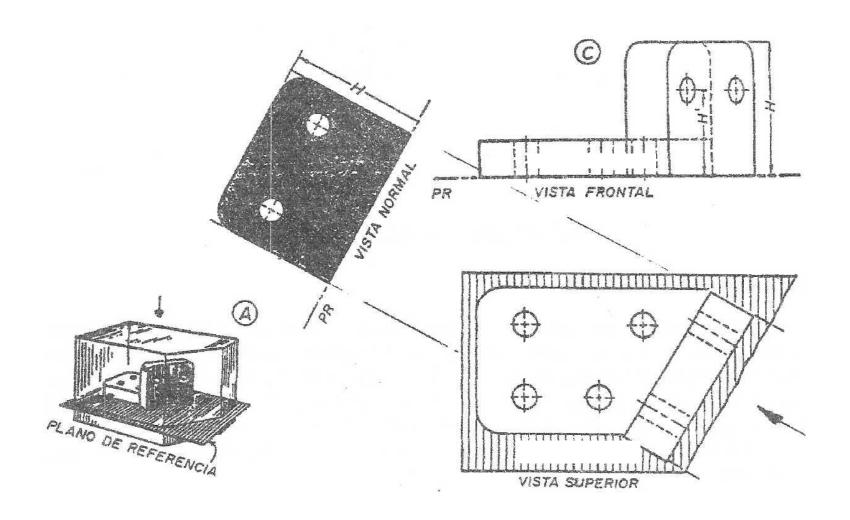


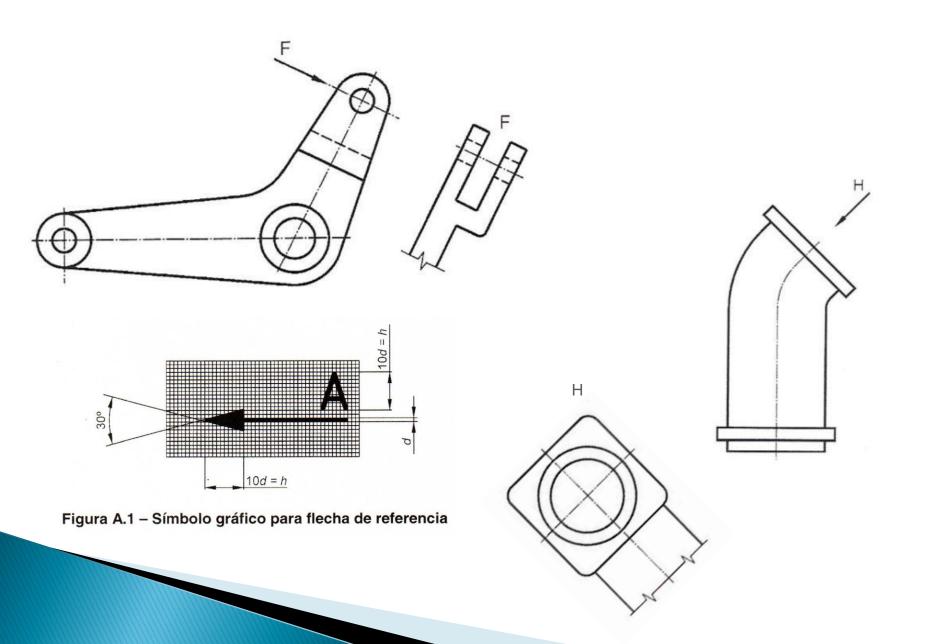


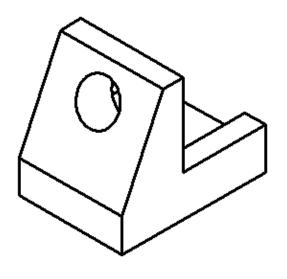


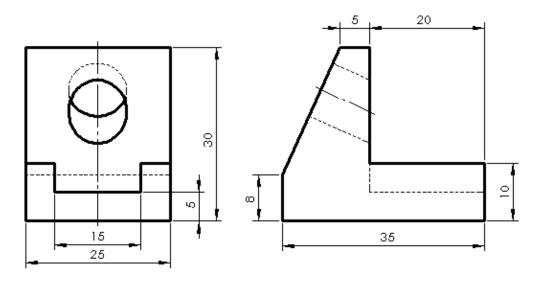


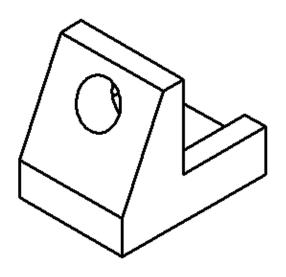


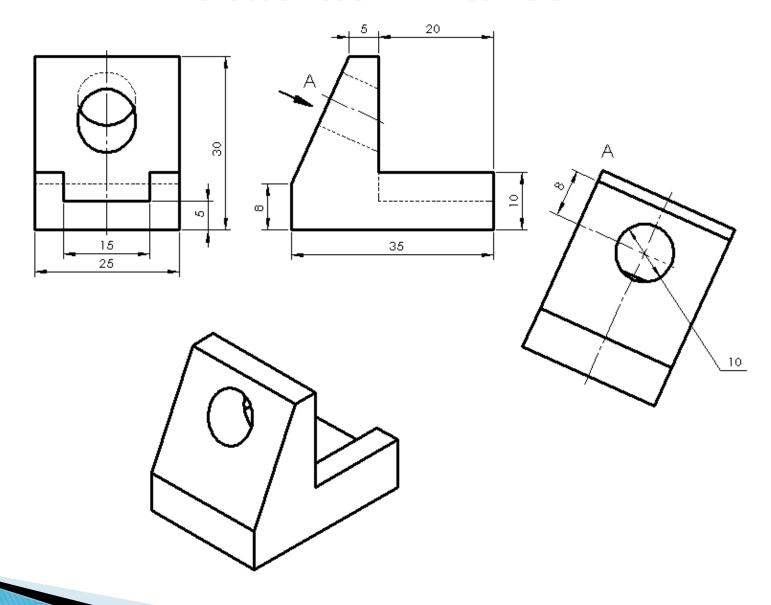


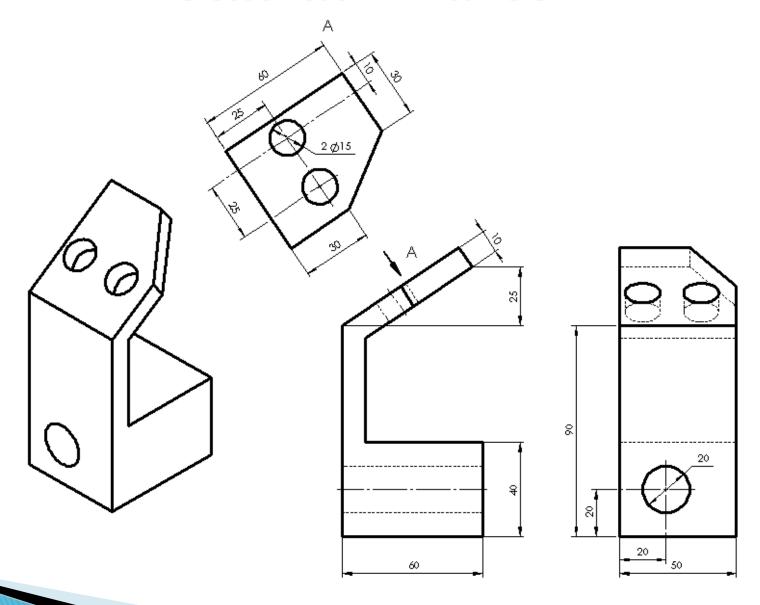


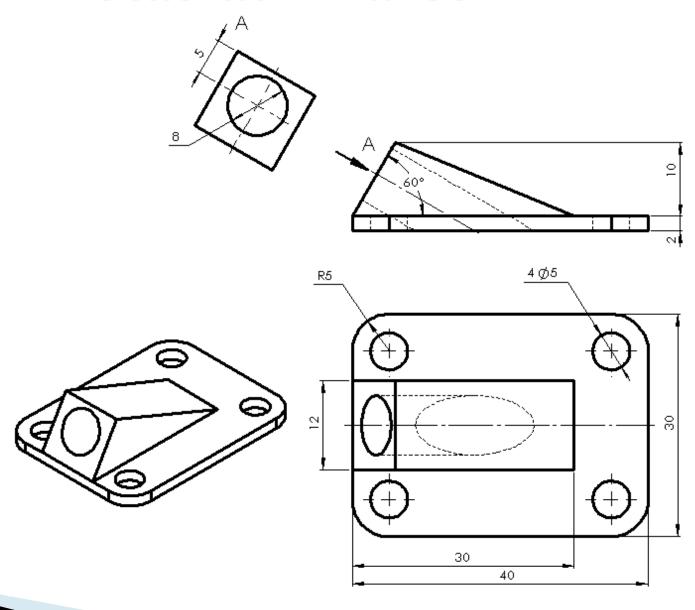




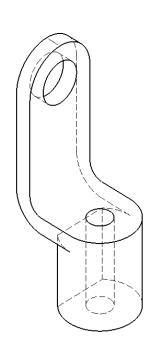


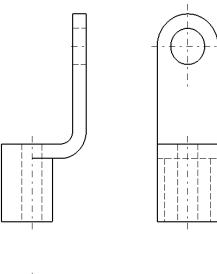




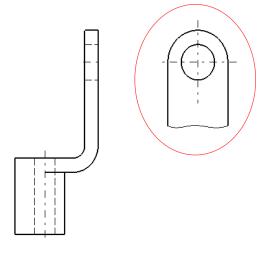


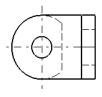
## Vistas parciales



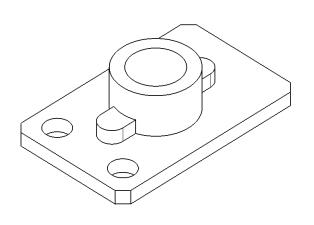


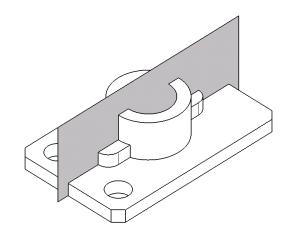


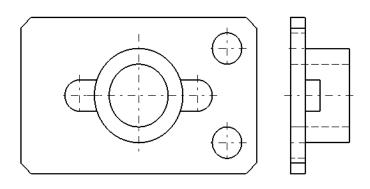


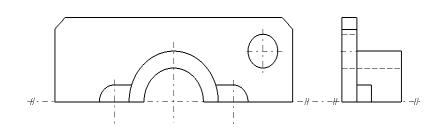


## Vistas parciales

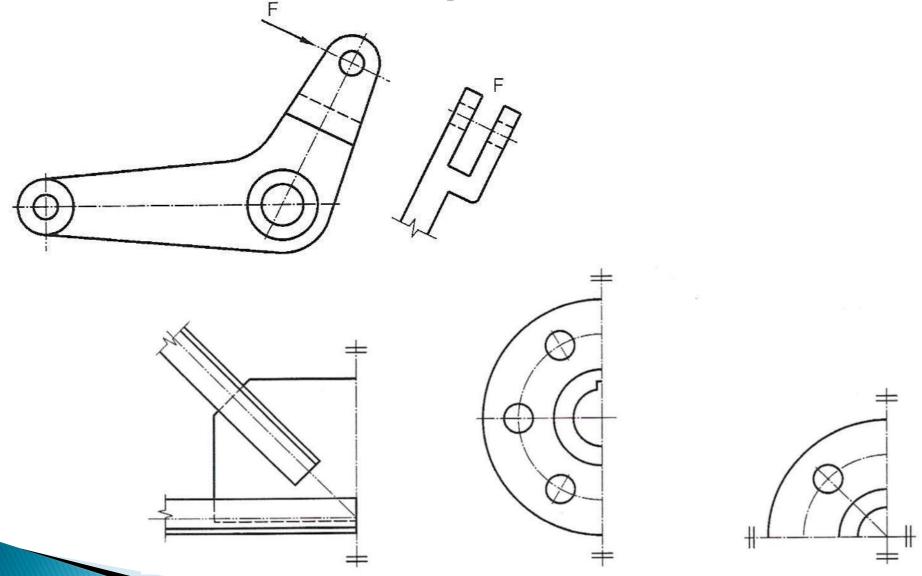






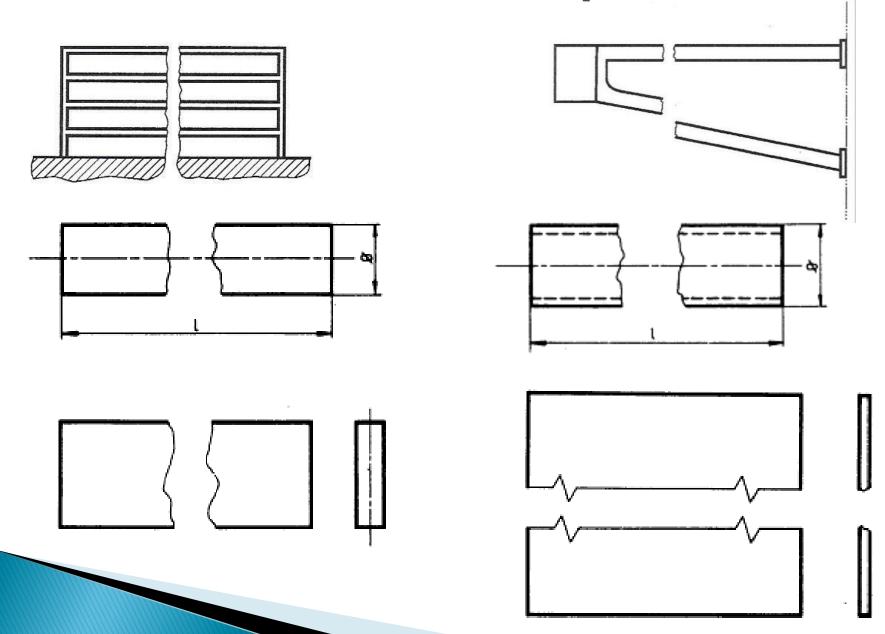


## Vistas parciales

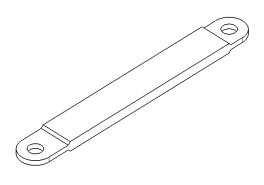


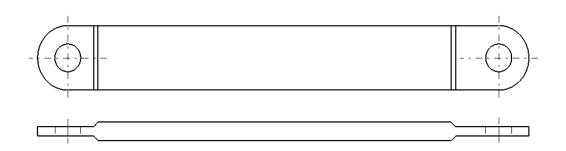
Vista parcial de piezas simétricas

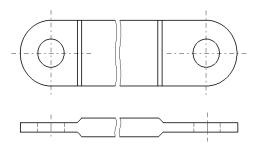
## Vistas interrumpidas



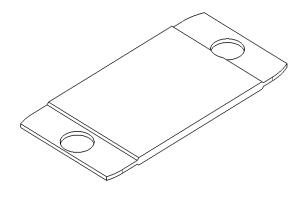
## Vistas interrumpidas

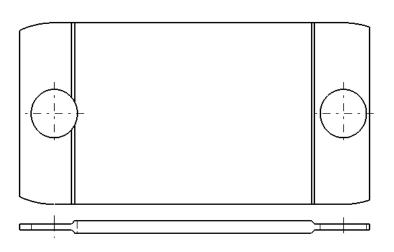


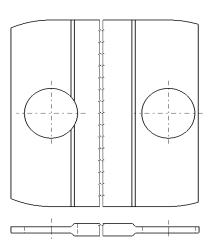




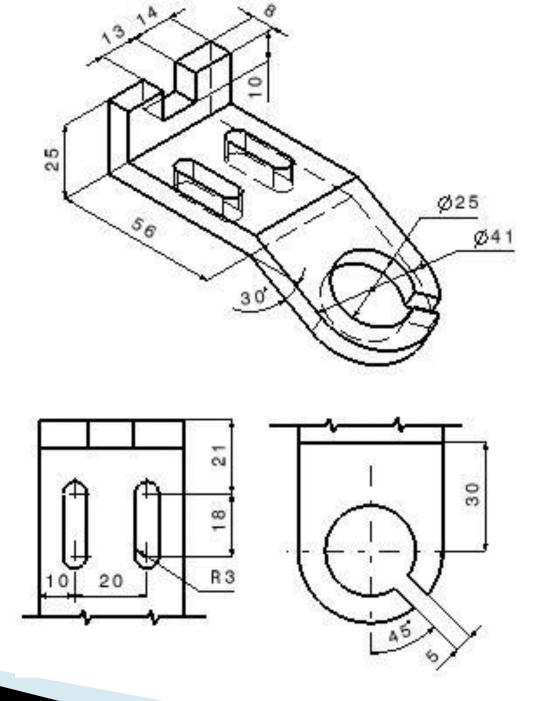
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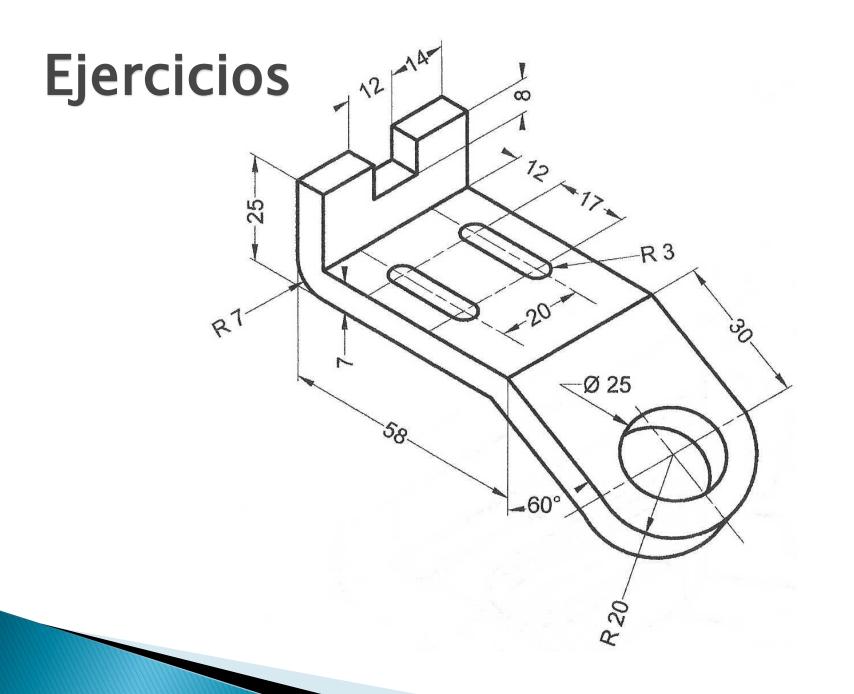


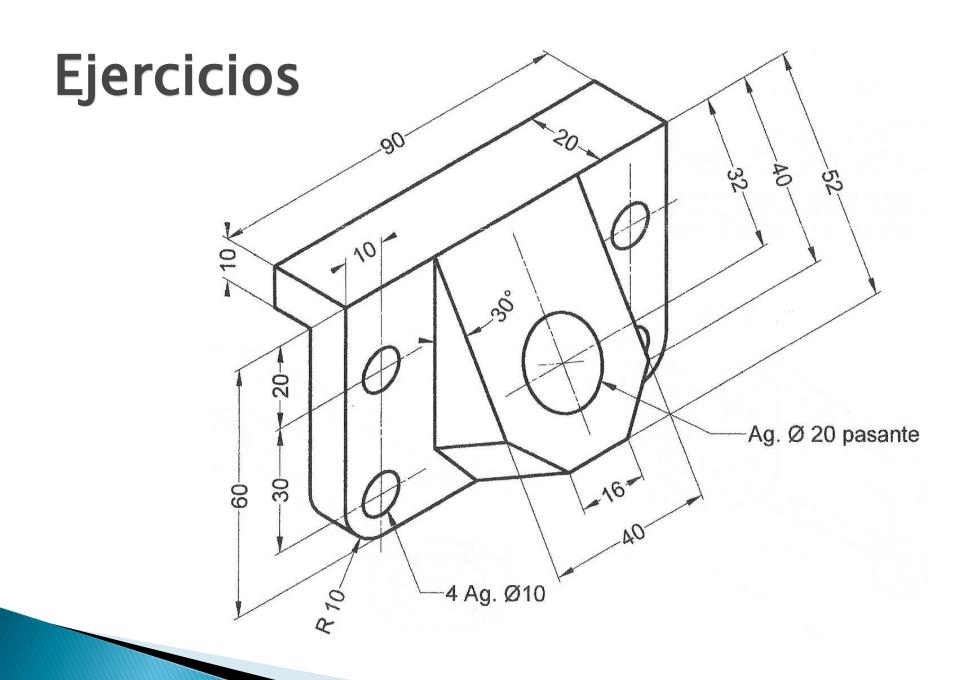




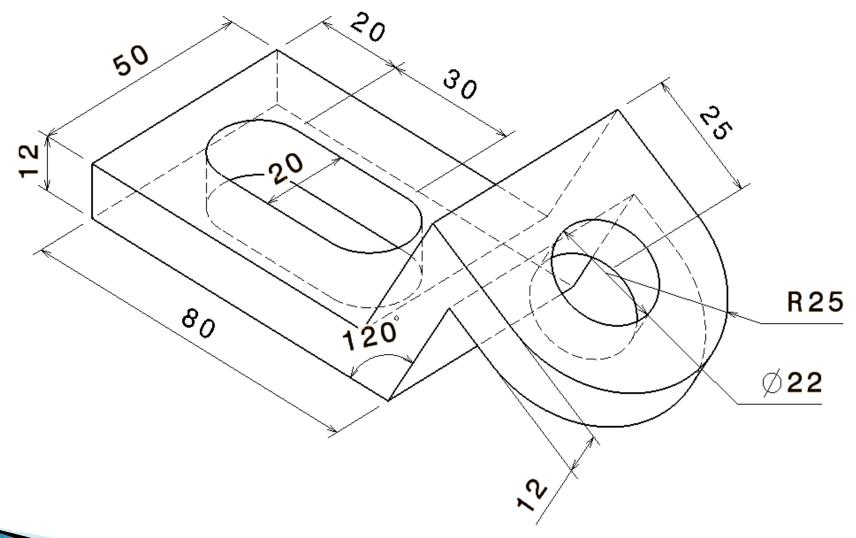
## **Ejercicios**







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