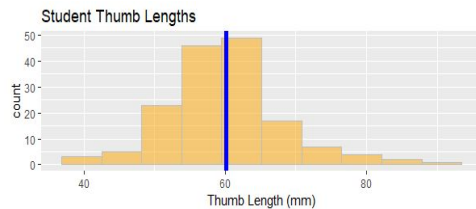


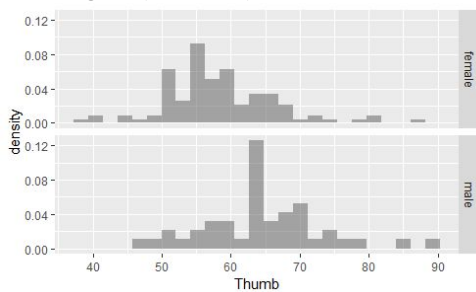
Basics <pre>print("hello") # assigns value to object mynumber <- 5 # combines elements into vector myvector <- c(1,2,3) # first element in vector myvector[1] # variable in data frame Fingers\$Sex</pre>	Tables <pre>tally(myvector) tally(~ Condition, data = MindsetMatters) tally(~ Thumb > 65, data = Fingers) tally(Thumb ~ Sex, data = Fingers, margins = TRUE, format = "proportion")</pre>	Fitting and Evaluating Models <pre>Empty.model <- lm(Thumb ~ NULL, data = Fingers) Sex.model <- lm(Thumb ~ Sex, data = Fingers) Sex.fun<-makeFun(Sex.model) Sex.fun("male") predict(Empty.model) resid(Empty.model) anova(Empty.model) supernova(Sex.model)</pre>	Data <pre>str(MindsetMatters) head(MindsetMatters) tail(MindsetMatters) sort(myvector) arrange(Fingers, Thumb) # selects variables select(Fingers, Sex, RaceEthnic, Thumb) # selects cases filter(Fingers, SLast != "NA") head(select(Fingers, Thumb)) as.numeric(Fingers\$Interest) factor(Fingers\$Sex) factor(Fingers\$Sex, levels = c(1,2), labels = c("female", "male")) recode(Fingers\$Job, "0" = 0, "1" = 50, "2" = 100) # creates two equal sized groups ntile(Fingers\$Height, 2) aggregate(Happiness ~ Region, data = HappyPlanetIndex, FUN = mean)</pre>
Operators <pre>sum(1,2,100) +, -, *, / >, <, >=, <=, ==, != # results in TRUE or FALSE Fingers\$RingLonger <- Fingers\$Ring > Fingers\$Index abs(Fingers\$Residual) Fingers\$Residual^2 sqrt(157)</pre>	Simple Statistics <pre>mean(Fingers\$Thumb) var(Fingers\$Thumb) sd(Fingers\$Thumb) favstats(~ Wt, data = MindsetMatters) cohensD(Thumb ~ Sex, data = Fingers) cor(Thumb ~ Height, data = Fingers) b1(Thumb ~ Sex, data = Fingers) b1(Sex.model) # PRE and fVal work like b1 PRE(Sex.model) fVal(Sex.model)</pre>	Probability Distributions <pre>xpnorm(65.1, Thumb.stats\$mean, Thumb.stats\$sd) zscore(Fingers\$Thumb) # returns t at this probability qt(.975, df = 999) # returns F at this probability qf(.95, df1 = 1, df2 = 100) # CI using t dist. confint(Empty.model)</pre>	
Simulation & Resampling <pre># sample without replacement sample(Fingers\$Thumb, 10) # sample with replacement resample(Fingers\$Thumb, 157) do(3) * resample(Fingers\$Thumb,10) # mixes up values in a variable shuffle(Servers\$RandomGroups1)</pre>	<pre># simulates sampling 10000 Thumbs from a normal dist. simThumb <- rnorm(10000, Thumb.stats\$mean, Thumb.stats\$sd) # puts simulated Thumbs into data frame simPop <- data.frame(simThumb) # simulates sampling dist.of means simSDoM <- do(10000) * mean(rnorm(157, Thumb.stats\$mean, Thumb.stats\$sd)) # bootstraps sampling dist. of means bootSDoM <- do(10000) * mean(resample(Fingers\$Thumb,157))</pre>	<pre># bootstraps sampling dist. of b1s, centered on sample b1 SDob1 <- do(10000) * b1(Tip ~ Condition, data = resample(TipExperiment, 44)) # randomizes sampling dist. of b1s, centered on 0 SDob1 <- do(10000) * b1(Tip ~ shuffle(Condition), data = TipExperiment)</pre>	<pre># randomizes sampling dist. of PREs SDoPRE <- do(10000) * PRE(Tip ~ shuffle(Condition), data = TipExperiment) # randomizes sampling dist. of Fs SDoF <- do(10000) * fVal(Tip ~ shuffle(Condition), data = TipExperiment) # plots sampling dist. gf_histogram(~ fVal, data = SDoF, fill = ~fVal>sampleF) # counts extreme Fs tally(~fVal>sampleF, data = SDoF)</pre>

Plots

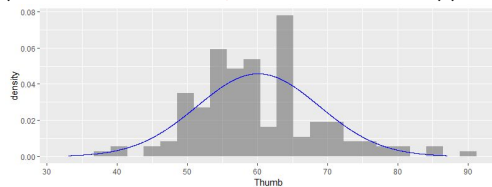
```
gf_histogram(~ Thumb, data = Fingers, fill =
"orange", color = "gray", bins = 10) %>%
  # changes labels
  gf_labs(title= "Student Thumb Lengths", x =
"Thumb Length (mm)") %>%
  # adds density curve to a histogram
  gf_density() %>%
  # adds vertical line
  gf_vline(xintercept = ~mean, data =
Thumb.stats, color = "blue", size = 2)
```



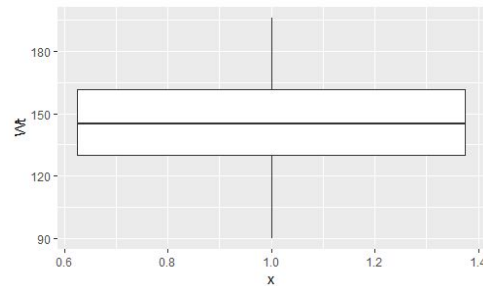
```
gf_dhistogram(~ Thumb, data = Fingers) %>%
  gf_facet_grid(Sex ~ .)
```



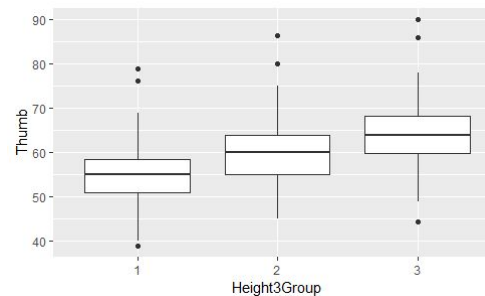
```
gf_dist("norm", color = "blue", params =
list(Thumb.stats$mean, Thumb.stats$sd))
```



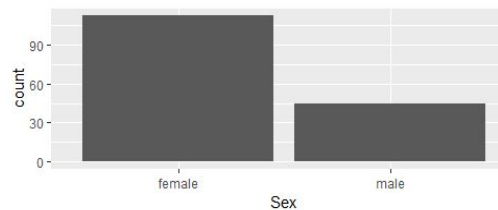
```
gf_boxplot(Wt ~ 1, data = MindsetMatters)
```



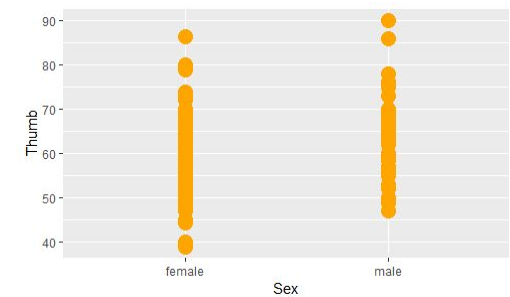
```
gf_boxplot(Thumb ~ Height3Group, data =
Fingers)
```



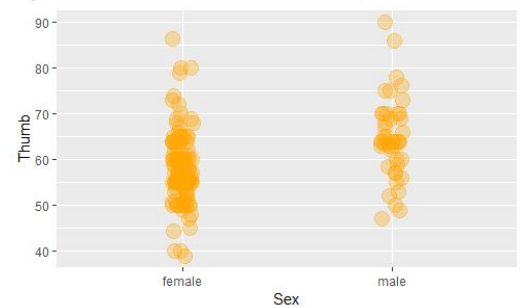
```
# creates bar graph
gf_bar(~ Sex, data = Fingers)
```



```
gf_point(Thumb ~ Sex, data = Fingers, color =
"orange", size = 5)
```



```
gf_jitter(Thumb ~ Sex, data = Fingers, color =
"orange", size = 5, alpha = .5)
```



```
gf_point(Thumb ~ Height, data = Fingers, size
= 2) %>%
```

```
# adds a regression line
gf_lm(color = "orange", size = 2)
```

