Missingness simulation

2023-03-29

```
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(grf)
library(estimatr)
set.seed(60637)
files <- list.files('../data',</pre>
                    pattern = '^cleaned-data.*rds$',
                    full.names = TRUE)
(INPUT_FILENAME <- files[which.max(file.info(files)$mtime)])</pre>
## [1] "../data/cleaned-data_2023-03-28.rds"
df treat <- readRDS(INPUT FILENAME)</pre>
dfx <- df_treat[which(df_treat$batch == 5),]</pre>
dfx$ws_eval <- as.factor(case_when(as.numeric(dfx$W) == 1 ~ 1, # control
                                    as.numeric(dfx$W) == 2 ~ 2, # headline factcheck,
                                    as.numeric(dfx$W) == 5 ~ 3, # headline related,
                                    as.numeric(dfx$W) == 6 ~ 4, # respondent accuracy
                                    as.numeric(dfx$W) == 11 ~ 5, # facebook tips,
                                    # combine optimal with small groups
                                    TRUE ~ 6 # other optimal respondent (8/12)
))
# attrition probabilities across
round(prop.table(table(dfx$attrited, dfx$ws_eval), margin =2),3)
##
##
##
     0 0.930 0.926 0.912 0.911 0.892 0.917
     1 0.070 0.074 0.088 0.089 0.108 0.083
temp_mat <- aggregate(pre_false ~ attrited + ws_eval,</pre>
          data = dfx,
          function(x) c(`estimate` = mean(x), std.error = sd(x)/sqrt(length(x))))
```

```
# T-test for differences
# false
t.test(dfx$pre_false ~dfx$attrited)
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: dfx$pre_false by dfx$attrited
## t = 1.8575, df = 1201.8, p-value = 0.06349
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group 0 and group 1 is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.005676392 0.207543301
## sample estimates:
## mean in group 0 mean in group 1
          1.961352
                          1.860419
diff(t.test(dfx$pre_false ~dfx$attrited)$estimate)
## mean in group 1
        -0.1009335
##
# true
t.test(dfx$pre_true ~dfx$attrited)
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
## data: dfx$pre true by dfx$attrited
## t = 3.0352, df = 1188.3, p-value = 0.002456
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group 0 and group 1 is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.05450421 0.25377975
## sample estimates:
## mean in group 0 mean in group 1
##
          2.692527
                          2.538385
diff(t.test(dfx$pre_true ~dfx$attrited)$estimate)
## mean in group 1
         -0.154142
# true data generating process
mmx0 <- model.matrix(Y~pre_false + pre_true + ws_eval, data = dfx[which(dfx$attrited == 0),])[,-1]
forest.Y <- regression_forest(X = mmx0, Y = dfx$Y[which(dfx$attrited == 0)])</pre>
# simuluated large data set, from real data
superX <- dfx[sample(1:nrow(dfx), 1e5, replace = TRUE),]</pre>
mmxfull <- model.matrix(Y~pre_false + pre_true + ws_eval, data = superX)[,-1]</pre>
       sapply(1:6, function(x){
ys <-
 if(x!=1){
   mmxfull[,3:7] <- 0
   mmxfull[,1+x] <- 1
 }
```

```
predict(forest.Y, newdata = mmxfull)[,1]
})
ate_truth <- colMeans(ys[,2:6] - ys[,1])</pre>
# simulated estimating procedures
niter <- 1e1
out mat <- list(</pre>
  imputed = matrix(NA, nrow = niter, ncol = 5),
  weighted = matrix(NA, nrow = niter, ncol = 5))
for(i in 1:niter){
  newdat <- cbind(ys, superX)[sample(1:nrow(dfx), replace = TRUE),]</pre>
  newys <- newdat[,1:6]</pre>
  newdat <- newdat |>
    mutate(
      Y = newys[cbind(1:nrow(dfx), newdat$ws_eval)] + rnorm(nrow(dfx)),
      Y_imputed = case_when(
        attrited == 0 \sim Y,
        TRUE ~ - pre_false + 0.5 * pre_true
    )
  uncens_prob <- probability_forest(X = as.matrix(newdat[, c('pre_false', 'pre_true')]),</pre>
                                      Y = as.factor(1*(newdat$attrited == 0)))$predictions[which(newdat$a
  balwts_uncens <- (1/uncens_prob)[, 2]</pre>
  # imputed
  li <- coef(lm_lin(Y_imputed~ws_eval, data = newdat,</pre>
               covariates = formula(' ~ pre_false + pre_true')))[2:6]
  # weighted
  lw <- coef(lm_lin(Y~ws_eval, data = newdat[which(newdat$attrited == 0),],</pre>
               weights = balwts_uncens,
               covariates = formula(' ~ pre_false + pre_true')))[2:6]
  out_mat[['imputed']][i,] <- ate_truth-li</pre>
  out_mat[['weighted']][i,] <- ate_truth-lw</pre>
}
do.call(rbind, lapply(out_mat, function(x) colMeans(x)))
##
                     [,1]
                                   [,2]
                                               [,3]
                                                            [,4]
                                                                         [,5]
## imputed -0.017446336 -0.001124422 0.007367627 0.01167168 0.13978601
## weighted -0.005343066 0.007142284 0.003823731 -0.00185681 -0.01032685
lapply(out_mat, function(x) mean(abs(colMeans(x))))
## $imputed
## [1] 0.03547922
##
## $weighted
## [1] 0.005698548
```