gvtree

a git version tree browser

Version 1.1-0

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Abstract

gvtree is a graphical git version tree browser written C++ for Linux platform using Qt libraries. The main focus is the review of repositories, rather than changing code and developing. The main functionality is to select a node in the version graph and compare it to the current HEAD version, the direct predecessors or a selected version. Additionally a comparison between the current local changes and the local HEAD version is possible. A version history of a individual file can be viewed as well.

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History

Date	Version	Changes
September to December 2021	gvtree-1.1-0-beta.2	Initial Document Version
30. January 2022	gvtree-1.1-0-beta.4	Added History Revision of all Chapters Update of Screenshots "Current git status" dock widget

Credits

Thanks to Winfried Nöth and Carsten Raufuß for beta testing and hints for improvement.

References

(1) https://doc.qt.io/archives/qt-4.8/classes.html

This is the class reference of the Qt Documentation Archives.

(2) /usr/lib/qt4/examples/graphicsview/elasticnodes

The elasticnodes was a good example to get started building up node and edge structures with QGraphicsItems.

(3) https://rachel53461.wordpress.com/2014/04/20/algorithm-for-drawing-trees

Rachel Lim's Blog, Algorithm for Drawing Trees
The description to draw a tree graph without collisions is very helpful.
For *gvtree* the step to distribute the middle nodes is not used.

OS and Build Environment

For the development Debian 9.4.0 has been used. The usage of Debian 9.4.0 explains the older Qt 4.8 version. The source code can be compiled as well with Qt 5 libraries. The program has been compiled and checked with the following two environments:

Debian 9.4.0 Environment

- g++ (Debian 6.3.0-18+deb9u1) 6.3.0 20170516
- libqt4-dev 4:4.8.7+dfsg-11+deb9u1
- xorg 1:7.7+19
- vim 2:8.0.0197-4+deb9u3

Debian 11 Environment

- g++ (Debian 10.2.1-6) 10.2.1 20210110
- qt5base5-dev (...) 5.15.2+dfsg-9
- xserver-xorg 1:7.7+22
- vim-common 2:8.2.2434-3

Additional Dependencies

To work with the application git should be installed and an editor capable to compare files. The default is gvim -d [file 1] [file 2] ... [file n] to compare files and gvim [file] to show/edit the current local file.

To compare other objects like images or sound or perhaps pdf documents, the mime type of a file can be mapped to an appropriate tool.

Build

After extracting the source package:

```
tar -vxzf gvtree-1.1-0.tar.gz
```

Change to the folder gvtree-1.1-0

```
cd gvtree-1.1-0
```

Now, just run the following command

qmake make

To execute the program enter:

./gvtree

If you like to install it to a \$PATH directory, e.g. /usr/local/bin, use the following commands instead:

qmake PREFIX=/usr/local make sudo make install

Now you can just type:

gvtree

Command Line Arguments

With command line argument **-h** the following information is printed:

```
gvtree-1.1-0
Tool to display git log graph
gvtree Copyright (C) 2021 Wolfgang Trummer
  This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY
 This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
 under certain conditions
 This program is licensed under
 GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
 Version 3, 29 June 2007
Parameters:
[path]
  Set a file constraint. The version tree of the file will
  be displayed.
-r [local git repository directory]
  If not specified the current path is checked for a valid repository
  or the repository used in the previous session is displayed.
  Which one is used can be controlled by the preferences setting.
--version Version string is printed to stdout
--silent true false Silent mode.
  If true, commands are not printed to stdout. The preferences
   'print commandline to stdout' is set to this value.
--css [style sheet file]
  Load a css style sheet file.
  If not specified the last file used will be taken.
  Perhaps it is a good idea to copy gvtree.css to ~/.config/gvtree
  and run ./gvtree --css ~/.config/gvtree/gvtree.css once.
-t Testing:
  Display the test tree graph from (3).
-f [gitlog]
  Testing:
  Load a file created with
    git log --graph --decorate --pretty="#%h#%an#%at#%d#"
  This has been helpful during development to import constraint and
  complex repository data.
-h This information.
______
```

The arguments -t and -f are just for testing the rendering of the graph and the parsing the git log output.

With the first start ~/.config/gvtree/gvtree.ini is created. The window state and the preferences are saved there.

It is a good idea to copy the file css/gvtree.css to ~/.config/gvtree/gvtree.css as well and run

./gvtree --css ~/.config/gvtree/gvtree.css

once. The css file path is then written to gvtree.ini and always used.

The gytree.css file can be customized before.

The path to the css file can be changed in <u>Preferences Basic Settings</u> menu as well.

The default directory for temporary files is /tmp it can be changed in the preferences to a different directory, too.

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Tutorial

The following sections describe a walk trough the functionality of *gvtree*.

Step 1 Sample git repository

To show the functionality of *gvtree* a sandbox repository is created with the following steps.

The directory to start with is /home/gvtree.

Create a subdirectory test repository

```
mkdir test_repository
```

Change into the new directory and initialize a new git repository

```
cd test_repository
git init
```

Create a file main.c, perhaps with the following content:

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
   printf("Hello world!\n");
   return 0;
}
```

Add the file to the repository

```
git add main.c
```

and commit it.

git commit

Now just run gvtree for the first time.

```
gvtree -r /home/gvtree/test_repository
```

or, if you are already in the directory /home/gvtree/test_repository just start gvtree

The result should look like this:

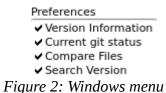


Figure 1: Initial window layout

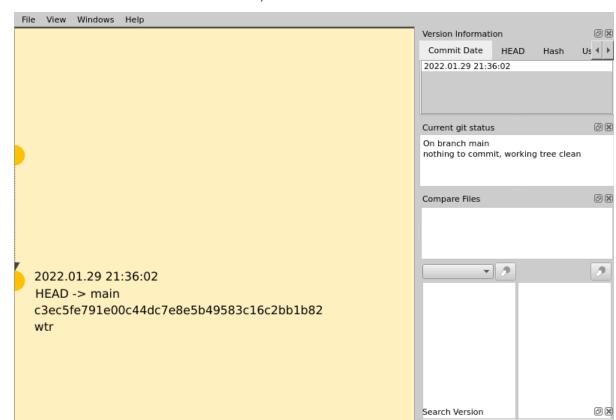
The window's minimal size is 400x400 pixels. The default size is 800x600.

At the moment the version tree for the current local repository contains only one version. The first displayed node is the empty root node. The information attached in this example is the commit date and time, tag and branch information, the git version hash and the user name.

Now open the top menu <u>Windows</u> and tag all dock widgets <u>Version Information</u>, <u>Current git status</u>, <u>Compare Files</u> and <u>Search Version</u>.



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The main window should look like this, then:

Figure 3: All dock widgets open.

- On the left side there is the graphical representation of the version graph.
- On the right side there are four dock widgets.
 - <u>Version Information</u> contains a tab widget with selection options for commit date, commit user, certain git tags and the git hash value.

/home/gvtree/ test repository

- The <u>Current git status</u> section just shows the output of **git status**.
- The Compare Files section is filled as soon as versions are compared.
- The last section is <u>Search Version</u>. With this widget, versions with matching tag, branch, hash, date or commit user information is highlighted and focused.

For the moment close all right dock widgets again.

Select the main view and press the key 1 to adjust the graph to fit into the viewport.

Now create a branch

git branch branch1

and check out this branch.

git checkout branch1

Add a README file containing "YYY" in the first line.

git add README

git commit

Refresh the *gvtree* view by opening <u>File</u> menu and select <u>Reload Repository</u>

Set git repository Reload repository Quit

Figure 4: File menu

After the update the graph looks like this:

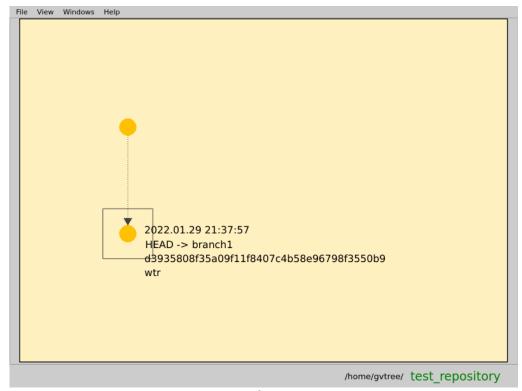


Figure 5: Update after repository change

RMB click in the box containing the version node and the following context menu will appear:

Fold/Unfold

Compare to selected

Compare to previous

View this version

Focus neighbours

Figure 6: Version context menu

Selecting Fold/Unfold will lead to this update:

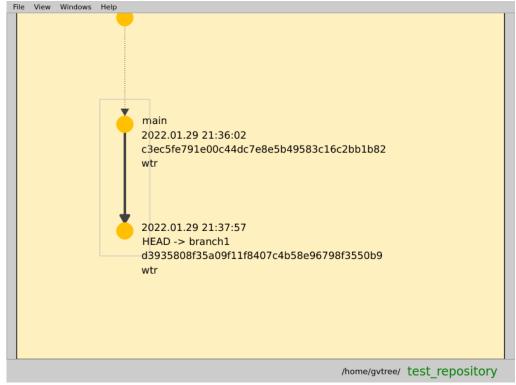


Figure 7: View after expanding a folder

All versions without incoming merges or outgoing branches are folded automatically. Now check out main again.

git checkout main

Again, create a README file with different content "XXX".

git add README git commit Update the gvtree graph view again.

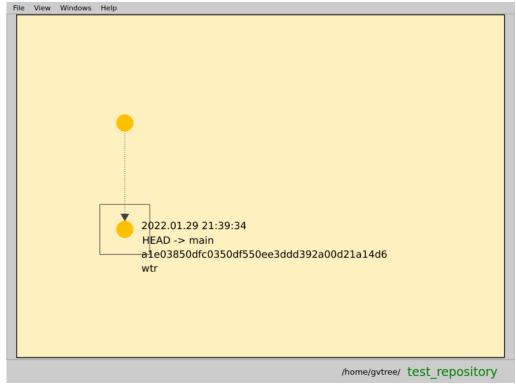


Figure 8: Changed branch back to main

Now merge branch1.

git merge branch1

Solve the merge conflict in README to have two lines "XXX" and "YYY".

git add README

git commit

Perhaps you have recognized the Refresh Button already. It appears if a change of the .git directory in the local repository has been recognized. Pressing it has the same effect like <u>File</u> menu and <u>Reload repository</u>.



Figure 9: Reload repository button

File View Windows Help

2022.01.29 21:36:02
23ec5fe791e00c44dc7e8e5b49583c16c2bb1b82
wtr

2022.01.29 21:39:34 branch1
a1e03850dfc0350df550ee2dd2392.29C2IP.R71976
wtr d3935808f35a09f11f8407c4b58e96798f3550b9
wtr

After refresh, the graph should now look like this:

Figure 10: Version graph with merge

/home/gvtree/ test_repository

The edge representing the merge is displayed dashed and has a different color.

HEAD -> main 44e65d968e5a43f863a38d295de6e4847cb9346f

2022.01.29 21:40:34

Versions without a real or not displayed predecessor are linked to the zero root node with a dotted edge.

Now improve the layout and hide the git hash value:

Open View menu and change the settings to:

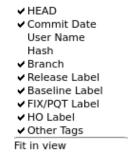


Figure 11: View menu

The hash and commit user information is not displayed anymore.

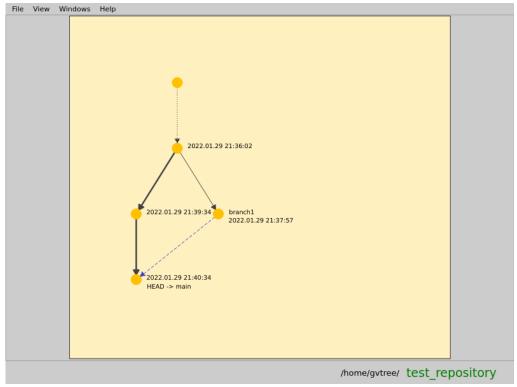


Figure 12: Hidden git hash values

The space between commit date and an other node is still very small. To correct this, open <u>Windows</u> menu and select <u>Preferences</u>.

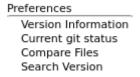


Figure 13: Windows menu

In the dialog select the tab Rendering.

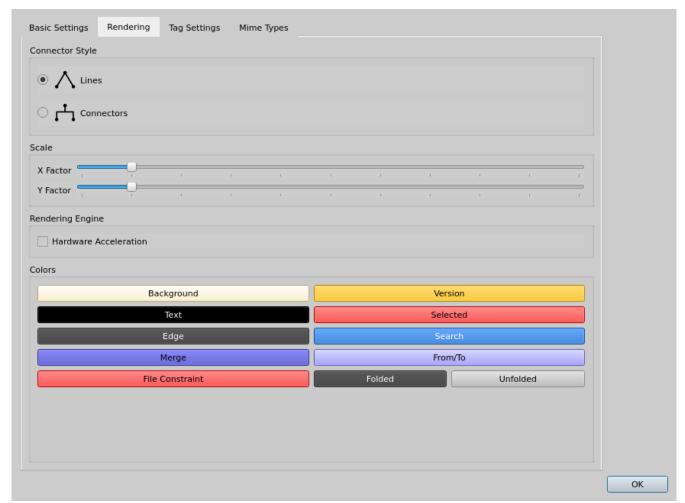


Figure 14: Preferences dialog, page Rendering

Increase the value of the two sliders $\underline{X Factor}$ and $\underline{Y Factor}$, then press \underline{OK} . To fit the whole graph into the screen, press key $\boxed{1}$ in the main view again.

The result should look like this:

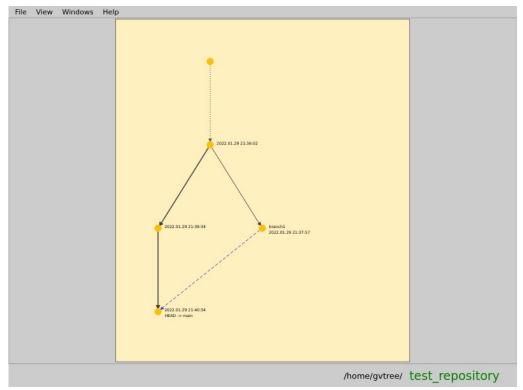


Figure 15: Scaled view

Step 2 Compare Files

In the <u>Windows</u> menu, select the dock widget <u>Compare Files</u>. Detach the <u>Compare Files</u> dock from the main window.

Now do a RMB click on the version node with the branch1 information.

Compare to previous Compare to local HEAD View this version Focus neighbours

Figure 16: Context menu of a version node

In the context menu select **Compare to previous**.

A markup cursor appears to identify the two versions which are compared.

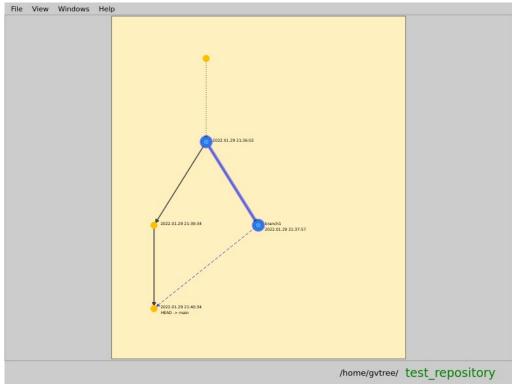


Figure 17: Compare versions markup

The Compare Files dock should now look like this:

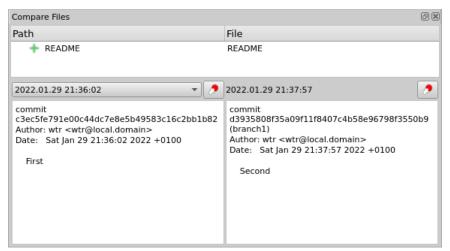


Figure 18: Compare Files window

In a tree view all changed files are listed. In this example it is only the README file.

The left text browser below contains the commit information of the from-version, the right text browser contains the commit information of the to-version.

By pressing the button above the commit info, the corresponding version in the graph view is focused and is marked up.



Figure 19: Focus version

It will look like this, then:

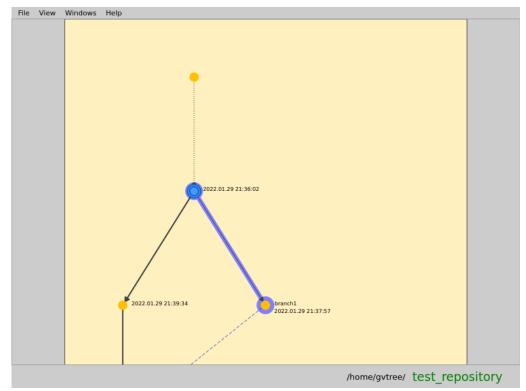


Figure 20: Focused version

Now do the same for the HEAD version.

This version has got two predecessors because of the merge.

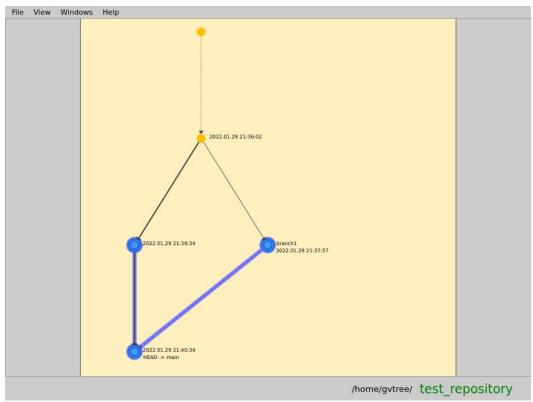


Figure 21: Compare to more than one predecessor

The Compare Files window has changed, too:

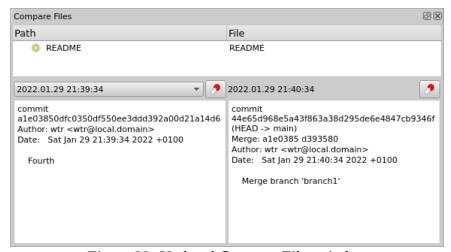
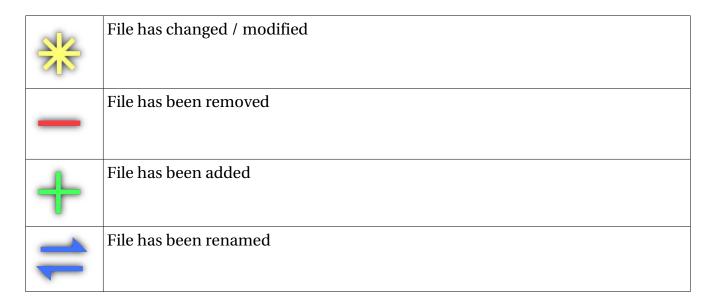


Figure 22: Updated Compare Files window

Now, the symbol in front of README is different.



The second difference is, that the from-version is selectable by the combo box.

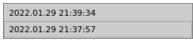


Figure 23: Combo box

The displayed commit info will change accordingly. Pressing the focus version button will focus and markup the selected version.

In the file tree view select the README file and open the context menu with a RMB click.

Show version diff Edit current version Filter versions by file

Figure 24: Context menu for a single file.

Select Show version diff.

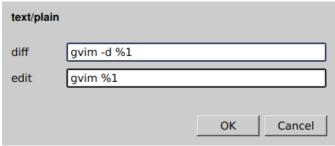


Figure 25: If mime type is unknown the tool selection dialog is opened.

In this case a dialog will open, because so far the mime type of the file text/plain is unknown and not linked to a viewer or an editor. The setting can be changed later in the Preferences dialog. The %1 is a placeholder for a list of file names separated by a blank.

Pressing OK now, a *gvim* opens with three columns - two from-versions and one to-version.

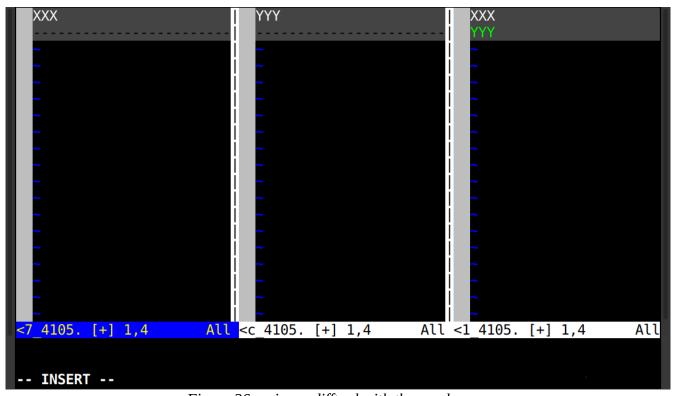


Figure 26: gvim as difftool with three columns.

In case of an image file instead of a text editor *gimp* for example can be specified, for pdf documents *evince* and perhaps for sound files *aplay*.

Now choose again the RMB click context menu of the README file in the tree view. Select <u>Filter versions by file</u>. The effect is, that all versions and edges are marked up, where this file has been changed. The file name constraint README is added to the bottom status bar.

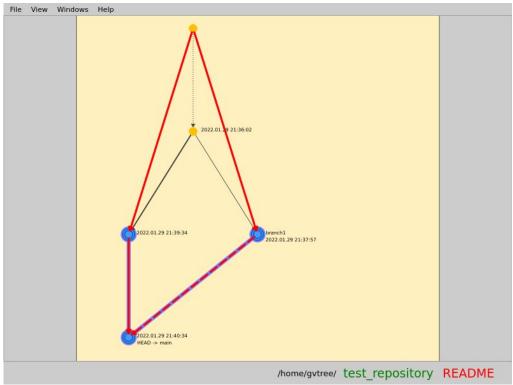


Figure 27: Version graph with file constraint

A LMB click on README in the status bar will remove the constraint again. Selecting Remove filter in the tree view context menu has got the same effect. In a larger version tree it is more simple then to find out, where a file has been altered.

Now exit *gvtree* by selecting <u>Quit</u> in the <u>File</u> menu.

A file constraint can be added when starting gvtree, too.

In a new terminal window change to /home/gvtree/test repository

cd /home/gvtree/test_repository gvtree README

Remove the file constraint like above.

The changed settings and the window state have been restored. The <u>Compare Files</u> dock should be detached and visible. The spacing between the version tree nodes should not have changed.

Step 3 Preferences

Now open the **Preferences** dialog again.

Rendering

The <u>Rendering</u> tab has already been visited. Feel free to change your color settings or change to the other connector style. The <u>Hardware Acceleration</u> will try to use a QGLWidget for the graph view, if possible.

Basic Settings

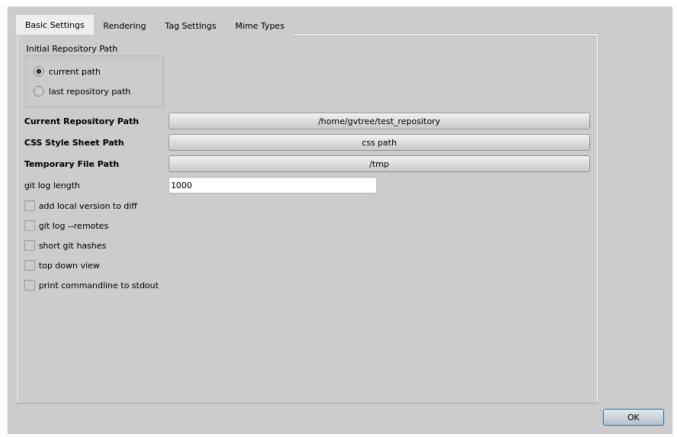


Figure 28: Preferences Basic Settings

Tag Settings

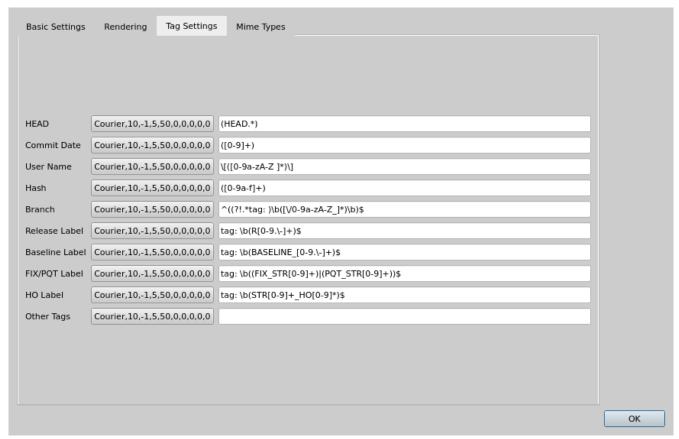


Figure 29: Preferences Tag Settings

Here are patterns defined to extract special tag information. In this example, a Release Label looks like **R1.2-3-4** or similar. A baseline label e.g. **BASELINE_1.2-3**. Other patterns are perhaps possible, but tricky.

FIX, **PQT** (preliminary quality test) and **HO** (handoff) are perhaps project or company specific and are related to a QA work flow.

At the moment it is not possible to add more patterns by config, but in the code it is simple to add more tags (look for gridLayout->addTagPreference(...)).

In the local repository, add a tag named **STR1234_HO**.

git tag -a -m "STR1234_HO" STR1234_HO

Update the graph view.

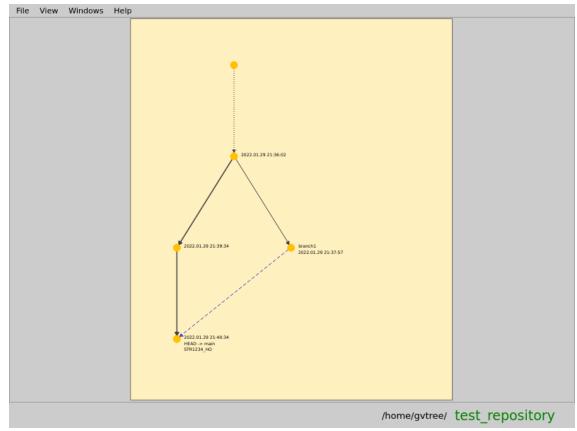


Figure 30: Handoff Tag

The visibility of the HO Label can be controlled with the <u>View</u> menu. Switch off <u>HO Label</u>.

Mime Types

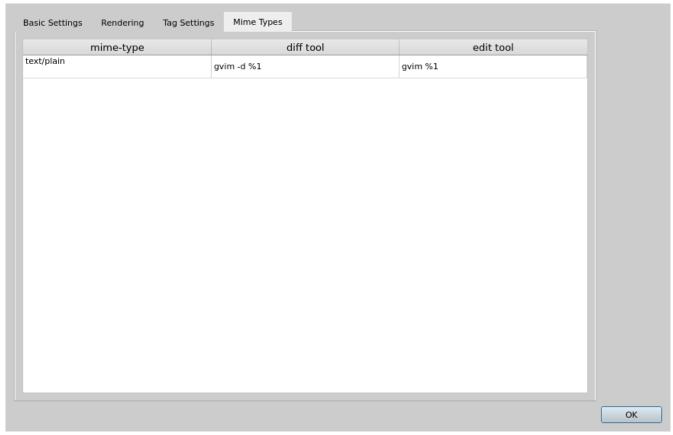


Figure 31: Preferences Mime Types

In Step 2 the <u>diff tool</u> and <u>edit tool</u> preference for text/plain files has been added. The columns <u>diff tool</u> and <u>edit tool</u> can be changed here, if necessary.

Step 4 Some more features

The current local repository can be changed by:

- A file dialog which is opened by the <u>File</u> menu <u>Set git repository</u>.
- The same file dialog which appears when pressing the repository name in the status bar of the main window.
- It can be opened by pressing the <u>Current Repository Path</u> button in the <u>Preferences</u> on the page <u>Basic Settings</u>.
- When starting *gvtree* the local repository path can be handed over with the command line argument **-r** followed by the path.
- If the **-r** parameter is not specified when starting, depending on the <u>Preferences Basic Settings Initial Repository Path</u> the <u>current path</u> is checked for a git repository. If <u>last repository path</u> is selected the repository of the last session is used.

The Help menu offers three selections.

- <u>Help</u> will show where to find this document (\$INSTALL_PATH/share/doc/gvtree/gvtree-1.1-0.pdf).
- About shows a nice splash screen with the project icon.
- <u>License</u> contains the HTML copy of the GPL V3.0

Step 5 Folder

Now just add a file TODO to the repository.

git add TODO

git commit

Refresh the graph view.

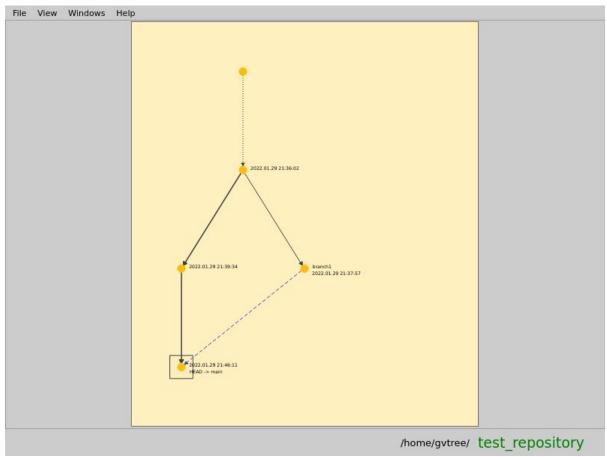


Figure 32: Folded version

The folder box now contains two versions. If there is no branch or merge, versions are folded and only the last version node of the folder is displayed.

Do a RMB click in the graph view background and open the following context menu:

Focus local HEAD
Fit in view
Reload repository
Reset diff
Diff local changes
Fold all
Unfold all
Figure 33: Global
background context menu

<u>Fold all</u> and <u>Unfold all</u> are global actions in this context menu. With the context menu of a single folder the action will only affect the one element.

<u>Focus local HEAD</u> is helpful in case of bigger version trees. To do the test, just zoom into the view with the mouse wheel or pan with the <u>MMB</u> middle mouse button pressed.

<u>Fit in view</u> ensures visibility of the complete vertion tree.

The <u>Reload repository</u> is the same like the option in the <u>File</u> menu.

Open the context menu again and select Focus local HEAD.

The result should be:

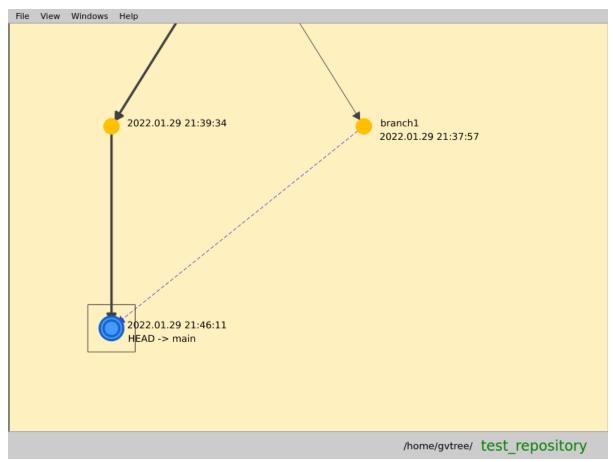


Figure 34: Focus HEAD version

To focus the HEAD version there is the additional keyboard shortcut h.

Now edit the TODO file. Add the line "This is a local change.".

In the RMB click context menu select <u>Diff local changes</u>. The <u>Compare Files</u> dock will open.

Open the context menu of the file TODO and select <u>Show version diff</u>. Now the local changes are compared to the current local HEAD version.

In the graph view select <u>Reset diff</u> in the <u>RMB</u> context menu. The markup of the local HEAD version disappears and the content of the <u>Compare Files</u> window is removed.

Step 6 Selecting a version

With a LMB click a version can be selected. The node will appear in a different color.

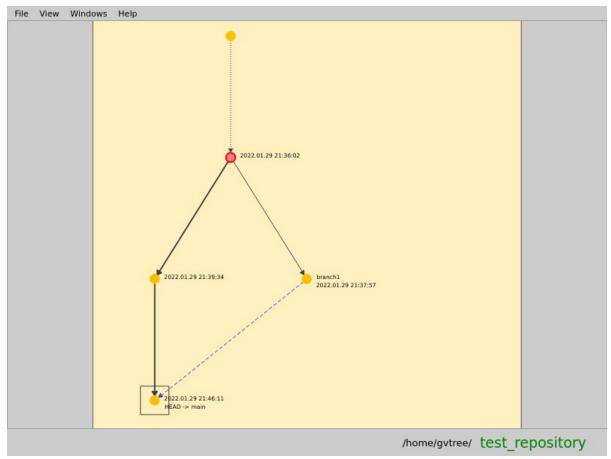


Figure 35: LMB version selection

Now open the RMB click context menu of the version with **branch1** information attached.

Compare to selected Compare to previous Compare to local HEAD View this version Focus neighbours

Figure 36: Compare context menu when a version is selected.

The option <u>Compare to selected</u> is displayed. In this case <u>Compare to previous</u> would have the same effect, but in a larger tree it is possible to compare more distant versions.

The option <u>Compare to local HEAD</u> is just a shortcut without selecting the local HEAD version before.

With <u>Focus neighbours</u> the visibility of all version nodes linked by normal edge is ensured.

Step 7 Context menu of edges

Now move the mouse pointer over an edge. The RMB click context menu should look like this, then:

Compare adjacent versions
Focus neighbours
Focus source
Focus destination
Figure 37: Context menu of a graph edge

With <u>Compare adjacent versions</u> the two versions connected by the edge are compared.

The three focus options are helpful especially if the versions are connected by a very long merge edge.

Step 8 Lookup version information

Open the <u>Version Information</u> dock window in the <u>Windows</u> menu.



Figure 38: Version Information dock widget page Commit Date

The tabs <u>Commit Date</u>, <u>Hash</u>, <u>User Name</u> and <u>HEAD</u> should always be present. Change to the tab <u>HO Label</u>.



Figure 39: Version Information dock widget page HO Label

Do a LMB click on the entry STR1234_HO.

In the graph view the version with the tag STR1234_HO is focused and gets a markup. If this version is contained in a folder, it is ensured that the folder is open so that this version is visible.

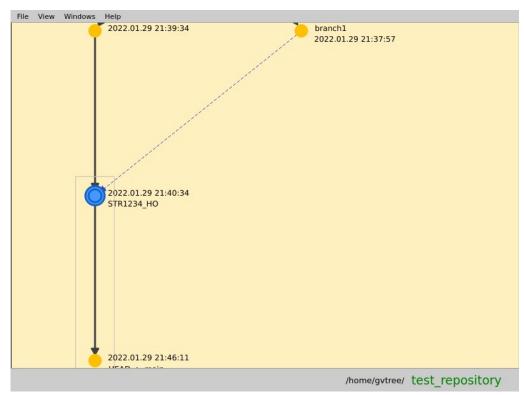


Figure 40: Search by Version Information widget.

Step 9 Search dialog

In the <u>View</u> menu, hide all tag, branch, hash and commit date information.

Now open the **Search** dock widget.

Now enter the year in the search widget. In this example 2021. Expressions with less than 3 characters are ignored. Regular expressions are allowed.



Figure 41: Simple search dialog.

The markup and focus in the graph view will look like this, then:

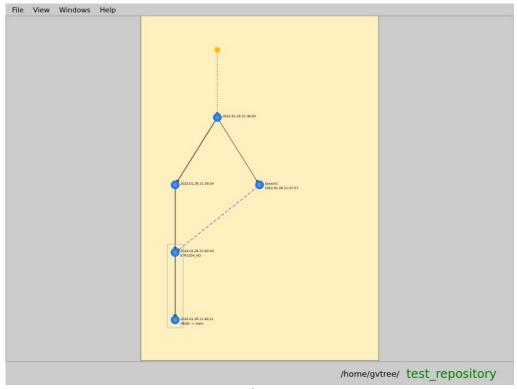


Figure 42: All matches for the search pattern 2022

All matching nodes are visible. The tag information matching is displayed automatically.

Appendix A License

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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