上海商業銀行股份有限公司 新核心系統 INFRA 軟硬體設備建置專案服務

OCP CI/CD Jenkins pipeline 初版腳本

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OCP Application CI/CD Jenkins 腳本 Sample

```
*OpenShift 相關設定,請參考文件: Jenkins 導入 openshift-client 外掛。
*Trivy 相關設定,請參考文件: Trivy 離線版安裝。
```

腳本範例如下:

```
pipeline {
   agent any
   tools {
      oc 'OpenShift CLI'
   environment {
      GIT_REPO_URL = 'https://gitlab.brobridge.lab/ocp-demo/vue-cicd.git'
      GIT_REPO_SSH_URL = 'git@gitlab.brobridge.lab:ocp-demo/vue-cicd.git'
      CONTAINER_REGISTRY = 'hb.k8sbridge.com'
      CONTAINER_PROJECT = 'scsb'
      CONTAINER_NAME = 'demo-vue'
      CICDAPISERVICE_URL = 'http://jenkins.brobridge.lab:5001'
      OPENSHIFT_SERVER = 'lab-ocp'
      OPENSHIFT_PROJECT = 'dev'
      APP_NAME = 'demo-vue'
   }
   stages {
      stage('Declarative: Checkout SCM') { // for display purposes
         steps {
            echo '========'
             echo 'Declarative: Checkout SCM'
             echo '========='
            script {
                // 使用 withCredentials 來取得 Git 的帳號密碼
                withCredentials([gitUsernamePassword(credentialsId:
'79206b5c-2aa3-471c-a6fb-36b25eb3cd7e', gitToolName: 'git-tool')]) {
                   // 使用 GitSCM 來 checkout
                   checkout([
                      $class: 'GitSCM',
                      branches: [[name: 'dev']],
                      userRemoteConfigs: [[url: "${GIT_REPO_URL}",
credentialsId: '79206b5c-2aa3-471c-a6fb-36b25eb3cd7e']]
                   // 取得 Git 的 commit hash
```

```
env.GIT_COMMIT = sh(script: 'git rev-parse HEAD',
returnStdout: true).trim()
                   // 取得 Git 的 commit 簡短 hash
                   env.GIT_COMMIT_SHORT = sh(script: "git rev-parse --
short ${GIT_COMMIT}", returnStdout: true).trim()
               // 設定 IMAGE 的版本
               env.APP_VERSION = env.GIT_COMMIT_SHORT
            echo "GIT_COMMIT: ${env.GIT_COMMIT}"
            echo "APP_VERSION: ${env.APP_VERSION}"
      stage('Build') {
         steps {
            echo '============'
            echo 'Build'
            echo '========'
            // 銹鍋 Jenkins 的 withCredentials 來取得 Harbor 的帳號密碼
            withCredentials([usernamePassword(credentialsId: 'e16751f7-
c6b3-489d-9640-ea70719d02d2', passwordVariable: 'HARBOR_PASSWORD',
usernameVariable: 'HARBOR_USER')]) {
               // podman login
               sh "echo '$HARBOR_PASSWORD' | podman login
${CONTAINER_REGISTRY} -v -u ${HARBOR_USER} --password-stdin"
            // 直接在 Jenkins 系統上執行指令
            script {
               // 執行 podman build 指令
               sh " podman build -t
${CONTAINER_REGISTRY}/${CONTAINER_PROJECT}/${CONTAINER_NAME}:${APP_VERSION
} ."
                env.HASH = sh(returnStdout: true, script: "podman inspect
-f '{{.Digest}}'
${CONTAINER_REGISTRY}/${CONTAINER_PROJECT}/${CONTAINER_NAME}:${APP_VERSION
}").trim()
            }
            println(env.HASH)
            sh "podman logout ${CONTAINER_REGISTRY}"
         }
      stage('Publish to harbor') {
         steps {
            echo '========'
            echo 'Publish to harbor'
```

```
// 透過 Jenkins 的 withCredentials 來取得 Harbor 的帳號密碼
             withCredentials([usernamePassword(credentialsId: 'e16751f7-
c6b3-489d-9640-ea70719d02d2', passwordVariable: 'HARBOR_PASSWORD',
usernameVariable: 'HARBOR_USER')]) {
                // podman login
                sh "echo '$HARBOR_PASSWORD' | podman login
${CONTAINER_REGISTRY} -v -u ${HARBOR_USER} --password-stdin"
             script {
                // 取得 RepoDigest
                def repoDigest = sh(returnStdout: true, script: "podman")
inspect -f '{{index .RepoDigests 0}}'
${CONTAINER_REGISTRY}/${CONTAINER_PROJECT}/${CONTAINER_NAME}:${APP_VERSION
}").trim()
                // 使用 podman push RepoDigest
                sh "podman push ${repoDigest}"
                // push image 到 harbor
                sh "podman push
${CONTAINER_REGISTRY}/${CONTAINER_PROJECT}/${CONTAINER_NAME}:${APP_VERSION
} "
                withCredentials([file(credentialsId: 'cosign-private-
key', variable: 'COSIGN_PRIVATE_KEY'), string(credentialsId: 'cosign-
password', variable: 'COSIGN_PASSWORD')]) {
                   println(repoDigest)
                   // 使用 cosign 簽名
                   sh "cosign sign --key '${COSIGN_PRIVATE_KEY}' --tlog-
upload=false --allow-insecure-registry=true ${repoDigest}"
                sh "podman logout ${CONTAINER_REGISTRY}"
         }
      stage('Publish YAML to Nexus') {
         steps {
             script {
                // 指定上傳的檔案
                def yamlFiles = findFiles(glob: 'ocp-yaml/*.yaml')
                if (yamlFiles.length > 0) {
                   yamlFiles.each { file ->
                      echo "Uploading ${file.name} to Nexus..."
                      // 上傳到 Nexus
                      // credentialsId: Nexus 的帳號密碼
                      // nexusUrl: Nexus 的 URL
                      // nexusVersion: Nexus 的版本
```

```
// protocol: 使用的協定
                       // repository: 上傳的 repository
                       // groupId: 上傳的 groupId
                       // version: 上傳的版本
                       // artifacts: 上傳的檔案
                       nexusArtifactUploader(
                          credentialsId: '5a189b4b-734a-454f-b132-
ae5fe0e33136',
                          nexusUrl: 'nexus.brobridge.lab',
                          nexusVersion: 'nexus3',
                          protocol: 'https',
                          repository: 'ocp-yaml-repository',
                          groupId: 'com.yourcompany.yaml',
                          version: '1.0.0',
                          artifacts: [
                              [artifactId: file.name.replace('.yaml', ''),
                              classifier: '',
                              file: file.path,
                              type: 'yaml']
                          1
                       )
                    }
                } else {
                    error 'No YAML files found in ocp-yaml directory.'
             }
          }
      stage('Download YAMLs from Nexus') {
          steps {
             script {
                // 從 Nexus 下載檔案
                // 因 Nexus 上傳檔案需指定版本,所以下載時也需指定版本
                def filesToDownload = [
                    'https://nexus.brobridge.lab/repository/ocp-yaml-
repository/com/yourcompany/yaml/deployment/1.0.0/deployment-1.0.0.yaml',
                    'https://nexus.brobridge.lab/repository/ocp-yaml-
repository/com/yourcompany/yaml/route/1.0.0/route-1.0.0.yaml',
                    'https://nexus.brobridge.lab/repository/ocp-yaml-
repository/com/yourcompany/yaml/service/1.0.0/service-1.0.0.yaml'
                // credentialsId: Nexus 的帳號密碼
                def credentialsId = '5a189b4b-734a-454f-b132-ae5fe0e33136'
                // 下載的目錄
                def downloadDirectory = 'downloaded-files'
```

```
// 建立目錄
                sh "mkdir -p ${downloadDirectory}"
               withCredentials([usernamePassword(credentialsId:
credentialsId, passwordVariable: 'NEXUS_PASSWORD', usernameVariable:
'NEXUS_USERNAME')]) {
                   // 下載檔案
                   filesToDownload.each { fileUrl ->
                      // 取得檔案名稱
                      def fileName = fileUrl.tokenize('/').last()
                      // 下載的檔案路徑
                      def destinationFile =
"${downloadDirectory}/${fileName}"
                      echo "Downloading ${fileUrl} to
${destinationFile}..."
                      // 使用 curl 下載檔案
                      sh " curl -u $NEXUS_USERNAME:$NEXUS_PASSWORD -o
${destinationFile} ${fileUrl}"
               echo "All files downloaded to ${downloadDirectory}."
         }
      stage('Trivy scan image') {
         steps {
            echo '========'
            echo 'Trivy scan'
            echo '==============
            sh 'mkdir -p reports'
            // 使用 Trivy 進行掃描 image
            // --skip-db-update: 跳過更新 Trivy 的資料庫
            // --skip-java-db-update: 跳過更新 Java 的資料庫
            // --offline-scan: 離線掃描
            // --skip-check-update: 跳過檢查更新
            // --format template: 輸出格式為 template
            // --template '@/usr/local/share/trivy/templates/html.tpl': 使
用 HTML 的格式
            // template 要有讀的權限
            // -o reports/trivy-image-report.html: 輸出檔案為 reports/trivy-
image-report.html
            sh "trivy image --skip-db-update \
               --skip-java-db-update \
                --offline-scan \
                --skip-check-update \
                --format template \
```

```
--template '@/usr/local/share/trivy/templates/html.tpl' \
                -o reports/trivy-image-report.html \
${CONTAINER_REGISTRY}/${CONTAINER_PROJECT}/${CONTAINER_NAME}:${APP_VERSION
}"
             // 上傳報告到 Jenkins
             publishHTML([
                allowMissing: true,
                alwaysLinkToLastBuild: false,
                keepAll: true,
                reportDir: 'reports',
                reportFiles: 'trivy-image-report.html',
                reportName: 'Trivy Image Report',
                reportTitles: 'Trivy Image Report',
                useWrapperFileDirectly: true
             ])
         }
      }
      stage('Trivy scan kubernetes YAML') {
         steps {
             script {
                // 使用 Trivy 進行掃描 kubernetes YAML
                // yaml 内容中有 {{HARBOR_URL}} 的地方會被取代成
harbor.example.com/demo-vue:latest
                // 但 {{HARBOR_URL}} 並不是真實的 URL,所以掃描時會有錯誤,所以需
要先取代成真實的 URL,掃描完後再還原
                sh "sed -i 's#{{HARBOR_URL}}}#harbor.example.com/demo-
vue:latest#g' ocp-yaml/deployment.yaml"
                // --skip-check-update: 跳過檢查更新
                // --severity HIGH, CRITICAL: 只顯示 HIGH 和 CRITICAL 的問題
                // --format template: 輸出格式為 template
                // --template
'@/usr/local/share/trivy/templates/html.tpl': 使用 HTML 的格式
                // template 要有讀的權限
                // -o reports/report_yaml.html: 輸出檔案為
reports/report_yaml.html
                sh "trivy config --format template \
                   --skip-check-update \
                   --severity HIGH, CRITICAL \
                   --template
'@/usr/local/share/trivy/templates/html.tpl' \
                   -o reports/report_yaml.html \
                   ./ocp-yaml/"
                sh 'git checkout -- ocp-yaml/deployment.yaml'
             }
```

```
// 上傳報告到 Jenkins
             publishHTML([
                allowMissing: true,
                alwaysLinkToLastBuild: false,
                keepAll: true,
                reportDir: 'reports',
                reportFiles: 'report_yaml.html',
                reportName: 'Trivy YAML Report',
                reportTitles: 'Trivy YAML Report',
                useWrapperFileDirectly: true
             ])
         }
      stage('Deploy to OCP') {
         steps {
            echo '========'
             echo 'Deploy to OCP'
             echo '========='
            // 修改 deployment.yaml 的 IMAGE 版本
             script {
                // 參照 sed 's#{{HARBOR_URL}}#hb.k8sbridge.com/scsb/demo-
vue:dev#g' deployment.yaml
                sh "sed -i
's#{{HARBOR_URL}}#${CONTAINER_REGISTRY}/${CONTAINER_PROJECT}/${CONTAINER_N
AME}:${APP_VERSION}#g' ocp-yaml/deployment.yaml"
             script {
                // 指定 Openshift Cluster Server,需先在系統設定 Openshift
Cluster Server
                openshift.withCluster(OPENSHIFT_SERVER) {
                   // 指定 Openshift Project 名稱,需先有針對該 Project 的權限
                   openshift.withProject(OPENSHIFT_PROJECT) {
                      //openshift.verbose() // 開啟 verbose 模式
                      // 檢查是否存在 deployments 和 pods
                      deploymentsExist =
openshift.selector('deployments', "${APP_NAME}").exists()
                      podsExist = openshift.selector('pods', [app:
"${APP_NAME}"]).exists()
                      //openshift.verbose(false) // 關閉 verbose 模式
                      // 部署應用程式
                      deployment = openshift.raw('apply', '-f', 'ocp-
yaml/deployment.yaml')
                      deployment = openshift.raw('apply', '-f', 'ocp-
yaml/service.yaml')
```

```
deployment = openshift.raw('apply', '-f', 'ocp-
yaml/route.yaml')
                    }
                 }
          }
      }
      //印出 Route URL
      stage('Print Route URL') {
          steps {
             script {
                // 指定 Openshift Cluster Server
                 openshift.withCluster(OPENSHIFT_SERVER) {
                    // 指定 Openshift Project 名稱
                    openshift.withProject(OPENSHIFT_PROJECT) {
                       // 取得 Route URL
                       routeURL = openshift.raw('get', 'route',
"${APP_NAME}", '-o', 'jsonpath={.spec.host}')
                       echo "routeURL: ${routeURL.out}"
                    }
                 }
             }
         }
     }
   }
}
```