## Are We Reusing Outdated Code from Stack Overflow?

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### **ABSTRACT**

This paper provides a sample of a LaTeX document which conforms, somewhat loosely, to the formatting guidelines for ACM SIG Proceedings. It is an alternate style which produces a tighter-looking paper and was designed in response to concerns expressed, by authors, over page-budgets. It complements the document Author's (Alternate) Guide to Preparing ACM SIG Proceedings Using  $\text{LaTeX}_{\epsilon}$  and BibTeX. This source file has been written with the intention of being compiled under  $\text{LaTeX}_{\epsilon}$  and BibTeX.

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### 1. INTRODUCTION

Stack Overflow is a popular online programming community with 6.3 million users. It allows programmers to ask questions and give answers to programming problems. The website has found to be useful for software development and also valuable for educational purposes [?]. On Stack Overflow, each conversation contains a question and answer(s). The answers normally contain at least one code snippet as a solution to the question asked. The code snippet is usually not written directly on Stack Overflow website but copied from another location. It can be copied and modified from the problematic code snippet in the question, copied from an answerer's own code, or borrowed from other locations including open source software (OSS) systems. As a result, the process of posting and answering questions on Stack Overflow which involves copying and pasting source code can be

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considered as code cloning.

Code cloning is an activity of reusing source code by copying and pasting. It normally occurs in software development and account from 7% to 23% in typical software systems [4]. The benefits and drawbacks of clones are still controversial. Several authors state that clones lead to bug propagations and software maintenance issues [15], while some others have proofs that in some cases clones are not harmful than normal code or even beneficial [31, 16]. Code cloning can also have side effects of violating software licenses. Carelessly cloning code from one project and reusing it in another project with different license may cause software licensing violation [11].

In this study, we treat code snippets that are copied from software systems to Stack Overflow, and vice versa, as code clones. We call them **online code clones**. There are three ways to create online code clones: (1) code is cloned from a software project to Stack Overflow as an example; (2) code is cloned from Stack Overflow to a software project to obtain a functionality, perform a particular task, or fixing a bug; and (3) code is implicitly cloned from one software project to another by having Stack Overflow as a medium. Online code clones can similarly lead to a problem of bug propagation as classical code clones. Unfortunately, they are more difficult to locate and fix since the search space from online corpora is larger and no longer confined in a local repository.

A motivating example of problems caused by online code clones can be found in a Stack Overflow post regarding how to implement RawComparator in Hadoop<sup>1</sup>. In Figure 1, the left hand side shows a code snippet embedded as a part of accepted answer to the question. The snippet shows how Hadoop implements compare method in its WritableComparator class. The code snippet on the right hand side shows another version of the same compare method in Writable-Comparator class but it is extracted from the latest version of Hadoop. We can obviously see that they are highly similar except one line, buffer.reset(null,0,0);, added in the latest version after key2.readFields(buffer);. The added line is intended for cleaning up the reference in buffer variable. While this change has already been introduced into compare method in the latest version of Hadoop, the code example in Stack Overflow post is still unchanged and outdated. This example shows that there can be inconsistencies between online code clones and its original. This is an emerging and challenging problem. Since studies in this area are still limited, we aim to gain more insight of the problem in this study.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>http://stackoverflow.com/questions/22262310

```
/* Code in Stack Overflow #22315734 */
                                                                 WritableComparator.java (2016-09-26) */
                                                              1 public int compare(byte[] b1,int s1,int l1,
1 public int compare (byte[] b1, int s1, int l1,
                      byte[] b2, int s2, int 12) {
                                                                                    byte[] b2, int s2, int 12) {
      buffer.reset(b1,s1,l1); /* parse key1 */
                                                                    buffer.reset(b1,s1,l1); /* parse key1 */
      key1.readFields(buffer);
                                                                    key1.readFields(buffer);
                                                                                                parse key2 */
6
      buffer.reset(b2,s2,12); /* parse key2 */
                                                                    buffer.reset(b2,s2,12); /*
      key2.readFields(buffer);
                                                                    key2.readFields(buffer);
    } catch (IOException e) {
                                                                    buffer.reset(null,0,0);
                                                                                                clean up reference */
     throw new RuntimeException(e):
                                                                   catch (IOException e) {
10
                                                              10
                                                                    throw new RuntimeException(e);
     return compare (key1, key2); /* compare them */
                                                              11
11
                                                              12
                                                                  return compare(key1, key2); /* compare them */
```

Figure 1: The same code fragments, WritableComparator.java, on Stack Overflow post 22315734 and latest version in hadoop code base

This paper makes the following primary contributions:

- 1. A manual study of online code clones: We used two clone detection tools to discover 266,837,480 similar code fragment pairs and manually investigated 7,840 candidate clone pairs between Java code fragments obtained from Stack Overflow accepted answers and 109 Java open source projects.
- 2. Addressing the problems of reusing source code between open source projects and Stack Overflow: Our study shows that there are at least 238 clones that have been obviously copied from open source projects or external online sources to Stack Overflow as code examples which potentially violate their software licenses. Furthermore, 50 out of the 84 clones are outdated and questionable for being reused.

### 2. EMPIRICAL STUDY

We perform an empirical study of online code clones between Stack Overflow and 109 Java open source projects to answer the following research questions:

**RQ1** (online code clones): To what extent source code is cloned between Stack Overflow and open source projects? We would like to quantitatively measure the number of online code clones between Stack Overflow and open source projects to understand the scale of the problem.

RQ2 (classification of online code clones): What are the main characteristics among the set of online code clones? We group them into seven groups according to our pre-defined classification scheme so we can differentiate and understand the motivation of cloning. Some of the clones are copy from open source projects to Stack Overflow, while some are copied from a third-party location, and some are accidental clones containing boiler-plate code, and code stubs generated by IDE.

**RQ3** (effects of online code clones): what are the effects derived from online code clones? can they be harmful to software development? Is there observable problems caused by clones between Stack Overflow and open source projects?

### 2.1 Experimental Framework

To answer the three research questions, an experimental framework is designed as depicted in Figure 2. We process two datasets, Stack Overflow and open source projects from Qualitas corpus. Java code fragments are extracted from Stack Overflow posts using regular expressions. We preprocess Java code in both datasets by removing comments

and pretty-printing to increase accuracy of clone detection. Then, we deploy two clone detection tools, Simian [1] and NiCad [30, 7], to locate clones between the two datasets. Due to a technical limit of Simian and NiCad to scale to large datasets, we partition the input and run the tools multiple times. Each run is composed of the whole Stack Overflow data and a single Qualitas project. We repeat the process until we cover 111 projects.

We then convert the clone reports to General Clone Format (GCF) [39] and combine them into a single file. GCF provides a common format for clones which enable us to reuse scripts that analyse clone reports from Simian and NiCad. Moreover, using GCF, other additional clone detectors can be adopted, if needed, without any changes in the analysis. Simian do not provide an option to detect inter clones between two locations. Hence the Simian GCF clone report is pruned to contain only inter clone pairs between Stack Overflow and Qualitas project. In this step, all intra clone pairs within Stack Overflow and open source projects are removed. NiCad provides an option to detect inter clones so no pruning is needed. Next, clone pairs reported from the two clone detectors are pair-wise matched to find agreements using Bellon's clone overlapping criteria [4]. This step generates agreement-based clone pairs. They are clones with highest confidence since they receive agreement from both tools. Then, clone pairs reported by Simian and NiCad that do not find agreement are filtered by size of minimum 10 lines. This step generates non agreement-based clone pairs. The non agreement-based clone pairs are clones with less confidence than agreement-based ones. Finally, agreement-based and non agreement-based clone pairs are looked at and classified manually by the first author.

In the manual inspection process, we classify clones into categories according to their properties. This process takes approximately a months until we successfully classified 7,840 clone pairs into categories. Some of the clone candidates are false clones due to being boiler-plate code or IDE-generated and are discarded for further analysis. By ignoring the false clones, we compare licensing information of 477 remaining clone pairs for possibility of software licensing violations. Moreover, we look forward through history of the clones from the projects' git versioning systems. This is to see if there is any changes made to the clones after it has been copied, hence resulting in outdated clones on Stack Overflow.

### 2.2 Experimental Setup

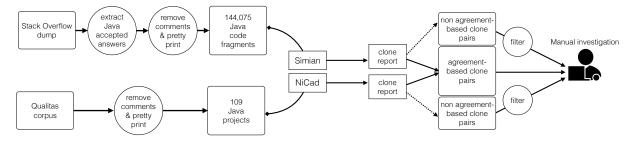


Figure 2: Experimental framework

Table 1: Stack Overflow and Qualitas datasets

Dataset	No. of files	SLOC
Stack Overflow	144,075	2,347,269
Qualitas	160,937	19,086,883

### 2.2.1 Datasets

Stack Overflow: we extracted Java code snippets from accepted answers in a snapshot of Stack Overflow dump <sup>2</sup> in January 2016. The archived dump has a size of 9 gigabytes. The data dump is in XML format containing information of Posts (questions and answers) and supporting data such as user accounts and timestamps of the posts. We are interested in code snippets embedded in posts which are pieces of code located between <code></code> tags. We filtered the snippets with two filtering criteria. First, we ignore snippets that are less than 6 lines since they are usually not considered as clones by clone detection research [?]. Second, we are only interested in code snippets from posts that are marked accepted answer since they have high chances to be reused than snippets in questions and other answers. Each snippet is extracted from the dump using regular expressions and saved to a file using its post ID as the file's name. We use .java extension so that the clone detectors can recognise them. If a Stack Overflow conversation has more than one code snippet in the accepted answer, we append an indexing number starting from zero after the post ID (e.g. 45051109\_0.java, and 45051109\_1.java). With the two filters, we finally obtained 144,075 Java code snippets which contain xxx lines of Java source code excluding comments and blank lines<sup>3</sup>.

Open source systems: we selected an established corpus for an empirical software engineering study called Qualitas [36]. It is a curated Java corpus that has been used in several software engineering studies [35, 3, 37, 23]. The projects in the corpus represent various domains of software systems ranging from programming language to 3D and visualisation [36]. We selected the 20130901r snapshot of Qualitas corpus containing 112 Java open source projects. This release contains projects with releases no later than 1st September 2013. We chose a snapshot late back in 2013 since we are interested in online code clones in the direction from open source projects to Stack Overflow. The 20130901r snapshot provides Java code that is at least 3 years old from the time of the experiment, January-December 2016. The time difference is sufficiently long for a number of code snippets to be copied onto Stack Overflow. Out of 112 Qualitas projects, there is one project, *jre*, that does not contain Java source code so it is removed from the study. This results in totally 111 projects analysed in the study. As shown in Table 1, the 111 Qualitas project have 160,937 Java files containing 19,086,883 lines of code.

### 2.2.2 Clone Detectors

There is a number of restrictions in terms of choosing clone detection tools for this study. Firstly, they have to support Java. Secondly, due to nature of code snippets posted on Stack Overflow, some of them are not complete Java classes or methods. Hence, the tool must be flexible enough to process code snippets that are neither a complete block nor compilable. Thirdly, since the amount of code that have to be processed are in a scale of millions line of code (as shown in Table 1), a clone detector must be scalable enough to successfully complete the execution and report clones in a reasonable amount of time. We have tried running 5 state-of-the-art clone detectors including Simian [1], NiCad [7, 30], CCFinder [15], iClones [13], and DECKARD [14] against Stack Overflow and Qualitas datasets. CCFinder, iClones, and DECKARD failed to successfully detect clones between 144,075 Stack Overflow code snippets and 109 Qualitas projects. All of them reported execution errors after running for couple of hours. Thus, we removed them from the study. Simian and NiCad completed the detection with success. We found that both of them are also flexible enough to handle million-SLOC code corpus with method or class incompleteness. So, we decided to use both of them.

Simian is a text-based clone detector which locate clones at line-level granularity and has been used extensively in several clone studies [28, 39, 20, 6, 19]. It is a command-line tool which enables us to automate the detection. Furthermore, it offers normalisation of variable names and literals (strings, and numbers) which enable Simian to detect clones of type 1 and type 2. NiCad is also a text-based clone detector which detects clones at either method- or block-level granularity. It can detect clones up to type 3 and is used in several clone studies [30, 28, 34, 39, 20, 32]. It utilises TXL for parsing and pretty-printing source code. It also provide code normalisation by variable renaming and code abstraction. We use a variant of NiCad called nicadcross. It offers the same functionalities as the original NiCad but is specialised for detecting code clones between two systems. NiCad is also a command-line tool which makes it suitable for automation.

### 2.2.3 Agreement-based Clone Filtering

The number of detected clones between two datasets can be very large. In our study, there are totally 266,837,480

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>https://archive.org/details/stackexchange

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>measured by cloc: https://github.com/AlDanial/cloc

clone pairs reported. It is infeasible for human to manually validate all of them. One can do sampling of clones from this huge clone pair set. However, they may end up having most of them false positive clones. Therefore, we adopted an idea of clone agreement which has been used in clone research studies [39, 10, 29] in a situation that clone oracle is missing or impossible to establish. Clone pairs agreed by multiple clone detection tools have higher confident to be real clones [29]. By using this agreement-based clone detection approach, we can reduce the number of clone candidates for manual investigation by paying more attention to the ones agreed by multiple tools. To find agreement of two clone pairs, we resort to an approach proposed in a study by Bellon et al. [4]. Two clone pairs which have large enough overlapping clone lines can be categorised as either a goodmatch or an ok-match pair. A good-match clone pair has stronger agreement than an ok-match pair. We follow the same following definitions introduced in the original paper.

A clone pair CP is formed by two clone fragments  $CF_1$  and  $CF_2$  with a pre-defined similarity threshold t, i.e.  $CP = (CF_1, CF_2, t)$ . We can define *overlap* and *contained* value of two clone pairs as

$$overlap(CP_1, CP_2) = \frac{|lines(CF_1) \cap lines(CF_2)|}{|lines(CF_1) \cup lines(CF_2)|}$$
 (1)

$$contained(CP_1, CP_2) = \frac{|lines(CF_1) \cap lines(CF_2)|}{|lines(CF_1)|}.$$
 (2)

good-value of two clone pairs is then defined as

$$good(\mathit{CP}_1,\mathit{CP}_2) = min(overlap(\mathit{CP}_1.\mathit{CF}_1,\mathit{CP}_2.\mathit{CF}_1),\\ overlap(\mathit{CP}_1.\mathit{CF}_2,\mathit{CP}_2.\mathit{CF}_2)).$$

ok-value is defined as

$$\begin{split} ok(\mathit{CP}_1,\mathit{CP}_2) = min(max(contained(\mathit{CP}_1.\mathit{CF}_1,\mathit{CP}_2.\mathit{CF}_1),\\ contained(\mathit{CP}_2.\mathit{CF}_1,\mathit{CP}_1.\mathit{CF}_1)),\\ max(contained(\mathit{CP}_1.\mathit{CF}_2,\mathit{CP}_2.\mathit{CF}_2),\\ contained(\mathit{CP}_2.\mathit{CF}_2,\mathit{CP}_1.\mathit{CF}_2))). \end{split}$$

Two clone pairs  $CP_1$  and  $CP_2$  are called a good-match(p) iff, for  $p \in [0,1]$  holds

$$good(CP_1, CP_2) \ge p.$$
 (3)

Similarly for an ok-match(p) pair

$$ok(CP_1, CP_2) \ge p.$$
 (4)

Using this good-match and ok-match criteria with a predefined threshold p, we can prune the 266-million candidate clone pairs for manual investigation. good-match pairs are the ones with the highest confident and ranked the first to be looked at, followed by ok-match pairs, and followed by clone pairs without agreement.

### 2.3 Clone detectors' parameter tuning

We are aware of effects of configurations to clone detection results and the importance of searching for optimised configurations in empirical clone studies [39, 29, 28, 34]. However, considering the size of the two datasets and search space of at least 15 Simian's and 5 NiCad's parameters, we are hindered from searching for the best configurations of the tools. Thus, we decided to configure Simian and NiCad using two established configurations: 1) the tools' default

Table 2: Configurations of Simian and NiCad

Tool	Parameters
$Simian_{df}$	threshold=6, ignoreStringCase,
	ignoreCharacterCase, ignoreModifiers
$Simian_{EvCl}$	threshold=5, ignoreIdentifiers,
	ignoreIdentifierCase, ignoreStrings,
	ignoreCharacters, ignoreSubtypeNames,
	balanceSquareBrackets
$NiCad_{df}$	MinLine=10, MaxLine=1000, UPI=0.30
$NiCad_{EvCl}$	MinLine=5, MaxLine=604, UPI=0.20,
	blind renaming, literal abstraction

Table 3: Statistics of clones found between Stack Overflow and Qualitas projects using Simian and

NiCad				
Stats	$Simian_{df}$	$Simian_{EvCl}$	$NiCad_{df}$	$NiCad_{EvCl}$
Snippets	1,086	1,530	1,240	12,886
Total $C_{pairs}$	67,570	63,372,599	229,176	206,760,077
Avg. $C_{pairs}$	62	41,447	185	16,047
Avg. $C_{size}$	7.72	4.79	9.64	5.32
Avg. C <sub>%</sub>	29%	28%	25%	21%

configurations chosen by the tools' creators (denoted as df), and 2) the discovered configurations for Bellon's Java projects from EvaClone, a study of optimising clone detectors' configurations based on clone agreement, by Wang et al. [39] (denoted by EvCl). The details of the two configurations are described in Table 2. Having two clone detectors multiplied by two chosen configurations, we look for agreements in four possible pair-wise combinations:  $Simian_{df}-NiCad_{df}$ ,  $Simian_{df}-NiCad_{EvCl}$ ,  $Simian_{EvCl}-NiCad_{df}$ , and  $Simian_{EvCl}-NiCad_{EvCl}$ .

### 3. RESULTS

The clone statistics obtained from running Simian and NiCad with df and EvCl configurations are presented in Table 3. Preliminary manual investigation of Simian's clone report revealed that there were problematic 11 fragments. These 11 fragments trigger Simian to generate large clone clusters containing a huge number of false clones of array initialisation. Hence, they were removed from Simian's clone reports before the analysis. From Table 3, Simian clones cover approximately 10% of the 144,075 Stack Overflow snippets, 1,406 reported by Simain<sub>df</sub> and 1,360 from Simain<sub>EvCl</sub> respectively. NiCad<sub>df</sub> reports clones in 1,197 Stack Overflow code snippets, while  $NiCad_{EvCl}$  reports clones in a larger number of 12,884 snippets mainly due to its relaxed configurations. In terms of number of clone pairs,  $Simian_{EvCl}$ and  $NiCad_{EvCl}$  report an enormous number of clone pairs of 59,936,722 and 206,718,663 respectively. This is expected since EvaClone configurations prefer recall [39]. The average clone size of  $Simian_{df}$  is 7.45 lines which is bigger than its Simian<sub>EvCl</sub> counterpart of 4.81. Similarly, NiCad<sub>df</sub> has an average clone size of 9.54 lines which is bigger than 5.31 reported by  $NiCad_{EvCl}$ . We can see from the statistics that EvaClone tunes the tools in the way that they report smaller clones. The average percentage of Stack Overflow code snippets that are cloned according to  $Simian_{df}$ ,  $Simian_{EvCl}$ , NiCad<sub>df</sub>, and NiCad<sub>EvCl</sub> is 28%, 29%, 25%, and 21% accordingly.

### 3.1 Agreement-based clone pairs

Table 4: No. of projects in Qualitas successfully analysed by Simian and NiCad

	$Simian_{df}$	$Simian_{EvCl}$	$NiCad_{df}$	$NiCad_{EvCl}$
Successful	111	111	105	84
Clust. fail	_	_	6	16
$Renm.\ fail$	_	_	_	11

Table 5: 13 Qualitas projects that have been cloned as examples on Stack Overflow with their respective

enses		
Project	Version	Licenses (no. of files)
aspectj	1.6.9	Apache-1.1 (182), CPLv1 (3),
		EPLv1 (2011), None (23),
		SeeFile (6), Unknown (286)
hadoop	1.0.0	Apache-2 (1,935),
		spxdBSD/Apache-2 (8)
		None (33), Unknown (14)
hibernate	4.2.2	Apache-2 (20),
		GLGPLv2.1+(31)
		PublicDomain (1),
		None (1,850), SeeFile (4),
		Unknown (4,324)
jasperreports	3.7.4	GLGPLv2.1+(3),
		GLGPLv3+ (1,581),
		None (1), Unknown (4)
jfreechart	1.0.13	GLGPLv2.1+ (989)
jgraph	5.13.0.0	GLGPLv2.1+(4),
		spdxBSD (2), Unknown (151),
		None (24), SeeFile (9)
jstock	1.0.7c	GLGPLv2.1+ (1),
		GPLv2+ (239),
		Apache-2 (1), BSD3 (1),
		None (23), SeeFile (1),
		spdxMIT (3), Unknown (5)
jung2	2-0-1	N/A
junit	4.11	None (160), Unknown (4)
poi	3.6	Apache-2 (2,002), None (5)
spring	3.0.5	Apache-2 (2,982)
struts2	2.2.1-all	Apache-2 (1,717),
		spdxBSD3 (6),
		None (118), SeeFile (1),
		Unknown (2)
tomcat	7.0.2	Apache-2 (1,313), None (11)

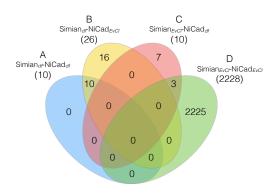
Agreement-based clone pairs are clone pairs that pass Bellon's criteria and selected for manual investigation. We select a threshold p of 0.7 for both good and ok-match similar to the original study [4]. The number of projects processed by the clone detection tools are listed in Table 4. NiCad generated errors and stopped processing while it was analysing some Qualitas projects. FIXME: Report the errors to NiCad creator. NiCad<sub>df</sub> unsuccessfully detected clones in 6 projects due to clustering errors. For  $NiCad_{EvCl}$ , the tool generated renaming errors for 4 projects, and clustering errors for 13 projects. As a result, we did not have NiCad clone candidates for 6 (df) and 27 projects (EvCl)in the agreement-based clone pairs. Unfortunately, this also has an effect to Simian clone candidates of the same projects to be removed from the agreement-based clone pairs since they do not have matching clone pairs. The distributions of good-match clone pairs between four combinations of df and EvCl configurations are depicted in Figure 3. There are 2,261 unique good-match pairs consisting of 10 pairs from  $Simian_{df}$ -NiCad<sub>df</sub>, 26 pairs from  $Simian_{df}$ -NiCad<sub>EvCl</sub>, 10 pairs from  $Simian_{EvCl}$ -NiCad<sub>df</sub>, and 2,228 pairs from  $Simian_{EvCl}$ -Ni $Cad_{EvCl}$ . ok-match clone pairs subsume the good-match pairs according to the criteria. As a result, there are 23,868 clone pairs, which are 3,800 pairs from Simian<sub>df</sub>-NiCad<sub>df</sub>, 1,017 pairs from Simian<sub>df</sub>-NiCad<sub>EvCl</sub>, 88 pairs from  $Simian_{EvCl}$ -NiCad<sub>df</sub>, and 19,777 pairs from  $Simian_{EvCl}$ - $NiCad_{EvCl}$ . Between the four configuration sets, there are a few clone pairs that are shared between two adjacent sets, but there is no clone pair that is agreed by all four combinations.

Table 6: Distribution of agreement-based clone pairs using Bellon's criteria for df and EvCl settings

То	ool	No. of clone pairs		
Simian	NiCad	good-match	ok-match	
df	df	10	9062	
df	EvCl	26	1017	
EvCl	df	10	88	
EvCl	EvCl	2228	19777	
Total		2274	29944	
Total (u	nique)	2261	29091	

#### Classifications of online code clones 3.1.1

We need an appropriate classification scheme to be able to meaningfully manually categorise the selected clone candidates. We adapted the classifications from a study by Kapser et al. [16]. The online code clone classification scheme is described in Table 7. Due to differences in the experimental settings of the study, we adopted some of the original classifications and added a few more classifications to match with our datasets and context. The final seven categories (A-F) have been observed to be common clone patterns found from a manual check of 100 random sample clone pairs. Category A is a clone pair that has evidence to be copied from Qualitas to Stack Overflow (by having comments in source code and explanation or links in Stack Overflow post), and vice versa in category A'. Category B is a clone pair that is exactly identical or highly similar but without any attribution of copying. Category C is a clone pair that has information confirming of copying but from the same external source. Category D is a clone pair that is either boiler-plate code (e.g. equals() methods, or getters and setters) or IDE-



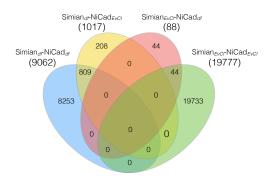


Figure 3: Distributions of good-match(0.7) pairs

Figure 4: Distributions of ok-match(0.7) pairs

Table $\iota$ :	Classifications	OI.	online	coae	ciones

Category	Descriptions
A	Code in Stack Overflow is copied from Qualitas $(Q \to S)$ .
A'	Code in Qualitas is copied from Stack Overflow (S $\rightarrow$ Q).
В	Clone pair is exactly identical or highly similar and may be copied either from each other or
	a third source (unknown) (S $\leftrightarrow$ Q $\lor$ (T $\rightarrow$ S $\land$ T $\rightarrow$ Q)).
С	Code in both places are copied from a third source T (known) (T $\rightarrow$ S $\land$ T $\rightarrow$ Q).
D	Code is a boiler-plate or IDE auto-generated.
E	Code in both places initialise a similar/the same object; extend the same class/its subclass;
	implement the same interface.
F	Accidental similarity, false clone

generated (e.g. GUI initialisation). Category E are clones created by inheriting the same super class or implementing the same interface. They usually share similar overriding methods. The last category, category F, are false clones that have accidental similarity after code normalisation or other causes. Using this classification scheme, we consider clone pairs in category A, A', B, C as true positive, and clone pairs in category D, E, F as false positive.

# 3.1.2 Manual investigation of agreement-based clone pairs

The first author who has been working on clone detection research for two years takes the role of an investigator who performs manual investigation. Following the classification scheme, the investigator manually goes through each agreement-based clone pair, looks at the clones, and chooses the most appropriate category for the pair. A relevant and useful observation is also recorded for each clone pair. The classification results are shown in Table 8. We have manually investigated 2,261 good-match clone pairs. There is one clone pair found to be copied from a Qualitas project to Stack Overflow, 4 pairs that are highly similar or identical but without any evidence of copying (no comments in neither Stack Overflow post nor Qualitas source code), and 3 pairs that are copied from external sources. The rest are false positive clones. 58 clone pairs are found to equals() methods, or getters and setters. Six pairs are similar code from inheritance of the same superclass or implementing the same interface. Finally, 2,189 clone pairs are false clones.

For the ok-match clone pairs, we could not feasibly investigate 23,868 pairs manually. According to the manual investigation of good-match results, we found that  $Simian_{EvCl}$ 

NiCad $_{EvCl}$  produces a large number of 2,253 false positive results (accounts for 99.87% of Simian $_{EvCl}$ -NiCad $_{EvCl}$  clone pairs) due to its recall preference. We thus decided to leave this configuration out of the ok-match manual investigation. There are totally 4,625 ok-match pairs that were investigated. The 49 true positive pairs found are combinations of 8, 33, and 8 clone pairs in category A, B, and C respectively.

We cannot be certain about the direction of copying in the category-B pairs, since there is no solid information of copying. We thus checked the timestamp of each Java file in Qualitas project and compared it to their respective timestamp of Stack Overflow posts. We found that all Stack Overflow posts were created after their respectively Qualitas Java files FIXME: check again since the dataset is updated. This means that the copying can only be either (1) from Qualitas to Stack Overflow or (2) from an external source to both Stack Overflow and Qualitas independently. There is no clone pairs found in A' category.

### 3.2 Non agreement-based clone pairs

The non agreement-based clone pairs are clone pairs that are reported by a single tool (either Simian or NiCad) and do not have agreement with another tool. The disagreement can be from misalignment of clone lines or different configurations that results in different clones reported. They are also clone pairs in projects that have NiCad's errors (6 projects for df and 27 for EvCl). With the four configuration combinations, we decided to investigate only two, Simian $_{df}$ , and NiCad $_{df}$ , and drop Simian $_{EvCl}$  and NiCad $_{EvCl}$  due to their enormous amount of clone pairs (59 millions and 206 millions respectively). They also have a high possibility of containing a large number of false positives due to relaxation

Table 8: Classification results of agreement-based and non agreement-based clone pairs.  $S_u$  denotes a number of unique Stack Overflow snippets.  $Q_u$  and  $Q_{up}$  denote a number of unique Qualitas Java files and unique Qualitas projects respectively.

Classification A A' F Sum  $S_u \mid Q_u \mid Q_{up} \mid Total \mid$ Sum  $Q_u$  $Q_{up}$ good-match(0.7)58 2189 2253 81 693 2261 0 29 10 47 10 9158 218 ok-match(0.7)14 82 9275 100 204 30 9322 112 35  $Simian_{df}$ 19 0 336 432 148 229 38 209 167 439 136 214 49 871 428 17 63 58  $NiCad_{df}$ 0 15 132 19 36 16 52 168

Table 9: Statistics of non-agreed clone pairs (Simian<sub>df</sub> and NiCad<sub>df</sub>).

_	cej	۵, ا			
Too	ol	Filter	$C_{pairs}$	good/ok	remaining
Sin	$nian_{df}$	$minline \ge 10$	67570	2546	871
		reg. expressions			
Nic	$Cad_{df}$	$similarity \geq 80\%$	229176	450	168

of EvaClone configurations.

Even choosing only the default configurations, the number of clone pairs are still very large. We hence apply two pruning filters: (1) clone size and (2) similarity threshold. For the clone size filter, we raise the minimum clone size to 10 line. The clone size filter is applied to Simian clone pairs only since its default configurations consider a minimum of 6 line as clones. On the other hand, a minimum of 10 lines is already a default configuration of NiCad. We found that this filter works well with Simian clone pairs resulting in a manageable amount of 795 clone pairs remaining. Regarding the similarity threshold filter, it is only applied to NiCad clone pairs since Simian does not provide this similarity threshold configuration. We increase the similarity threshold of NiCad clone pairs from 70% to 80%. This results in 159 clone pairs remaining. The summary of non agreement-based clone pairs is shown in Table 9.

For Simian<sub>df</sub>, there were  $9{,}383$  clone pairs reported by the tool. Out of 9,383 pairs, 140 of them are the ones found in ok-pairs using agreement-based detection. We filtered the results further by removing false positives such as similar equals(), hashCode() methods, getters and setters out by using regular expression. We managed to remove 8,956 pairs using this method. Eventually, there were 287 clone pairs remaining for manual investigation. For  $NiCad_{df}$ , we obtained 7,040 clone pairs to look at which is infeasible for manual investigation. Hence, result filtering was also needed. However, regular expressions could not be used effectively as in Simian's case since NiCad allowed clones that are different at keywords/variable names or even added/deleted lines. So we decided to filter the results by selecting pairs that pass stricter clone criteria with UPI = 0.2. By reducing the UPI to 0.2, there were totally 166 pairs left. Out of 166, 52 are ok-pairs and 114 are remaining pairs for manual check (18 pairs are from cayenne and iReport that could not be analysed using UPI = 0.3). The statistics of the clones and classification results are reported in Table 9.

### 3.2.1 Manual investigation of non-agreed clone pairs

We performed manual investigation and classified the clone pairs reported by  $\operatorname{Simian}_{df}$  and  $\operatorname{NiCad}_{df}$  in the same way as the agreement-based clone pairs. The results of the manual investigation is reported in Table 8.

Table 10: Numbers of true positive online clone pairs found by manual investigation

sana sy manaar mvestigation							
Tool	A	A'	В	С	Total		
good-pairs	1	0	4	3	8		
ok-pairs	8	0	29	10	47		
$Simian_{df}$ pairs	79	0	336	17	432		
$NiCad_{df}$ pairs	8	0	27	1	36		
Total	96	0	396	31	523		

### 4. EFFECTS OF ONLINE CODE CLONE

In this study, we are interested in the effects of online code clones to software development. From the manual investigation of 184 true online clone pairs, we found that there are two potential issues: stale online code, and software licensing violation.

### 4.1 Issue 1 – stale online code clones

Stale online code occurs when a piece of code has been copied from a software project to Stack Overflow, and later it has been changed in the original project. However, in this situation, the copy is still unchanged. Since the code were updated due to various possible reasons including bug fixing, this can cause a problem if developers reuse stale online code from Stack Overflow. They might also introduce the same unfixed bug(s) into the software. To discover stale online code, we focus on the true online clone pairs that are copied in the direction from Qualitas to Stack Overflow (category-A online clone pairs) in Table 10 which results in 84 pairs selected.

Table 11 shows the results of manual investigation of 84 category-A online clone pairs. The investigation reveals that there are 50 clone pairs that are outdate (i.e. "stale clone"). They are clone pairs that were copied from Qualitas projects to Stack Overflow and marked as accepted answers, and later have been changed during the development.

### 4.2 Issue 3 – external clones

### 4.3 Issue 2 – software licensing violations

Software licensing is a paramount factor in software development. Violation of software license can cause a major impact to the delivery of the software and also lead to legal issues. It is an emerging area that software engineering research community is paying attention to. For example, there are studies of automatic technique to identify software licensing from source code files [12] and the evolution of licenses in open source projects [8].

In our study, we reveal another possible situation of software licensing issue caused by code cloning to Stack Overflow. We found that there are at least 84 pieces of code have been copied from 13 open source projects in Qualitas dataset to Stack Overflow as examples. They are also

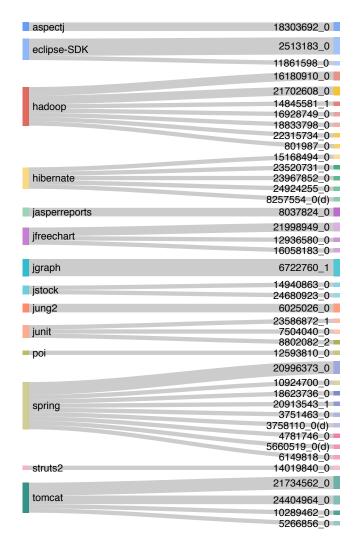


Figure 5: Relationships of 58 Stack Overflow clone pairs to their original projects. 55 are outdated and 3 are deleted (shown using (d) suffix).

Table 11: Results from a manual investigation of 84 category-A online clone pairs

Project	Pairs	Stale	Fresh	Del.	Others
ant	1	0	1	0	0
log4j	4	0	4	0	0
tomcat	7	7	0	0	0
aspectj	2	2	0	0	0
eclipse-SDK	12	5	7	0	0
hadoop	14	9	5	0	0
hibernate	16	4	11	1	0
jasperreports	2	2	0	0	0
jfreechart	4	4	0	0	0
jgraph	5	4	0	0	1
jgrapht	1	0	1	0	0
$_{ m jstock}$	2	2	0	0	0
jung	2	2	0	0	0
junit	3	3	0	0	0
poi	3	1	2	0	0
spring	14	9	3	2	0
struts	1	1	0	0	0
weka	3	0	3	0	0
Total	96	55	37	3	1

marked as accepted answers which increase their probability of being reused. These 13 open source projects come with their respective software licenses. However, the licensing information are mostly missing from these clones when they are posted on Stack Overflow. Mostly one or a few methods from the full source file are cloned. This makes the license information at the top of the file mostly left uncopied. If developers copy and reuse these pieces of code in their projects, a licensing conflict can quietly happen without realisation of the developers.

### 5. THREATS TO VALIDITY

### 6. RELATED WORK

- Stack Overflow
  - Code example [22]
  - Search for code in Stack Overflow [9, 18, 24, 33]
  - Stack Overflow to help developers [26, 27]
  - Improving Stack Oveflow [9, 38, 5]
  - Developers' behaviours on Stack Overlow [39, 21]
- Code clones
  - Definition: Baxter et al. [2]
  - Comparison of clone detectors: [30, 28, 34]
  - NiCad [30, 7]
  - Simian [1]
  - Clone taxonomy [17]
  - Clone evolution [25, 20]
  - Comparing Quality Metrics for Cloned and non cloned Java Methods: A Large Scale Empirical Study [31].
- Agreement-based Clone Detection
  - Bellon's framework [4].
  - EvaClone [39]
  - Hybrid [10]
- Software licensing
  - Code siblings [11], Ninka Automatic indification of SW license [12], Evolution of SW licensing [8]

### 7. CONCLUSIONS

This paragraph will end the body of this sample document. Remember that you might still have Acknowledgments or Appendices; brief samples of these follow. There is still the Bibliography to deal with; and we will make a disclaimer about that here: with the exception of the reference to the LATEX book, the citations in this paper are to articles which have nothing to do with the present subject and are used as examples only.

### 8. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This section is optional; it is a location for you to acknowledge grants, funding, editing assistance and what have you. In the present case, for example, the authors would like to thank Gerald Murray of ACM for his help in codifying this Author's Guide and the .cls and .tex files that it describes.

Table 12: 58 code clones in Stack Overflow that were altered, rewritten, or removed from the project after posted and their respective licenses

aspect -1.6.9   Agent_java	posted and their respective licenses							
aspectj-1.6.9   Agent_java	No.	Project	File	License	SO Post	Changes	Date	
celipse-SDK   GenerateToStringAction.java   EPLv1   2513183   alteration   declipse-SDK   GenerateToStringAction.java   EPLv1   11861598   alteration   declipse-SDK	1	aspectj-1.6.9	Agent.java	_	18303692	alteration	2015-09-08	
clipse-SDK   GenerateToStringAction.java   EPLv1   2513183   alteratio   alteratio   clipse-SDK   GenerateToStringAction.java   EPLv1   2513183   alteratio   clipse-SDK	2	aspectj-1.6.9	Agent.java	_	18303692	alteration	2015-09-08	
clipse-SDK   GenerateToStringAction.java   EPLv1   2513183   alteratio   alteratio   clipse-SDK   GenerateToStringAction.java   EPLv1   2513183   alteratio   clipse-SDK	3	eclipse-SDK	GenerateToStringAction.java	EPLv1	2513183	alteration	2015-03-17	
6 eclipse-SDK         GenerateToStringAction.java         EPLv1         2513183         alteration           8 hadoop-1.0.0         DBCountPageView.java         Apache-2         21702608         alteration           10 hadoop-1.0.0         JobSubmissionFiles.java         Apache-2         21702608         alteration           11 hadoop-1.0.0         LineRecordReader.java         Apache-2         14845581         alteration           12 hadoop-1.0.0         LineRecordReader.java         Apache-2         16189010         alteration           15 hadoop-1.0.0         Text.Output Format.java         Apache-2         18833798         alteration           16 hadoop-1.0.0         Text.Output Format.java         Apache-2         18833798         alteration           16 hadoop-1.0.0         Text.Output Format.java         Apache-2         18833798         alteration           16 hibernate-4.2.2         ConnectionProvider Initiator.java         -         23320731         alteration           21 hibernate-4.2.2         SettingsFactory.java         -         23320731         alteration           22 jiasperreports-3.7.4         Jifecechart-1.0.13         JRVerifier.java         GLGPLv2+         8037824         alteration           25 jifrecchart-1.0.13         SpiderWebPlot.java         GLGPLv2+	4	eclipse-SDK		EPLv1	2513183	alteration	2015-03-17	
6 eclipse-SDK         GenerateToStringAction_java         EPLv1         2513183         alteration           8 hadoop-1.0.0         DBCountPageView_java         Apache-2         21702608         alteration           10 hadoop-1.0.0         DBCountPageView_java         Apache-2         21702608         alteration           11 hadoop-1.0.0         LineRecordReader_java         Apache-2         16180910         alteration           12 hadoop-1.0.0         LineRecordReader_java         Apache-2         16180910         alteration           14 hadoop-1.0.0         StringUitis_java         Apache-2         18833798         alteration           15 hadoop-1.0.0         Test.JobCounters_java         Apache-2         18833798         alteration           16 hadoop-1.0.0         WittableComparator_java         Apache-2         18833798         alteration           16 hibernate-4.2.2         ConnectionProvider Initiator_java         -         23520731         alteration           19 hibernate-4.2.2         SettingsFactory_java         -         23520731         alteration           21 jäsperreports-3.7.4         Jifecechart-1.0.13         JRVerifier_java         GLGPLv3+         8037824         alteration           25 jfreechart-1.0.13         jfreechart-1.0.13         SpiderWebPlot_java	5	eclipse-SDK	GenerateToStringAction.java	EPLv1	2513183	alteration	2015-03-17	
Badoop-1.0.0   DBCountPageView.java   Apache-2   21702608   alteration   Dadoop-1.0.0   DBCountPageView.java   Apache-2   21702608   alteration   Apache-2   21702608   alteration   Apache-2   21702608   alteration   Apache-2   16180910   Ap	6	eclipse-SDK		EPLv1	2513183	alteration	2011-03-01	
Badoop-1.0.0   DBCountPageView.java   Apache-2   21702608   alteratio   10   hadoop-1.0.0   DBCountPageView.java   Apache-2   1702608   alteratio   10   hadoop-1.0.0   LineRecordReader.java   Apache-2   14845581   alteratio   altera	7	eclipse-SDK	WizardDialog.java	EPLv1	11861598	alteration	2011-02-03	
10	8	hadoop-1.0.0	DBCountPageView.java	Apache-2	21702608	alteration	2011-06-12	
11	9	hadoop-1.0.0	DBCountPageView.java	Apache-2	21702608	alteration	2011-06-12	
12	10	hadoop-1.0.0	JobSubmissionFiles.java	Apache-2	14845581	alteration	2012-06-25	
13	11	hadoop-1.0.0	LineRecordReader.java	Apache-2	16180910	alteration	2011-07-25	
14	12	hadoop-1.0.0	LineRecordReader.java	Apache-2	16180910	alteration	2011-07-25	
16	13	hadoop-1.0.0	StringUtils.java	Apache-2	801987	alteration	2013-02-04	
16	14	hadoop-1.0.0	TestJobCounters.java	Apache-2	18833798	alteration	2011-06-12	
17	15	hadoop-1.0.0	TextOutputFormat.java	Apache-2	16928749	alteration	2011-06-12	
18	16	hadoop-1.0.0	WritableComparator.java	Apache-2	22315734	alteration	2014-11-20	
19	17	hibernate-4.2.2	ConnectionProviderInitiator.java	_	15168494	alteration	2012-06-24	
Default-A-2.2   SettingsFactory.java   -   8257554   alteration   -   23967852   alt			1 0	-		alteration	2013-04-23	
21   hibernate-4.2.2   SQLServer2005LimitHandler.java   -   23967852   alteration   23   jasperreports-3.7.4   JRVerifier.java   GLGPLv3+   8037824   alteration   23   jasperreports-3.7.4   jfreechart-1.0.13   AbstractXYItemRenderer.java   GLGPLv2.1+   12936580   alteration   25   jfreechart-1.0.13   SpiderWebPlot.java   GLGPLv2.1+   21998949   alteration   28   jgraph-5.13.0.0   HelloWorld.java   GLGPLv2.1+   21998949   alteration   28   jgraph-5.13.0.0   HelloWorld.java   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting   29   jgraph-5.13.0.0   HelloWorld.java   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting   20   jgrap				-		alteration	2016-02-05	
23   jasperreports-3.7.4   JRVerifier.java   JRVerifier.java   GLGPLv3+   8037824   alteration   23   jasperreports-3.7.4   JRVerifier.java   GLGPLv2.1+   12936580   alteration   25   jfreechart-1.0.13   SpiderWebPlot.java   GLGPLv2.1+   12936580   alteration   26   jfreechart-1.0.13   SpiderWebPlot.java   GLGPLv2.1+   12998949   alteration   27   jfreechart-1.0.13   SpiderWebPlot.java   GLGPLv2.1+   21998949   alteration   28   jgraph-5.13.0.0   HelloWorld.java   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting   30   jgraph-5.13.0.0   HelloWorld.java   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting   31   jgraph-5.13.0.0   HelloWorld.java   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting   32   jstock-1.0.7c   GoogleMail.java   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting   33   jstock-1.0.7c   GoogleMail.java   GPLv2+   24680923   alteration   34   jung2-2.0.1   ShortestPathDemo.java   GPLv2+   24680923   alteration   23   junit-4   Assert.java   -   6025026   alteration   23   junit-4   Assert.java   -   23586872   alteration   24   alteration   25   jung2-2.0.1   ShortestPathDemo.java   -   6025026   alteration   25   jung2-2.0.1   ShortestPathDemo.java   -   23586872   alteration   25   jung2-2.0.1   ShortestPathDemo.java   -   6025026   alteration   25   jung2-2.0.1   ShortestPathDemo.java   -   23586872   alteration   25   jung2-2.0.1   ShortestPathDemo.java   -   6025026   alteration   40   spring-framework-3.0.5   Spring-framework-3.0.5   DefaultPropertiesPersister.java   Apache-2   20996373   alteration				-		removal	2011-03-11	
23			SQLServer2005LimitHandler.java	-	23967852	alteration	2015-03-12	
24   ffreechart-1.0.13   ffreechart-1.0.14   ffreechart-1.0.15						alteration	2008-04-17	
25		0 1 1				alteration	2011-05-20	
26         jfreechart-1.0.13         SpiderWebPlot, java         GLGPLv2.1+         21998949         alteration           27         jfreechart-1.0.13         SpiderWebPlot, java         GLGPLv2.1+         21998949         alteration           28         jgraph-5.13.0.0         HelloWorld, java         GLGPLv2.1+         6722760         rewriting           30         jgraph-5.13.0.0         HelloWorld, java         GLGPLv2.1+         6722760         rewriting           31         jgraph-5.13.0.0         HelloWorld, java         GLGPLv2.1+         6722760         rewriting           32         jstock-1.0.7c         GoogleMail, java         GLGPLv2.1+         6722760         rewriting           33         jstock-1.0.7c         GoogleMail, java         GPLv2+         14940863         alteration           34         jung2-2.0.1         ShortestPathDemo, java         -         6025026         alteration           36         junit-4         Assert, java         -         7504040         alteration           39         poi-3.6-20091214         WorkbookFactory, java         Apache-2         12593810         alteration           40         spring-framework-3.0.5         Autowire Utils, java         Apache-2         20913543         alteration						alteration	2016-02-19	
27   jfreechart-1.0.13   SpiderWebPlot.java   GLGPLv2.1+   21998949   Alteration   CROPLy2.1+   6722760   rewriting   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting   G							2013-07-03	
28   jgraph-5.13.0.0   HelloWorld.java   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting rewriting signaph-5.13.0.0   HelloWorld.java   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting rewriting signaph-5.13.0.0   HelloWorld.java   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting signaph-5.13.0.0   HelloWorld.java   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting signaph-5.13.0.0   HelloWorld.java   GLGPLv2.1+   6722760   rewriting signaph-5.13.0.0   GoogleMail.java   GPLv2+   14940863   alteration of GPLv2+   24680923   alteration of G		· ·					2008-06-02	
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32   jstock-1.0.7c   GoogleMail.java   GPLv2+   14940863   alteration   34   jung2-2.0.1   ShortestPathDemo.java   -     6025026   alteration   alteration   35   junit-4   Assert.java   -     23586872   alteration   alteration   38   junit-4   ExpectException.java   -     8802082   alteration   alteration   38   junit-4   ExpectException.java   Apache-2   12593810   alteration   alteration   40   spring-framework-3.0.5   AutowireUtils.java   Apache-2   20913543   alteration   alteration   42   spring-framework-3.0.5   CustomCollectionEditor.java   Apache-2   3758110   removal   alteration   44   spring-framework-3.0.5   DefaultAnnotationHandlerMapping.java   Apache-2   3758110   removal   44   spring-framework-3.0.5   DefaultPropertiesPersister.java   Apache-2   20996373   alteration   45   spring-framework-3.0.5   DelegatingServletInputStream.java   Apache-2   20996373   alteration   20096373						0	2014-04-13	
33   jstock-1.0.7c   GoogleMail.java   GPLv2+   24680923   alteration   34   jung2-2.0.1   ShortestPathDemo.java   -     6025026   alteration   35   jung2-2.0.1   ShortestPathDemo.java   -     6025026   alteration   36   junit-4   Assert.java   -     23586872   alteration   a							2014-04-13	
34   jung2-2_0_1   ShortestPathDemo.java   -   6025026   alteration   35   jung2-2_0_1   ShortestPathDemo.java   -   23586872   alteration   36   junit-4   ExternalResource.java   -   7504040   alteration   38   junit-4.11   ExpectException.java   -   8802082   alteration   38   junit-4.11   ExpectException.java   Apache-2   12593810   alteration   40   spring-framework-3.0.5   spring-framew							2015-12-13	
ShortestPathDemo,java   -				GPLv2+			2015-12-13	
36 junit-4 37 junit-4 38 junit-4.11 39 poi-3.6-20091214 40 spring-framework-3.0.5 41 spring-framework-3.0.5 42 spring-framework-3.0.5 43 spring-framework-3.0.5 44 spring-framework-3.0.5 45 spring-framework-3.0.5 46 spring-framework-3.0.5 47 spring-framework-3.0.5 48 spring-framework-3.0.5 49 spring-framework-3.0.5 40 spring-framework-3.0.5 41 spring-framework-3.0.5 42 spring-framework-3.0.5 43 spring-framework-3.0.5 44 spring-framework-3.0.5 45 spring-framework-3.0.5 46 spring-framework-3.0.5 47 spring-framework-3.0.5 48 spring-framework-3.0.5 49 spring-framework-3.0.5 49 spring-framework-3.0.5 50 spring-framework-3.0.5 51 struts2-2.2.1 52 tomcat-7.0.2 53 tomcat-7.0.2 54 tomcat-7.0.2 55 tomcat-7.0.2 5666519 7504040 Apache-2 12593810 Apache-2 1269313 Alteration Apache-2 18623736 Alteration Apache-2 20996373 Alteration Apache-2 2099			,	_			2010-04-13	
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