

Standardised and reproducible analysis of mass spectrometry-based single-cell proteomics data

Replication of the SCoPE2 analysis by Specht et al. 2019

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Outline

Introduction

scp package

scp showcase

Replication results

Conclusion

- ▶ **Computational** reproducibility.
- ▶ Can we trust results that can't be reproduced?
- ▶ Replication isn't a guarantee for accuracy, but the lack of replicability is all but not a sign thereof.

- ▶ **Reproduction-based development** agreement between the developer, the data producer and the user.
- ▶ Replication is the first step to define sound data infrastructure and principled analysis.

- ▶ SCoPE2 quantifies thousands of proteins x thousands single-cells
- ▶ Full protocole available
- ▶ Full analysis script and data available

- ▶ Contribute a standardized and principles data and analysis that is broadly applicable.
- ▶ Reproducible computational infrastructure to further improve data analysis and interpretation.
- ▶ R/Bioconductor is an ideal environment to attain these goals.

Implemented in the `scp` package.

Outline

Introduction

scp package

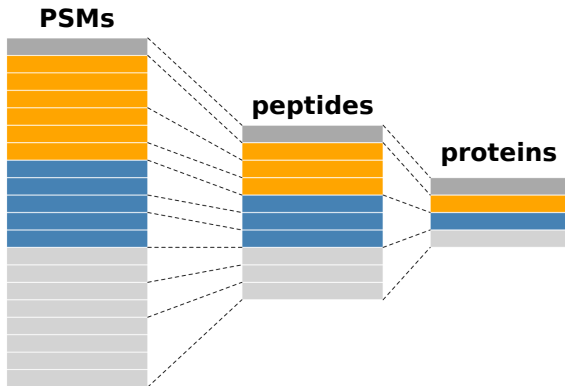
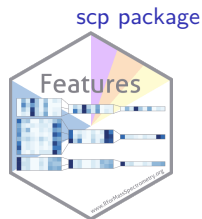
scp showcase

Replication results

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Data infrastructure: QFeatures¹

QFeatures: data framework dedicated to manipulate and process MS-based quantitative data.

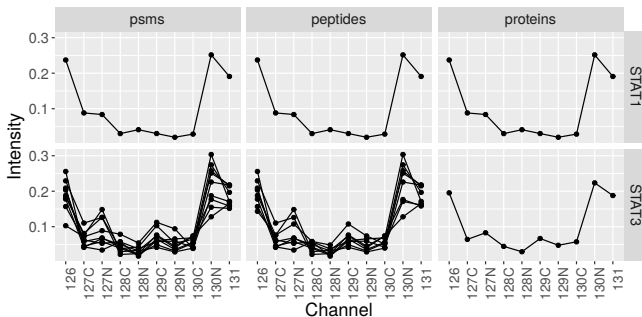
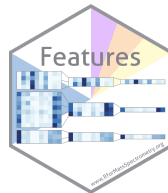


¹Gatto (2020)

Data infrastructure: QFeatures¹

scp package

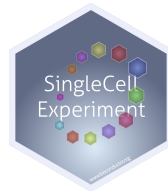
QFeatures: data framework dedicated to manipulate and process MS-based quantitative data.



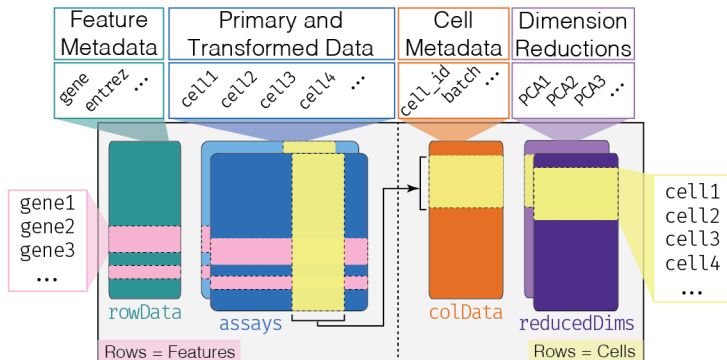
¹Gatto (2020)

Data infrastructure: SingleCellExperiment^{2,3}

scp package



`SingleCellExperiment`: provides dedicated framework for single-cell data analysis.



SingleCellExperiment

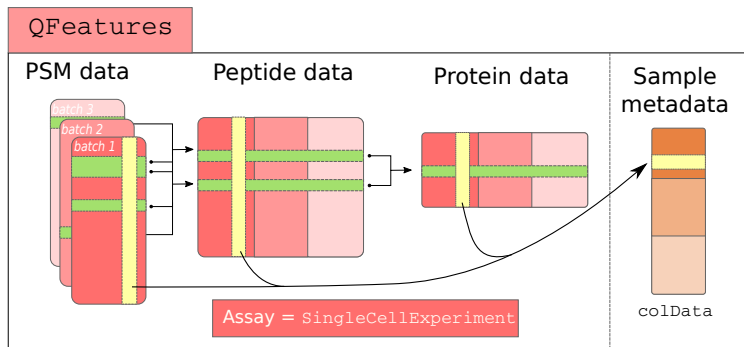
²Lun and Risso (2020)

³Amezquita et al. (2019)

Data infrastructure (3)

scp package

```
scp = SingleCellExperiment + QFeatures
```



Load the SCoPE2 dataset called `specht2019v2`⁴

```
1 library(scpdata)
2 data("specht2019v2")
```

Dataset overview

```
1 show(specht2019v2)
```

```
An instance of class QFeatures containing 179 assays:
[1] 190222S_LCA9_X_FP94AA: SingleCellExperiment with 2823 rows and 11 col...
[2] 190222S_LCA9_X_FP94AB: SingleCellExperiment with 4297 rows and 11 col...
[3] 190222S_LCA9_X_FP94AC: SingleCellExperiment with 4956 rows and 11 col...
...
[177] 191110S_LCB7_X_APN0V16plex2_Set_9: SingleCellExperiment with 4626 r...
[178] peptides: SingleCellExperiment with 9208 rows and 1018 columns
[179] proteins: SingleCellExperiment with 2772 rows and 1018 columns
```

Tabular data (such as generated from MaxQuant, ProteomeDiscoverer, ...) can be read using the `readSCP()` function.

⁴Specht et al. (2019)

`colData` stores sample metadata for **all assays** in one table

Set	Channel	SampleType	lcbatch	sortday	digest
190222S_LCA9_X_FP94AA	RI1	Carrier	LCA9	s8	N
190222S_LCA9_X_FP94AA	RI2	Reference	LCA9	s8	N
190222S_LCA9_X_FP94AA	RI3	Unused	LCA9	s8	N
190222S_LCA9_X_FP94AA	RI4	Macrophage	LCA9	s8	N
190222S_LCA9_X_FP94AA	RI5	Macrophage	LCA9	s8	N
190222S_LCA9_X_FP94AA	RI6	Macrophage	LCA9	s8	N
...

1. Load data

PSM data

```
[1] 190222S_LCA9_X_FP94AA: SingleCellExperiment with 2823 rows and 11 columns
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```

2. PSM filtering
3. Expression channel by reference channel division
4. PSM to peptides aggregating
5. Single cells filtering based on median CV
6. Normalization
7. Removal of highly missing peptides
8. Log-transformation

Peptide data

```
[178] peptides: SingleCellExperiment with 9208 rows and 1018 columns
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[178] peptides: SingleCellExperiment with 9208 rows and 1018 columns
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9. Peptides to proteins aggregation
10. Normalization
11. Imputation
12. Batch correction

Protein data

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[179] proteins: SingleCellExperiment with 2772 rows and 1018 columns
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Filter out features based on the feature metadata

Example: filter out reverse hits. The filter is applied to the `Reverse` field in the feature metadata

```
1 filterFeatures(specht2019v2,  
2               ~ Reverse != "+")
```

Source code in `QFeatures`

Interesting metrics for MS-SCP quality control:

- ▶ Sample to carrier ratio: ratio of the carrier channel intensity signal over the sample channel intensity
- ▶ Peptide FDR⁵: expected rate of wrongly assigned features to a given peptide
- ▶ Cell median CV⁶: reliability of the protein quantification summarized over each cell.

Example:

```
1 computeMedianCV(specht2019v2,  
2                 i = "peptides",  
3                 proteinCol = "protein",  
4                 peptideCol = "peptide",  
5                 batchCol = "Set")
```

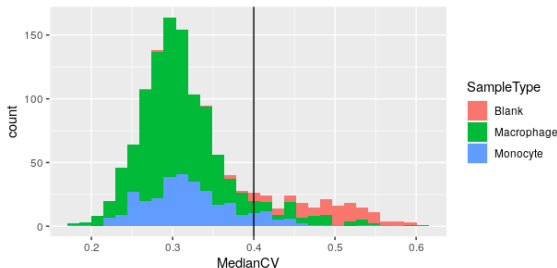
Source code in `scp`

⁵false discovery rate

⁶coefficient of variation

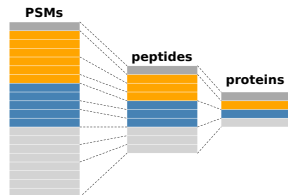
QC metrics are stored in the data set for plotting or subsetting

```
1 library(tidyverse)
2 specht2019v2[["peptides"]] %>%
3   colData %>%
4   data.frame %>%
5   ggplot(aes(x = MedianCV,
6             fill = SampleType)) +
7   geom_histogram() +
8   geom_vline(xintercept = 0.4)
```



Feature aggregation includes 2 steps:

- ▶ Combine the quantitative data from multiple features to a single aggregated features
- ▶ Store the relationship between the parent features and the aggregated features



Example: aggregate peptides to proteins

```
1 aggregateFeatures(specht2019v2 ,  
2                   i = "peptides",  
3                   name = "proteins",  
4                   fcol = "protein",  
5                   fun = colMedians, na.rm = TRUE)
```

Source code in `QFeatures`

0's can be either **biological** or **technical** zero. They are better related by NA's.

```
1 zeroIsNA(specht2019v2,  
2         i = "peptides")
```

Features containing too many missing data (e.g. $\geq 99\%$) should be removed

```
1 filterNA(specht2019v2,  
2         i = "peptides",  
3         pNA = 0.99)
```

Source code in `QFeatures`

Common data transformation can easily be applied:

- ▶ Normalization
- ▶ Log-transformation
- ▶ Imputation

Example: \log_2 -transformation:

```
1 logTransform(specht2019v2 ,  
2             i = "peptides",  
3             base = 2,  
4             name = "peptides_log")
```

Source code in `QFeatures`

Some custom function can be applied to the data set too.

Example: batch correction using `sva::ComBat`. First, extract the data

```
1 sce <- specht2019v2[["proteins"]]
```

Build the correction matrix and apply the ComBat algorithm

```
1 batch <- colData(sce)$Set
2 model <- model.matrix(~ SampleType, data = colData(sce))
3 assay(sce) <- ComBat(dat = assay(sce),
4                       batch = batch,
5                       mod = model)
```

Add the corrected protein to the dataset and keep feature relationships

```
1 addAssay(specht2019v2,
2          sce,
3          name = "proteins_batchC") %>%
4 addAssayLinkOneToOne(from = "proteins",
5                       to = "proteins_batchC")
```

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Introduction

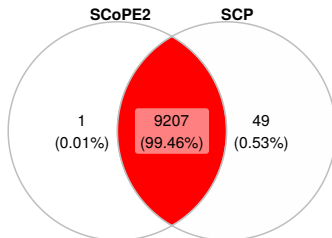
scp package

scp showcase

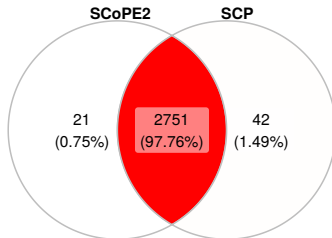
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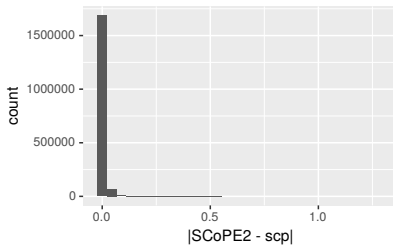
Peptides



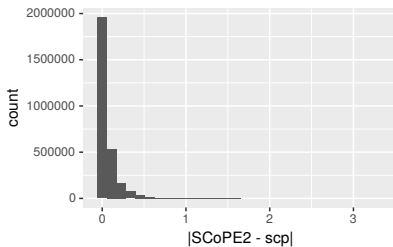
Proteins



Peptides



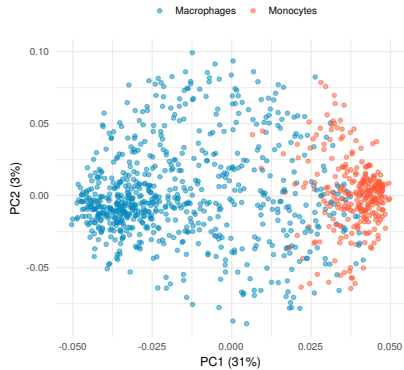
Proteins



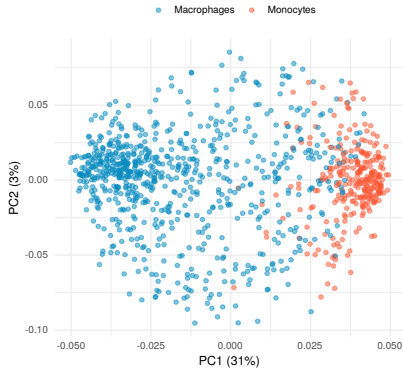
Replicate weighted PCA

Replication results

SCoPE2

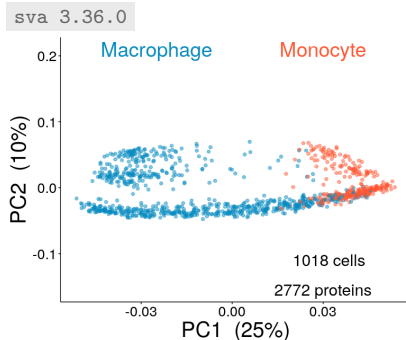
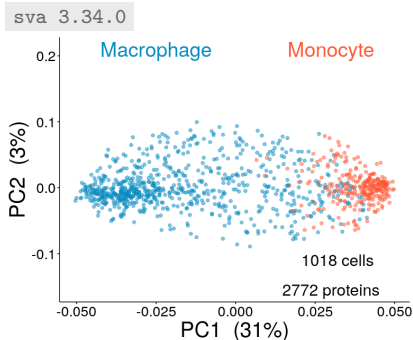


scp



Versioning is essential for replication

Example: batch correction using the **ComBat** algorithm from **sva**



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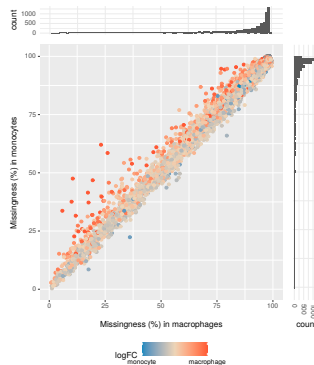
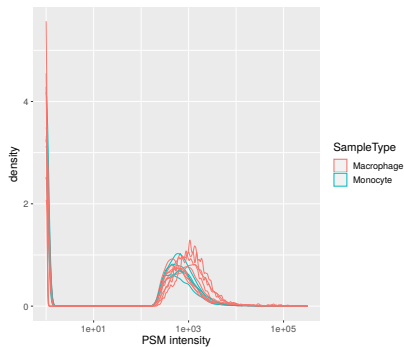
Replication results

Conclusion

- ▶ MS-based single cell proteomics: young field, with many challenges and great progress. `scp` to address the need for principled and reproducible data analysis.
- ▶ `scp` isn't specific to SCoPE2/TMT data, applicable to other LF protocols such as nanoPOTS (Williams et al. (2020); Cong et al. (2020)).
- ▶ `scp` and `SingleCellExperiment`: same infrastructure for single cell proteomics and RNA sequencing.

Future directions

Conclusion



- ▶ `scp` package suite provides a standardized environment for performing MS-SCP data analysis
- ▶ Flexibly reproduce existing analyses from different groups or protocols (multiplex vs label free)

Advantages:

- ▶ Allow automation of the analysis
- ▶ Facilitate new computational developments
- ▶ Promotes reproducibility
- ▶ Increases field visibility
- ▶ Include other modalities: scRNA-Seq, ATAC-Seq, etc

Packages

- ▶ `scp`: GitHub repository `UCLouvain-CBIO/scp`
- ▶ `scpdata`: coming soon
- ▶ `QFeatures`: GitHub repository
`rformassspectrometry/QFeatures`
- ▶ `SingleCellExperiment`: Bioconductor

Slides and source code

Available at...

- ▶ Nikolai Slavov, Harrison Specht, Ed Emmott.
- ▶ Fonds National de la Recherche Scientifique (FNRS)

References I

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- Yongzheng Cong, Yiran Liang, Khatereh Motamedchaboki, Romain Huguet, Thy Truong, Rui Zhao, Yufeng Shen, Daniel Lopez-Ferrer, Ying Zhu, and Ryan T Kelly. Improved single cell proteome coverage using Narrow-Bore packed NanoLC columns and ultrasensitive mass spectrometry. *Anal. Chem.*, January 2020.
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- Sarah M Williams, Andrey V Liyu, Chia-Feng Tsai, Ronald J Moore, Daniel J Orton, William B Chrisler, Matthew J Gaffrey, Tao Liu, Richard D Smith, Ryan T Kelly, Ljiljana Paša-Tolić, and Ying Zhu. Automated coupling of nanodroplet sample preparation with liquid Chromatography-Mass spectrometry for High-Throughput Single-Cell proteomics. *Anal. Chem.*, July 2020.