# **INDEX**

Sr. No.	Date	Title	Pg. No.	Signature
1.		Installing Raspbian on Raspberry Pi and executing applications on it using Python and node.js	2	
2.		Create a home automation system and control the devices remotely.	6	
3.		Implement Microservices on IoT device	11	
4.		Build your own IoT platform	12	
5.		Face Detection using IoT Device	17	

**Aim**: Installing Raspbian on Raspberry Pi and executing applications on it using Python and node.js

Hardware: Raspberry Pi Kit

Software: Raspberry Pi OS, Python, Nodejs

**Steps to be followed:** 

## Step 1: Installing Raspberry Pi

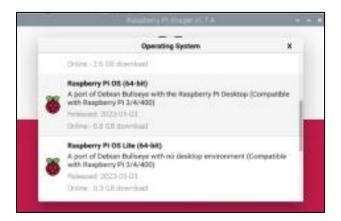
• To Install Raspberry Pi OS in SD Card, use Raspberry Pi Imager



• Select 'Choose OS'



• Now we are only installing Raspberry PI OS only select **Raspberry PI OS (OTHER)** 



- Choose This Version **64bit**(don't select the LITE VERSION)
- After Connecting all the required connection to the Raspberry Pi now boot it up.

#### Step 2: Intsall Python and Node.js

• To install Python, open terminal and give the below command:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install python3 idle3
```

Then set the variable path:

```
Echo 'export PATH="$PATH:/home/admin/.local/bin"'>> ~/bashrc
```

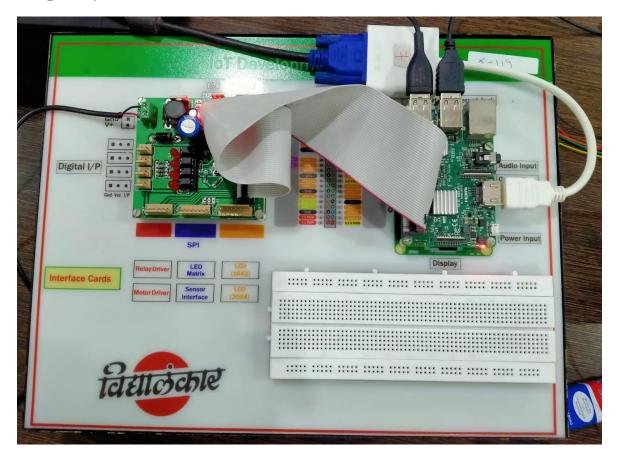
• To install Node.js give the below command in the terminal: sudo apt-get install nodejs

#### Step 3: Running python code and nodejs code in raspberry pi

• Open Any Programming Editor and write the code



# **Raspberry Pi Circuit:**



## **Source Code:**

## Python Code:

```
num1 = 1.5
num2 = 6.3

# Add two numbers
sum = num1 + num2

# Display the sum
print('The sum of {0} and {1} is {2}'.format(num1, num2, sum))
```

For nodejs to execute type node on terminal.

# **Output:**

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/opencv/siri/practice/Prac1 $ sudo python addition.py
The sum of 1.5 and 6.3 is 7.8
pi@raspberrypi:~/opencv/siri/practice/Prac1 $ node
> 1 + 2
3
> a=1
1
> b=2
2
> a+b
3
> ■
```

**Aim**: Create a home automation system and control the devices remotely.

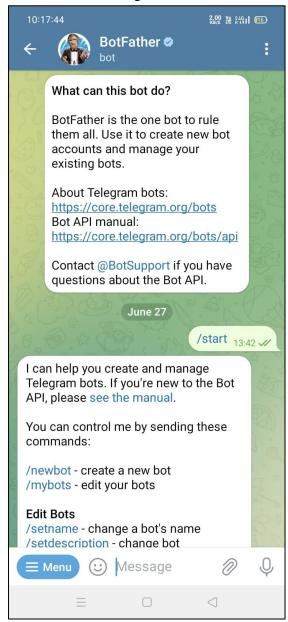
**Hardware**: Raspberry pi kit, relay, battery, bulb, fan, cables

Software: Raspberry Pi OS, Python, Telegram, Telepot

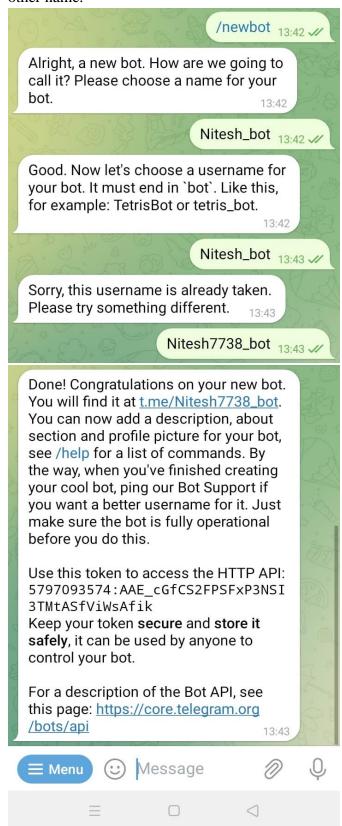
## **Steps to be followed:**

#### Setting up BotFather in Telegram

- In Telegram App, search for BotFather.
- Send /start message

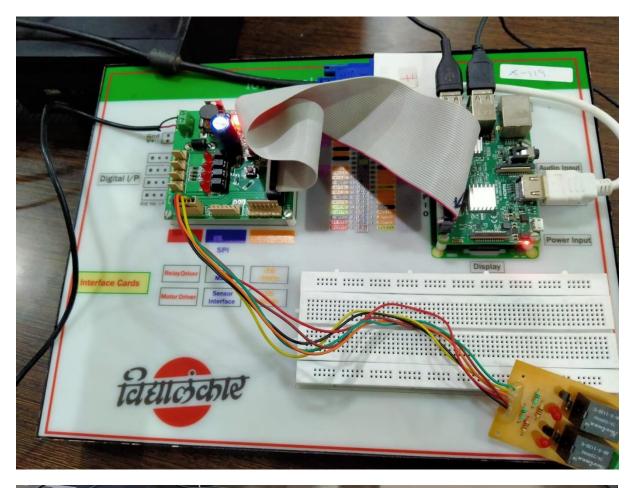


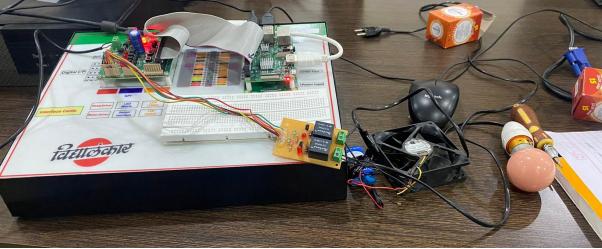
- To create a new bot, send /newbot message. (Refer to the image below)
- It will ask the bot name, give suitable name to your bot. If the name is available, bot will be created and token will be given to access the API, else will ask you to give the other name.



# **Raspberry Pi Circuit:**

• Connect the relay, fan and bulb with cables. The other end of the relay connector connect it with relay driver slot on the raspberry pi kit. Refer to the below image for the circuit.



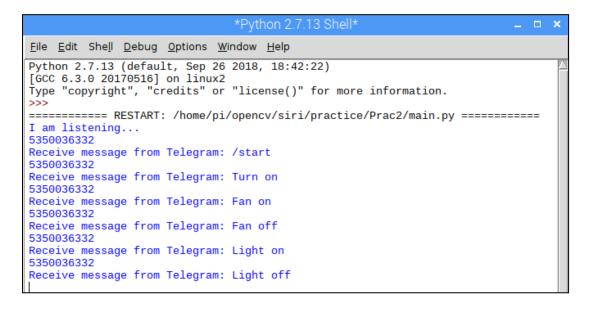


## **Source Code:**

```
import sys
import time
import random
import datetime
import telepot
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
RELAY1 = 20
RELAY2 = 16
FAN = RELAY1
LIGHT = RELAY2
GPIO.setwarnings(False)
# to use Raspberry Pi board pin numbers
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
GPIO.cleanup()
# set up GPIO output channel
GPIO.setup(RELAY1, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(RELAY2, GPIO.OUT)
#Your Telegram token key variable.
telegramBotToken = '6212499066:AAEjXEFaH LQV80Q6SFn ZYpa0RbhDQyHe8'
#function to on and off devices
def on (pin):
        GPIO.output (pin, GPIO.HIGH)
        return "on"
def off(pin):
        GPIO.output(pin, GPIO.LOW)
        return "off"
def handle(msq):
    chat id = msg['chat']['id']
    print str(chat id)
    command = str(msg['text'])
    print 'Receive message from Telegram: %s' % command
    if 'Fan' in command or 'fan' in command:
            if 'on' in command:
                    bot.sendMessage(chat id, str( "Fan " + on(FAN) ))
            elif 'off' in command:
                    bot.sendMessage(chat id, str( "Fan " + off(FAN) ))
    elif 'Light' in command or 'light' in command:
            if 'on' in command:
                    bot.sendMessage(chat id, str( "Light " + on(LIGHT) ))
            elif 'off' in command:
                    bot.sendMessage(chat id, str("Light " + off(LIGHT) ))
bot = telepot.Bot(telegramBotToken)
bot.message loop(handle)
print 'I am listening...'
while 1:
```

time.sleep(10)

## **Output:**





**Aim**: Implement Microservices on IoT device

Hardware: Raspberry pi kit

Software: Raspberry Pi OS, Python

**Source Code:** 

Install Flask package with the below command in the terminal:

```
sudo pip install Flask
```

## service1.py

```
from flask import Flask
app=Flask(__name__)
@app.route('/')
def hello():
    return "hello from microservices1"
if __name__ =='__main__':
    app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=5000)
```

#### service2.py

```
import requests
//replace the url in below statement with the url that you get
// after running the service1.py
response=requests.get("http://0.0.0.0:5000")
print (response.text)
```

## **Output:**

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/opencv/siri/practice $ sudo python service1.py
 * Running on http://0.0.0.0:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
127.0.0.1 - - [27/Jun/2023 16:42:27] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/opencv/siri/practice $ sudo python service2.py
hello from microservices1
pi@raspberrypi:~/opencv/siri/practice $
```

Aim: Build your own IoT platform

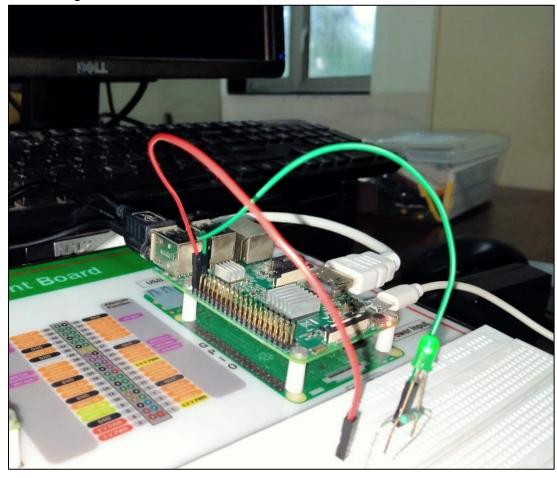
Hardware: Raspberry pi kit, LED, breadboard, cables, resistor, USB adapter

2.1 Amp

Software: Raspberry Pi OS, Python

# Rasberry Pi circuit:

• Connect LED, resistor and cables on breadboard with raspberry pi as shown in the below image:



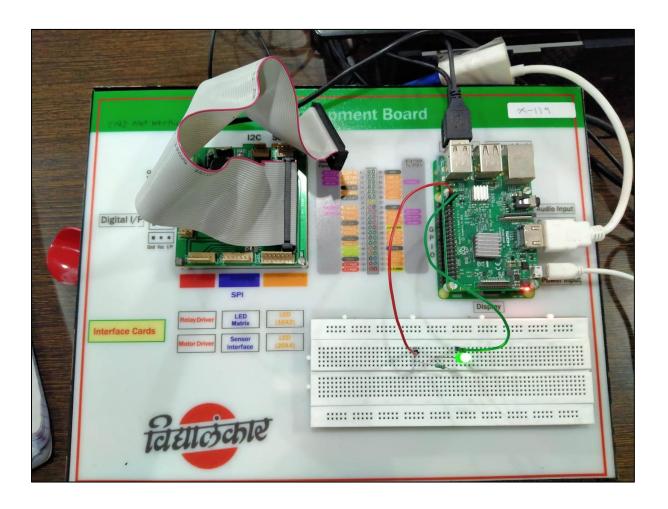
## **Source Code:**

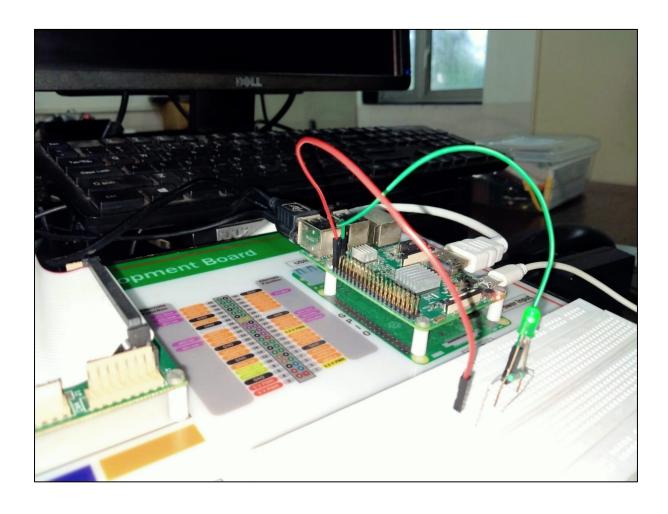
```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
from flask import Flask, request
#Define GPIO pin
led pin = 21
#set GPIO mode
GPIO.setwarnings(False)
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
GPIO.setup(led_pin, GPIO.OUT)
#Create Flask app
app = Flask(__name__)
#Define route to handle HTTP POST request
@app.route('/',methods=['POST'])
def handle post():
     message = request.get data(as text=True)
      if message == "ON":
           GPIO.output(led pin, GPIO.HIGH)
      elif message == "OFF":
           GPIO.output(led pin, GPIO.LOW)
        return 'OK'
if __name__ =='__main ':
      app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=8080)
```

## **Output:**

```
pi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ chmod +X iot_platform.py
pi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ sudo ch
chage
                   chattr
                                        chgpasswd
                                                            chpasswd
                                                                                chsh
chardet3
                                                            chromium-browser
                    chcon
                                        chgrp
                                                                                chvt
chardetect
                                        chmod
                    chcpu
                                                            chroot
chardetect3
                    chfn
                                        chown
                                                            chrt
pi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ sudo chmod +X iot_platform.py
pi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ sudo python iot_platform.py
 * Running on http://0.0.0.0:8080/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
127.0.0.1 - - [27/Jun/2023 16:41:31] "POST / HTTP/1.1" 200 - 127.0.0.1 - - [27/Jun/2023 16:41:42] "POST / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
^Cpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ sudo python iot_platform.py
 * Running on http://0.0.0.0:8080/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
```

```
pi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "ON" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "OFF" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "ON" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "OFF" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "ON" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "ON" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "OFF" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "OFF" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "OFF" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "OFF" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "OFF" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "OFF" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "OFF" http://127.0.0.1:8080
OKpi@SHAIKH:~/Desktop/Adv IoT/Practical 6 $ curl -X POST -d "On" http://127.0.0.1:8080
```





Aim: Face Detection using IoT Device

Hardware: Raspberry pi kit, Pi Camera

Software: Raspberry Pi OS, Python

# Rasberry Pi circuit:

• Connect pi camera on the Raspberry Pi kit as shown below:



## **Source Code:**

```
import cv2
import numpy as np
import datetime
import time
# Initialize the camera capture object
cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0) # 0 represents the default camera
# Load the pre-trained face detection model
face cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier('haarcascade frontalface default.xml')
# Start the main loop to capture frames from the camera
while True:
   ret, frame = cap.read() # Read a frame from the camera
# Convert the frame to grayscale for face detection
    gray = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
# Perform face detection
    faces = face cascade.detectMultiScale(gray, scaleFactor=1.3,
minNeighbors=5)
# Draw rectangles around the detected faces
    for (x, y, w, h) in faces:
        cv2.rectangle(frame, (x, y), (x + w, y + h), (0, 255, 0), 2)
        timestamp = datetime.datetime.now()
        ts = timestamp.strftime("%A %d %B %Y %I:%M:%S%p")
        cv2.imwrite("images/" + str(ts) + ".jpg", frame)
        print "Image save with name = " + "images/" + str(ts) + ".jpg"
# Display the frame with detected faces
    cv2.imshow('Face Detection', frame)
# Break the loop if 'q' is pressed
    if cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
# Release the camera and close the windows
cap.release()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

# **Output:**

```
*Python 2.7.13 Shell*

*Python 2.7.13 Shell*

*Python 2.7.13 Shell*

*Python 2.7.13 (default, Nov 24 2017, 17:33:09)

[GCC 6.3.0 20170516] on linux2

Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

***

**RESTART: /home/pi/opencv-2.4.13/Siri/Vidyalankar/LAB_9 (visitor monitoring)/main.py

** warming up...

* starting monitoring system...

Image save with name = images/Wednesday 28 June 2023 04:04:35PM.jpg

Image save with name = images/Wednesday 28 June 2023 04:04:45PM.jpg

Image save with name = images/Wednesday 28 June 2023 04:04:45PM.jpg
```

