

## UCL Undergraduate Mathematics Colloquium

Facebook: "UCL Undergraduate Maths Colloquium"

https://www.facebook.com/uclmaths

## Bounded Gaps Between Primes

## 28th October 2022

Abstract: In 2014, Yitang Zhang proved that there exists infinitely many pairs of consecutive primes with gap less than  $7 \times 10^7$ , an astonishing progress towards the twin prime conjecture. Few months later, this upper bound is sharpened to 600 by James Maynard, who received Fields medal in 2022 as a result of this achievement. Although Maynard's method is essentially independent from Zhang's, their works are built upon a sieve developed by Goldston, Pintz, and Yıldırım in 2009, whose ideas turn out be motivated by a 1947 research by Atle Selberg. In this colloquium, we will launch an ambitious adventure into the impressive works of these mathematicians. Pre-knowledge in analytic number theory is not required but would be helpful.

$$\lim_{N\to\infty} \inf \left( P_{N+1} - P_{N} \right) < 7 \times 10^{7}$$

$$S = \sum_{N< n \leq N} \left( \sum_{1 \leq i \leq k} \chi_{P}(n+h_{i}) - 1 \right) \left( \sum_{\substack{d \mid \mathbb{Q}(n) \\ d \leq k}} \lambda_{d} \right)^{2}$$

$$\chi_{P}(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{n is prime} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\lambda_{d} = \mu(d) \left( \frac{\log R/d}{\log R} \right)^{k+1}$$

Speaker: Zihao (Travor) Liu

Location: Gordon Street (25) Maths 500

Time: 4 pm - 6 pm