

ICS Summer Academy Session II

Topic 6: Bayesian Networks

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$$P(E|F) = \frac{P(F|E) \cdot P(E)}{(\text{values})}$$

$$P(\text{yes} | \text{suv, red}) = \frac{P(\text{suvs, red} | \text{yes}) \cdot P(\text{yes})}{1 + P(\text{suvs, red} | \text{no}) \cdot P(\text{no})}$$

Review of Naive Bayes

Example No.	Color	Type	Origin	Stolen?
1	Red	Sports	Domestic	Yes -
2	Red	Sports	Domestic	No
3	Red	Sports	Domestic	Yes ✓
4	Yellow	Sports	Domestic	No
5	Yellow	Sports	Imported	Yes -
6	Yellow	SUV	Imported	No
7	Yellow	SUV	Imported	Yes
8	Yellow	SUV	Domestic	No
9	Red	SUV	Imported	No
10	Red	Sports	Imported	Yes

Stolen yes: 5/10

Stolen no : 5/10

Training Data Tables

Stolen=Yes	Stolen=No
1/2	1/2

Color	Stolen=Yes	Stolen=No
Yellow	2/5	3/5
Red	3/5	2/5

$$P(\text{type} = \text{Sports} \mid \text{Stolen} = \text{yes}) = 4/5$$

Type	Stolen=Yes	Stolen=No
Sports	4/5	2/5
SUV	1/5	3/5

Origin	Stolen=Yes	Stolen=No
Domestic	2/5	3/5
Imported	3/5	2/5

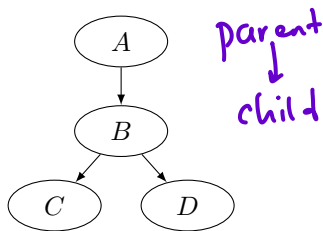
Want: $P(\text{yes} \mid \dots)$

Would a red domestic SUV be stolen according to your prediction?

$$P(\text{red, domestic, SUV} : \text{yes}) = P(\text{red} \mid \text{yes}) \cdot P(\text{dom} \mid \text{yes}) \cdot P(\text{SUV} \mid \text{yes}) \cdot P(\text{yes})$$

$$P(\text{red, domestic, SUV} : \text{no}) =$$

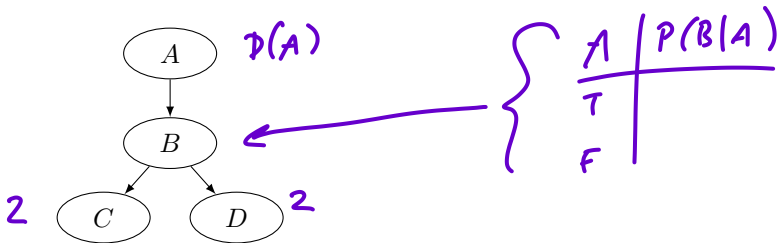
Example Bayesian Network



Joint probability $P(A, B, C, D)$ as product of conditional probabilities?

$$P(A, B, C, D) = P(A) \cdot P(B|A) \cdot P(C|B) \cdot P(D|B)$$

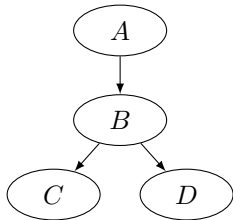
Example Bayesian Network



How many independent parameters needed to fully define?

7

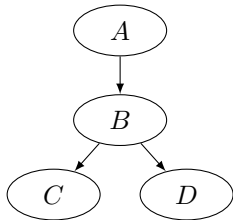
Example Bayesian Network



Define the joint distribution $P(A, B, C, D)$ if no assumptions about independence or conditional independence?

2^4 (or $2^4 - 1$ really)

Example Bayesian Network



- ▶ You now know about B happened or not
- ▶ Then you find out about A
- ▶ Belief changed for C or D ?

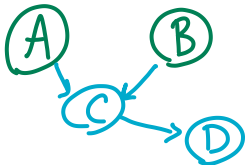
Draw a Bayesian Network

$X \perp Y | Z$ means that X is conditionally independent of Y , given Z .

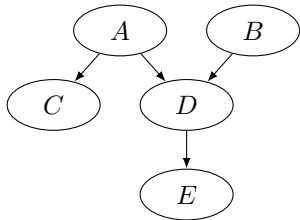
- ▶ $A \perp B | \emptyset$ ✓
- ▶ $A \not\perp D | B$
- ▶ $A \perp D | C$
- ▶ $A \not\perp C | \emptyset$
- ▶ $B \not\perp C | \emptyset$
- ▶ $A \not\perp B | D$
- ▶ $B \perp D | A, C$

'John Calls' \perp "Earthquake"
| "Alarm"

Think of \perp as "does not communicate"



Conditional Independence from Model

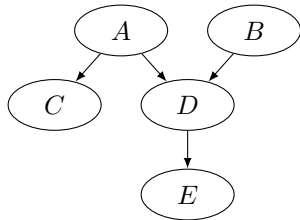


True or False: C and D are conditionally independent given A

Did not discuss this or the other three parts.

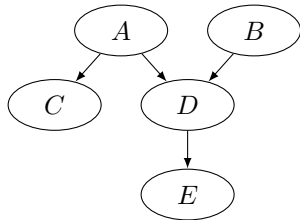
Material was covered as part of conversations.

Conditional Independence from Model



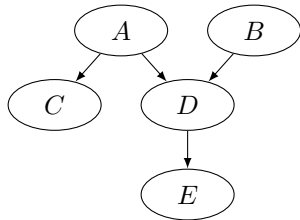
True or False: C and B are conditionally independent given D

Conditional Independence from Model



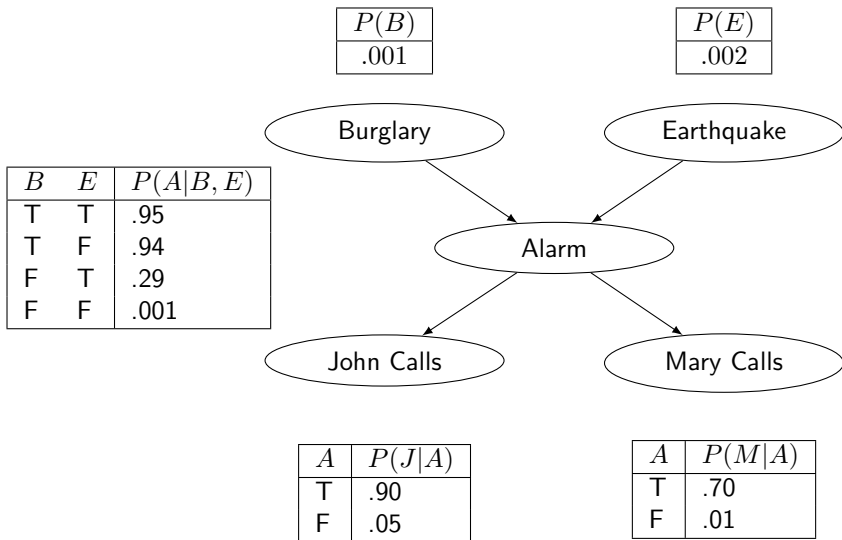
True or False: C is conditionally independent of B given A

Conditional Independence from Model



True or False: C is conditionally independent of B given D

Famous Alarm Example



More about Hidden Variables

