### 1 Project Description

This project involves creating multiple parameter models of ResNet for predicting gravitational waves generated in the universe. Specific data and project details can be found at g2netgravitational-wave-detection. The innovative approach is to construct 6 ResNet models, ranging from ResNet16 to ResNet152, in one go without the need for rebuilding in the code. For detailed data and code outputs, please refer to my github. For R language programming, I achieved high marks all A and certificates in **statistical learning for data-science** on Coursera and Harvard's data science on edX.

# 2 Import Python Packages

```
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
print(tf.__version__)
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers, Sequential, optimizers
import random
import pandas as pd
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
#import torch
import math
import collections
import os
import logging
from datetime import datetime
```

#### 3 Import Datasets

```
model_weights_file = '..//content//model//resnet_model.ckpt' # reloading
    training weight save time
train_df = pd.read_csv('/content/training_labels.csv')
test_df = pd.read_csv('/content/sample_submission.csv')
def get_file_path(idx, train = True):
    path = "../content/g2net-image/"
    if train:
        path += 'train/'
       path += 'test/'
    path += idx+'.npy'
    return path
train_df['path'] = train_df['id'].apply(get_file_path, train = True)
test_df['path'] = test_df['id'].apply(get_file_path, train = False)
```

## 4 Preprocessing Data

```
num classes = 1
batch size = 500
def load_and_preprocess_from_label(path, label):
    path = path.numpy()
    image = np.load(path.decode()).astype(np.float32)
image = (image - 0.75) * 4
image = tf.cast(image, tf.float32)
    image = tf.convert_to_tensor(image, tf.float32)
    image = tf.squeeze(image)
    label = tf.expand_dims(label, -1)
    label = tf.cast(label, tf.int32)
    label = tf.convert_to_tensor(label, tf.int32)
    return image, label
def preprocess_test(path, labelid):
    path = path.numpy()
    image = np.load(path.decode()).astype(np.float32)
    image = ip.loax.yab.iss:
image = (image - 0.75) * 4
image = tf.cast(image, tf.float32)
    image = tf.convert_to_tensor(image, tf.float32)
    image = tf.squeeze(image)
    labelid = tf.convert_to_tensor(labelid, tf.string)
    return image, labelid
allPath,allPathTest = tf.convert_to_tensor(train_df['path'],
\hookrightarrow dtype=tf.string), \
    tf.convert_to_tensor(test_df['path'], dtype=tf.string)
train_target,test_target
   tf.convert_to_tensor(train_df['target'].to_numpy(), dtype=tf.int32), \
    tf.convert_to_tensor(test_df['id'].to_numpy(), dtype=tf.string)
train dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices((allPath. train target))
test_dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((allPathTest,

    test_target))

train_dataset = train_dataset.map(lambda x,y:
train_dataset = train_dataset.batch(batch_size)
test_dataset = test_dataset.map(lambda x,y:

    tf.py_function(preprocess_test,[x, y],[tf.float32, tf.string]))
test_dataset = test_dataset.batch(batch_size)
```

```
for x, y in train_dataset.take(1):
   print(np.max(x),np.min(x), x.shape, y.shape)
```

```
5 Building ResNet Model
class BasicBlock(layers.Layer):
    def __init__(self, filter_num, strides=1):
        super(BasicBlock, self). init ()
        self.conv1 = layers.Conv2D(filter_num, kernel_size=3,

    ⇒ strides=strides, padding='same', bias=False)
self.bn1 = layers.BatchNormalization()
        self.relu = layers.Activation('relu')
        self.conv2 = layers.Conv2D(filter_num, kernel_size=3, strides=1,
           padding='same', bias=False)
        self.bn2 = layers.BatchNormalization()
        if strides != 1:
             self.downsample = Sequential()
             self.downsample.add(layers.Conv2D(filter_num, kernel_size=1,

→ strides=strides, bias=False))

             self.downsample = lambda x:x
    def call(self, inputs, training=None):
        out = self.conv1(inputs)
        out = self.bn1(out, training=training)
        out = self.relu(out)
        out = self.conv2(out)
        out = self.bn2(out, training=training)
        identity = self.downsample(inputs)
        output = layers.add([out, identity])
        output = tf.nn.relu(output)
        return output
class Bottleneck(layers.Layer):
    expansion = 4
    def __init__(self, filter_num, strides=1):
        super(Bottleneck, self).__init__()
        self.conv1 = layers.Conv2D(filter_num, kernel_size=1,
        \hookrightarrow use_bias=False)
        self.bn1 = layers.BatchNormalization()
        self.relu = layers.Activation('relu')
        self.conv2 = lavers.Conv2D(filter num, kernel size=3.
           strides=strides, use_bias=False, padding='same')
        self.bn2 = layers.BatchNormalization()
        self.relu = layers.Activation('relu')
        self.conv3 = layers.Conv2D(filter_num * self.expansion,
        \label{eq:continuous} \leftarrow \quad \text{kernel\_size=1, strides=1, use\_bias=False, padding='same')}
        self.bn3 = layers.BatchNormalization()
        if strides != 1 or filter_num != filter_num * self.expansion:
             self.downsample = Sequential()
             {\tt self.downsample.add(layers.Conv2D(filter\_num\ *\ self.expansion,}
             \hookrightarrow kernel_size=1, strides=strides, use_bias=False))
            self.downsample = lambda x:x
    def call(self, inputs, training=None):
        out = self.conv1(inputs)
        out = self.conv((inputs)
out = self.bn1(out, training=training)
out = self.relu(out)
        out = self.conv2(out)
        out = self.bn2(out, training=training)
        out = self.relu(out)
        out = self.conv3(out)
        out = self.bn3(out, training=training)
        identity = self.downsample(inputs)
        output = layers.add([out, identity])
        output = tf.nn.relu(output)
        return output
class ResNet(keras.Model):
    def __init__(self, layer_dims, num_classed=10, is_neck=False):
    super(ResNet, self), init ()
        self.stem = Sequential([layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=7,

    strides=2, use_bias=False),
                                 layers.BatchNormalization(),
                                 layers.Activation('relu'),
                                 layers.MaxPool2D(pool_size=3, strides=2,

    padding='same')])
```

self.layer1 = self.build\_resblockneck(64, layer\_dims[0])

```
8 Build Training and Testing Function
             self.layer2 = self.build_resblockneck(128, layer_dims[1],
                 strides=2)
             self.layer3 = self.build_resblockneck(256, layer_dims[2],
                                                                                       def computeAcc(label, pred):
             \hookrightarrow strides=2)
                                                                                           pred = pred // 0.5
correct = tf.reduce_sum(tf.cast(tf.equal(tf.cast(pred, tf.int32),
             self.layer4 = self.build_resblockneck(512, layer_dims[3],
             \hookrightarrow strides=2)

    tf.cast(label, tf.int32)),tf.int32))
        else:
                                                                                            return correct
             self.layer1 = self.build_resblock(64, layer_dims[0])
self.layer2 = self.build_resblock(128, layer_dims[1], strides=2)
                                                                                       def train(epoch, logStep = 1, saveStep = 1000):
    total_num, total_loss, total_correct = 0, 0, 0
             self.layer3 = self.build_resblock(256, layer_dims[2], strides=2)
             self.layer4 = self.build_resblock(512, layer_dims[3], strides=2)
                                                                                            cur_num, cur_loss, cur_correct = 0, 0, 0
                                                                                            cnt = train_df.count()[0] // batch_size
        self.avgpool = layers.GlobalAveragePooling2D()
                                                                                            scale = cnt // 30
        self.fc = layers.Dense(num_classes, activation='sigmoid')
                                                                                            start = time perf_counter()
                                                                                            for step,(x,y) in enumerate(train_dataset):
    def call(self, inputs, training=None):
                                                                                                with tf.GradientTape() as tape:
        x = self.stem(inputs, training=training)
x = self.layer1(x, training=training)
                                                                                                    logits = resnet(x,training=True)
                                                                                                    #loss
        x = self.layer2(x, training=training)
x = self.layer3(x, training=training)
                                                                                                    loss = tf.losses.binary_crossentropy(y, logits)
                                                                                                    loss = tf.reduce_mean(loss)
        x = self.layer4(x, training=training)
                                                                                                \#print(loss.trainable\_variables)
        x = self.avgpool(x)
                                                                                                grads = tape.gradient(loss, resnet.trainable_variables)
        x = self.fc(x)
                                                                                                 #print(arads
                                                                                                optimizer.apply_gradients(zip(grads, resnet.trainable_variables))
        return x
                                                                                                correct = computeAcc(y, logits)
    def build_resblock(self, filter_num, blocks, strides=1):
                                                                                                  cur\_num += x.shape[0]
        res_blocks = Sequential()
                                                                                                  cur_loss += loss * x.shape[0]
        res_blocks.add(BasicBlock(filter_num, strides))
                                                                                                  cur_correct += int(correct)
                                                                                                total_num += x.shape[0]
        for _ in range(1, blocks):
                                                                                                total_correct += int(correct)
             res_blocks.add(BasicBlock(filter_num, strides=1))
                                                                                                total_loss += loss
        return res blocks
                                                                                                  if step % logStep == 0:
    acc = cur_correct / cur_num
    def build_resblockneck(self, filter_num, blocks, strides=1):
                                                                                                      #logging.getLogger().info(epoch, step,'/',total_num, ' loss:',
                                                                                           float(cur_loss / cur_num), 'acc=', acc)
        res_blocks = Sequential()
                                                                                                      cur\_correct = 0
        res_blocks.add(Bottleneck(filter_num, strides))
                                                                                                      cur\_num = 0
                                                                                       #
                                                                                                      cur\_loss = 0
        for \underline{\ } in range(1, blocks):
             res_blocks.add(Bottleneck(filter_num, strides=1))
                                                                                                if step % saveStep == 0 and step != 0:
                                                                                                    resnet.save_weights(model_weights_file)
        return res_blocks
                                                                                                    print('saved weights.')
                                                                                                a = "*" * (step // scale)
b = "." * ((cnt - step) // scale)
6 Create Multiple Models and Select One to Use
                                                                                                c = (step / cnt) * 100
def resnet16():
                                                                                                dur = (time.perf_counter() - start)
    return ResNet([1, 2, 2, 1],is_neck=True)
                                                                                                start = time.perf_counter()
                                                                                                \label{lem:print("\r epoch({:^d})) now used time ls:{:^.5f} acc:{:^.3f} total}
                                                                                                → loss:{:^.5f} Acc:{:^.3f} {:^3.2f}% [{}->{}]{:^.2f}s need time:{}

→ {:^d} "\
def resnet18():
    return ResNet([2, 2, 2, 2],is_neck=True)
                                                                                                       .format(epoch, loss, correct / batch_size, total_loss / (step
def resnet34():
                                                                                                      → + 1), total_correct / total_num, c,a,b,dur \
    return ResNet([3, 4, 6, 3])
                                                                                                       ,format_seconds(dur * (cnt - step)), total_num),end = "")
def resnet50():
                                                                                            #acc = total_correct / total_num
                                                                                            #print(epoch, 'acc=', acc,'total_num=', total_num)
    return ResNet([3, 4, 6, 3], is_neck=True)
                                                                                           resnet.save_weights(model_weights_file)
def resnet101():
    return ResNet([3, 4, 23, 3], is_neck=True)
                                                                                           print('saved weights.')
def resnet152():
                                                                                       def test(epoch):
    return ResNet([3, 8, 36, 3], is_neck=True)
                                                                                           y_pred = []
                                                                                           ids = []
                                                                                           test_num = 0
resnet = resnet16()
                                                                                           start = time.perf_counter()
resnet.build(input_shape=(None, 69, 129, 3))
                                                                                           proCnt = 20
                                                                                            for step,(x,y) in enumerate(test_dataset):
resnet.summary()
if os.path.exists(model_weights_file + '.index'):
    resnet.load_weights(model_weights_file)
                                                                                                #print(step)
    print('load weights.')
                                                                                                out = resnet(x, training=False)
                                                                                                test_num += x.shape[0]
                                                                                                y_pred.extend(tf.squeeze(out).numpy())
                                                                                                ids.extend(y.numpy().astype(str))
7 Setting Training Parameters
                                                                                                cnt = test df.count()[0] // batch size
                                                                                                scale = cnt // proCnt
optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(
                                                                                                a = "*" * (step // scale)
b = "." * ((cnt - step) // scale)
    learning_rate=0.001,
    beta_1=0.9,
beta_2=0.999,
                                                                                                c = (step / cnt) * 100
                                                                                                dur = (time.perf_counter() - start)
    epsilon=1e-07,
                                                                                                start = time.perf_counter()
print("\r{:^3.1f}%[{}->{}]{:^.2f}s need time:".format(c,a,b,dur) +
    amsgrad=False,
    name="Adam",

    format_seconds(dur * (cnt - step)),end = "")
                                                                                            submission = pd.DataFrame({"id": ids, "target": y_pred})
import time
                                                                                            print(submission)
def format_seconds(sec):
                                                                                            submission.to_csv("submission("+ str(epoch)+").csv", index=False)
    m, s = divmod(sec, 60)
    h, m = divmod(m, 60)
    return ("%02d:%02d:%02d" % (h, m, s))
                                                                                       9 Training
start = time.perf_counter()
                                                                                       for epoch in range(15): # range() could define training epoches
time.sleep(1)
dur = time.perf_counter()
                                                                                            train_dataset = train_dataset.shuffle(buffer_size=1)
dif = dur - start
                                                                                            train(epoch, 1, 3000)
print(format_seconds(dif))
                                                                                            test(epoch)
```

)