

*This exam consists of 14 question totalling 20 points. The maximum duration is 80 minutes. Three wrong answers subtract a point. Only an answer if correct if otherwise not stated. Calculator use is forbidden. Write legibly using only the reserved area.*

Apellidos: \_\_\_\_\_ Nombre: \_\_\_\_\_ Grupo: \_\_\_\_\_

1. [1p] What happens when a UDP client invokes `sendto()` to an incorrect address?
 

☐ a) The connection ends in error.  
☐ b) A `ServerNotFound` exception is raised.

☐ c) Request forwarding.  
☐ d) Nothing.
  
2. [1p] With Python, if invoking a socket in blocking mode, the return value of the `recv()` method returns an empty sequence, what it means?
 

☐ a) The sender sent nothing.  
☐ b) The other peer closed the connection.

☐ c) The retransmission timer expired.  
☐ d) The local process was interrupted by a signal.
  
3. [1p] A client has sent 200 bytes calling the `sendall()` method of a TCP socket. The server invokes the `recv()` method in a socket in the same connection. The received message on the server has a length of 150 bytes. Which is the reason?
 

☐ a) Being a connectionless there is no guarantee of delivery or order.  
☐ b) It's a normal situation, since it is a stream oriented communication.  
☐ c) The sent message was divided into segments and one of them is lost.  
☐ d) The situation can never occur..
  
4. [1p] Select the FALSE statement in relation to the flow control mechanism:
 

☐ a) It prevents network congestion.  
☐ b) It can be implemented at various layers of the TCP/IP stack.  
☐ c) It occurs when there is an important difference between production and reception of data in a stream.  
☐ d) It prevents the saturation of a slow receiver.
  
5. [1p] What TCP header fields are used for flow control?
 

☐ a) URG pointer.      ☐ b) Offset.

☐ c) Flow tag.      ☐ d) Window.
  
6. [1p] In what traffic profile the AVERAGE DATA RATE is equal to the PEAK DATA RATE?
 

☐ a) Constant bitrate  
☐ b) Variable bitrate

☐ c) Average bitrate  
☐ d) Burst
  
7. [1p] What the router do when a packet arrives and the input queue is full?
 

☐ a) That packet package is dropped  
☐ b) It flushes the output queue

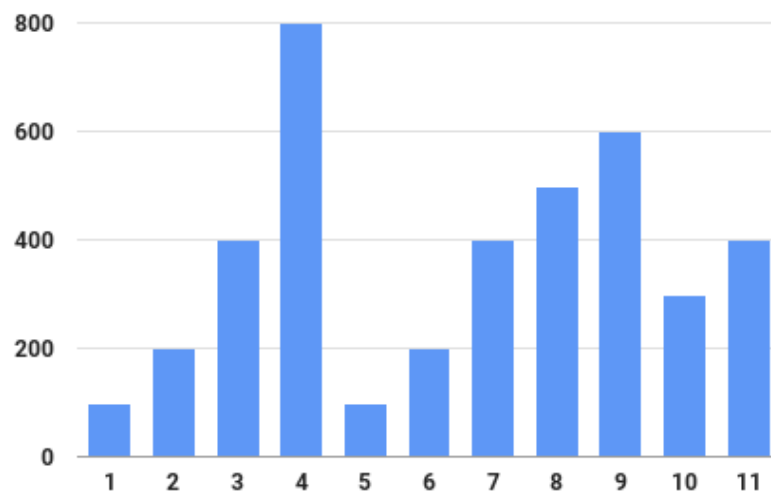
☐ c) The rest of the incoming packets are dropped  
☐ d) None
  
8. [1p] What is the difference between **open loop** and **closed loop** congestion control?
 

☐ a) Open loop is applied to prevent congestion and closed one attempts to resolve congestion when it is already occurring.  
☐ b) Closed loop is applied to prevent congestion and open one attempts to resolve congestion when it is already occurring.  
☐ c) Open loop is continuously applied (although not required) and closed one is applied only when needed.  
☐ d) Closed loop is applied continuously (although not required) and open one is applied only when needed.
  
9. [1p] Which of the following congestion techniques is *node-to-node*?
 

☐ a) Choke packet.  
☐ b) Back pressure.

☐ c) Back pressure and choke packet.  
☐ d) None of the above.

10. [1p] What is the maximum value that the congestion window could take during the Slow Start?
- ☐ a) Until some packet has to be resent. ☐ c) Up to the threshold.
- ☐ b) Until 3 equal ACKs are received. ☐ d) Up to  $2^{16}$ .
11. [1p] When a router processes an incoming IP packet, how does it determine where to forward it?
- ☐ a) The route table and the source IP address ☐ c) The IP header and the source port
- ☐ b) The destination IP address and the source MAC ☐ d) The routing table and the destination IP address
12. [1p] Choose the correct statement regarding *packet switching*:
- ☐ a) All packages with the same identifier follow the same path.
- ☐ b) All packets belonging to the same flow are routed through the same virtual circuit.
- ☐ c) Each packet is routed independently to its destination.
- ☐ d) The end-to-end transfer rate is guaranteed.
13. [4p] The picture below shows the value of the congestion window (in bytes) for a TCP connection. Explain the reason of the value in each moment.



14. [4p] The figure shows a TCP flow, including connection and disconnection phases. Complete the blank segments considering:

- A is using slow-start to prevent congestion.
- Timeout for A segments is 3 clock ticks.
- A uses a fixed data size of 200 bytes.
- A is going to send data segments whenever it can.

