

# **Database Management Project**

## Final Report

Project Name: SPMS V2.0

## Group 01

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## **CHAPTER 1.0 - INTRODUCTION:**

The Independent University, Bangladesh (IUB) has robust and versatile schools - notably consisting of following:

- Business & Entrepreneurship
- Engineering, Technology & Sciences
- Environment and Life Sciences
- Liberal Arts & Social Sciences
- Pharmacy and Public Health.

The university has been an active participant in the growth of the education sector in Bangladesh and produced capable and knowledgeable scholars contributing both here and abroad. [1]

IUB has achieved this through working closely with relevant government education institutions and organizations such as the University Grants Commission (UGC), Ministry of Education, and other necessary institutes for each of the schools, regularly updating its curriculums and putting in a system to monitor student performance based on a quantified approach between course curriculum and standards set by UGC and the Bangladesh government and constantly tracking student performance for every semester – mainly, using Outcome-Based Education (OBE) for monitoring performance and setting university curriculum. [1]

The focus of this report is to study the current student performance monitoring system that IUB uses, do the required analysis of its processes, and propose a new and better improved system that reduces error, makes analysis of data and report generation easier by all vested quarters and produce/show valuable information needed for IUB and its collaborators in making necessary improvements in academia to produce better scholars. The first part focuses on the details of the organization in question and the project that we have undertaken for it. The second part focuses

on the existing system and its shortcomings and an introduction of the proposed system that we plan to replace the existing system with. The third and fourth will be heavily technical and focus on how we plan to bring the proposed system into being.

During our research into the existing system for student performance monitoring we found many areas where valuable changes could be made to make each process of monitoring student performance faster, make communication between necessary stakeholders easier, take away chances for errors and data duplication, and most importantly make it easier for all stakeholders to easily surf through large datasets to get meaningful information to their requirement.

As we go through this report, we will dig deeper into how the current student performance monitoring system operates, the business processes involved, where there are concerns and issues related to data management, and how we can make a better system to address these issues for fixing and improvement.

#### 1.1 BACKGROUND OF THE ORGANIZATION-IUB:

Independent University, Bangladesh (IUB), established in 1993, is one of the oldest private universities in Bangladesh, currently has more than an estimation of 7,048 undergraduate and graduate students and over 10,455 alumni. This student population is mostly predicted to grow at 10% annually. [2]

IUB, over-time, has shown remarkable outcomes in producing graduates with marketable skills only because of staying disciplined and up to date with the on-going curriculum and progress system. Dedicating attention towards IUB's Departments, and more specifically focusing the Department of Computer Science and Electrical science into a well-funded research hub running several research projects. IUB is also committed to curve potential graduates of international standard who are mainly equipped to provide new leadership to the national economy through skilled employment, entrepreneurship and/or applied research. This is successful due to the

overwhelming support of the Bangladesh Government and the UGC for IUB to be able to create state-of-the-art lab facilities in their department. It is because of IUB's approach to academics as an "Application Oriented Learning" philosophy that "not only teaches students the fundamental principles of learning, situation -handling, and have better overall perception by providing them with hands-on training sessions." [3]

Continuously growing it's lab facilities and flourishing on its curriculum according to current market economic demands, the SECS and the Department of Computer Science and Engineering at IUB has constantly worked with IEB, UGC and the Ministry of Education to track their students' overall performance under specific periods by quantifying specific courses and its relating assessments into measurable trackers to gain valuable insights for improvement of students over the years as a student in a certain department.

These processes and criteria credentials courses are ultimately set by IEB along with relevant government potentials to set the bar for up-coming graduating engineers from top universities in Bangladesh. These set of standards come in the form of Program Educational Objectives (PEO) and Program Learning Outcomes (PLO) [1] for specific departments in an Accreditation Manual which are mapped to specific courses by relevant Course Instructors and Co-Ordinator's. This allows the Department of CSE at IUB, SECS, IEB and all other relevant stakeholders to have a calculating assessment of the current state-of-affairs and the performance of each student under each course for every semester. This will also allow users to track performance of faculties, courses, departments and schools and provides valuable insight for making necessary improvements.

#### 1.2 BACKGROUND OF THE PROJECT SPSM 2.0:

Measuring the output of students, faculties, departments, and their respective courses in order to measure their productivity in regard to the outcome relevance of the course activities. Basically, to provide a range of tools and data intended to help universities and education authorities such as IEB, UGC, as well as other stakeholders to evaluate the performance of students and inform strategies for improvements. Developing a national framework for Outcome-Based Education while at the same time leaving considerable freedom to universities in implementing local approaches.

#### 1.3 OBJECTIVE OF THE PROJECT SPSM 2.0:

The SPMS 2.0 system monitors and summarizes the performances of the stakeholders - students, faculties, schools, and departments through the database of the assessments. For evaluation

purposes the system would be able to store individual assessment marks (midterm, quizzes, assignment, projects, presentations and so on). As well as the marks of those assessments with respect to their Course Outcomes (CO) and Program Learning Outcomes (PLO) accordingly in the database of the system to observe the outcome and performance of the student's faculties, schools, and departments.

The students being the primary stakeholder, would be able to statistically directly monitor the overall performance to their satisfaction of certain course objectives. Hence based on their performances and faculty evaluation the higher stakeholders (Head of department and Admin) can understand and manage the degree in comparison to which different course outcomes targets and their achievements are being understood by the student, department, school, and university body as a whole. SPSMS 2.0 also monitors the impact of policies against overall administrative goals and targets by the system. The system's main target is to monitor the whole university activities through the database and produce analytics for the Head of Department, Faculty, School, Students, and their Courses in a given period of time (yearly and semester wise).

#### 1.4 SCOPE OF THE PROJECT:

We did a complete analysis of the existing system and found out places in the business processes which can cause severe lapses in time and communication, which we will discuss in the next chapter.

Our solution is to create a Web application, called SPMS 2.0 (Student Performance Monitoring System 2.0), using a Relational Database Management System (RDMS) to store, edit, add, and update necessary data for monitoring student performance and producing and storing related OBE data, reports, and documents.

We produced potential users for the web based SPMS 2.0 system and speculated how they would be using the system and the necessary information and data they would need access to. Since the problems can arise from many points of all business processes, we will make custom user interfaces and login capabilities for all stakeholders who will also be the users of this system.

Since we use a (RDBMS) for data storage, retrieving necessary files, tabular data, page layouts and reports becomes incredibly easy and allows us to interact with the necessary data to occur real-time. We also create interfaces for all users to easily access these data and use them to generate and download reports.

We build an interface for faculties to be able to collaborate with each other on developing course outlines, course reports, marksheets, assessments, mapping assessments to CO's and PLOs for PLO achievements, and record assessments of students throughout the semester for all their courses.

Students, the IUB leadership team and government agencies can also access the systems for drawing conclusions. Data will also be protected, and each stakeholder will be shown only that data which is relevant to them, respectively.

## **CHAPTER 2.0 - REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS:**

The Requirement Analysis is the means of using industry tools, methods, and standards, to research and visualize the current system and the processes that go into the business operation of a certain organization. "Requirements Analysis is the process of determining what the database is to be used for. It involves interviews with user groups and other stakeholders to identify what functionality they require from the database, what kinds of data they wish to process and the most frequently performed operations." [4]

By doing this we can see each stakeholder and how they interact with each other. We use simple notations and symbols to give anyone the idea of how a business process works and dissect it accordingly.

As we will see, this process of analyzing lets us find out apparent and not so apparent problems with an existing system of monitoring student performance that is manual and depends on involving third party actors and stakeholders causing errors in the system.

### 2.1 RICH PICTURE - EXISTING BUSINESS SYSTEM:

A Rich Picture is a way to explore, acknowledge and define a business process and express it through diagrams to create a preliminary mental model. A rich picture helps to open discussion and come to a broad, shared understanding of a situation. [5]The finished rich picture could be of value to other stakeholders of the problems in an existing system, but also allows them to capture

many different facets of the situation. Rich pictures concentrate on both the structure and the processes of a given situation. [6]

The Rich Picture Analysis also takes in to account the following:

- Structures
- Processes
- Climate
- People
- **!** Issues expressed by people.
- Conflict

As we can see, this rich picture was prepared keeping exactly those things in mind.

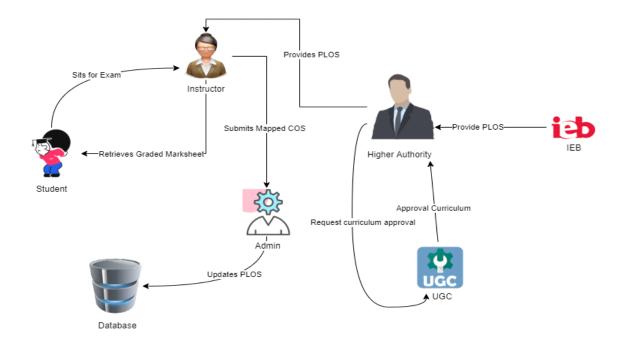


FIG: Rich Picture (AS-is) Of existing system

Figure 1.0: Rich Picture of Existing System to Monitor SPMS.

#### The Rich Picture Analysis shows us that we have the following types of stakeholders:

- IEB/UGC/Ministry of Education
- VC/Board of Trustees
- Head of Department/Dean of School
- Department (working under Head of Department/Dean of School)
- Faculty/Course Coordinators
- o Registrar's Office
- Admin (working under Registrar's Office)
- o Students

#### We can also identify three separate storage systems or facilities, namely:

- The Department Storage
- o The Registrar's Office Storage
- IRAS

# From this Rich Picture we have drawn out 7 process that are key to monitoring student performance and improving curriculum. The processes are as follows:

- Map Course Outcomes (COs) to Program Learning Outcomes (PLOs).
- o Record Student Assessment Data.
- View Assessment Reports over a given time-period for inspection and analysis of student performance trend.
- o Produce OBE Marksheet & Course Assessment Report.
- o Create student/faculty account and enter/customize necessary data.
- View Records OBE Marksheets, Course
- o Request for review and change of grades.

#### 2.2 SIX ELEMENTS ANALYSIS - EXISTING BUSINESS SYSTEM:

The Six Elements Analysis provides a detailed description of the role of each element in each process. It is clear from the table below that Human entities dominate all key functions of this system (especially in the most critical two processes- mapping course outcomes and viewing document related to them.) For example, the current system is heavily dependent on manually processed and handled hardcopy databases. Thus, there is a significantly long chain of waiting

between interdependent procedures before the Human elements can fulfill their end of the bargain in the process.

Process		System Roles						
	Human	Non-	Computi	Software	Databas	Network &		
		Comp	ng		е	communicat		
		Hardwar	Hardwar			ion		
		е	е					
Map Course	IEB/UGC/	Pen and	Computer:	MS Word:		Internet &		
Outcomes	Ministry of	paper:	1. Course	1. Course		Email:		
(COs)	Education:	1. Is used	Coordinators	Coordinators		1. Use the internet		
to Program	1. Send	for noting	use	use		and emails		
Learning	Accreditation	down	computers to	MS Word to		to communicate		
Outcomes	Manual	intermediate	make	make		with		
(PLOs)	with PLOs	Brainstormi	softcopies of	a detailed		UGC/IEB or		
	defined to	ng ideas.	Course	course		other		
	Heads of	Board and	Outcomes	outline and		stakeholders to		
	Department/D	marker:	(COs) of	Course		discuss		
	ean of School.	1. Is used	the specific	Assessment		important topics		
	Head of	for noting	courses	Reports with		related to		

Domonton and /	4	Th	Course	
Department /	down	They are	Course	mapping Course
Dean of	intermediate	experts in.	Outcomes	Outcomes to
School:	Brainstormi	Printer:	(COs)	Program Learning
1. Receive	ng ideas.	1. To print	mapping to	Outcomes.
Accreditation		out	Program	Others:
Manual		hardcopies	Learning	1. Use phones or
from IEB.		of Course	Outcomes	physical
2. Send the		Outcomes	(PLOs).	means with
Accreditation		(COs).	Excel Sheet:	stakeholders to
manual			1. Excel	discuss important
to Department			Sheet is	topics
Staff.			used by	related to
3. Direct			Course.	mapping Course.
Department			Coordinators	Outcomes to
Staff to tell			to	Program
Course			map specific	Learning
Instructors			questions in	Outcomes.
and			the	
Coordinators			Midterm,	
to design			Final	
Course			exams and	
Outline and			Project	
Course			work to	
Assessment			specific	
Reports.			Course	
Department:			Outcomes	
1. Send			(COs).	
Course				
Instructors the				
Accreditation				
Manual with				
Defined				
PLOs.				
Course				
Instructor:				
1. List course				
content.				
2. List COs.				
3. Map				
Course				
Content to				
Course				
Outcomes				
(COs).				
4. Map COs to				
PLOs.				
5. Map COs to				
specific				
	I	i	1	1

	questions of Mid-term, Final Exams questions and Project Work. 6. Starting to design course assessment report using course outline, Course Content and Co.					
Record Student	Faculty/ Course	Pen &	Computer:	Excel Sheet: 1. Record	Departmen	Internet: 1. The Internet is
Assessment	Course Coordinator:	Paper: 1. Use pen	1. Creating softcopies of	necessary	t Storage:	used to
Data	1. Assign	& paper to	records	assessment	1. Records	communicate
	project work	record	of all	data	of	with IRAS to
	and	assessment	assessment	and final	students'	Store final grades
	Assignments. 2. Take	data and marks	data for specific	grades on Excel Sheets.	assessment data	of students.
	quizzes and	obtained on	for specific courses	IRAS:	and final	
	exams	physical	are done on	1. Upload	grades	
	Throughout	paper in	Computers.	students'	may be	
	the semester.	tabular	1	final grades	saved in	
	3. Record	Format		to	the	
	assessment	(hardcopies)		IRAS for	department	
	data of			viewing	office and	
	students			by students or	registrar's	
	throughout the			the	office	
	semester			Registrar's office.	for future	
	of each student for			office.	reference.  IRAS	
	every				Database	
	assessment				server:	
	(quizzes,				1. IRAS	
	assignments,				uses a	
	project,				database	
	exams) on				server to	
	softcopies and hardcopies.				store and maintain	
	4. Record				student	
	marks for				grades'	
	each specific				information	
	question in the					
	midterms and					

	final exams. 5. Calculate total marks of quizzes, assignments and midterm and final exams and assign final grades to each student of specific courses. 6. Convert finals and midterms marks. 7. Bring all the marks of every student for a course into a Marksheet. 8. Grade the student. 9. Upload students' final grades on IRAS. 10. Send the					
	grades on IRAS. 10. Send the Marksheet to the					
	Department. 11. Send the Marksheet to the Registrar's Office.					
Produce OBE Marksheet & Course Assessment Report	Faculty: 1. Calculate total marks received for each CO by calculating the marks received for	Pen and Paper 1. OBE marksheet Stored in hardcopy. Additional markings	Computer/ Phone: 1. Uses computers to make softcopies of the OBE Marksheet	Coded Excel sheet: 1.Faculty/Co urse Coordinator uses automated excel	Departmen t Storage: 1. Records of students' assessment data	Internet/Mail: 1. An Online platform (such as Google Sheets) may be used for processing the OBE assessment data

questions	may be	and Course	sheets to	and final	spreadsheet.
and/or other	made to	Assessment	calculate	grades	spreadsheet.
Assessments	further	Reports.	the student's	will be	
mapped to Co.	separate	Printer:	success/	saved in	
2. Calculate	Between	1. Print	failure in	the	
total	students.	hardcopies	Achieving		
	students.	of	PLOs.	department for	
percentages received		final	MS Word:	future	
for each COs					
		versions of	1. Used to	reference.	
on the OBE		the	make	Registrar's	
Marksheet.		OBE	Course	Office	
3. Declare if a		Marksheets	Assessment	Storage:	
student has		and	Report	1. OBE	
achieved a		Course	softcopies.	Marksheets,	
specific CO		Assessment		Course	
(if CO		Reports.		Assessment	
percentage is				Reports and	
greater than or				other	
equal to 40).				documents	
4. Declare if a				submitted	
student has				by the	
received a				department	
PLO for a				is	
related CO.				stored for	
5. Make a				future	
table giving				reference.	
the verdict					
and					
analysis of					
how many					
students were					
able to receive					
a certain CO					
and PLO					
and other					
documents					
containing					
necessary					
information					
and data.					
6. Design					
Course					
Assessment					
Report					
using Course					
Outline,					
Course					
Content					
			<u> </u>		

	and Course					
	Outcomes.					
	7. Send the					
	final version					
	of the OBE					
	Marksheet to					
	the Dept.					
	Office.					
	<b>Department</b>					
	Office:					
	1. Send the					
	OBE					
	marksheet,					
	Course					
	Assessment					
	Report and					
	others to the					
	Registrar's					
	Office.					
	2. Store the					
	OBE					
	Marksheet					
	and					
	Course					
	Assessment					
	Report in the					
	department.					
	Registrar's					
	Office:					
	1. Stores the					
	OBE					
	Marksheet					
	and					
	Course					
	Assessment					
	Reports and					
	other					
	documents					
	and reports in					
	the					
	Registrar's					
	Office.					
T71	G( )	<b>.</b>	<b>Q</b> , ,	TD 4 G	<b>D</b> • •	T
View grades	Students:	Pen and	Computer/	IRAS:	Registrar's	Internet/ Email
and	1. Log into	Paper	Phone:	1. Stores	Office	1. The <b>Internet</b> is
download	IRAS.	1. Tabulated	1. Used for	letter	Storage:	used to
Transcripts	2. Search	transcripts	accessing	grades of	1. Student	communicate
	semester wise	may be	IRAS.	each	information	with IRAS to

	result	printed onto	Printer:	completed	is kept	store final grades
	for intended	paper.	1. Used to	course	in admin in	of students.
	semester.	Hardcopy is	print the	2. Provides	hardcopies	
		used as	tabulated	the	for	2. Softcopies may be <b>mailed</b> .
	3. See grades					de maned.
	for specific	the primary	transcript.	online user	future	
	semesters.	source of	Prints	interface for	reference.	
	4. Download	truth during	tabulated	viewing	IRAS	
	transcript	applications	transcripts.	grades	Database	
	through	and other		and	Server:	
	browser into	paperwork.		transcripts.	1. A	
	hard disk.				Database	
	Registrar's				Manageme	
	Office:				nt	
	1. Access				Service is	
	IRAS.				used to	
	2. View				store,	
	students'				maintain,	
	grades if and				edit and	
	when its				receive	
	necessary.				student	
	3. Download				grades	
	their				information	
	transcripts.				in	
	transcripts.				IRAS.	
					Web	
					Server:	
					1. User	
					interface	
					and website	
					pages	
					are served	
					using a	
					remote web	
					server.	
Create	Admin:	Pen and	Computer:	IRAS:	Registrar's	Internet:
student/facul	1. New	Paper:	1. Used for	1. User	Office	1. The internet is
ty	students'	1. May be	accessing	interface is	Storage:	needed to
account and	information	used for	and	provided to	1. Student/	interact with
enter/custom	is collected	writing/	adding/editi	interact with	Faculty	IRAS to store
ize	from	copying	ng	student/facult	information	account
necessary	registration	student/	data to	у	is kept	information on a
data	processes.	faculty's	IRAS.	data.	in admin in	remote database
	2. New	vital			hardcopies	server.
	faculty	login			for	2. User interface
	information is	information			future	and website
	received from	for			reference.	pages are served
	HR.				IRAS	
	111.	account			INAS	using internet

	3. Creates an	creation.		Database	access.
	account for	Croundin.		Server:	access.
	students and			1. A	
	faculties.			Database	
	4. Customize			Manageme	
	some account			nt	
	details when			Service is	
	necessary for			used to	
	students or			store,	
	faculty.			maintain,	
	racuity.			edit and	
				receive	
				student/facu	
				lty	
				information	
				in	
				IRAS.	
				Web	
				Server:	
				1. User	
				interface	
				and website	
				pages	
				are served	
				using a	
				remote web	
				server.	
View	IEB/ UGC:	Pen and	Computer:	Departmen	The internet:
Records	1. Inform the	Paper:	1. Used to	t	1. OBE
OBE	university	1. May be	display	Records	marksheets and
Marksheets,	head of a	used for	OBE	1. Retrieval	course
Course	deadline	noting/mark	Marksheet	of	assessment
Assessment	within which	ing down	and	OBE	reports may be
Reports over	OBE	key points	Course	marksheets	mailed online.
a	Marksheets,	of the	Assessment	and Course	2. Online
time period	Course	report.	Reports	Assessment	platforms such as
for	Assessment	2.	softcopies.	reports	Google
inspection	Reports and	Hardcopies	2. Send OBE	when	Docs/Sheets
and	other	of	and	needed.	display
analysis of	documents	reports may	Course	2. Stores	reports of
student	are needed for	be used.	Assessment	records	softcopies.
performance	quality		Reports to	on	
trend	inspection to		other	stakeholder	
	make		computers.	s'	
	necessary			interpretatio	
	improvements			n of	
	to degree			student	

programs.	<u> </u>	performanc	
2. Inform the		e	
university		trends.	
head if govt.		trends.	
official will			
visit the			
campus.			
3. Visit			
university and			
relevant depts			
to			
receive the			
necessary documents			
and			
reports.			
Head of			
Dept/Dean of			
School:			
1. Request to			
view records			
of OBE			
Marksheets,			
Assessment			
Reports to analyze			
students'			
performance			
trends.			
2. Direct			
Department			
Staff to gather			
necessary			
documents,			
OBE			
Marksheets,			
Assessment			
report for a			
given time-			
period			
specified by			
govt. officials.			
3. Receive the			
necessary			
documents			
gathered by			
the dept.			
4. Evaluate			
i. Dvaraac			

	Faculty/	or marks on		8	t	for
	faculty.	key points	the faculty.	grade.	Departmen	1. May be used
or grades	review to	note down	ng with	changing the	grade data.	Phone:
of grades	and	used to	communicati	admin for	student	communication.
change	grade change	1. May be	1. Used for	the	1. Update	primarily used for
review and	1. Request for	Pen and Paper:	Phone:	1. Used by	server:	1. Email is
Request for	Students:	Pen and	Computer/	IRAS:	IRAS	Internet:
	govt. officials.					
	documents to					
	the necessary					
	2. Provide all					
	documents.					
	other					
	Reports &					
	Assessment					
	Marksheets,					
	OBE					
	necessary					
	1. Gather					
	1 Staff:					
	Departmenta					
	trends.					
	performance					
	students'					
	analyze					
	Reports to					
	Assessment					
	Marksheets,					
	of OBE					
	view records					
	1. Request to					
	Trustees:					
	VC/Board of					
	performance trends.					
	students'					
	resources based on					
	department's educational					
	the					
	improve					
	change/					
	the need to					
	the need to					

Coordinator:	students'		1. Update	
1. Check	answer		student	
exam papers	sheets.		grade data.	
and other			Registrar's	
assessments			Office	
upon request.			Storage:	
2. If change			1. Update	
needs to be			student	
made,			grade data.	
send a grade				
change				
request of a				
specific				
student to				
admin.				
If not, end the				
process.				
Admin:				
1. Receive a				
request to				
change the				
grade of a				
specific				
student.				
2. Change				
grade of				
student based				
on Faculty				
request.				

## 2.3 PROCESS MODEL – EXISTING BUSINESS SYSTEM:

Business Process Model and Notation (BPMN) is a graphical representation for specifying business processes in a business process model. [7] We use business process model diagrams to dissect each of the business processes mentioned in the previous section.

Each diagram separates the stakeholders involved in the processes, the exchanges among them and the decisions each of them need to make.

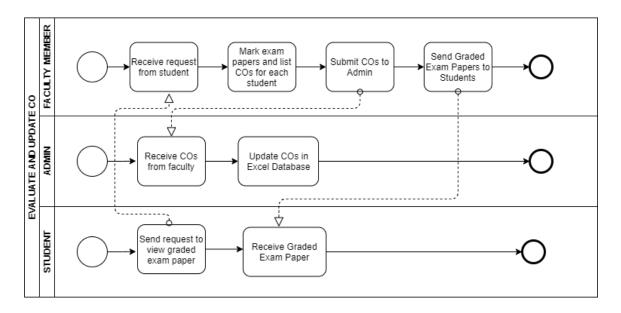


Figure 1.1: Evaluate and update CO

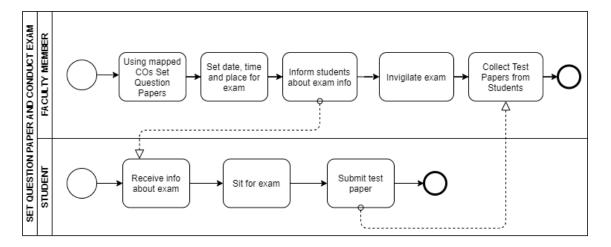


Figure 1.2: Set question paper and conclude exam

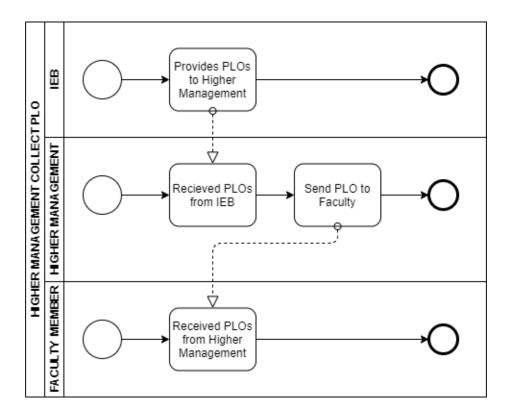


Figure 1.3: Higher management collect PLO

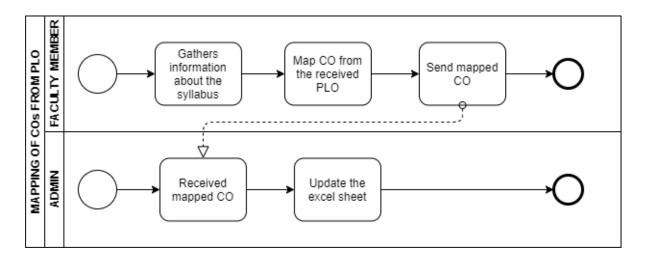


Figure 1.4: Mapping of CO from PLO

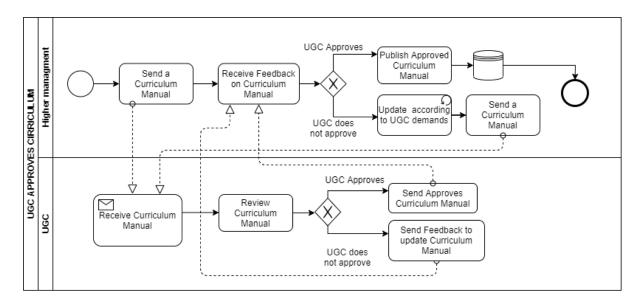


Figure 1.4: UGC approves curriculum

## 2.4 PROBLEM ANALYSIS – EXISTING BUSINESS SYSTEM:

Based on the existing systems' Six Elements Analysis, the shortcomings in each process were identified. There is a repeating pattern in the far-right column of this table. It appears that the facilitation of a private online platform will improve the system in many ways.

<b>Process Name</b>	Stakeholders	Concerns	Analysis (Reason	<b>Proposed Solution</b>
		(Problems)	of the Problems)	
Student	1. Student	School-wise,	Student enrolled	We want to keep
Enrollment	2.	department-wise	stats is recorded	the in the count of
	Department	and program-wise	School,	students enrolled
	Head	comparison of	department and	along with a visual
	3. Registrar's	students have	program-wise but	comparison of the
	office	enrolled in each	was never	student stats as per
	4. Faculty	department with	compared with	school-wise,
	5. Dean	respect to a given	respect to time	department-wise
	6. VC	period of	period/semester(s).	and program-wise
		time/semesters.		and semester-wise
Student	1. Student	School-wise,	Students and	Our system should

performance based on CGPA	2. Department Head 3. Registrar's office 4. Faculty 5. Dean 6. VC	department-wise and program-wise student performance trends based on CGPA with respect to a given period of time/semesters.	other mentioned stakeholders have been able to only observe the CGPA status that gets updated every semester individually	be allowing the users to statistically analyze the CGPA progress of the students not only on individually but also based on schools, department and program with respect to a given period of time/semesters
Course-wise student performance based on GPA	1. Student 2. Department Head 3. Registrar's office 4. Faculty 5. Dean 6. VC	Course-wise (for a selection of courses) student performance trend based on GPA with respect to a given period of time/semesters.	The GPA of the students were used as verdicts only and never visualize into course-wise student's performance based of their GPA.	Through the software application the Stakeholders would be able to select the course and view performance trend depending on the GPA with respect to a given period of time/semesters.
Selective Number of Instructor-wise student performance based on the GPA of the students	1. Department Head 2. Registrar's office 3. Faculty 4. Dean 5. VC	Instructor-wise (for a selection of instructors) student performance trend based on the GPA of the students in that courses taught by each of the instructors so far with respect to a given period of time/semesters.	Higher Authorities have been unable to observe the statistics of their selective faculties performances all together based on the GPA of the students	The SPM v2.0 system would allow to record the GPA of the students taught by the selective number of faculties. Storing and converting the data to appropriate graphical forums and measure performance of the instructors with respect to a given period of time/semesters. with respect to a

				given period of time/semesters.
VC-wise, dean-wise, or department head-wise student performance	1. Student 2. Department Head 3. Registrar's office 4. Faculty 5. Dean 6. VC	VC-wise, dean-wise, or head-wise student performance trend based on the GPA of the students under the school/program corresponding to the leadership team.	Higher authority (VC/Dean and Department Head) was unable to view VC, Dean or Department Head- wise student's performance under school/program	The system would Will be able to visualize the performance of the students based on VC, Dean and Department-head
Instructor-wise student performance based on the GPA of the students	1. Department Head 2. Registrar's office 3. Faculty 4. Dean 5. VC	Instructor-wise student performance trend for a chosen course with respect to a given period of time/semesters.	Higher authorities was not able to monitor Instructor performance for a selected number of faculty based on the GPA of the students they have taught.	The SPM v2.0 system would allow the stakeholders to record the GPA of the students taught by the selective faculty. Storing and converting the data to appropriate graphical forms and measure performance of the instructors with respect to a given period of time/semesters
Total PLO percentage achieved and attempted by the student along with the departmental average	1. Student 2. Department Head 3. Registrar's office 4. Faculty 5. Dean 6. VC	PLO total percentage score for each PLO calculated from the scores achieved in each CO associated with the corresponding PLO among all the courses the student has done so far, along with the departmental	The PLO and corresponding CO for all the courses the student has done so far is never compared cumulatively along the departmental average performance.	The system will provide the total of all PLO percentage corresponding to CO and calculate the score for all the courses a student has done for a chosen school, program or department.

		average		
PLO achievement	1. Student 2. Department Head 3. Registrar's office	average performance for comparison. Also, for each PLO, what percentage of it was achieved from each of the courses associated with the corresponding PLO, and what percentage was achieved via each of all the COs associated with the corresponding PLO. All of this for a chosen school, program, or department. PLO achievement of a student for each of the courses taken so far.	Students are unable to monitor progress of their PLO achieved for respective courses as it only available to the	Record and tabulate the number of PLO's achieved by the student for individual course taken and
	<ul><li>4. Faculty</li><li>5. Dean</li><li>6. VC</li></ul>		faculties and has access to rest of the higher authorities.	completed so far.
Comparison of PLO-achieved percentage versus PLO-attempted	1. Student 2. Department Head 3. Registrar's office 4. Faculty 5. Dean 6. VC	Comparison of PLO-achieved percentage versus PLO-attempted percentage	Students are unable to compare progress of their PLO achieved vs PLO they should be aiming for with respect to courses they've done as it only available to the faculties and is analysed manually and canbe extremely time	The system would allow the students and rest of the stakeholders to monitor automatically using relational data model using proper SQL operationstheir PLO achieved vs attempted comparisons individually.

			consuming	
Expected	1. Student	Comparison of a	The existing	SPM software
PLO-	2.	course's,	system allows to	would allow the
achievement	Department	student's,	calculate manually	stakeholders to
versus actual	Head	department's,	and does not	monitor
score (For	3. Registrar's	program's, or	provides adequate	automatically (login
course's,	office	school's expected	information for	into the system)
student's,	4. Faculty	PLO-achievement	comparisons of	their PLO achieved
department's,	5. Dean	versus actual with	PLO. The verdict	vs attempted
program's, or	6. VC	respect to a given	is filled up in an  Excel sheet and is	comparisons for
school's)	0. 70	period of time/semesters.	time consuming	course's, program's,
		time/semesters.	for the	department's and
			stakeholders to	school with respect
			reach to	to a given period of
			respective	time/semesters.
			faculties or	
			department head	
			for OBE mark	
			sheet.	
CO-PLO	1. Student	Summary of CO-	The existing	SPM in a table will
achievement	2.	PLO achievement	system by far was	provide PLO-CO
summary	Department	stats for a chosen	abled the higher	achievement stats
	Head	course, program,	authorities only to	to the stakeholders
	3. Registrar's	department,	track CO and PLO	to choose for
	office	school.	achieved for a	course wise,
	4. Faculty		course manually	program,
	5. Dean		only.	department and
	6. VC			school wise.
	1 5. 1 5			

### 2.5 RICH PICTURE - PROPOSED SYSTEM:

The Course Outcomes (COs) and Program Learning Outcomes (PLOs) will be visible in a new system, an online platform called SPMS, where it will have its own database that host the data of all the courses, faculties, as well as updated tables every semester to keep track of which courses have been assigned to which faculties in a given semester. We are making the new system (to track student performance, but also to track faculties teaching a specific course or the performance of students in a course over a period) and why it is hard to track these trends and data right now. Briefly, we can see that the SPMS relational database (a non-human) quite

literally plays a significant role in the student performance monitoring system. Also, this entity holds the greatest number of interconnections between all other processes.

We will use different user interfaces designed for specific user needs based on the concerns and problems we found in the problem analysis. The Head of the Department/Dean of School, Course Instructor/Coordinator/Faculty, Admin, Student, IEB/UGC/Ministry of Education, VC/Board of Trustees, Department Staff, all these stakeholders mentioned will have access to view the report of a student.

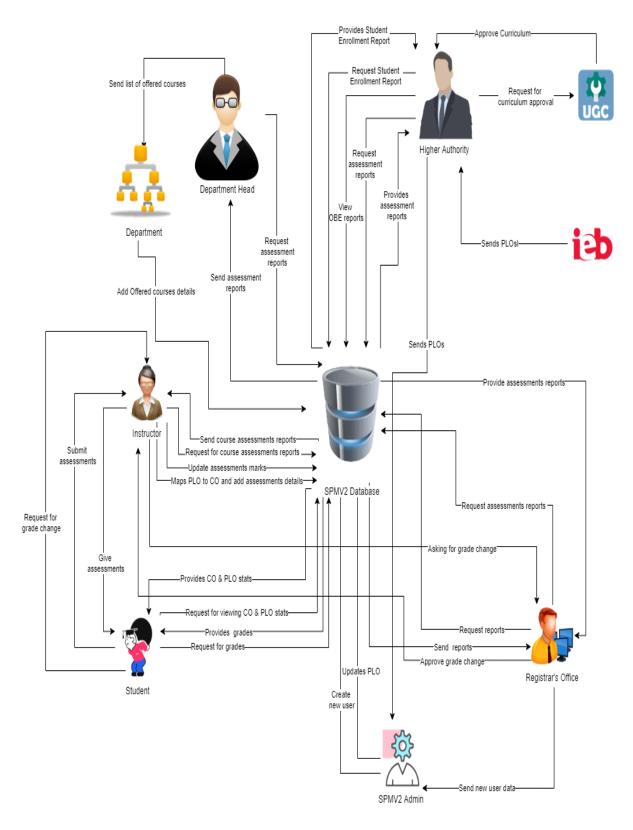


Figure 1.5: Rich Picture of Proposed System to Monitor Student Performance.

## 2.6 SIX ELEMENTS ANALYSIS - PROPOSED SYSTEM:

The six elements analysis of the proposed system is a continuation of an analysis process where each analysis is based on the one that comes before it. Based on the rich picture, the role of each element in the new system is further understood in the table below.

Process			System	Roles		
	Human	Non-	Computin	Software	Database	Network and
		Computi	g			Communicati
		ng	Hardware			on
		Hardwar				
		e		_		-
Student Enrollment	Student a) Goes to the website b) Clicks on the form option c) Fills the form with required information  Registrar Office a) Checks and verifies student enrollment information from the forms from the website or hardcopy forms b) Registrar Office's Admin logs into the system using adminID and password. c)Sends verified student information as an attachment to SPMV2 Admin/Team	Paper and Stationar y a) Used to collect information in forms from Students	Computer/ Laptop a) SPMV 2.0 admin will use Computers to access and update data. b) Users will use the computer to view the data.  Database Server a) Used by SPMV 2.0 Developers to collect data and maintain the software.  Networkin g Devices (Router, Switch, Bridge, Hub):	Software Used by Registrar Office and SPMV 2.0  Student Uses to fill the form when filling the form from the website  SPMV2.0  The software for which the admin will create accounts	Register Office Database  Used By the registrar office to collect the student informatio n in a excel file to send it to SPMV 2.0  SPMV2.0 Informatio n is stored in the Database for New user Account or any other updates  Excel Student account data may be stored in excel	Internet a) Its is used to access and store data to SPMV2.0 b) Used to collect the student form from the student to registrar office c) Used by the Registrar Office to send all the student information to SPMV 2 Admin
	SPMV2 Admin a) SMPV2.0		a) Used to access SP MV 2.0.		file for later usage in	

	00111/00
Admin logs into	SPMV2.0.
the system	
using	
SPMV2userID	
and password.	
b) Receives	
the student	
enrollment	
information in	
the attached	
files.	
c)Admin	
updates the	
student	
enrollment	
information in	
SPMV2	
Database.	
d)Notifies	
respected	
Stakeholders.	
Department	
Head	
a) Logs into	
the system	
using their	
UserID and	
password.	
b) Inputs the	
desired time-	
period for	
number of	
students	
enrolled.	
Higher	
Authority	
(VC/Dean)	
a) Logs into	
the system	
using their	
UserID and	
password.	
b) Inputs the	
desired time-	
period and	
compare	
School/Depart	
ment for the	
number of	
students	
enrolled	
accordingly.	

	Faculty a)logs into the system using FacultyID and password b)Inputs the ID of the section the faculty is taking to view the students enrolled.					
Student Performanc e Based on CGPA	a) Logs into the System using StudentID and password. b) Inputs the desired time-period to view self CGPA progress  Department Head a)Logs into the System using UserID and password. b) Inputs the desired time-period and School, Department or Program c)View statistically analyzed CGPA trend of students or any Individual Student  Registrar's office a) Logs into the System using userID and password. b) Inputs the desired time-period and School, Department or Program to view statistically analyzed CGPA	N/A	Computer/ Laptop a) User will need a computer to access SPMV 2.0  Printer a) Used to print out the report if need be  Networkin g Devices (Router, Switch, Bridge, Hub): a) Used to access the Internet.	Software Used by the user to run SPMV2.0  SPMV2.0  a) The software will generate a performan ce trend	SPMV2.0 Database a) Use the database to obtain the performan ce. b) Used for saving the obtained performan ce of each student	Internet a)It is used to login into and access the SPMV2.0 b)Used by the users to login and get access of the system

	trend of students.					
	Faculty a) Logs into the System using FacultyID and password. b) Inputs the desired time-period and Program to view statistically analyzed CGPA trend of students or any Individual Student those who attended the faculty's section.					
	Higher Authority (Dean/VC) a) Logs into the system using their UserID and password. b) Inputs the desired time- period, School and Department c) View statistically analyzed CGPA trend of students					
Course- wise student performan ce based on GPA	Student a) Logs into the System using StudentID and password. b) Inputs the course c) View self GPA for the course  Department Head a) Logs into the System using	N/A	Computer/ Laptop a) User will need a computer to access SPMV 2.0  Printer a) Used to print out the report if need be	spmv2.0 a) The software will generate a performan ce trend based of GPA  Operating Software Used by the user to	SPMV2.0 Database a) The performan ce will be stored and updated here	Internet a) It is used by the user to log in b)It is used by the user to view desired data
	UserID and password.		-	run SPMV2.0		

				1
	Inputs the	Networkin		
des	ired time-period	g Devices		
cou	ırseID	(Router,		
c)V	View	Switch,		
stat	tistically	Bridge,		
	llyzed GPA	Hub):		
	nd of students	\		
uci	id of students	a) Used to		
		access the		
	gistrar's office	Internet.		
	Logs into the			
	stem using			
adn	minID and			
pas	sword.			
b) I	Inputs the			
	ired time-period			
	l coursed			
	view statistically			
	llyzed GPA			
	nd of students.			
uei	id of students.			
_				
	culty			
	Logs into the			
	stem using			
Fac	cultyID and			
pas	sword.			
b) I	Inputs the			
	ired time-period			
	urseID under the			
	ulty			
	view statistically			
	llyzed GPA			
	nd of students			
	o were in that			
faci	ulty's section.			
	gher			
	thority			
	ean/VC)			
	Logs into			
	system			
	ng their			
	erID and ssword.			
	Inputs the			
	sired time-			
	riod and			
	urselD			
c) \	√iew			
	tistically			

Selective Number of Instructor- wise student performan ce based on the GPA	analyzed GPA trend of students for that specific course  Department Head a) Logs into the System using UserID and password. b) Inputs the desired time-period courseID c)View statistically	N/A	Computer/ Laptop a) User will need a computer to access SPMV 2.0  Printer a) Used to print out the report if	SPMV2.0 a) The software will generate a performan ce trend for a selective instructor wise	SPMV2.0 Database a) The performan ce will be stored and updated here	Internet a) It is used to login into and access the SPMV2.0
	analyzed GPA trend of students for a selective number of Instructors  Registrar's office a) Logs into the System using AdminID and password. b) Inputs the desired time-period and courseID c)View statistically analyzed GPA trend of students for a selective number of Instructors  Faculty		the report if need be  Networkin g Devices (Router, Switch, Bridge, Hub):  a) Used to access the Internet.			
	a) Logs into the System using FacultyID and password. b) Inputs the					

	desired time-period & courseID c) View statistically analyzed GPA trend of students for a selective number of Instructors  Higher Authority (Dean/VC) a) Logs into the System using UserID and password. b) Inputs the desired time-period courseID c) View statistically analyzed GPA trend of students for a selective number of Instructors.					
VC-wise, dean-wise, or departmen t head- wise student performa nce	Department Head  a) Logs into the System using UserID and password. b) Select Input from from VC/Dean/Departm ent Head c)View the student performance trend as per choice.  Registrar's office a) Logs into the System using	N/A	Computer/ Laptop a) User will need a computer to access SPMV 2.0  Printer a) Used to print out the report if need be  Networkin g Devices (Router, Switch, Bridge, Hub): a) Used to	SPMV2.0 a) The software will generate a performan ce trend	SPMV2.0 Database a) The performan ce will be stored here	Internet a) It is used to login into and access the SPMV2.0

	UserID and password. b) Select Input from VC/Dean/Departm ent Head c)View the student performance trend as per choice  Dean/ VC a) Logs into the System using UserID and password. b)Select Input from VC/Dean/Departm ent Head c)View the student performance trend as per choice		access the Internet.			
Instructor- wise student performan ce based on the GPA of the students	Department Head a) Logs into the System using DepartmentID and password. b) Inputs a particular instructor Name/ID c) View the student performance trend of selected instructor.  Registrar's office a) Logs into the System using UserID and password. b) Inputs a particular instructor c) View the student	N/A	Computer/ Laptop a) User will need a computer to access SPMV 2.0  Printer a) Used to print out the report if need be  Networkin g Devices (Router, Switch, Bridge, Hub): a) Used to access the Internet.	Software Used by User to view desired performan ce trend	SPMV2.0 Database a) The performan ce will be stored and updated in the database	Internet a) It is used to login into and access the SPMV2.0

	of selected					
	instructor					
	instructor					
	F 14					
	Faculty					
	a) Logs into the					
	System using					
	UserID and					
	password.					
	b) Input their Name/ID					
	c)View the student					
	performance trend					
	performance trend					
	Dean					
	a) Logs into the					
	System using					
	UserID and					
	password.					
	b)Inputs a					
	particular instructor					
	c)View the student					
	performance trend					
	of selected					
	instructor.					
	NG.					
	VC					
	a) Logs into the					
	System using					
	UserID and					
	password.					
	b) Inputs a particular instructor					
	c)View the student					
	performance trend					
	of selected					
	instructor					
Total PLO	Student	N/A	Computer/	SPMV2.0	SPMV2.0	Internet
percentage	a) Logs into the		Laptop a) User will	a) The software	Database a) The	a) It is used to login into and
achieved and	system using		need a	will	performan	access the
attempted	Student ID and		computer	generate a	ce will be	SPMV2.0
by the	Password		to access SPMV 2.0	compariso n of	stored here	
student	b) Inputs the		OI IVIV Z.U	attempted	11616	
along with	time period		Printer	VS		
the	c)Views their		a) Used to	achieved		
departmen tal average	<i>'</i>		print out	PLO as well as the		
tai average	comparison of		the report if	wen as me		

	1		1	
attempted vs		need be	departmen tal	
achieved PLO			average	
percentage		Networkin		
along with the		g Devices (Router,	Operating	
departmental		Switch,	system a) Used	
average.		Bridge,	by the	
		Hub):	SPMV2.0	
Department		a) Used to	to keep details of	
Head		access the	the PLO	
a) Logs into the		Internet.	and CO of	
system using			each students	
User ID and			Students	
Password				
b) Inputs the			Student Uses	
time period			Database	
c)Views the			to view	
comparison of			self PLO achieved	
students			acilieved	
attempted PLO				
vs achieved				
PLO percentage				
along with the				
departmental				
_				
average.				
Dogistuou?s				
Registrar's				
office				
a) Logs into the				
system using				
User ID and				
Password				
b) Inputs the				
time period				
c)Views the				
comparison of				
students				
attempted PLO				
vs achieved				
PLO percentage				

along with the			
departmental			
average.			
Faculty			
a) Logs into the			
system using			
User ID and			
Password			
b) Inputs the			
time period			
c)Views the			
comparison of			
students			
attempted PLO			
vs achieved			
PLO percentage			
along with the			
departmental			
average.			
Dean			
a) Logs into the			
system using			
User ID and			
Password			
b) Inputs the			
time period			
c)Views the			
comparison of			
students			
attempted PLO			
vs achieved			
PLO percentage			
VC			
a) Logs into the			
User ID and Password b) Inputs the time period c)Views the comparison of students attempted PLO vs achieved PLO percentage along with the departmental average.  VC			

DI O	system using User ID and Password b) Inputs the time period c)Views the comparison of students attempted PLO vs achieved PLO percentage along with the departmental average.	N/A	Committee	CDMV2 0	CDMV2 0	
PLO achieveme nt	Student a) Logs into the System using studentID and password. b) Selects PLO achievement c) view PLO achievement.	N/A	Computer/ Laptop a) User will need a computer to access SPMV 2.0  Printer a) Used to print out the report if need be	spmv2.0 a) The software will generate PLO achievem ent	SPMV2.0 Database a. The performan ce will be stored and updated here	Internet a)It is used to login into and access the SPMV2.0
	Department Head  a) Logs into the System using userID and password. b) Selects PLO achievement c) view PLO achievement.		Networkin g Devices (Router, Switch, Bridge, Hub): a) Used to access the Internet.			
	Registrar's office a) Logs into the System using					

	userID and					
	password.					
	b) Selects PLO					
	achievement					
	c) view PLO					
	achievement.					
	acmevement.					
	T 14					
	Faculty					
	a) Logs into the					
	System using					
	facultyID and					
	password.					
	b) Selects PLO					
	achievement					
	c) view PLO					
	achievement.					
	Dean					
	a) Logs into the					
	System using					
	userID and					
	password.					
	b) Selects PLO					
	achievement					
	c) view PLO					
	achievement.					
	VC					
	a)Logs into the					
	System using					
	userID and					
	password.					
	b) Selects PLO					
	achievement					
	c) view PLO					
	achievement.					
Compariso	1. Student	N/A	Computer/	Operating	Database	Internet
n of PLO-	a) Logs into the		Laptop	Software	a) Used by	a) Its is used
achieved	System using		a) User will need a	Software Used by	Higher Authority	to access and store data to
percentage	studentID and		computer	User to	to access	SPMV2.0
versus	password.		to access	access	SPMV2.0	-
PLO-	b) Selects PLO		SPMV 2.0	dashboard	Data base	b) Used by the
attempted	Achieved Vs			_	to view	stake Holders
	Attempts		Printer	Student	report	to login to the SPMV2.0
	c) Uses SQL		a) Used to	Uses to	b) Used by	Dashboard
	operation		print out the report if	view the report	faculty and	Dadriboard
		l	and report if	горон		

d) Monitor relational of model of the achieved a attempted 2. Departs Head a) Logs into System using UserID and password. b) Selects Achieved Attempts c) Uses SC operation d) Monitor relational of model of the achieved a attempted individual or the compassword. b) Registrate office a) Logs into System using userID and password. b) Selects Achieved Attempts c) Uses SC operation d) Monitor of the compassword.	data the PLO and  ment to the ting d PLO Vs  QL data the PLO and by student parison  ar's to the ting d PLO Vs	Networkin g Devices (Router, Switch, Bridge, Hub):  a) Used to access the Internet.	Departme nt Head to view report of each student and if compariso n as desired  c) Used by student to monitor self PLO achieved percentag e versus PLO attempted	c) Used by the stakeholders to monitor PLO achieved percentage versus PLO attempted as per their requirement
relational of model of the comparison desired  4. Faculty a) Logs in System using FacultyID password.	data the PLO n as  to the ting			

	1		T
b) Selects PLO			
Achieved Vs			
Attempts			
c) Uses SQL			
operation			
d) Monitor			
relational data			
model of the PLO			
achieved and			
attempted by			
individual student			
or the comparison			
as desired in that			
faculty's class			
5. Dean			
a) Logs into the			
System using			
userID and			
password.			
b) Selects PLO			
Achieved Vs			
Attempts			
c) Uses SQL			
operation			
d) Monitor			
relational data			
model of the PLO			
achieved and			
attempted by			
individual student			
or the comparison			
as desired in the			
school			
School			
6. VC			
a) Logs into the			
System using userID and			
password.			
b) Selects PLO			
Achieved Vs			
Attempts			
c) Uses SQL			
operation			
d) Monitor			

	relational data model of the PLO achieved and attempted by individual student or the comparison as desired					
Expected PLO-achieveme nt versus actual score (For course's, student's, departmen t's, program's, or school's )	Student a) Logs into the System using studentID and password. b) Selects PLO achievement comparison c) Enters period of time/semesters d) monitor self PLO achieved vs attempted comparisons for course's  Department Head a) Logs into the System using userID and password. b) Selects PLO achievement comparison c) Enters period of time/semesters d) monitor PLO achieved vs attempted comparisons for course's, programs and department's individual student or as per desired	N/A	Computer/ Laptop a) User will need a computer to access SPMV 2.0  Printer a) Used to print out the report if need be  Networkin g Devices (Router, Switch, Bridge, Hub): a) Used to access the Internet.	Software Used by User to access dashboard  Student Uses to view self- comparison report  Faculty and Departme nt Head Uses to monitor the comparison between the student's attempted PLO and achieved PLO for Course wise and Department wise  Higher Authority Uses to monitor the comparison between the student's attempted PLO and achieved PLO for Course wise and Department wise	SPMV2.0 Database a) The performan ce will be stored and updated in the database	Internet a) It is used to login into and access the SPMV2.0

. 66.	1	DI O for	
office		PLO for	
a) Logs into the		course's,	
System using		program's,	
userID and		department	
password.		s and	
b) Selects PLO		school	
achievement			
comparison			
c) Enters period of			
time/semesters			
d) monitor PLO			
achieved vs			
attempted			
comparisons for			
course's,			
program's,			
departments and			
school			
Faculty			
a) Logs into the			
System using			
FacultyID and			
password.			
b) Selects PLO			
achievement .			
comparison			
c) Enters period of			
time/semesters			
d) monitor PLO			
achieved vs			
attempted			
comparisons for			
courses of the			
students who			
attended that			
faculty's section			
Dean			
a)Logs into the			
System using			
userID and			
password.			
b) Selects PLO			
achievement			
comparison			
c) Enters period of			
-,			

	time/semesters d) monitor PLO achieved vs attempted comparisons for course's, program's, departments and school  VC a) Logs into the System using userID and password. b) Selects PLO achievement comparison c) Enters period of time/semesters d)monitor PLO achieved vs attempted comparisons for course's, program's, department's and school with respect to a given period of time/semesters.					
CO-PLO achieveme nt summary	Student a)Logs into the System using studentID and password. b) Selects CO-PLO Table c) view CO-PLO achievement summary	N/A	Computer/ Laptop a) User will need a computer to access SPMV 2.0  Printer a) Used to print out the report if need be	SPMV2.0 a) The software will generate the summary of CO-PLO achievem ent	SPMV2.0 Database a) The Summary will be stored and updated in the database	Internet a) It is used to login into and access the SPMV2.0
	Department Head a) Logs into the System using		Networkin g Devices (Router, Switch,			

userID		Bridge,		
passwo	ord.	Hub):		
b) Sele		a) Used to access the		
CO-PI	LO	Internet.		
achiev	ement	internet.		
summa	ary			
c) viev	v CO-PLO			
achiev				
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Dogic	xtman2a			
	strar's			
office	2			
a) Log	s into the			
Systen	n using			
userID	and			
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b) Sele				
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	14			
Facu				
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	/ID and			
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b) Sele	ects			
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	v CO-PLO			
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b) Sele				
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summa	w CO-PLO			

achievement			
summary			
VC			
a) Logs into the			
System using			
userID and			
password.			
b) Selects			
CO-PLO			
achievement			
summary			
c) view CO-PLO			
achievement			
summary			

#### 2.7 PROCESS MODEL - PROPOSED SYSTEM:

After understanding the role of each element in each process, the Business process model and notation provides an unambiguous dictation of the exact sequence of steps that will follow to fulfill each process. Every module of this diagram will serve as a high-level starting point for deriving the implementation details in the later chapter.

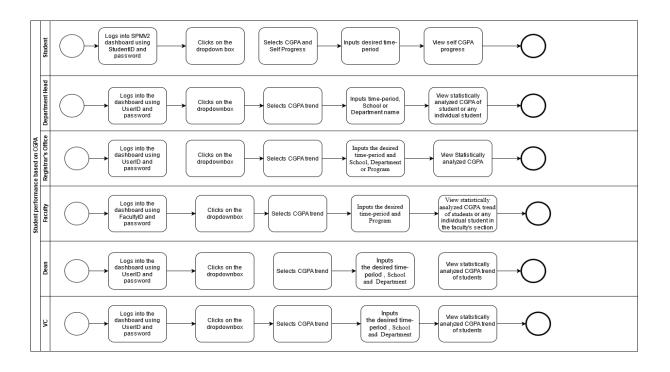


Fig: Student Performance based on CGPA(Process)

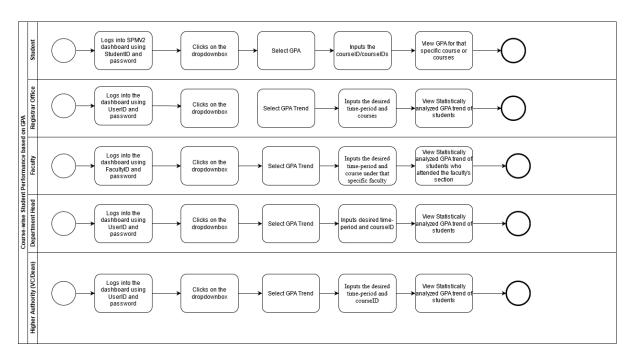


Fig: Course-wise Student Performance based on GPA(Process)

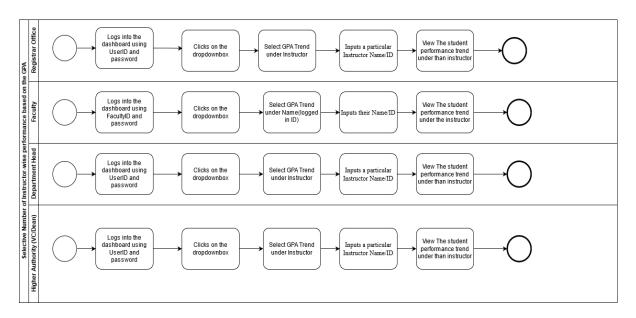


Fig: Selective Number of Instructor-wise performance based on the GPA(Process)

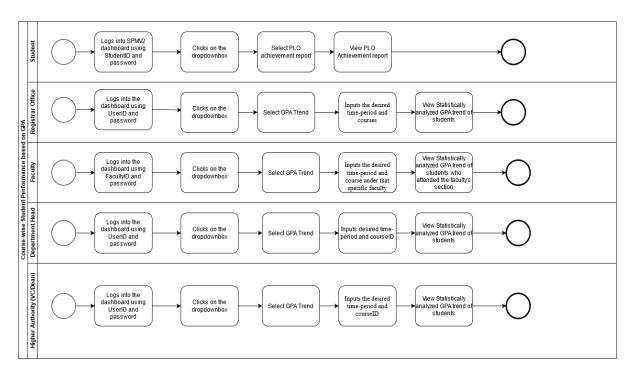


Fig: Course-wise Student Performance based on GPA(Process)

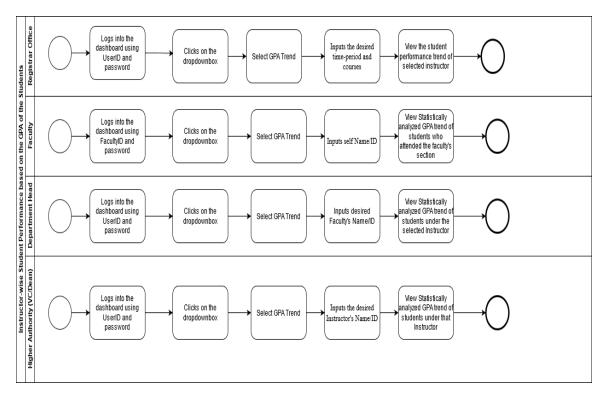


Fig: Instructor-wise Student Performance based on the GPA of the Students

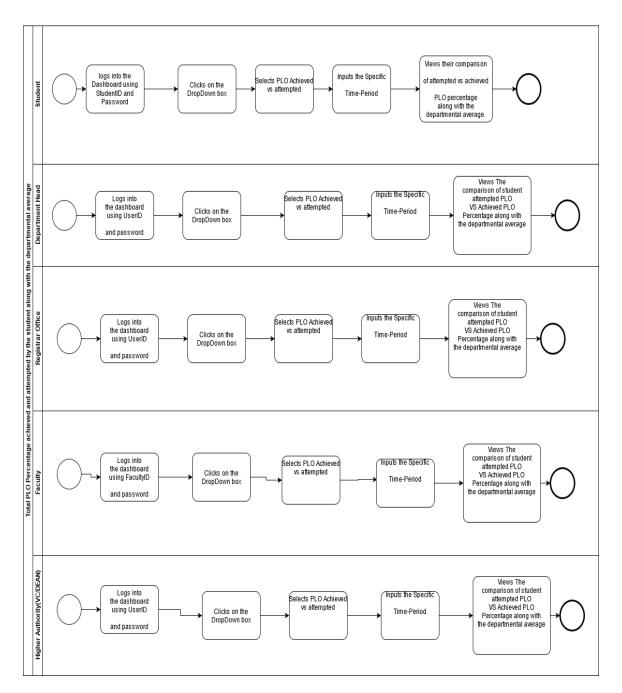


Fig: Total PLO Percentage achieved and attempted by the student along with the departmental average

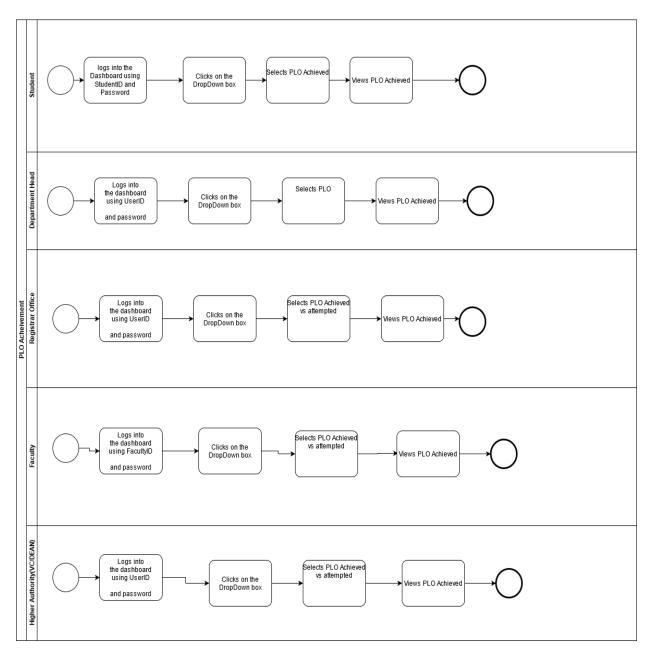


Fig. PLO Achievement (Process)

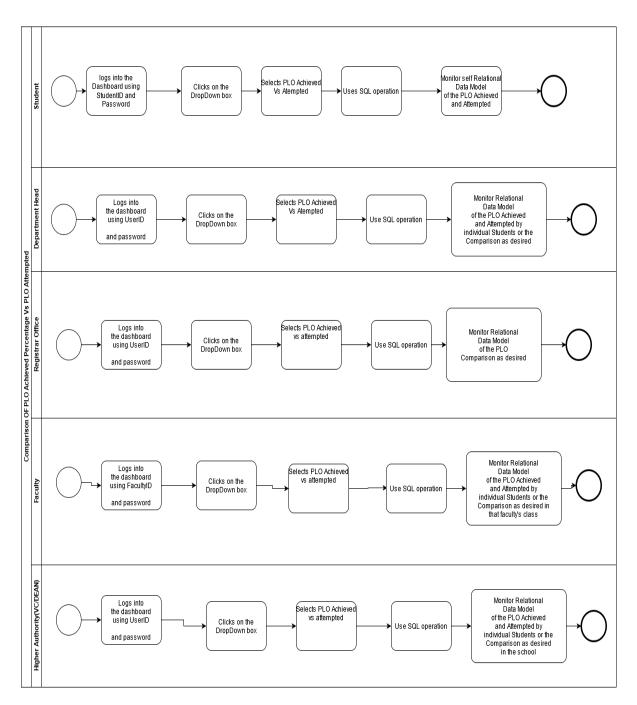


Fig: Comparison of PLO Achieved vs Attempted (Process)

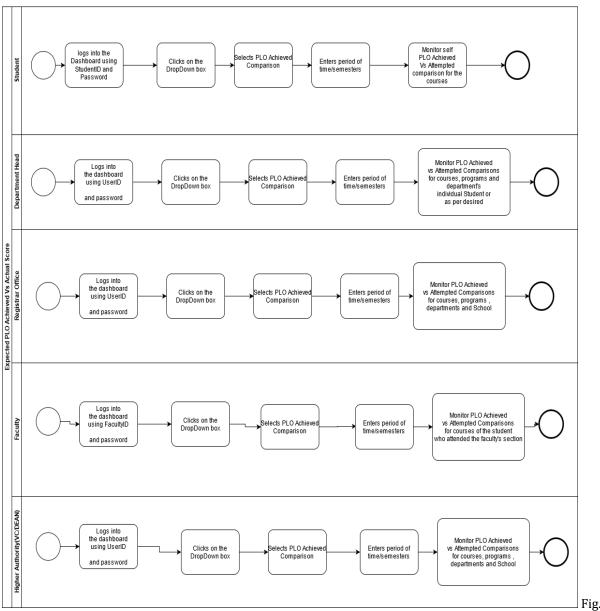


FIG: Expected PLO Achieved Vs Actual Score (Process)

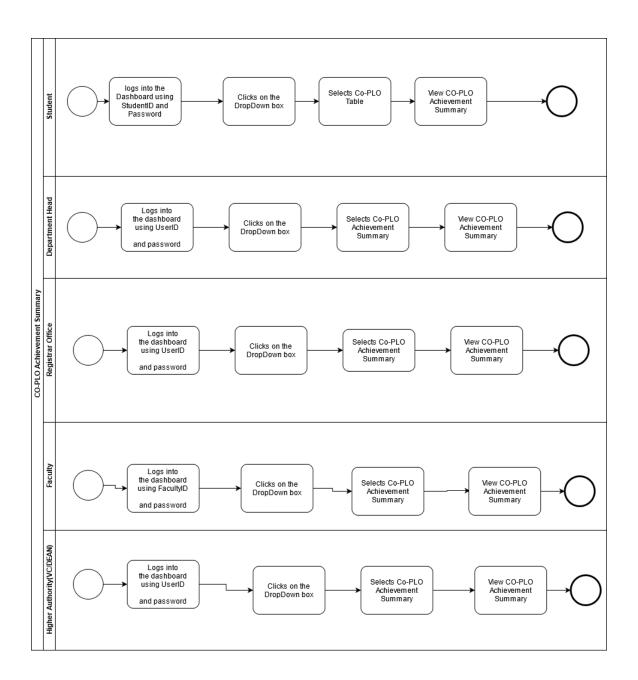


Fig. CO-PLO Summary (Process)

#### Chapter-3.0 LOGICAL SYSTEM DESIGN:

In this chapter, we will be doing the processes of creating a data model of our proposed system for the data to be stored in a database. This data model is a conceptual representation of Data objects, the associations between different data objects, and the rules. Data modeling helps in the visual representation of data and enforces business rules, regulatory compliances, and government policies on the data. Data Models ensure consistency in naming conventions, default values, semantics, security while ensuring quality of the data. We will be designing our proposed system for a better representation of all the data.

#### 3.1 BUSINESS RULE [ SPMS V2.0 ]:

Business rules describe the operations, definitions and constraints that govern the data model. As opposed to the ERD, they are made using regular English sentences so that a non-technical stakeholder can decipher information about the data model without notation knowledge. The business rules that govern our data model are as follows:

- 1. A student must have one department. A STUDENT has StudentID, FirstName, LastName, DateofBirth, Gender, Email, Phone, Address, EnrollmentDate. A department must have many students.
- 2. Student may perform many registrations. A REGISTRATION includes RegistrationID, Semester, Year, Section Id, StutendID. A registration must be performed by at least one student.
- 3. A section mandatorily have many registrations. A registration has at least one section. A section includes SectionID, SectionNum, Courseld, FacultyID, Semester, Year.
- 4. A registration may belong to many EVALUATIONS. An evaluation mandatorily belongs to one registration. An evaluation contains EvaluationID, ObtainedMarks, AssessmentID, RegistrationID.
- 5. An evaluation must have one assessment. An Assessment must have many evaluations. Assessments contains AssessmentsID, AssessmentName, TotalMarks, SectionID, COID, QuestionNum, Weight. An assessment must contain one section. A section contains one or many assessments.
- 6. An assessment must map with one CO's. A CO's maps with one or many assessments. A CO's includes COID, CourseID, PLOID. A CO must contain one Course. A Course contain one or many CO's. A course may have many prerequisites.

7. A CO's must map with one PLO's. A PLO's must map with one or many CO's. PLO includes PLOID, PLONum, Details, ProgramID.

- 8. A PLO must contain one program. A program contains one or many PLO's. A program has ProgramID, ProgramName, DepartmentID. A program must contain one or many courses. A Course must contain one course.
- 9. A program must belong to one department. A department must belong to one or many programs. A department contain DepartmentID, DepartmentName, SchoolID.
- 10. A department must contain one school. A School must contain one or many departments. A school includes SchoolID, SchoolName.
- 11. An employee has four sub-type( Dean, Department Head, Faculty, VC). An employee includes EmployeeID, FirstName, LastName, DateofBirth, Gender, Email, Phone, Address, EmployeeType.
- 12. A school must run by one or many Dean. A dean must run one school. A Dean has SchoolID, StartDate, EndDate.
- 13. A Department must manage one or many Department head. A department head must manage one department. A department head includes DepartmentID, StartDate, EndDate.
- 14. A Faculty must have one Department. A department must have one or many Faculties. A Faculty includes DepartmentID, Rank, JoinDate. A faculty may teach many sections. A section must be taught by one faculty.

#### 3.2 ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM:

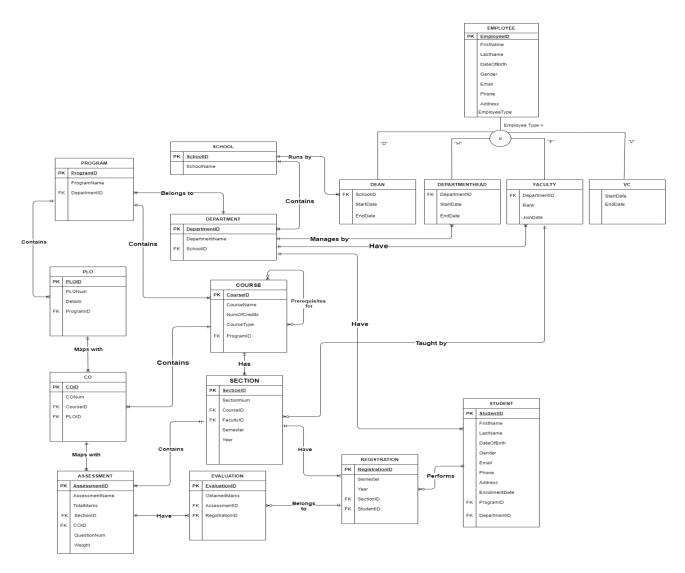
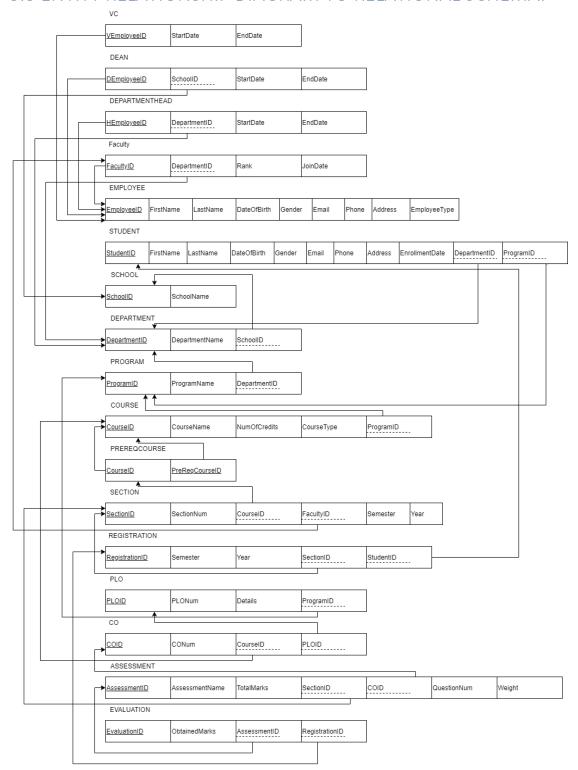


Figure: Entity relationship diagram

#### 3.3 ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM TO RELATIONAL SCHEMA:



### 3.4 NORMALIZATION:

	RegistrationID	r1		EvaluationID	e1
Semester		r2		ObtainedMarks	e2
	Year	r3		AssessmentID	a1
Registration	StudentID	s1 Evaluation		RegistrationID	r1
	SectionID	q1		StudentID	s1
	SectionID	q1		FirstName	s2
	SectionNum	q2		LastName	s3
	Semester	q3		DateOfBirth	s4
	Year	q4		Gender	s5
Section	CourseID	o1	Student	Email	s6
	FacultyID	f1		Phone	s7
	CourseID	o1		Address	s8
	CourseName	o2		EnrollmentDate	s9
Course	NumOfCredits	о3		ProgramID	g1
	CourseType	o4		DepartmentID	d1
	ProgramID	g1		EmployeeID	m1
	ProgramID	g1		FirstName	m2
Program	ProgramName	g2		LastName	m3
	DepartmentID	d1		DateOfBirth	m4
School	SchoolID	11		Gender	m5
School	SchoolName	12	F 1	Email	m6
	DepartmentID	d1	Employee	Phone	m7
Department	DepartmntName	d2		Address	m8
	SchoolID	11		EmployeeType	m9
	COID	c1		VEmployeeID	v1
	CONum	c2	VC	StartDate	v2
CO	CourseID	o1		EndDate	v3
	PLOID	p1		DEmployeeID	n1
	AssessmentID	a1	Doon	SchoolID	11
	AssessmentName	a2	Dean	StartDate	n2
Aggagamant	TotalMarks	a3		EndDate	n3
Assessment	SectionID	q1	Donortmant	HEmployeeID	h1
	COID	c1	Department Head	DepartmentID	d1
	QuestionNum	a4	Heau	StartDate	h2

	Weight	a5		EndDate	h3
Dra Da a Coursa	CourseID	j1		FacultyID	f1
PreReqCourse	PreReqCourseID	j2	Eggylty	DepartmentID	d1
DI O	PLOID	p1	Faculty	Rank	f2
	PLONum	p2		JoinDate	f3
PLO	Details	р3			
	ProgramID	g1			

1→	12	j1 <b>→</b>	j2
d1→	d2, l1	o1 <b>→</b>	o2, o3, o4, g1
g1 <b>→</b>	g2, d1	q1 <b>→</b>	q2, q3, q4, o1, f1
m1→	m2, m3, m4, m5, m6, m7, m8, m9		p2, p3, g1
		p1 <b>→</b>	
v1 <b>→</b>	v2, v3		c2, o1, p1
		c1 <b>→</b>	
n1→	n2, n3, l1		r2, r3, s1, q1
		r1 <del>→</del>	
h1→	h2, h3, d1		a2, a3, a4,a5, q1, c1
		a1 <b>→</b>	
f1→	f2, f3, d1		e2, a1, r1
		e1 <b>→</b>	
s1 <b>→</b>	s2, s3, s4, s5, s6, s7, s8, s9, g1,		
	d1		

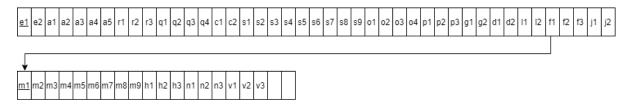
SchoolID→	SchoolName				
DepartmentID→	DepartmentName, SchoolID				
ProgramID→	ProgramName, DepartmentID				
EmployeeID→	FirstName, LastName, Gender, DateOfBirth, Email, Phone, Address, EmployeeType				
VEmployeeID→	StartDate, EndDate				
DEmployeeID→	SchoolID, StartDate, EndDate				
HEmployeeID→	DepartmentID, StartDate, EndDate				
FacultyID→	DepartmentID, Rank, JoinDate				
StudentID→	FirstName, LastName, DateOfBirth, Gender, Email, Phone, Address, Enrollmentdate, DepartmentID, ProgramID				
CourseID→	CourseName, NumOfCredits, CourseType, ProgramID				
CourseID→	PreReqCourseID				
SectionID→	SectionNum, Semester, Year, CourseID, FacultyID				
PLOID→	PLONum, Details, ProgramID				
COID→	CONum, PLOID, CourseID				
RegistrationID→	Semester, Year, SectionID, StudentID				

AssessmentID→	AssessmentName, QuestionNum, TotalMarks, COID, SectionID, Weight
EvaluationID→	ObtainedMarks, AssesmentID, RegistrationID

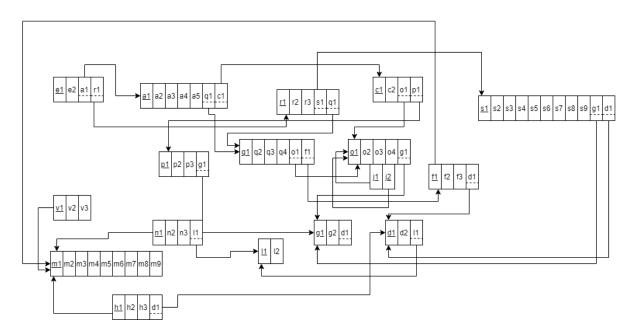
**1NF:** A relation that has a primary key and in which there are no repeating groups.



**2NF**: A relation in first normal form in which every non-key attribute is fully functionally dependent on the primary key.



**3NF:** A relation that is in second normal form and has no transitive dependencies.



**BCNF:** All determinants are candidate keys. There is no determinant that is not a unique identifier. Here, all the relations already are in BCNF.

#### 3.6 DATA DICTIONARY:

### School\_T

Name	Data Type	Size	Remarks
cSchoolID	VARCHAR	5	This is the primary key of School.
			E.g: "SETS"
cSchoolName	VARCHAR	50	This is the name of the School.
			E.g: "School of Engineering, Technology &
			Science".

Program\_T

Name	Data Type	Size	Remarks
cProgramID	INTEGER		This is the primary key for a program.
			E.g: "1"
cProgramName	VARCHAR	50	This is the name of the program.
			E.g: "Bachelor of Science"
cDepartmentID	VARCHAR	3	This is the foreign key from the
			Department table.
			E.g: "CSE"

Department\_T

Name	Data Type	Size	Remarks
cDepartmentID	VARCHAR	3	This is the primary key for the
			Department table.
			E.g: "CSE"
cDepartmentName	VARCHAR	50	This is the name of the department.
			E.g: "Computer Science and
			Engineering".
cSchoolID	VARCHAR	5	This is a foreign key from the School
			table.
			E.g: "SETS".

## Student\_T

Name	Data Type	Size	Remarks
nStudentID	INTEGER		This is the primary key for the
			Student table.
			E.g: "1921834".
cFirstName	VARCHAR	30	This is the first name of the student.
			E.g: "Rakibul".
cLastName	VARCHAR	30	This is the last name of the student.
			E.g: "Hasan".
dDateOfBirth	DATE	DD-	This is the birth date of the student.
		MM-	E.g: "21-12-1996".
		YYYY	
cGender	VARCHAR	6	This is the gender of the student.
			E.g: "Female".
cEmail	VARCHAR	30	This is the email of the student.
			E.g: "1921834@iub.edu.bd"
nPhone	NUMERIC	11	This is the phone of the student.
			E.g: "01XXXXXXXXX".
cAddress	VARCHAR	50	This is the address of the student.
			E.g: "House 1,Road 4,Block D,
			Bashundhara RA
cDepartmentID	VARCHAR	3	This is the foreign key from the
			Department table.
			E.g: "CSE"

cProgramID	INTEGER		This is the foreign key from the
			Program table.
			E.g: "1"
dEnrollmentDate	DATE	DD-	This is enrollment date of the
		MM-	student.
		YYYY	E.g.: "1-1-2019"

# CO\_T

Name	Data Type	Size	Remarks
cCOID	VARCHAR	9	This is the primary key for the CO table.
			E.g: "CO1".
nCONum	INTEGER		This is the CO number.
			E.g: 1,2 etc.
cCourseID	VARCHAR	6	This is the foreign key from the Course table.
			E.g: "CSE303"
cPLOID	VARCHAR	5	This is the foreign key from the PLO table.
			E.g: "PLO1"

### PLO\_T

1 20_1				
Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks	
cPLOID	VARCHAR	5	This is the primary key for Program Learning	
			Outcome.	
			E.g: "PLO1"	
nPLONum	INTEGER		This is the PLO number. E.g: "1"	
cDetails	VARCHAR	50	This is the details for Program Learning	
			Outcome.	
			E.g: "An ability to select and apply the	
			knowledge, technique, skills and modern	
			tools of the computer science and engineering	
			discipline "	
cProgramID	INTEGER		This is a foreign key from Program table.	
			E.g: "1"	

Employee\_T

employee_r			
Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks
nEmployeeID	INTEGER		This is the primary key for Employee
			table.
			E.g: "1801"
cFirstName	VARCHAR	30	This is the first name of the faculty.
			E.g: "Sadita"
cLastName	VARCHAR	30	This is the last name of the faculty.
			E.g: "Ahmed"
dDateofbirth	DATE	DD-MM-	This is the date of Birth of the faculty.
		YYYY	E.g:01-01-1992
cGender	VARCHAR	6	This is the gender of the faculty.
			Eg: "Female"
cEmail	VARCHAR	30	This is the email address of the
			Student.
			E.g: "1675231@iub.edu.bd"
nPhone	NUMERIC	11	This is the phone number of the
			Faculty.
			E.g: "01292383111"
cAddress	VARCHAR	30	This is the address of the Faculty.
			E.g: "House 14, Road 21, Sector
			11,Baridara,Dhaka, Bangladesh"
cEmployeeType	CHAR	1	This is the type of the employee.
			E.g: "F"

### Course\_T

_			
Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks
cCourseID	VARCHAR	6	This is the Primary Key for the Course. E.g.
			"CSE203"
cCourseName	VARCHAR	40	This is the name of the Course.
			E.g: "Discreet Mathematics"
nNumOfCredits	INTEGER		This is the number of credits for the
			Course.
			E.g: "3"
cCourseType	VARCHAR	10	This is the type of the Course. E.g: "Core"

cProgramID	INTEGER	This is the foreign key from the program
		table.
		E.g: "1"

### Section\_T

Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks
nSectionID	INTEGER		This is the Primary Key for Section.
			E.g: "1"
nSectionNum	INTEGER		This is the section number.
			E.g: "1"
cCourseID	VARCHAR	6	This is the foreign key from the Course
			table.
			E.g: "CSE101"
cFacultyID	NUMERIC	4	This is the foreign key from Faculty table.
			E.g: "1801"
cSemester	VARCHAR	6	This is the semester of the section.
			E.g: "Summer"

Registration\_T

Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks
nRegistrationID	INTEGER		This is the Primary Key for Registration. E.g: "0101010101"
cSemester	VARCHAR	6	This is the semester of registration. E.g. "Spring"
dYear	YEAR	уууу	This is the year of registration. E.g: "2019"
nSectionID	INTEGER		This is the Foreign Key from Section table E.g: "1"
nStudentID	INTEGER		This is the Foreign key from the Student Table. E.g: "1800001"

# Assessment\_T

Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks
nAssessmentID	INTEGER		This is the Primary Key for Assessment.
cAssessmentName	VARCHAR	30	This is the name of the assessment.
			E.g: "Mid"
cTotalMarks	NUMBER		This is the total marks of the
			assessment.
			E.g: "30"
nSectionID	INTEGER		This is the Foreign Key from Section
			table.
nCOID	INTEGER		This is the Foreign Key from the Course
			Outcome table.
nQuestionNum	INTEGER		This is the question number for
			assessment.
			E.g: "1,2,3"
nWeight	INTEGER		This is the percentage range for
			assessment.
			E.g: "Project- 50%, Assessment-50%".

## **Evaluation\_T**

Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks
nEvaluationID	INTEGER		This is the Primary Key for Enrollment.
cObtainedMarks	NUMBER		This is the obtained marks of the student.
			E.g: "24.5"
cAssessmentID	INTEGER		This is the foreign key from the
			assessment table.
nRegistrationID	INTEGER		This is the Foreign Key from Registration
			table.

# VC\_T

Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks
nVEmployeeID	INTEGER		This is the foreign key from the

			Employee table. E.g: "4250"
dStartDate	DATE	dd-mm-	This is starting date for the VC. E.g.
		уууу	"01-03-2020"
dEndDate	DATE	dd-mm-	This is the date VC retire from his
		уууу	post. E.g: "01-03-2024"

### $DEAN\_T$

Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks
nDEmployeeID	INTEGER		This is the foreign key from the
			Employee table.
			E.g: "4250"
cSchoolID	VARCHAR	5	This is the SchoolID of the school
			DEAN manages.
			E.g: "SETS"
dStartDate	DATE	dd-mm-	This is starting date.
		уууу	E.g: "01-03-2020"
dEndDate	DATE	dd-mm-	This is the date DEAN retire from his
		уууу	post. E.g: "01-03-2024"

### ${\bf DEPARTMENTHEAD\_T}$

Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks
nHEmployeeID	INTEGER		This is the foreign key from the Employee table. E.g: "4250"
cDepartmentID	VARCHAR	3	This is the DepartmentID of the department HEAD manages. E.g: "CSE"
dStartDate	DATE	dd-mm- yyyy	This is starting date. E.g: "01-03-2020"
dEndDate	DATE	dd-mm- yyyy	This is the date HEAD retire from his post. E.g: "01-03-2024"

# Faculty\_T

Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks
nFacultyID	INTEGER		This is the foreign key from the
			Employee table.
			E.g: "4250"
cDepartmentID	VARCHAR	3	This is the DepartmentID of the
			department faculty belongs to.
			E.g: "CSE"
dJoinDate	DATE	dd-mm-	This is starting date.
		уууу	E.g: "01-03-2020"
cRank	VARCHAR	30	This is the rank of the faculty.
			E.g: "Assistant Professor"

# PreReqCourse\_T

Name	Datatype	Size	Remarks
cCourseID	VARCHAR	6	This is the foreign key from the Course table. E.g: "CSE303"
cPreReqCourseID	VARCHAR	6	This is the foreign key from the Course table . E.g: CSE203